

# CAMC and NHD

YEGOR BUGAYENKO

Lecture #9 out of 24

80 minutes

The slidedeck was presented by the author in this [YouTube Video](#)

All visual and text materials presented in this slidedeck are either originally made by the author or taken from public Internet sources, such as web sites. Copyright belongs to their respected authors.

## Rational Unified Process (RUP)



## Decoupling via Interfaces (in Java)

```
1 interface Shape
2     double area();
3
4 class Circle implements Shape
5     int r;
6     @Override
7     double area()
8         return r * r * 3.14d;
9
10 void main(Shape s)
11     double a = s.area();
```





JAGDISH BANSIYA

“**CAMC**: Cohesion Among Methods of Classes (CAMC) evaluates the relatedness of methods in the interface of a class using the parameter lists defined for the methods. It can be applied earlier in the development than can traditional cohesiveness metrics because it relies only on method prototypes declared in a class.”

— Jagdish Bansiya. Class Cohesion Metric for Object Oriented Designs. *Journal of Object-Oriented Programming*, 11(8):47–52, 1999

```
Alert(AlertType, byte, *text = 0, Bitmap *bm = 0);
~Alert();
VObject *DoCreateDialog();
int Show(char *fmt);
int ShowV(char *fmt, va_list ap);
class Menu *GetMenu();
void InspectorId(char *buf, int sz);
```

<i>O</i>	AlertType	byte	Bitmap	char	va_list	int
Alert	1	1	1	0	0	0
~Alert	0	0	0	0	0	0
DoCreateDialog	0	0	0	0	0	0
Show	0	0	0	1	0	0
ShowV	0	0	0	1	1	0
GetMenu	0	0	0	0	0	0
InspectorId	0	0	0	1	0	1

(b) The parameter occurrence matrix.

$k$  — total number of methods

$l$  — total number of types

$$\text{CAMC} = \frac{1}{k \times l} \times \sum_{i=1}^k \sum_{j=1}^l O_{ij}$$



STEVE COUNSELL

“**NHD**: The hamming distance (HD) provides a measure of disagreement between rows in a binary matrix. The Normalised Hamming Distance (NHD) metric measures agreement between rows in a binary matrix.”

— Steve Counsell, Stephen Swift, and Jason Crampton. The Interpretation and Utility of Three Cohesion Metrics for Object-Oriented Design. *ACM Transactions on Software Engineering and Methodology (TOSEM)*, 15(2):123–149, 2006. doi:[10.1145/1131421.1131422](https://doi.org/10.1145/1131421.1131422)

```
Alert(AlertType, byte, *text = 0, Bitmap *bm = 0);
~Alert();
VObject *DoCreateDialog();
int Show(char *fmt);
int ShowV(char *fmt, va_list ap);
class Menu *GetMenu();
void InspectorId(char *buf, int sz);
```

$k$  — total number of methods

$l$  — total number of types

$$\text{NHD} = \frac{2}{l \times k \times (k-1)} \times \sum_{j=1}^{k-1} \sum_{i=j+1}^k a_{ij}$$

$O$	AlertType	byte	Bitmap	char	va_list	int
Alert	1	1	1	0	0	0
~Alert	0	0	0	0	0	0
DoCreateDialog	0	0	0	0	0	0
Show	0	0	0	1	0	0
ShowV	0	0	0	1	1	0
GetMenu	0	0	0	0	0	0
InspectorId	0	0	0	1	0	1

(b) The parameter occurrence matrix.

$A$	Alert	~Alert	DoCreateDialog	Show	ShowV	GetMenu
~Alert	3					
DoCreateDialog	3	6				
Show	2	5	5			
ShowV	1	4	4	5		
GetMenu	3	6	6	5	4	
InspectorId	1	4	4	5	4	4
	13	25	19	15	8	4

(c) The parameter agreement matrix.



ROBERT C. MARTIN

“Classes that have 'fat' interfaces are classes whose interfaces are not cohesive. In other words, the interfaces of the class can be broken up into groups of methods.”

— Robert C. Martin. *Agile Software Development, Principles, Patterns, and Practices*. ACM Digital Library, 2002. doi:[10.5555/515230](https://doi.org/10.5555/515230)



## InputStream in Java

### Bad:

```

1 abstract class InputStream
2     int read();
3     int read(byte[] b);
4     int read(byte[] b, int o, int l);
5
6 class FileInputStream
7     implements InputStream
8     native int read();
9     native int read(byte[] b, int o, int l);
10    int read(byte[] b)
11        return read(b, 0, b.length);

```

### Better (but slower!):

```

1 interface InputStream {
2     int read(byte[] b, int o, int l);
3
4 class FileInputStream
5     implements InputStream
6     native int read(byte[] b, int o, int l);
7
8 class OneByteStream
9     InputStream s;
10    int read()
11        byte[] b = new byte[1];
12        s.read(b, 0, 1);
13        return (int) b[0];

```

Source: [Why InputStream Design Is Wrong \(2016\)](#)

## Also Known As...

- “interface” in Java
- “protocol” in Objective-C
- “interface” in C#
- “abstract class” in C++
- absent in Python
- absent in JavaScript
- “interface” in Go
- “trait” in Rust

## Read this:

*Agile Software Development, Principles, Patterns, and Practices*, Robert C. Martin, 2002

[Why InputStream Design Is Wrong](#) (2016)

[Fat vs. Skinny Design](#) (2020)

[Fear of Decoupling](#) (2018)

[SRP is a Hoax](#) (2017)

# References

Jagdish Bansiya. Class Cohesion Metric for Object Oriented Designs. *Journal of Object-Oriented Programming*, 11(8):47–52, 1999.

Steve Counsell, Stephen Swift, and Jason Crampton. The Interpretation and Utility of Three Cohesion

Metrics for Object-Oriented Design. *ACM Transactions on Software Engineering and Methodology (TOSEM)*, 15(2):123–149, 2006. doi:[10.1145/1131421.1131422](https://doi.org/10.1145/1131421.1131422).

Robert C. Martin. *Agile Software Development, Principles, Patterns, and Practices*. ACM Digital Library, 2002. doi:[10.5555/515230](https://doi.org/10.5555/515230).