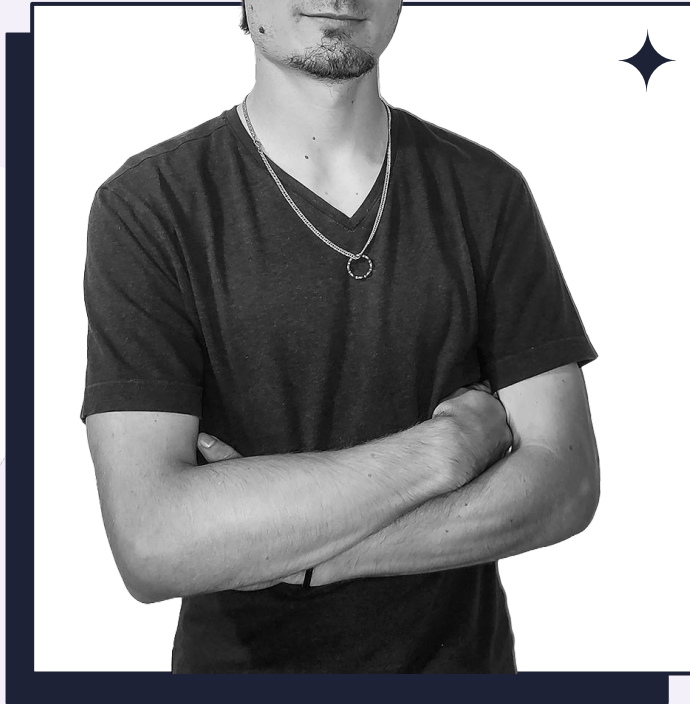




Performance stellari per siti web orientati ai **contenuti.**







Davide Milan - Full Stack developer @Wavelop

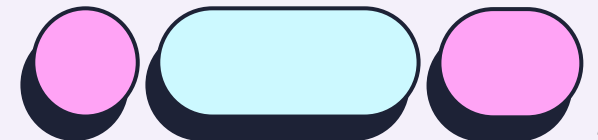


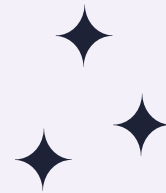
Hello! I'm...

Davide Milan!

Full stack developer @Wavelop

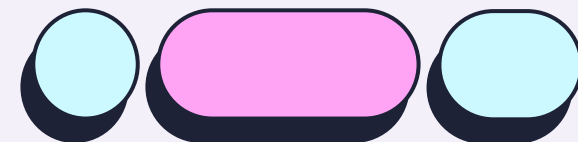
- Laurea triennale in informatica 
- Capo Scout 
- Appassionato di papere   
- 日本語の学生 

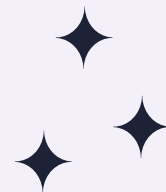
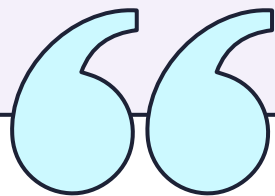




Introduzione ad **Astro**

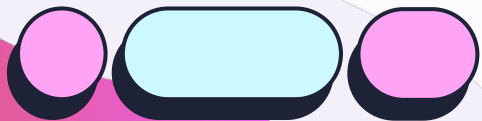
Scopriamo insieme a chi è rivolto, casi d'uso principali, utilizzo base e alcune feature fondamentali





The web framework for content-driven websites

– astro.build



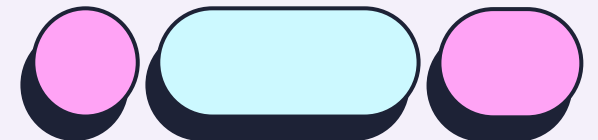


Cos'è Astro?

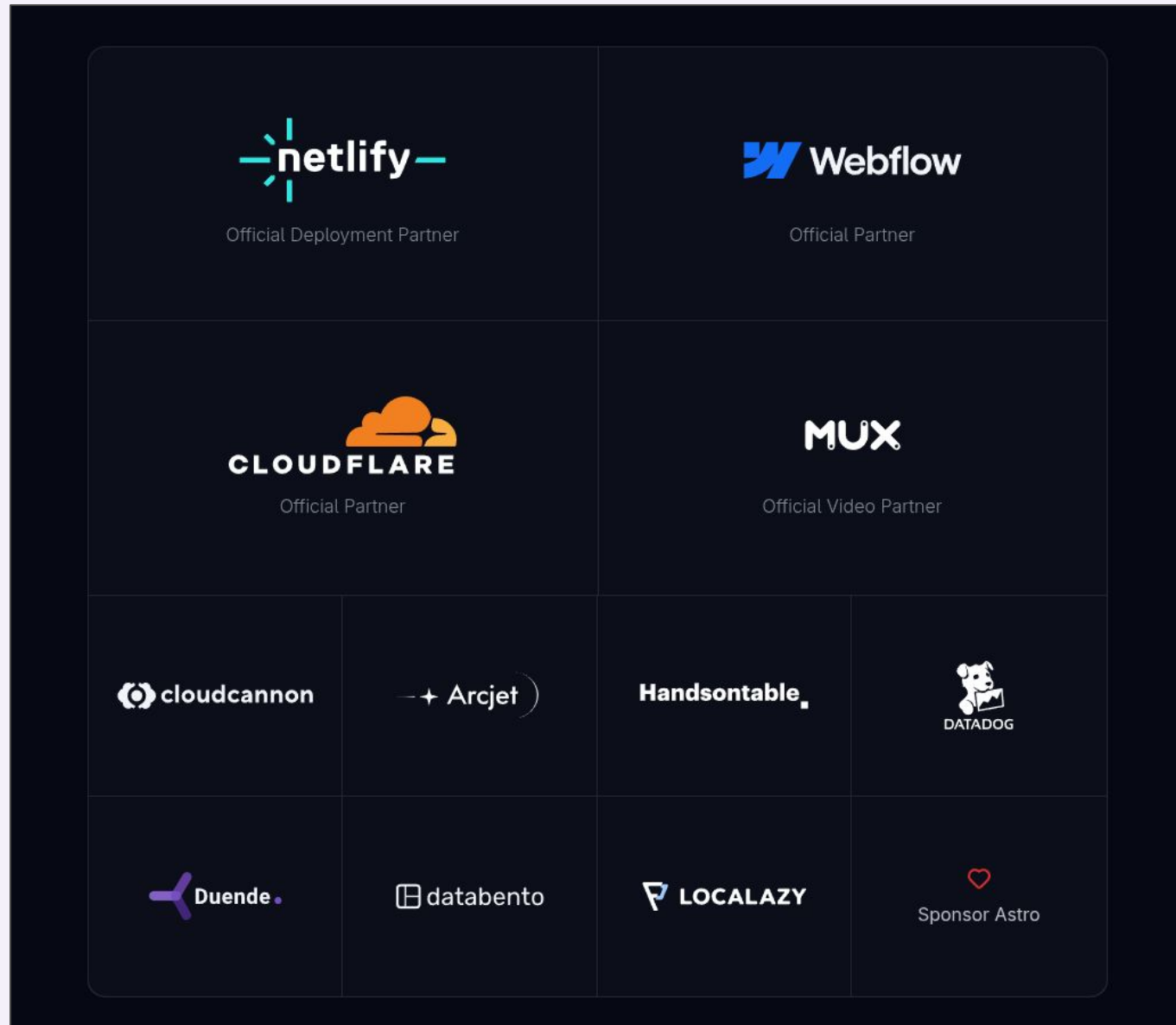
O
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I

La risposta a un ecosistema colmo di framework per SPA

- Framework open-source – 57K★ su [GitHub](#) (withastro/astro)
- Creato da Fred Schott e Nate Moore – Giugno 2021
- Costruito sopra a Vite
- Nato come static site generator, evolutosi in un web framework completo
- Ideale per siti che richiedono caricamenti rapidi e ottima SEO: blog, siti di marketing, e-commerce, documentazione, portfolio,...



Sponsorizzato da



Sponsorizzato da

January 16, 2026

The Astro Technology Company joins Cloudflare


By



Fred Schott

astro.build/blog/joining-cloudflare/



 databento

 LOCALAZY


Sponsor Astro

Da chi è **utilizzato**



`duckycoding.dev`



Da chi è **utilizzato**

Google



VISA

Microsoft

PORSCHE

OpenAI



NordVPN®



CLOUDFLARE®

NBC NEWS

The Guardian

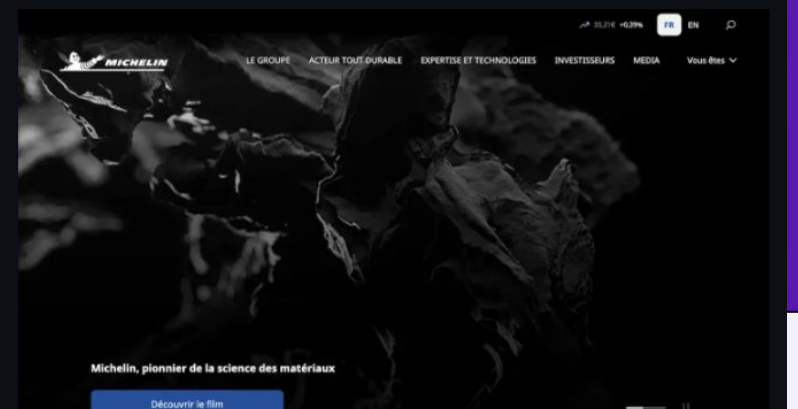
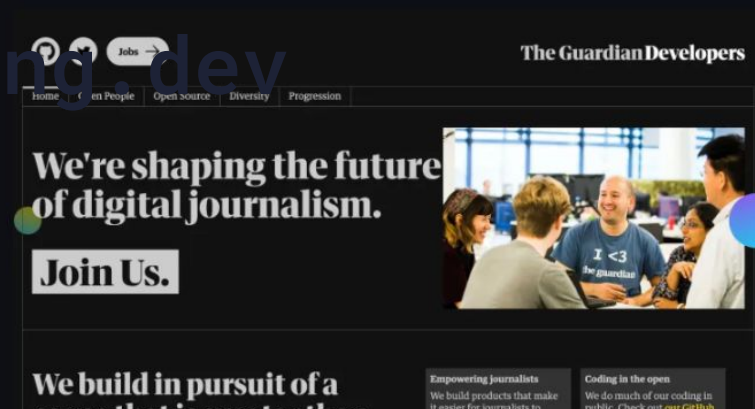
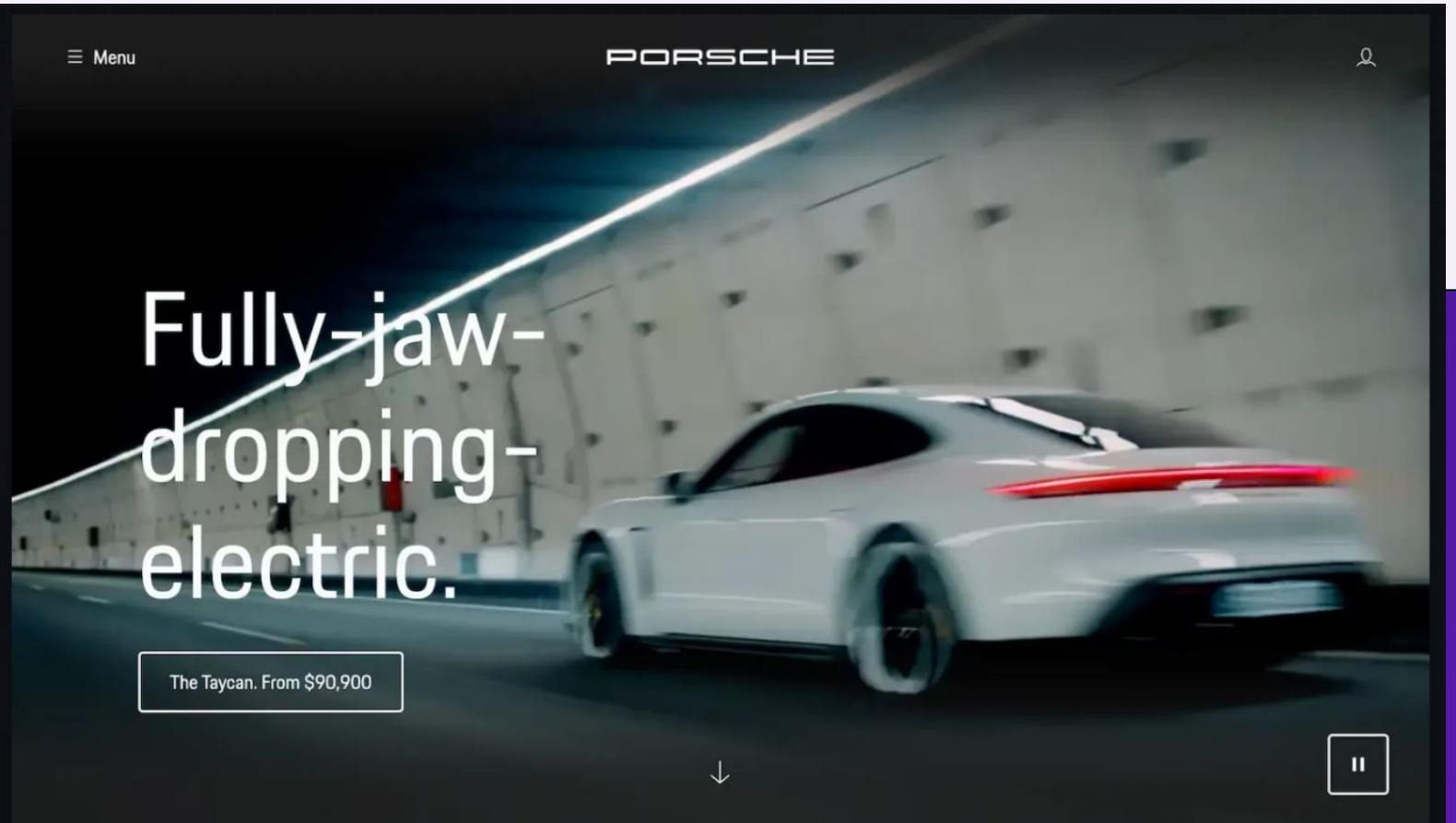
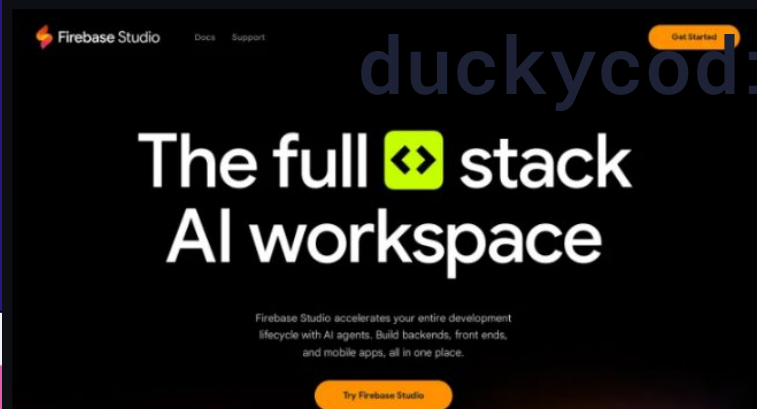
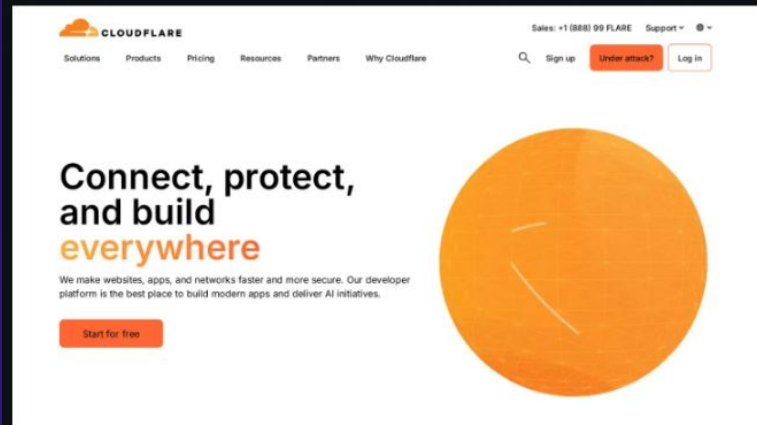
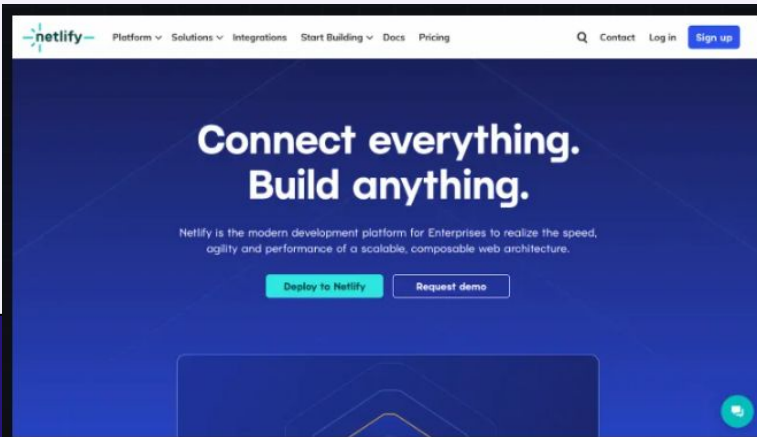


MICHELIN

Proton

duckycoding.dev

Webflow



astro.build/showcase/

Punti chiave dell'approccio Astro

01 Zero JS

0KB di JS inviati al browser, di default

02 Server-first

Il server renderizza, il browser mostra HTML e basta... PHP sei tu?

03 Isole

Piccole "isole" di interattività in un mare di HTML

04 UI-agnostico

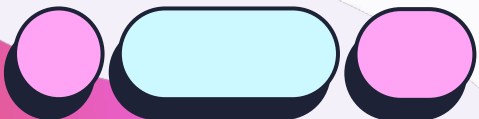
Supporta React, Preact, Svelte, Vue, Solid, HTMX, web components, e altro

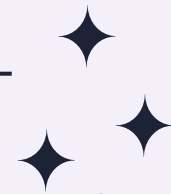
05 Veloce

Se il tuo sito non è veloce, nessuno si ferma a guardarne i contenuti

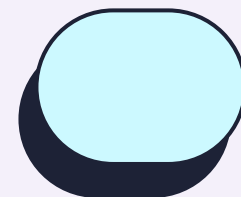
06 Facile uso

Linguaggio superset di HTML/JSX, scoped CSS, TypeScript,...





Vediamo le
basi!



Framework a confronto



Astro



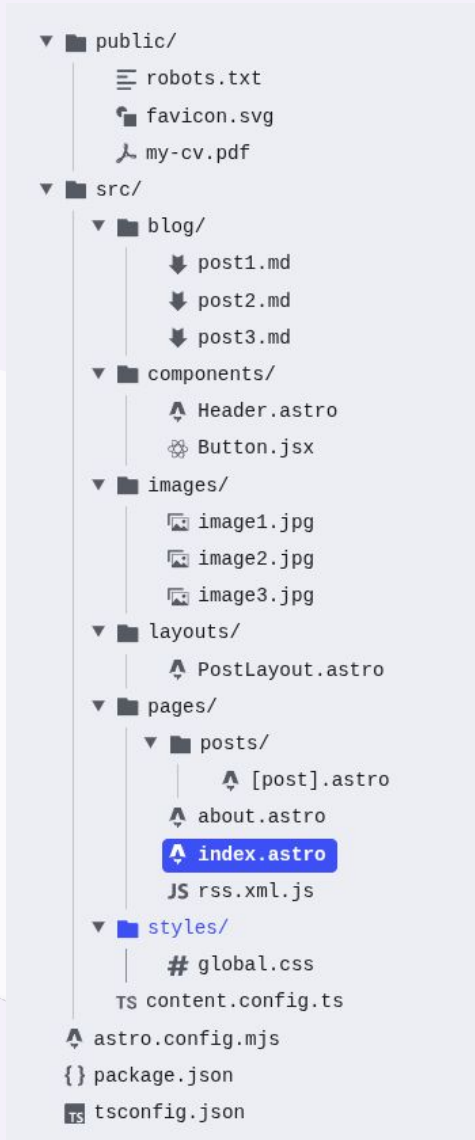
- zero js di default
- zero hydration
- ideale per siti di contenuti
- SEO score
- possibilità di usare diversi
- SSG e SSR nativi, ISR tramite Cache-Control header
- supporto per file MD/MDX
- open source
- ...

Next.js



- bundle js importante
- hydration per qualsiasi cosa
- ideale per alta interattività
- solo React e suo ecosistema
- SSG, SSR e ISR built-in
- più vecchio -> user base più ampia, più fonti
- closed source

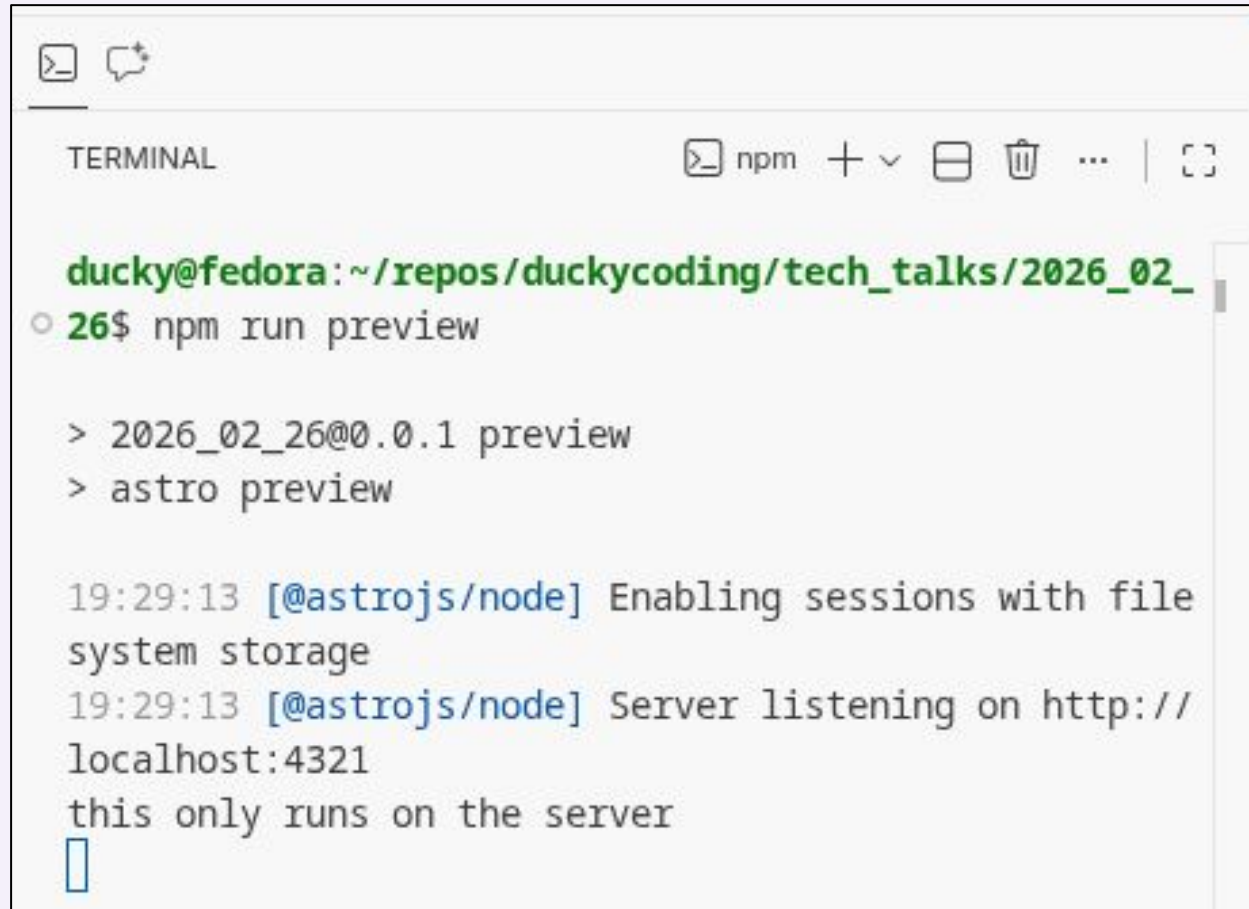
Struttura progetto



- `src/pages/` è l'unica cartella obbligatoria
- `public/` viene copiata così com'è nella build

File .astro

```
1  ---
2  // server side code and imports go here
3  import '@/styles/global.css';
4  import RootLayout from '../layouts/RootLayout.astro';
5
6  // top level await
7  const result = await fetch('...');
8
9  console.log('this only runs on the server');
10 const greetings = 'Hello MUG!';
11 ---
12
13 <RootLayout title="Astro Tech Talk - Ducky Coding">
14   <section>
15     {/* comment omitted from HTML */}
16     <!-- comment embedded in html -->
17     <h1>{greetings}</h1>
18   </section>
19 </RootLayout>
20
21 <script>
22   // client side code goes here
23   console.log('this only runs on the client');
24 </script>
25
26 <style>
27   /* Automatically scoped CSS thanks to "data-astro-cid-" generated classnames */
28
29   h1 {
30     color: fuchsia;
31   }
32 </style>
33
```

A terminal window with a light green background. The title bar shows a terminal icon and a speech bubble icon. The window title is "TERMINAL". The top right of the window contains icons for "npm", a plus sign, a dropdown arrow, a window icon, a trash icon, an ellipsis, and a full-screen icon. The terminal content shows a prompt "ducky@fedora:~/repos/duckycoding/tech_talks/2026_02_" followed by the command "npm run preview". The output shows two sub-commands: "2026_02_26@0.0.1 preview" and "astro preview". Below these, two lines of output from "@astrojs/node" are shown: "Enabling sessions with file system storage" and "Server listening on http://localhost:4321". The final line of output is "this only runs on the server" followed by a blue cursor.

```
ducky@fedora:~/repos/duckycoding/tech_talks/2026_02_  
26$ npm run preview  
  
> 2026_02_26@0.0.1 preview  
> astro preview  
  
19:29:13 [@astrojs/node] Enabling sessions with file  
system storage  
19:29:13 [@astrojs/node] Server listening on http://  
localhost:4321  
this only runs on the server  
█
```


Space Ducks

☰

Hello MUG!

Inspector

Console

Network

Debugger

Style Editor

Performance

Search HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html class="astro-mdysn4oi" lang="en" title="Astro Tech Talk - Ducky Coding" data-astro-cid-giil2vyp="true" data-astro-cid-mdysn4oi="">
  <head>
  </head>
  <body data-astro-cid-mdysn4oi="">
    <nav data-astro-cid-xu5ykefq="" data-astro-transition-persist="astro-rbowpuuj-1"></nav>
    <script type="module" data-astro-exec=""></script>
    <main data-astro-cid-mdysn4oi="">
      <section data-astro-cid-giil2vyp="">
        <!--comment embedded in html-->
        <h1 data-astro-cid-giil2vyp="">Hello MUG!</h1>
      </section>
    </main>
    <script type="module" data-astro-exec="">console.log("this only runs on the client");</script>
  </body>
</html>
```

html.astro-mdysn4oi > body > main > section > h1

Filter Styles

:hov .cls + 🌞 🌙 📄

Layout

Computed

Changes

Compatibility

element { }

h1[data-astro-cid-giil2vyp] { color: #f0f; inline:1 }

1 { font-size: 3rem; about.Cedt2k1A.css:1 }

h1, h2, h3 { color: var(--color-heading); line-height: 1.1; margin-bottom: 1rem; about.Cedt2k1A.css:1 }

Flexbox

Grid

Box Model

margin

border

padding

655x52.8

Filter Output

Errors

Warnings

Info

Logs

Debug

CSS

XHR

Requests

this only runs on the client

hello:5:2478

>>

Componenti .astro

```
1  ---
2  // example-component.astro
3  import type { HTMLAttributes } from 'astro/types';
4
5  interface Props extends HTMLAttributes<'div'> {
6    // define your props here
7    titleColor: string;
8  }
9  const { titleColor } = Astro.props; // automatically typed as Props
10
11 // automatically exported as default export
12 ---
13
14 <div>
15   <h2 class="title">This is an example component</h2>
16   <slot /><!-- this is where the children passed to the component will be rendered -->
17 </div>
18
19 <style define:vars={{titleColor}}>
20   .title {
21     /* Automatically scoped */
22     color: var(--titleColor);
23   }
24   /* ... */
25 </style>
26
```

```
1  ---
2  import ExampleComponent from '../components/example-component.astro';
3  ---
4
5  <ExampleComponent titleColor="yellow">
6    <p>
7      Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur,
8      adipiscing elit. Porro, quis!
9    </p>
10 </ExampleComponent>
```



InspectorConsoleNetworkDebuggerStyle EditorPerformanceMemory

Search HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html class="astro-mdysn4oi" lang="en" title="Astro Tech Talk - Ducky Coding" data-astro-cid-giil2vyp="true" data-astro-cid-mdysn4oi="">
  <head>
  </head>
  <body data-astro-cid-mdysn4oi="">
    <nav data-astro-cid-xu5ykefq="" data-astro-transition-persist="astro-rbowpuuj-1">
    </nav>
    <script type="module" src="/src/components/shared/Navbar.astro?astro&type=script&index=0&lang.ts" data-astro-exec=""></script>
    <main data-astro-cid-mdysn4oi="">
      <section data-astro-cid-giil2vyp="">
        <!--comment embedded in html-->
        <h1 data-astro-cid-giil2vyp="">Hello MUG!</h1>
        <div data-astro-cid-j5azywkh="" style="--titleColor: yellow;">
          <h2 class="title" data-astro-cid-j5azywkh="" style="--titleColor: yellow;">This is an example component</h2>
          <p data-astro-cid-giil2vyp="">
            Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur, adipisicing elit. Porro, quis!
          </p>
          <!--this is where the children passed to the component will be rendered-->
        </div>
      </section>
    </main>
    <script type="module" src="/src/pages/hello.astro?astro&type=script&index=0&lang.ts" data-astro-exec=""></script>
  </body>
</html>
```

html.astro-mdysn4oi > body > main > section > div > h2.title

Filter Styles: .hov .cls + [Icons]

element { --titleColor: yellow; }

.title[data-astro-cid-j5azywkh] { color: var(--titleColor); }

h2 { font-size: 2rem; margin-top: 2rem; }

h1, h2, h3 { color: var(--color-heading); line-height: 1.1; }

LayoutComputedChangesCompatibility

Flexbox

Grid

Box Model

Filter OutputErrorsWarningsInfoLogsDebugCSSXHRRequests

[astro] Initializing prefetch script

[vite] connecting...

this only runs on the client

[vite] connected.

index.js:14:10

client:1521:9

hello.astro:1:9

client:1644:15

19

Script JavaScript (1)

Di default Astro processa i tag `<script>` che non contengono alcun attributo (a parte `src`) in questo modo:

- supportano TypeScript di default
- file locali e moduli NPM vengono “bundlati” insieme
- `type="module"` assegnato automaticamente
- se un componente contiene uno script e viene usato più volte in una pagina, lo script viene incluso una volta sola
- se lo script è piccolo viene incluso inline nell'HTML

Script JavaScript (2)

- Se il tag `<script>` contiene degli attributi o se contiene la direttiva `is:inline` non verrà processato
- È possibile caricare script `.js` o `.ts` definiti in file locali in `src/`:

```
1 <!-- relative path to script at `src/scripts/local.js` -->
2 <script src="../../scripts/local.js"></script>
3
4 <!-- also works for local TypeScript files -->
5 <script src="../../script-with-types.ts"></script>
```

- O usare script js esterni definiti in `public/` o in remoto usando la direttiva `is:inline` e path assoluti:

```
1 <!-- absolute path to a script at `public/my-script.js` -->
2 <script is:inline src="/my-script.js"></script>
3
4 <!-- full URL to a script on a remote server -->
5 <script is:inline src="https://my-analytics.com/script.js"></script>
```

Modalità di rendering

- Di default tutte le pagine sono generate staticamente
- Modificabile in `astro.config.mjs` -> `output: 'server'`
- Override per pagina tramite export:

```
1 ---  
2 // with astro.config.mjs `output: 'static'` (default)  
3 export const prerender = false  
4 ---  
5 <!-- server-rendered content -->  
6 <!-- the rest of my site is static -->
```

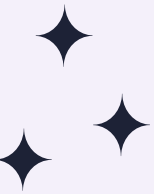
```
1 ---  
2 // with astro.config.mjs `output: 'server'`  
3 export const prerender = true  
4 ---  
5 <!-- statically-rendered content -->  
6 <!-- the rest of my site is dynamic -->
```



Con questo
terminiamo le
basi...

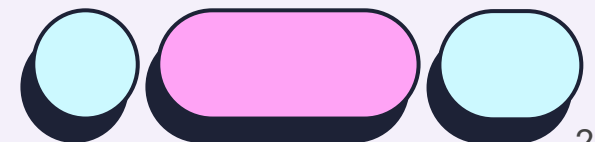






...e iniziamo a
vedere **alcuni**
elementi chiave
del framework.

La documentazione: astro.build/en/getting-started/

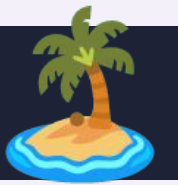


Routing

- Navigazione con `...`
- prefetch con `data-astro-prefetch="..."` o config
- file-based routing: file all'interno di `src/pages/`
- tipi di file:



Isole



- Contenuto meno importante per SEO
- Idratazione solo dove e quando necessaria
- Elementi “widget” isolati
- Componenti fatti anche con framework diversi
- Richiede avere JS abilitato

Front-end frameworks



@astrojs/alpinejs



@astrojs/preact



@astrojs/solid-js



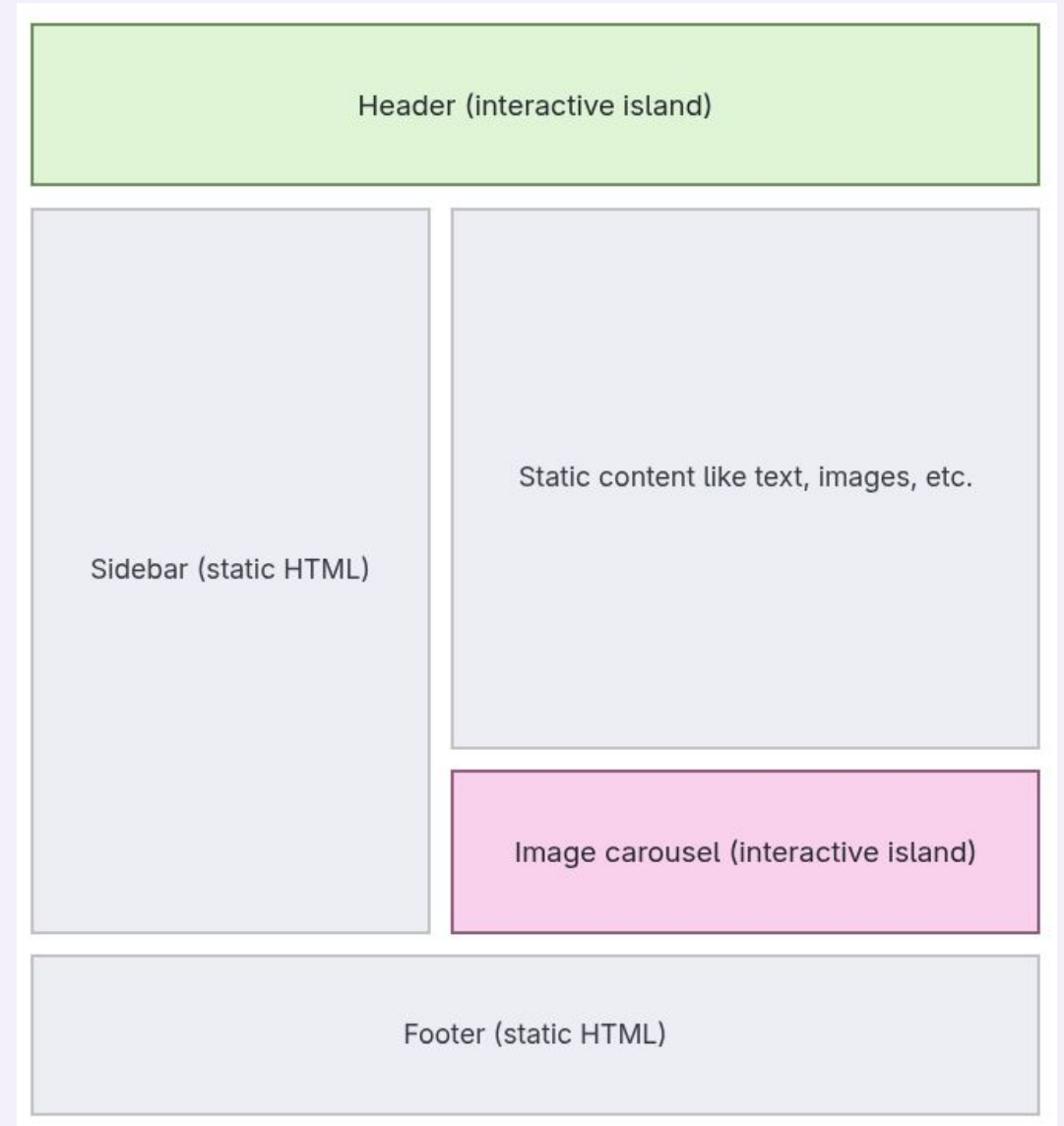
@astrojs/react



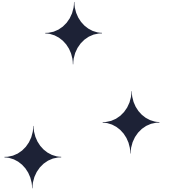
@astrojs/svelte



@astrojs/vue



Tipi di isole



Client Island

- Direttive `client:*` (dopo)
- Senza direttiva, puro HTML
- Solo props serializzabili *
- UI framework a scelta
- Indipendenti tra loro
- Accettano children

```
1 <!-- This component is now interactive on the page!
2   The rest of your website remains static. -->
3 <MyReactComponent client:load />
```

Server Island

- Direttiva `server:defer`
- Solo props serializzabili *
- Render asincrono
- Contenuto di fallback/default
- Endpoint apposito
- Indipendenti tra loro
- Solo componenti `.astro`

```
1 ---
2 import Avatar from "../components/Avatar.astro";
3 ---
4 <Avatar server:defer />
```

Direttive client:*

- Controllano come i componenti fatti con framework UI vengono renderizzati e idratati
- Customizzabili + ne esistono di default:

:load

Carica e idrata il JS appena la pagina si è caricata

:idle

Carica e idrata il JS quando avviene l'evento `requestIdleCallback`

`timeout custom`

Fallback a `:load` per browser che non supportano `requestIdleCallback` (es. Safari)

:visible

Carica e idrata il JS quando il componente entra nella viewport

`rootMargin` per anticipare il rendering (es: `200px`)

:media

Carica e idrata il JS quando una CSS media query viene triggerata

es:
`client:media="(min-w idth: 1000px)"`

:only

Carica e idrata il JS appena la pagina si è caricata e esegue il primo render

Fallback content

Serve specificare il framework, es:
`client:only="react"`

In tutti i casi, tranne `client:only`, vengono renderizzati lato server e poi solo idratati lato client

Immagini

- SVG direttamente importabili (solo) in file `.astro`
- Componenti `<Image />` e `<Picture />`
 - Ottimizzazione automatica immagini locali
 - Formati multipli (jpeg, png, webp, **avif**)
 - Proprietà responsive (srcset e sizes)
 - Gestione Cumulative Layout Shift (CLS)
- Immagini processate cachate tra build
- API per lavorare con immagini anche lato server
 - es: `getImage()` per usare immagini in posti diversi dall'HTML
- Domini autorizzati per immagini remote

Content collections (1)

- “Set di dati strutturalmente simili”
 - es. Cartella coi post di un blog
 - es. Singoli file con liste di elementi
- File locali o remoti: Markdown, MDX, JSON, YAML, ...
- Strutture type safe definendo schemi con Zod
- Loaders: funzioni per recuperare e parsare i dati
 - built-in: `glob()` e `file()`
- Per ogni entry della collezione il loader deve ritornare un campo `id` univoco
- Cache tra build

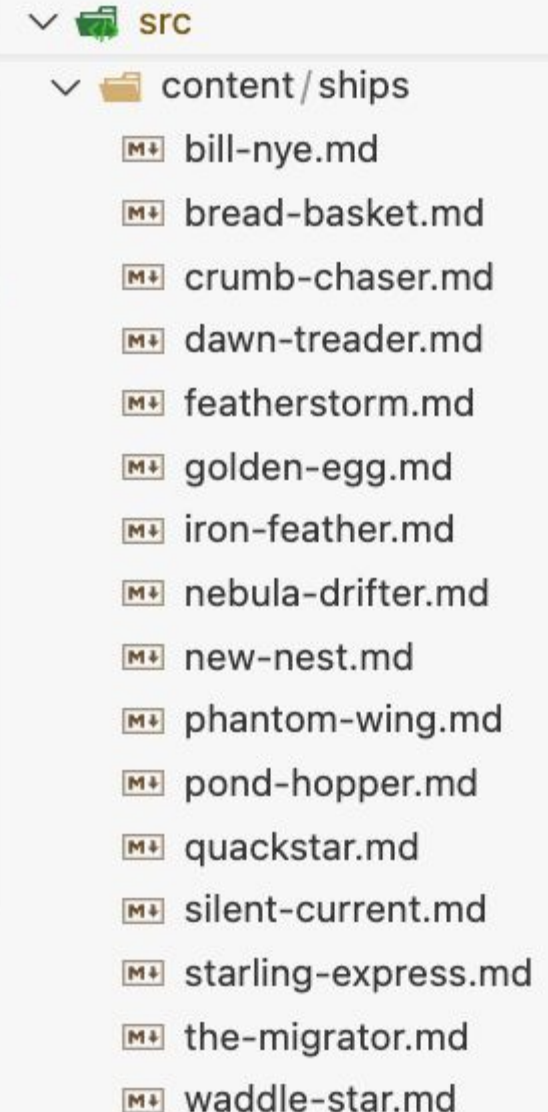
Content collections (2)

- API essenziali da `astro:content`:
 - `z()` (zod re-export)
 - `defineCollection({loader, schema})`
 - `getCollection(collectionName, filterCallback?)`
 - `getEntry(collectionName, idEntry)`
 - `render(entry)`

Content collections (2)

- APT essenziali da `astro:content`.

```
1 // src/content.config.ts
2 import { defineCollection, z } from 'astro:content';
3 import { glob } from 'astro/loaders';
4
5 const ships = defineCollection({
6   // loader automatically generates id from filename
7   loader: glob({ pattern: '**/*.md', base: './src/content/ships' }),
8   schema: z.object({
9     name: z.string(),
10    // ... other fields as needed
11  }),
12 });
13
14 // collection name is the key in this export
15 export const collections = { ships };
16
```



src

- content / ships
 - bill-nye.md
 - bread-basket.md
 - crumb-chaser.md
 - dawn-treader.md
 - featherstorm.md
 - golden-egg.md
 - iron-feather.md
 - nebula-drifter.md
 - new-nest.md
 - phantom-wing.md
 - pond-hopper.md
 - quackstar.md
 - silent-current.md
 - starling-express.md
 - the-migrator.md
 - waddle-star.md

Content collections (2)

```
1 ---
2 name: "QSS Quackstar"
3 class: "Explorer"
4 status: "Active"
5 crew: 142
6 commissioned: 2024-03-15
7 topSpeed: "Warp 7.5"
8 armament: ["Photon Torpedoes",
9 homePort: "Pond Zero"
10 captain: "Commander Mallard"
11 ---
12
13
14 # Quackstar title from .md \#
15 The QSS Quackstar is the pride
16 Launched from Pond Zero's orb
17 Her crew discovered three habi
18
19 The Quackstar's advanced senso
20
```

```
1 ---
2 import RootLayout from '@layouts/RootLayout.astro';
3 import { getEntry, render } from 'astro:content';
4
5 const { id } = Astro.params;
6 if (!id) {
7   return Astro.redirect('/demos/5-content');
8 }
9
10 const ship = await getEntry('ships', id);
11
12 if (!ship) {
13   return Astro.redirect('/demos/5-content');
14 }
15
16 const { Content } = await render(ship);
17 ---
18
19 <RootLayout title={ship.data.name}>
20   {/* renders HTML generated by md content */}
21   <Content />
22 </RootLayout>
23
```

src
content/ships
bill-nve.md

le for deep space scouting missions.

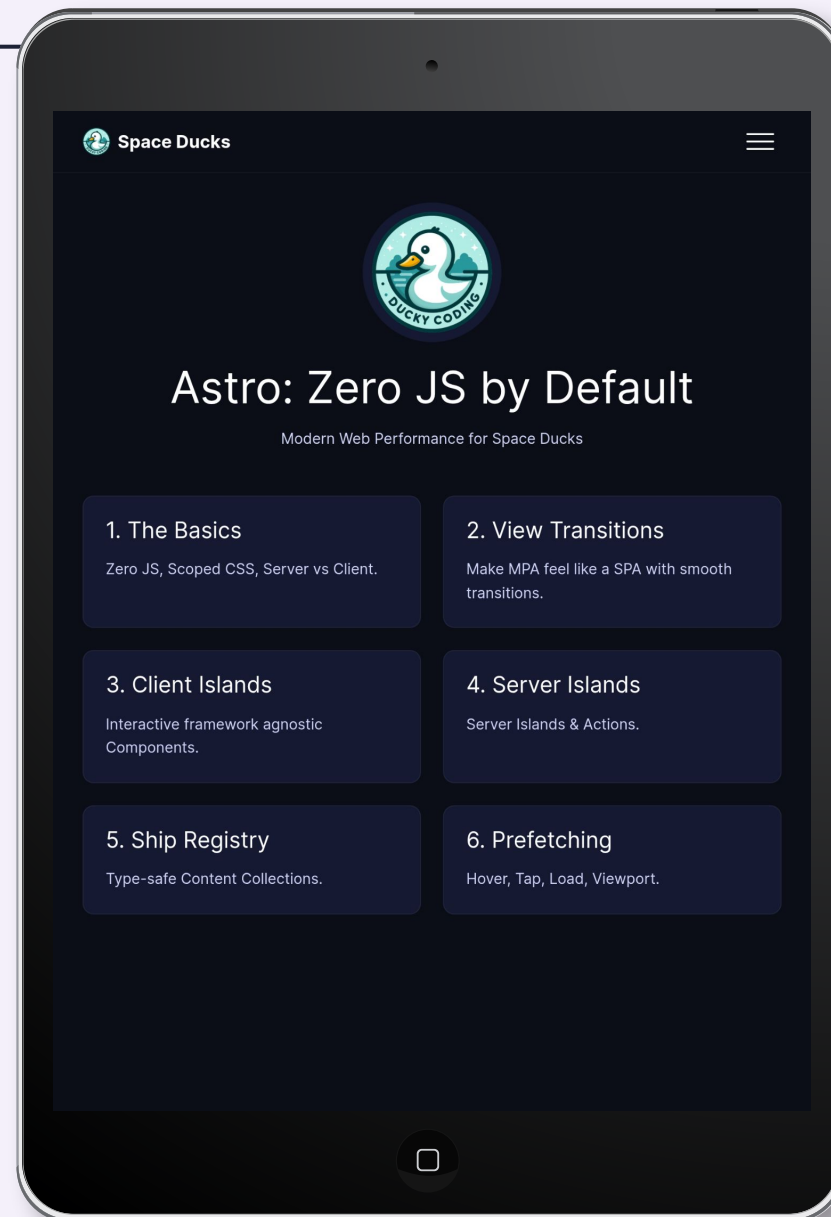
the-migrator.md
waddle-star.md

View transitions

- `<ClientRouter>`: permette navigazione stile SPA
- intercetta le navigazioni aggiungendo delle feature
- alcune transizioni automatiche
- elementi condivisi pagine gestiti: `transition:persist`
- animazioni pre-esistenti con `transition:animate:`
fade, slide, none
- morphing di elementi tra pagine con `transition:name`
- fallback a navigazione normale su browser non supportati

Vediamo **Astro** all'opera

Una piccola demo per
mostrare le feature
principali di cui abbiamo
parlato finora



Alcune delle altre feature

Actions

Font API

Env API

Server endpoint

Middleware

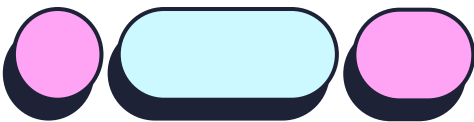
i18n

Integrazioni

Servizi terzi

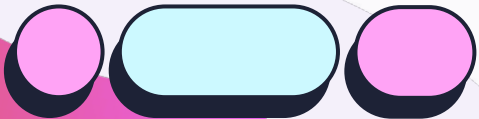
Content Layer API

...



“

Tempo per le domande





Credits

- Host: [Wavelop](#) & [MUG](#)
- Template presentazione: [SlidesMania](#)
- Font utilizzato: Roboto Mono
- [Repo GitHub Astro](#)
- [Repo GitHub col codice della demo](#)

Link interessanti

- [Astro guide: developing with LLM](#)
- [Nickyt.co: Approfondimento server islands](#)
- [Theo - t3 video: Server Island vs Next.js PPR](#)
- [Netlify: ISR e caching con Astro](#)

Grazie a tutti!



Per rimanere in contatto...



Se e quando scriverò qualcosa...

THANK
YOU