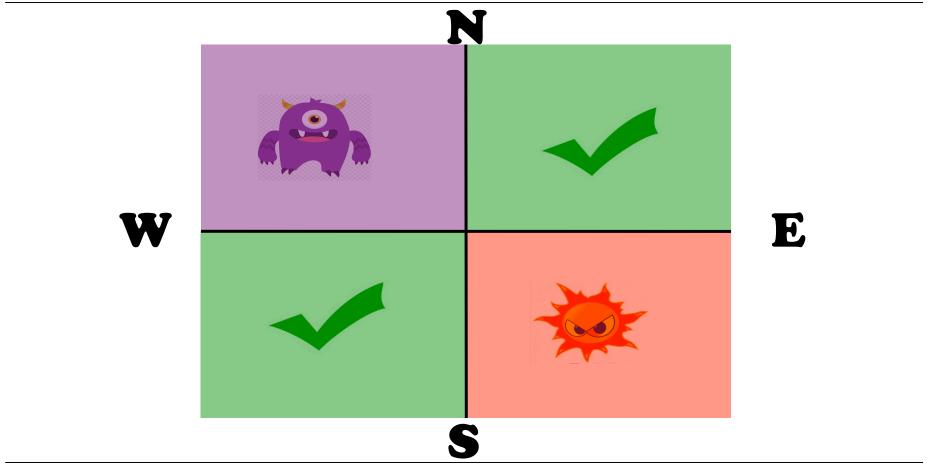
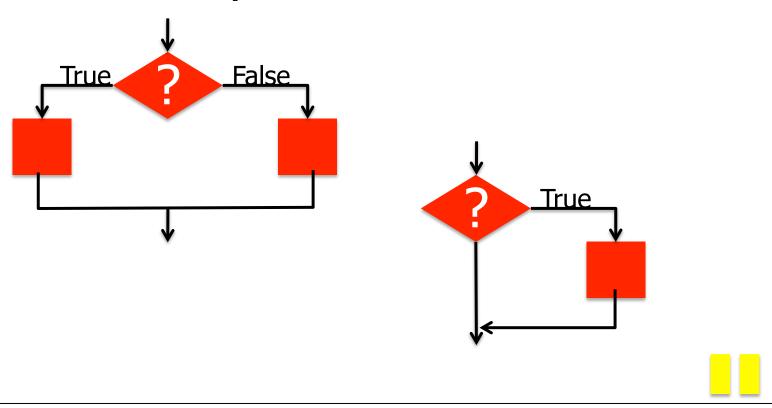
#### What if?

•Set max to 10 sometimes, and sometimes I don't?

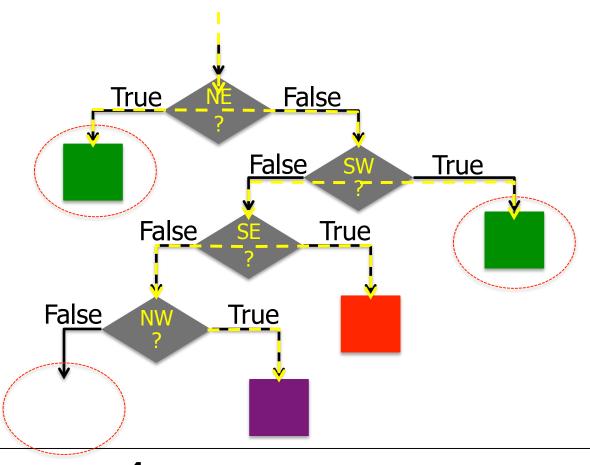
•Print out only the names of players with scores above 90?



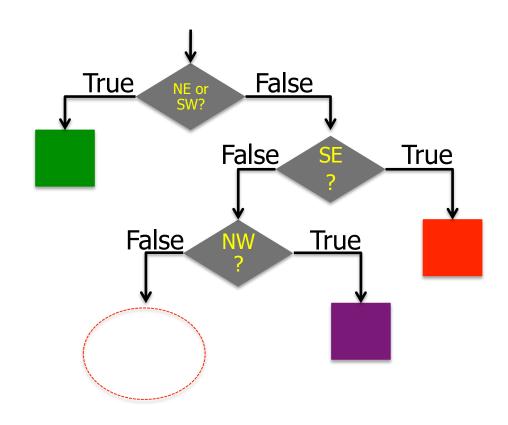
## Use symbols like these



# Did you see the problem this way?



Combine two conditions that result in the same outcome



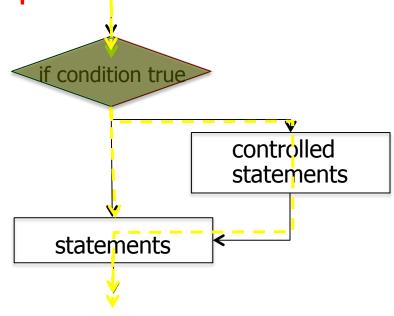
The if statement Executes a block of statements only if a test is true if condition true if (test) { statement(s); controlled statements statement(s); statements Example: int total = console.nextInt(); if (total >= 10) { Out.println("You have selected too many items."); total = max; Out.print(total);

# How do we create these "tests"? Relational expressions

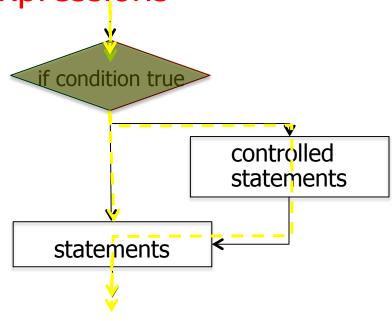
- These tests are called boolean expressions.
- Tests use *relational operators*:

operator		example	result
==	equals	3 * 2 == 6	true
! =	not equal	3 * 2 != 7	true
<, >	less than, greater than	8 < 4	false
<=, >=	less than or equal to, greater than or equal to	9 <= 9	true

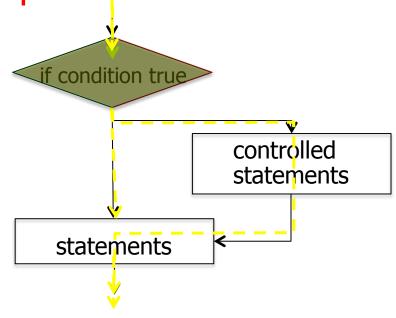
```
x >= 10
max < cur
sum != 0
age == 65
if ( x >= 10 ) {
    controlled statements
}
statements
```



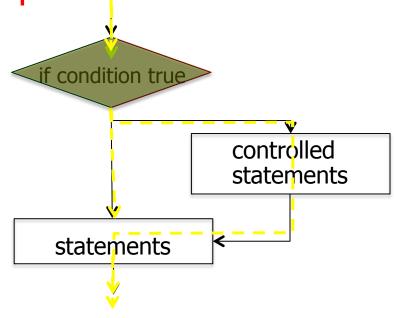
```
x >= 10
max < cur
sum != 0
age == 65
if ( max < cur ) {
    controlled statements
}
statements</pre>
```



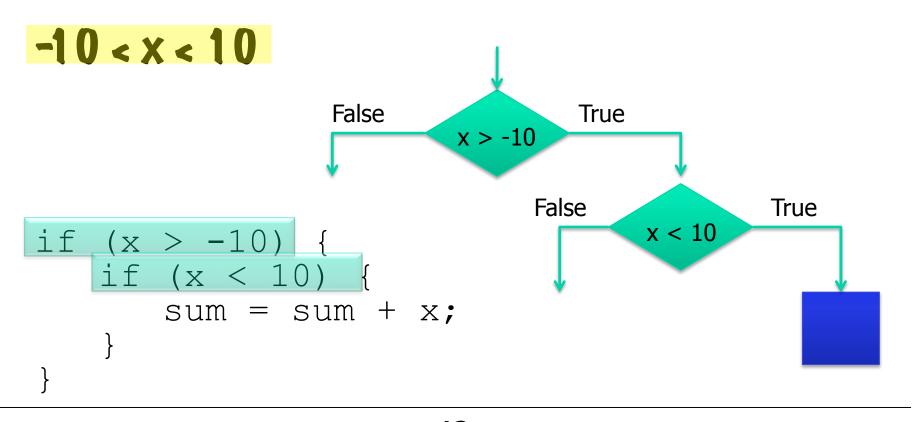
```
x >= 10
max < cur
sum != 0
age == 65
if ( sum != 0 ) {
    controlled statements
}
statements</pre>
```



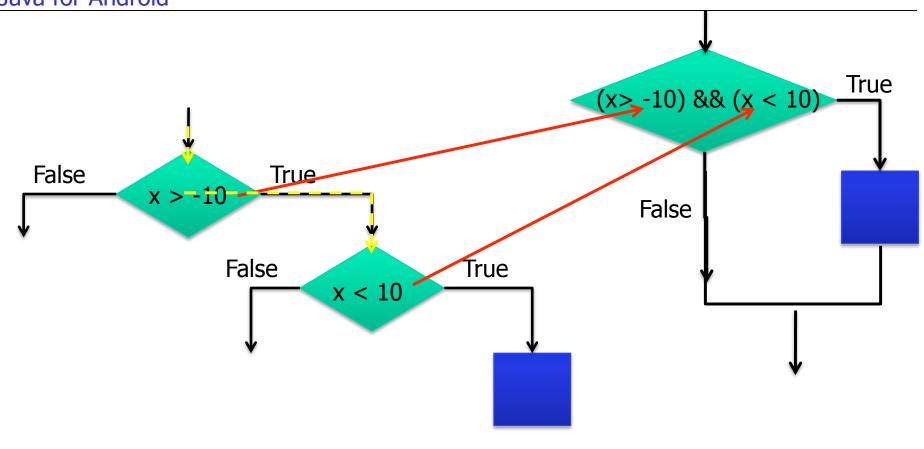
```
x >= 10
max < cur
sum != 0
age == 65
if ( age == 65 ) {
    controlled statements
}
statements</pre>
```



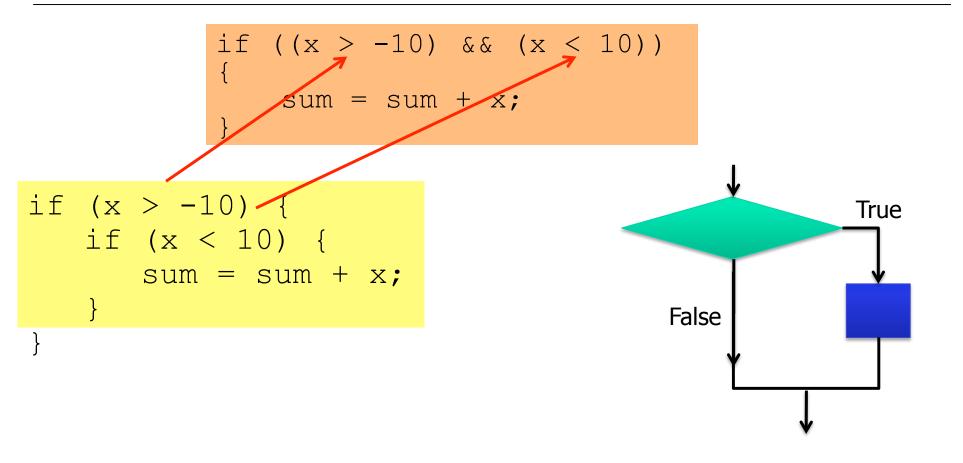
How do we test a value to see if it is within a certain range?



#### Java for Android



#### Java for Android



### Logical operators: & & , | | , !

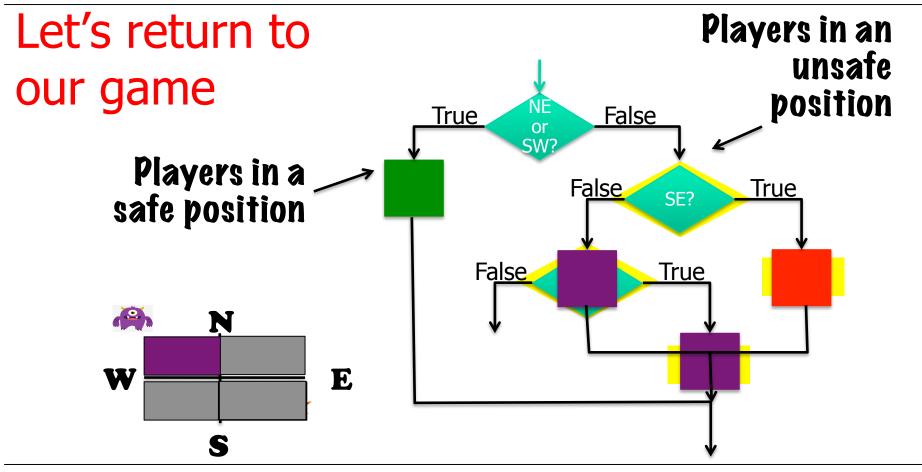
#### Conditions can be combined using *logical operators*:

Operator		Example	Result
&&	and	(2 == 3) && (-1 < 5)	false
	or	$(2 == 3) \mid \mid (-1 < 5)$	true
ļ.	not	!(2 == 3)	true

#### "Truth tables" for each, used with logical values *p* and *q*:

value of p	value of q	p && q	p    q
true	true	true	true
true	false	false	true
false	true	false	true
false	false	false	false

value of p	value of !p
true	false
false	true



## In our next lesson...

