

KALMAN FILTER NOTES PROJECT 3

11/20/2018

GENERAL KALMAN FILTER EQS

Model
$$\begin{aligned} y(k+1) &= \phi y(k) + \psi w(k) \\ y(k) &= h y(k) + n(k) \end{aligned}$$

For α -KF $\phi = 1$ $\psi = \frac{T^2}{2}$ $h = 1$

Let y = position

$$\begin{aligned} x(k+1) &= x(k) + \left[\frac{T^2}{2} \right] w(k) \quad N(0, \Delta w^2) \\ y(k) &= x(k) + n(k) \quad N(0, \Delta n^2) \end{aligned}$$

So we can think of $w(k)$, ACCELERATION INPUT
changing position. It has zero mean

- We are measuring statistics of $n(k)$ from ultrasonic transducer so we know Δn^2

• We Need Δw^2

- Assume we are at some nominal position say 0" (which would also be initial condition)
- If $w(k)$ is applied we expect x to move
 - Back out for a motion of $\frac{1}{4}$ "

$$x(k+1) = x(k) + \frac{T^2}{2} w(k)$$

$$\Rightarrow x(k+1) - x(k) = \frac{T^2}{2} w(k) = \frac{1}{4}''$$

$$\Rightarrow w(k) = \frac{2}{T^2} \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{T^2} \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{Let } T=1 \quad w(k) = \frac{1}{2}$$

- So $w(k)$ worst case $= \left| \frac{1}{2} \right|$
- Assume the $\frac{1}{2} = 3 \Delta w$ of normal distribution
 $\Rightarrow \Delta w = \frac{1}{6}$

• INTERPRETATION

- USE $\Delta w = \frac{1}{6}$ $\Delta w^2 = \frac{1}{36}$ as input
to KF selection of α

- place the sensor at some value
say 8" again $\pm \frac{1}{4}$ "

Error in placement

- You can modify numbers if necessary

α FILTER EQUATIONS

$$\hat{x}(k+1|k+1) = \hat{x}(k|k) + \alpha [z(k+1) - \hat{x}(k|k)]$$

INITIAL CONDITION

- Nominal location of sensor say 8"

α compute

$$\Lambda = T^2 \frac{\Delta w}{\Delta N} \quad \Lambda^2 = \frac{4\alpha^2}{1-\alpha}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{-\Lambda^2 + \sqrt{\Lambda^4 + 16\Lambda^2}}{8}$$

$$\Delta \hat{x}^2 = \alpha \Delta N^2$$

Use this to plot $\pm 3 \Delta$ LINES
ON ESTIMATING $\hat{x}(k+1|k+1)$

USING FILTER

Static Location

- Pick Nominal Location Say $10''$
this is I_c for filter
- place sensor at $10 \pm \frac{1}{4}''$ Use $10 \frac{1}{4}''$
first shot
- Run KF say 100 updates I_c at 0
↓
- Plot $\hat{x}(k|k)$ vs updates $n = 0 \rightarrow 100$
Plot $\pm 3 \sigma$ LINGS, discuss results
Compare to just averaging reading from sensor
- Redo with placement at $10 - \frac{1}{4} = 9 \frac{3}{4}''$
 - See what is different
- Try some other Nominal Locations
 $6, 12, 18, 24''$

One position is fine use something in band
 $[-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}]$ of nominal

Dynamic Location (differing from nominal)

For some Nominal value

- move sensor to $\pm \frac{1}{4}$, get a single reading from sensor
- n times [• Repeat for say $-\frac{1}{4}, \pm \frac{1}{8}, -\frac{1}{8}$ some other values
you don't need to repeatedly measure
- Run KF & filter for n data sets
- Plot results