Raspbian GNU/Linux 10 (2020-02-13-raspbian-buster-lite)

- ssh
- wpa\_supplicant.conf

## 192.168.1.251

- (1) Raspberry Pi Zero W (<a href="https://www.adafruit.com/product/3400">https://www.adafruit.com/product/3400</a>)
- (1) SFE Qwiic Hat (https://www.adafruit.com/product/4688)
- (4) STEMMA QT / Qwiic JST SH 4-pin Cable (<a href="https://www.adafruit.com/product/4210">https://www.adafruit.com/product/4210</a>)
- (1) Adafruit AS7341 10-Channel Light / Color Sensor (https://www.adafruit.com/product/4698)
- (1) Adafruit BH1750 Light Sensor STEMMA QT / Qwiic (https://www.adafruit.com/product/4681)
- (1) Adafruit TSL2591 High Dynamic Range Digital Light Sensor (<a href="https://www.adafruit.com/product/1980">https://www.adafruit.com/product/1980</a>)
- (1) Adafruit LTR390 UV Light Sensor STEMMA QT / Qwiic https://www.adafruit.com/product/4831

## passwd

sudo raspi-config

- Network, Hostname (light-mkII-01)
- Interfacing Options (enable I2C and SPI)
- Advanced Options, Expand Filesystem

```
nano -K update.sh
apt update
apt upgrade -y
apt dist-upgrade -y
apt autoclean -y
apt autoremove -y
sudo chmod +x *.sh
sudo ./update.sh
```

sudo apt install i2c-tools -y sudo i2cdetect -v 1

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	а	b	С	d	е	f
00:																
10:																
20:				23						29						
30:										39						
40:																
50:																
60:																
70:																

sudo apt install -y python3 git python3-pip -y sudo pip3 install --upgrade setuptools pip3 install RPI.GPIO pip3 install adafruit-blinka nano -K blinkatest.py import board import digitalio

```
import busio
        print("Hello blinka!")
        # Try to great a Digital input
        pin = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.D4)
        print("Digital IO ok!")
        # Try to create an I2C device
        i2c = busio.I2C(board.SCL, board.SDA)
        print("I2C ok!")
        # Try to create an SPI device
        spi = busio.SPI(board.SCLK, board.MOSI, board.MISO)
        print("SPI ok!")
        print("done!")
python3 blinkatest.py
        Hello blinka!
        Digital IO ok!
        I2C ok!
        SPI ok!
        done!
pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-as7341
pip3 install --upgrade adafruit-circuitpython-as7341
nano -K as7341_simpletest.py
        # SPDX-FileCopyrightText: 2020 Bryan Siepert, written for Adafruit Industries
        # SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
        from time import sleep
        import board
        import busio
        from adafruit_as7341 import AS7341
        i2c = busio.I2C(board.SCL, board.SDA)
        sensor = AS7341(i2c)
        def bar graph(read value):
          scaled = int(read value / 1000)
          return "[%5d] " % read_value + (scaled * "*")
        while True:
          print("F1 - 415nm/Violet %s" % bar_graph(sensor.channel_415nm))
          print("F2 - 445nm//Indigo %s" % bar_graph(sensor.channel_445nm))
          print("F3 - 480nm//Blue %s" % bar_graph(sensor.channel_480nm))
```

```
print("F4 - 515nm//Cyan %s" % bar_graph(sensor.channel_515nm))
         print("F5 - 555nm/Green %s" % bar_graph(sensor.channel_555nm))
         print("F6 - 590nm/Yellow %s" % bar_graph(sensor.channel_590nm))
         print("F7 - 630nm/Orange %s" % bar_graph(sensor.channel_630nm))
         print("F8 - 680nm/Red %s" % bar_graph(sensor.channel_680nm))
         print("\n-----")
         sleep(1)
pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-bh1750
nano -K bh1750 simpletest.py
       # SPDX-FileCopyrightText: 2020 Bryan Siepert, written for Adafruit Industries
       # SPDX-License-Identifier: Unlicense
       import time
       import board
       import adafruit bh1750
       i2c = board.I2C()
       sensor = adafruit_bh1750.BH1750(i2c)
       while True:
         print("%.2f Lux" % sensor.lux)
         time.sleep(1)
pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-tsl2591
nano -K tsl2591_simpletest.py
       # Simple demo of the TSL2591 sensor. Will print the detected light value
       # every second.
       import time
       import board
       import busio
       import adafruit_tsl2591
       # Initialize the I2C bus.
       i2c = busio.I2C(board.SCL, board.SDA)
       # Initialize the sensor.
       sensor = adafruit tsl2591.TSL2591(i2c)
       # You can optionally change the gain and integration time:
       # sensor.gain = adafruit tsl2591.GAIN LOW (1x gain)
       # sensor.gain = adafruit_tsl2591.GAIN_MED (25x gain, the default)
       # sensor.gain = adafruit tsl2591.GAIN HIGH (428x gain)
       # sensor.gain = adafruit_tsl2591.GAIN_MAX (9876x gain)
       # sensor.integration_time = adafruit_tsl2591.INTEGRATIONTIME_100MS (100ms, default)
```

```
# sensor.integration time = adafruit tsl2591.INTEGRATIONTIME 200MS (200ms)
# sensor.integration time = adafruit tsl2591.INTEGRATIONTIME 300MS (300ms)
# sensor.integration_time = adafruit_tsl2591.INTEGRATIONTIME_400MS (400ms)
# sensor.integration_time = adafruit_tsl2591.INTEGRATIONTIME_500MS (500ms)
# sensor.integration_time = adafruit_tsl2591.INTEGRATIONTIME_600MS (600ms)
# Read the total lux, IR, and visible light levels and print it every second.
while True:
  # Read and calculate the light level in lux.
  lux = sensor.lux
  print("Total light: {0}lux".format(lux))
  # You can also read the raw infrared and visible light levels.
  # These are unsigned, the higher the number the more light of that type.
  # There are no units like lux.
  # Infrared levels range from 0-65535 (16-bit)
  infrared = sensor.infrared
  print("Infrared light: {0}".format(infrared))
  # Visible-only levels range from 0-2147483647 (32-bit)
  visible = sensor.visible
  print("Visible light: {0}".format(visible))
  # Full spectrum (visible + IR) also range from 0-2147483647 (32-bit)
  full_spectrum = sensor.full_spectrum
  print("Full spectrum (IR + visible) light: {0}".format(full_spectrum))
  time.sleep(1.0)
```