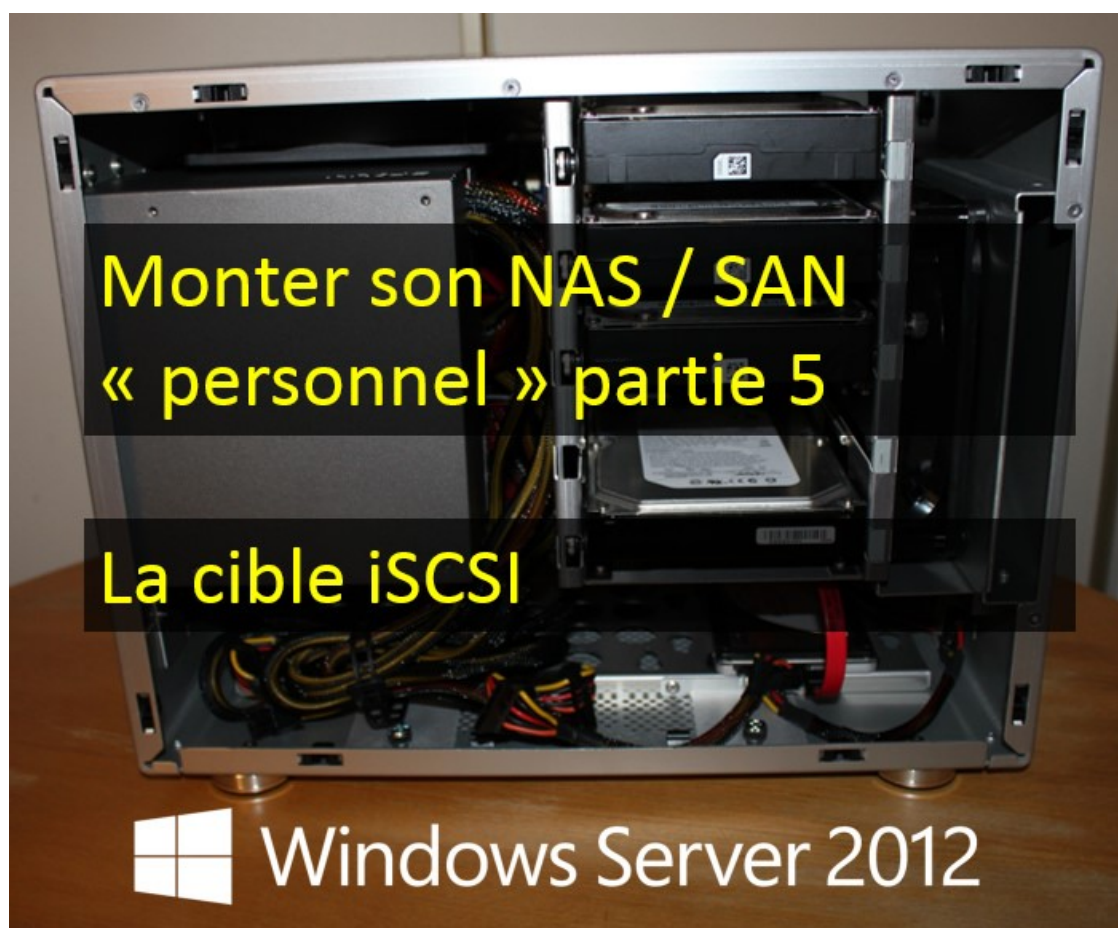


dudulee.github.io

Monter son NAS / SAN "personnel" sous Windows Server 2012 – Partie 5 – la cible iSCSI

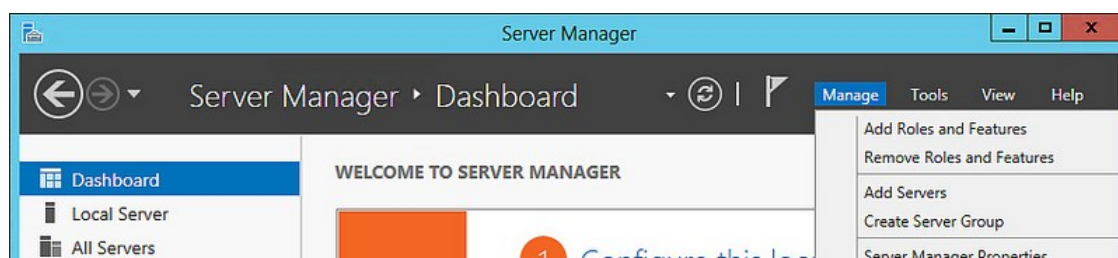
Cet article est le cinquième d'une série consacrée au montage d'un NAS / SAN "personnel" (ou de test) sous Windows Server 2012.



Les 4 premières parties sont [ici](#), [ici](#), [ici](#) et [ici](#)

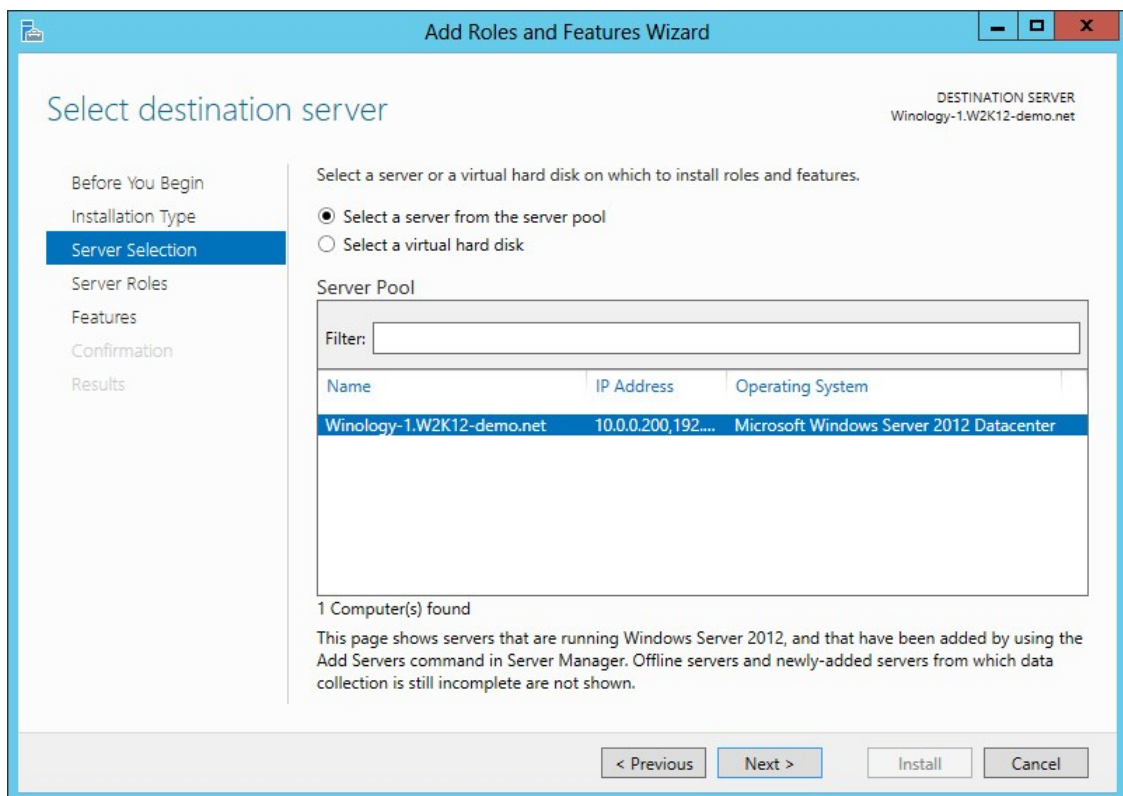
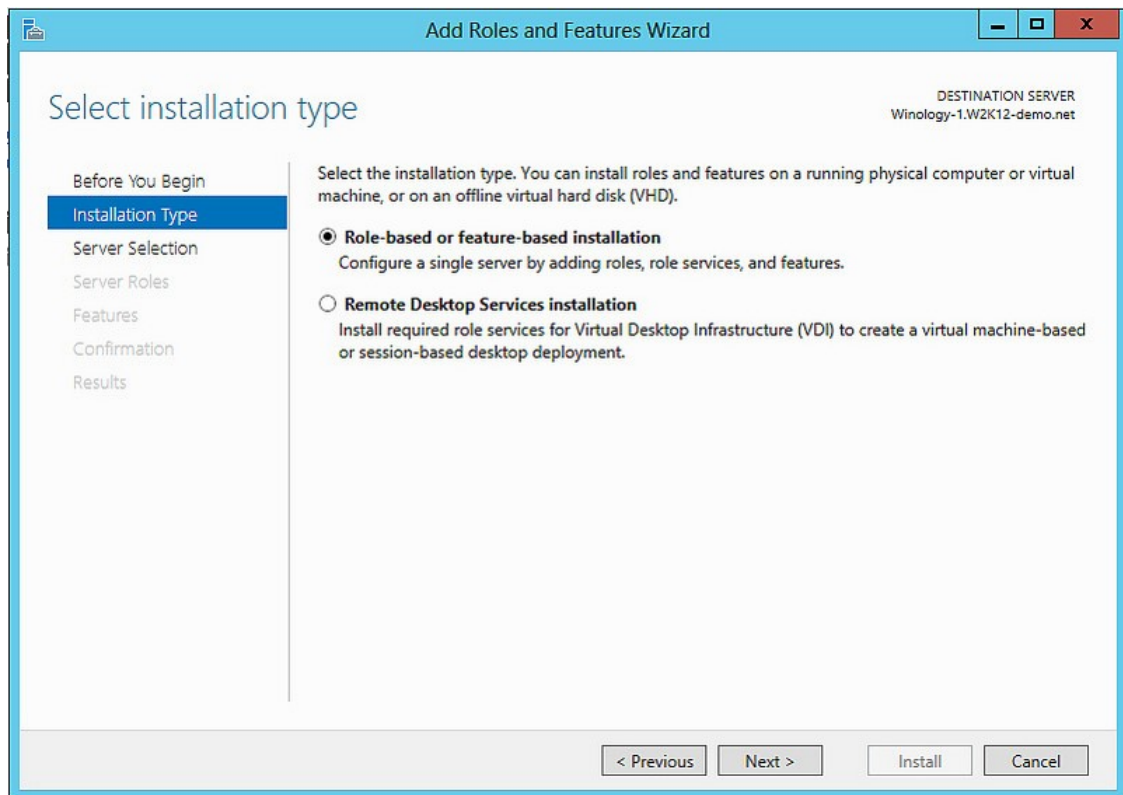
Dans cette partie, nous allons voir **comment créer, configurer une cible iSCSI sur un serveur Windows Server 2012 et comment s'y connecter**

Etape 1 : installation des fonctionnalités de Cible iSCSI sur le serveur

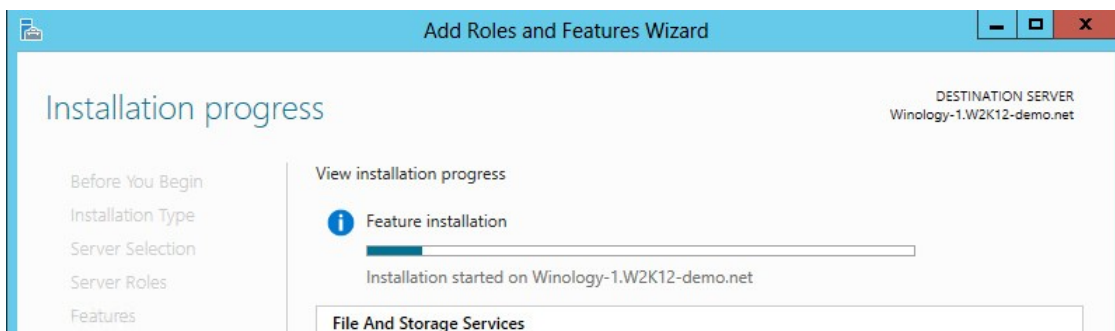
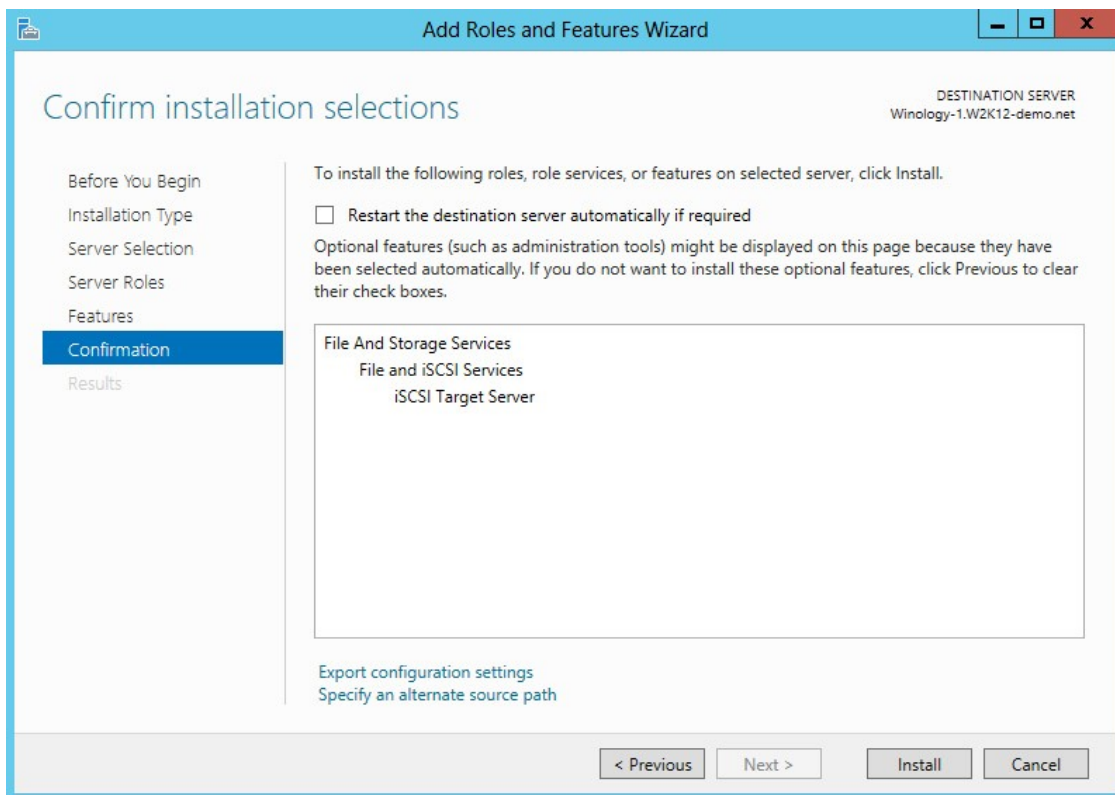
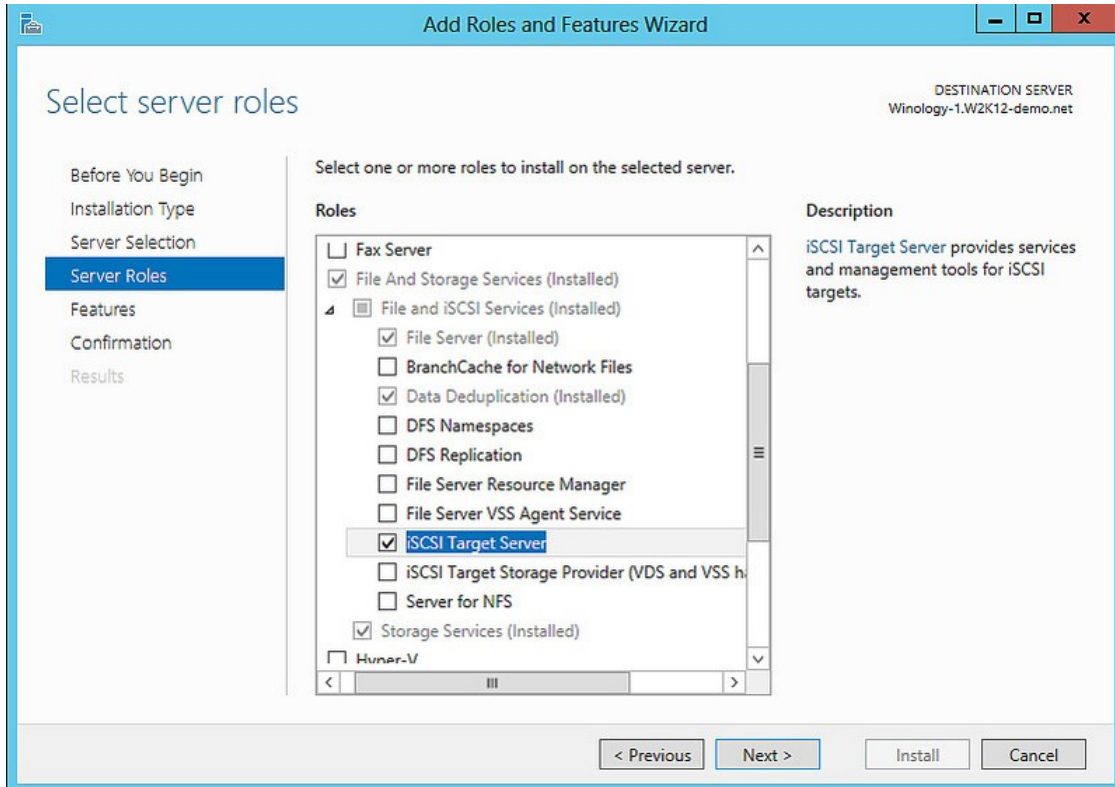


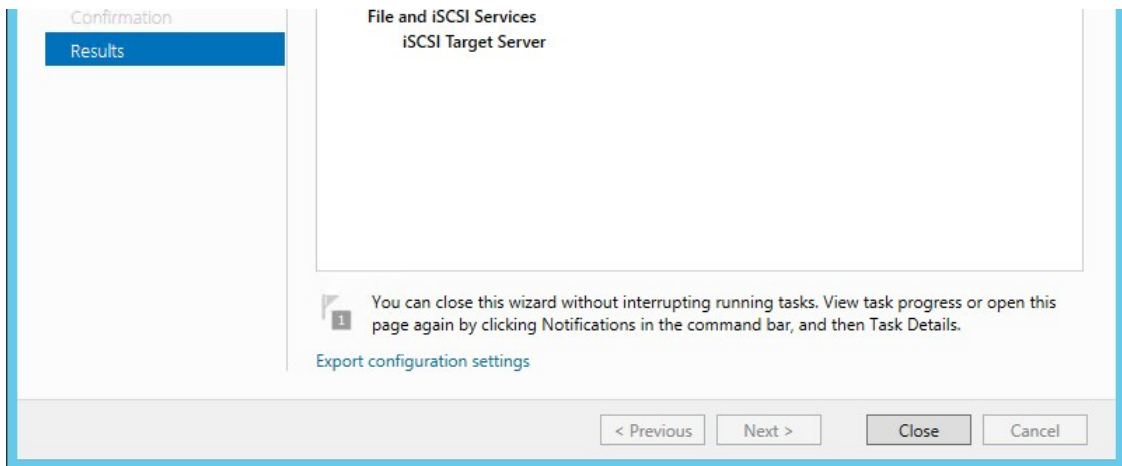


Cliquer sur Add Role and Features

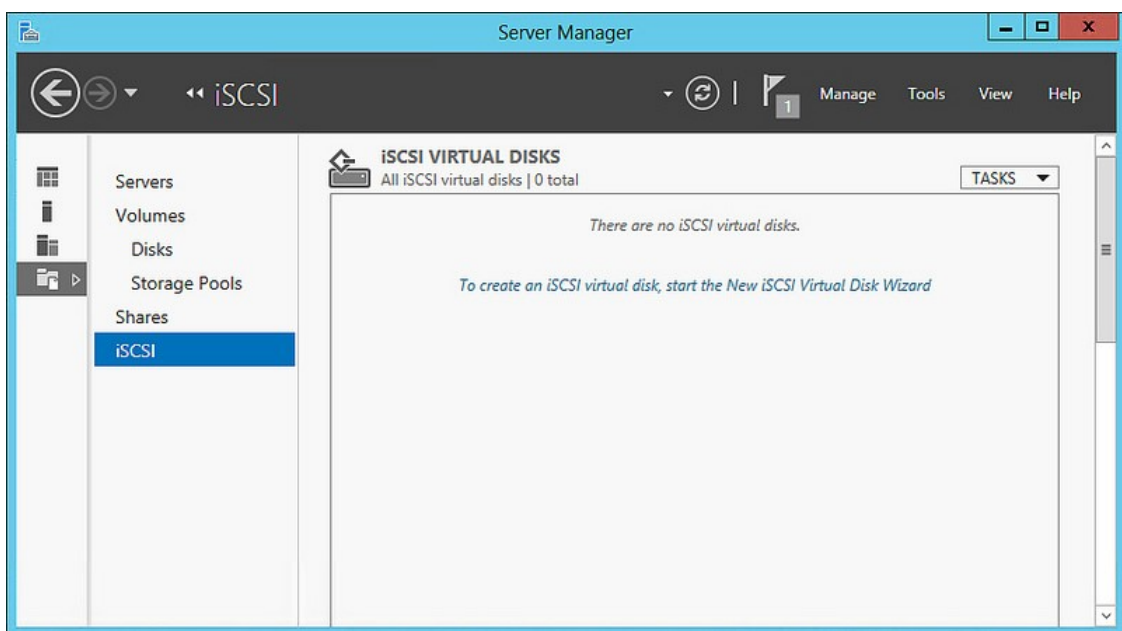


Sélectionner iSCSI Target Server dans la branche File and iSCSI Services

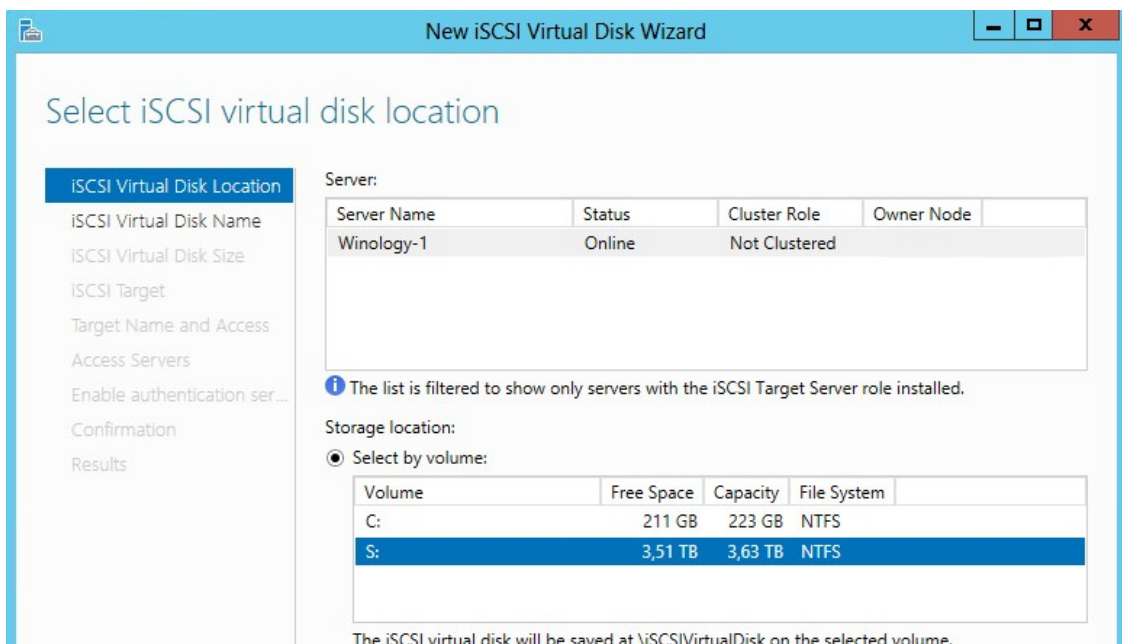




Etape 2 : Création d'un LUN sur le NAS (qui va donc aussi devenir un SAN)



Cliquer sur "To create an iSCSI virtual disk, start the New iSCSI Virtual Disk Wizard"



☐ Type a custom path:

New iSCSI Virtual Disk Wizard

Specify iSCSI virtual disk name

- iSCSI Virtual Disk Location
- iSCSI Virtual Disk Name**
- iSCSI Virtual Disk Size
- iSCSI Target
- Target Name and Access
- Access Servers
- Enable authentication ser...
- Confirmation
- Results

Name:

Description:

Path: S:\iSCSIVirtualDisks\LUN1.vhd

Définir la taille du disque iSCSI

New iSCSI Virtual Disk Wizard

Specify iSCSI virtual disk size

iSCSI Virtual Disk Location

iSCSI Virtual Disk Name

iSCSI Virtual Disk Size

iSCSI Target

Target Name and Access

Access Servers

Enable authentication ser...

Confirmation

Results

Free space: 3 599 GB

Size: GB

< Previous Next > Create Cancel

New iSCSI Virtual Disk Wizard

Assign iSCSI target

iSCSI Virtual Disk Location

iSCSI Virtual Disk Name

iSCSI Virtual Disk Size

iSCSI Target

Target Name and Access

Access Servers

Enable authentication ser...

Confirmation

Results

Assign this iSCSI virtual disk to an existing iSCSI target or create a new target for it.

☐ Existing iSCSI target:

Target Name	Initiator IDs	Description
-------------	---------------	-------------

☒ New iSCSI target

< Previous Next > Create Cancel

Créer une nouvelle cible iSCSI

New iSCSI Virtual Disk Wizard

Specify target name

This screenshot shows the 'Target Name and Access' step of the 'New iSCSI Virtual Disk Wizard'. On the left, a list of steps includes 'iSCSI Virtual Disk Location', 'iSCSI Virtual Disk Name', 'iSCSI Virtual Disk Size', 'iSCSI Target', 'Target Name and Access' (highlighted), 'Access Servers', 'Enable authentication ser...', 'Confirmation', and 'Results'. The main area has a 'Name:' field containing 'Target1-Wino' and a larger 'Description:' text box. At the bottom, there are navigation buttons: '< Previous', 'Next >', 'Create', and 'Cancel'.

Puis spécifier les initiateurs (clients) à connecter à cette cible (serveur)

This screenshot shows the 'Specify access servers' step of the 'New iSCSI Virtual Disk Wizard'. The left sidebar highlights 'Access Servers'. The main area contains the instruction 'Click Add to specify the iSCSI initiator(s) that will access this iSCSI virtual disk.' Below this is a table with two columns: 'Type' and 'Value'. At the bottom of the table area are 'Add...' and 'Remove' buttons. A link 'Learn more about access servers' is also present. The bottom navigation bar includes '< Previous', 'Next >', 'Create', and 'Cancel' buttons.

Cliquer sur Add... Sélectionner Enter a value for the selected type

IQN **IQN:iqn.1991-05.com.microsoft:hyperstan2.w2k12-demo.net** (ici : hyperstan2.w2k12-demo.net est le nom FQDN de la machine avec l'initiateur iSCSI)

This is a partial screenshot of the 'Add initiator ID' dialog box, showing the title bar and the top portion of the content area.

Select a method to identify the initiator:

☐ Query initiator computer for ID (not supported on Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 7, or earlier):

[Browse...](#)

☐ Select from the initiator cache on the target server:

☒ Enter a value for the selected type

Type: Value: [Browse...](#)

[OK](#) [Cancel](#)

Note : Comme je vais utiliser cette cible iSCSI dans le cadre d'un cluster Hyper-V, j'ai ajouté les 2 initiateurs. Attention dans ce cas, il faudra installer la fonctionnalité failover cluster sur l'ensemble des nœuds du cluster. cf. Etape 3 plus loin dans cet article.

New iSCSI Virtual Disk Wizard

Specify access servers

Click Add to specify the iSCSI initiator(s) that will access this iSCSI virtual disk.

Type	Value
IQN	iqn.1991-05.com.microsoft:hyperstan2.w2k12-demo.net
IQN	iqn.1991-05.com.microsoft:hyperstan3.w2k12-demo.net

[Add...](#) [Remove](#)

[Learn more about access servers](#)

[< Previous](#) [Next >](#) [Create](#) [Cancel](#)

New iSCSI Virtual Disk Wizard

Enable Authentication

iSCSI Virtual Disk Location
iSCSI Virtual Disk Name
iSCSI Virtual Disk Size
iSCSI Target
Target Name and Access
Access Servers
Enable authentication ser...
Confirmation
Results

Optionally, enable the CHAP protocol to authenticate initiator connections, or enable reverse CHAP to allow the initiator to authenticate the iSCSI target.

☐ Enable CHAP:

User name:

Password:

Confirm password:

☐ Enable reverse CHAP:

User name:

Password:

Confirm password:

[Learn more about CHAP and reverse CHAP](#)

< Previous
Next >
Create
Cancel

Cliquer sur Next puis Create.

New iSCSI Virtual Disk Wizard

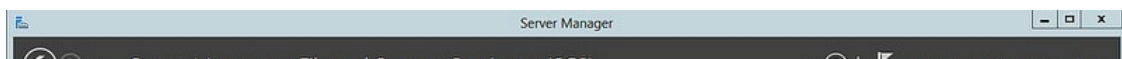
View results

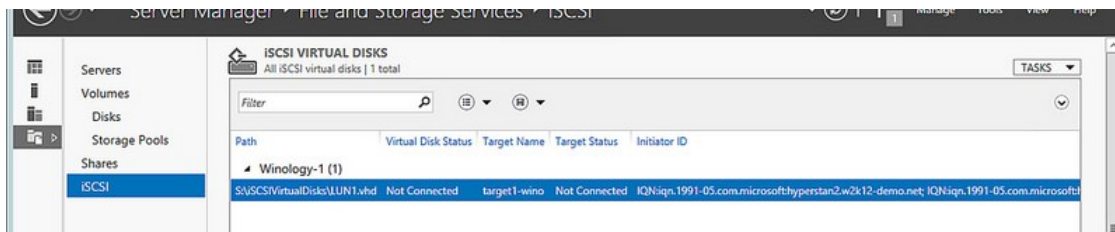
iSCSI Virtual Disk Location
iSCSI Virtual Disk Name
iSCSI Virtual Disk Size
iSCSI Target
Target Name and Access
Access Servers
Enable authentication ser...
Confirmation
Results

iSCSI virtual disk was created successfully.

Task	Progress	Status
Create iSCSI virtual disk	<div></div>	Completed
Set iSCSI virtual disk description	<div></div>	Completed
Create iSCSI target	<div></div>	Completed
Set target access	<div></div>	Completed
Assign iSCSI virtual disk to target	<div></div>	Completed

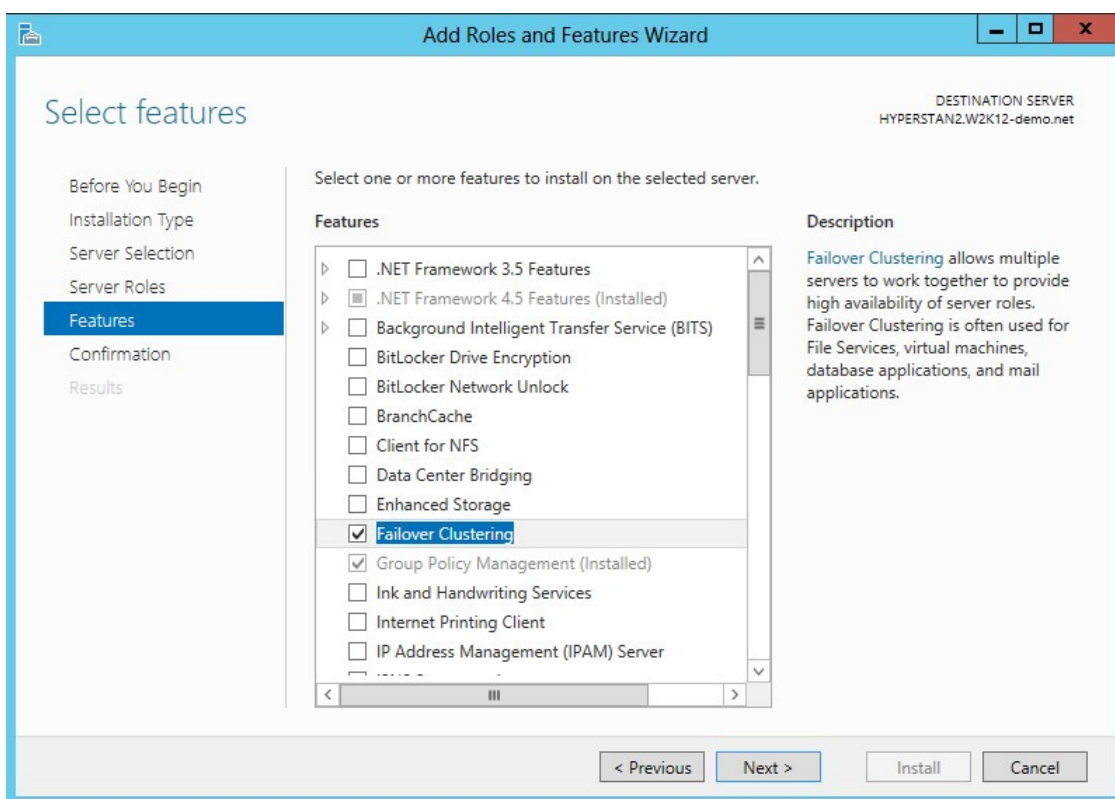
< Previous
Next >
Close
Cancel





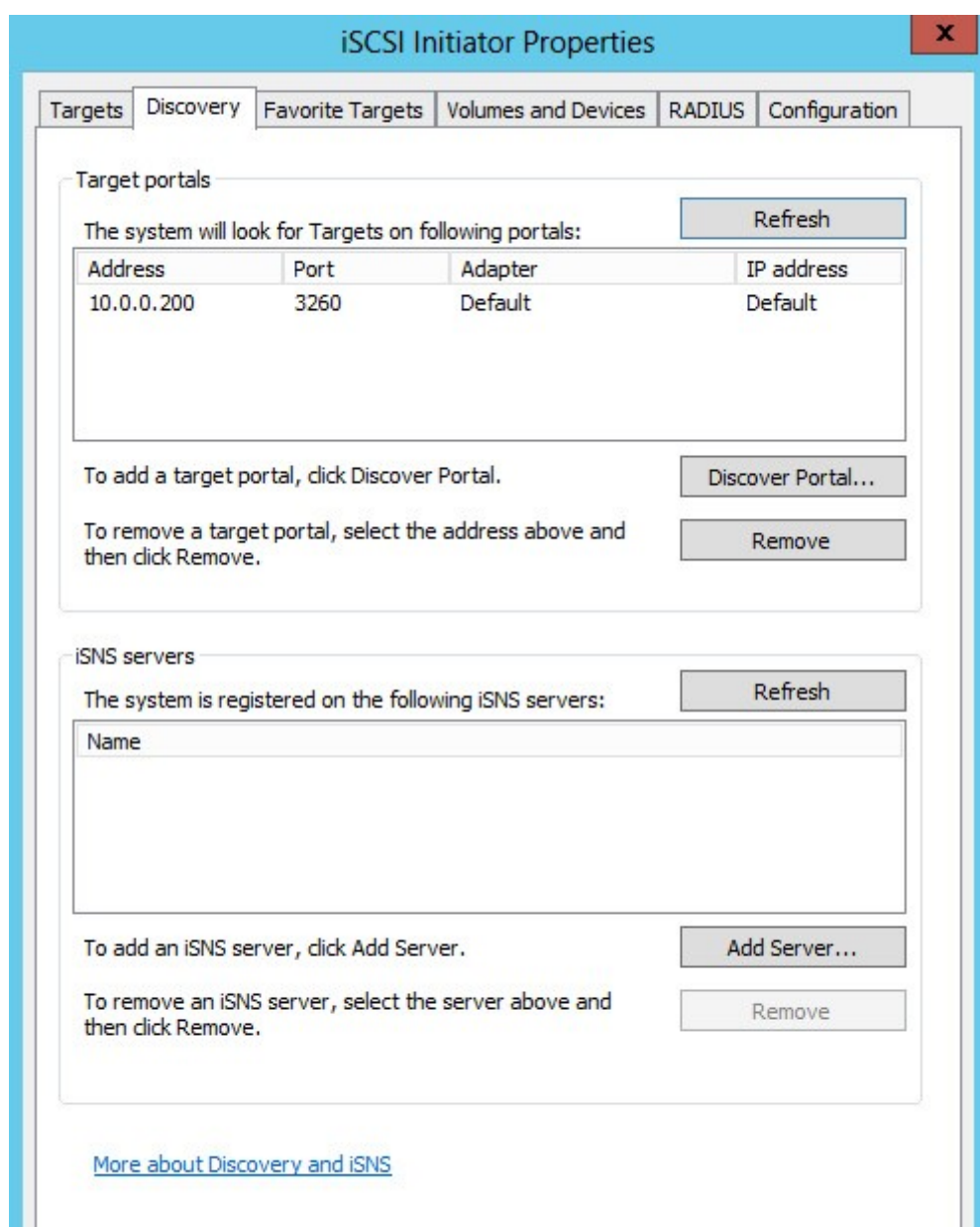
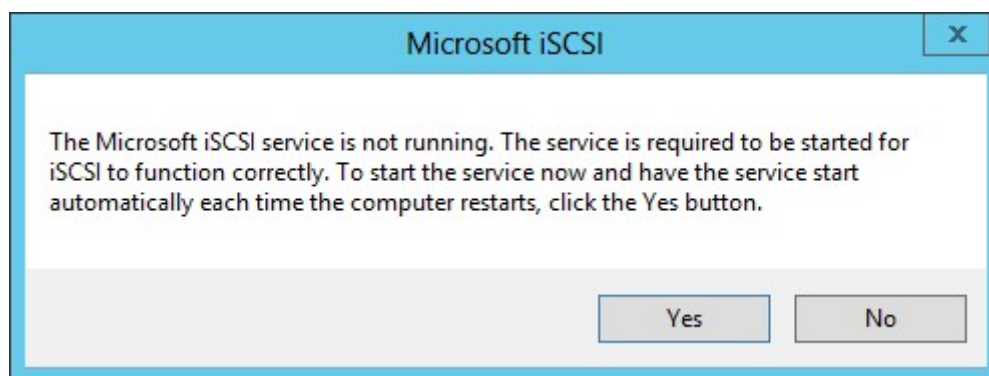
Etape 3 (Optionnelle) : Installation de la fonctionnalité Failover Cluster sur les machines clientes (initiateurs iSCSI) de la cible iSCSI

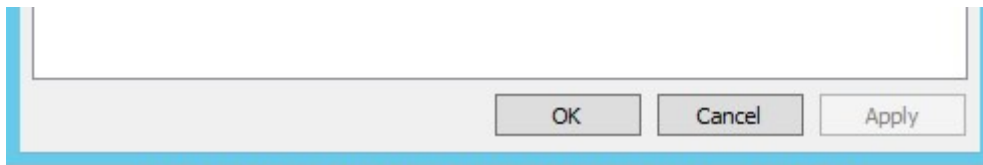
Dans mon cas, cette cible iSCSI va me servir pour un stockage partagé utilisable par plusieurs serveurs Hyper-V en cluster. Il est donc nécessaire d'installer ces composants sur les serveurs Hyper-V



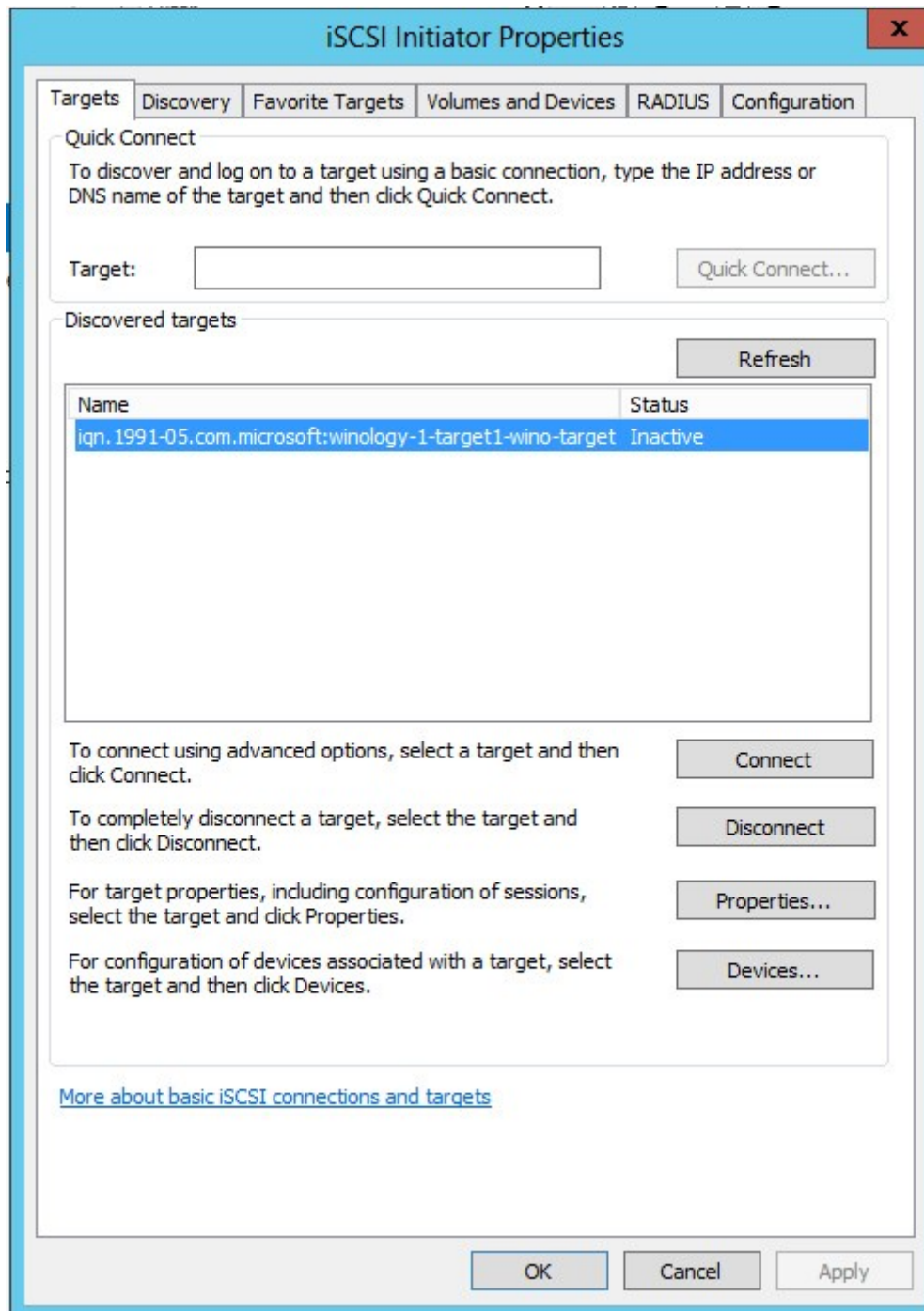
Etape 4 : Configuration de l'initiateur iSCSI sur un ordinateur connecté à la cible iSCSI

Note : dans le cas d'un cluster, faire cette configuration sur l'ensemble des nœuds.

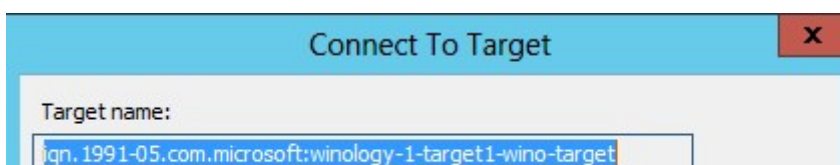


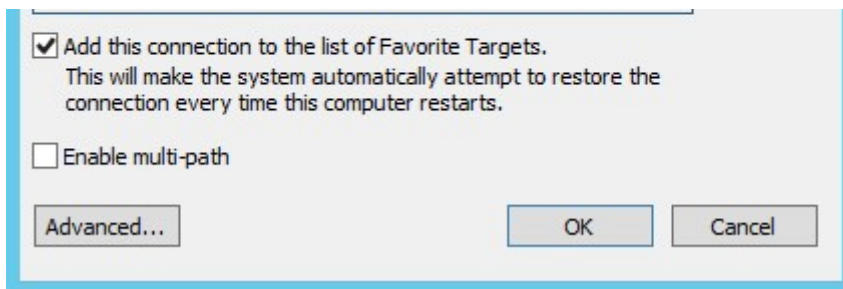


Dans l'onglet Targets, sélectionner la target

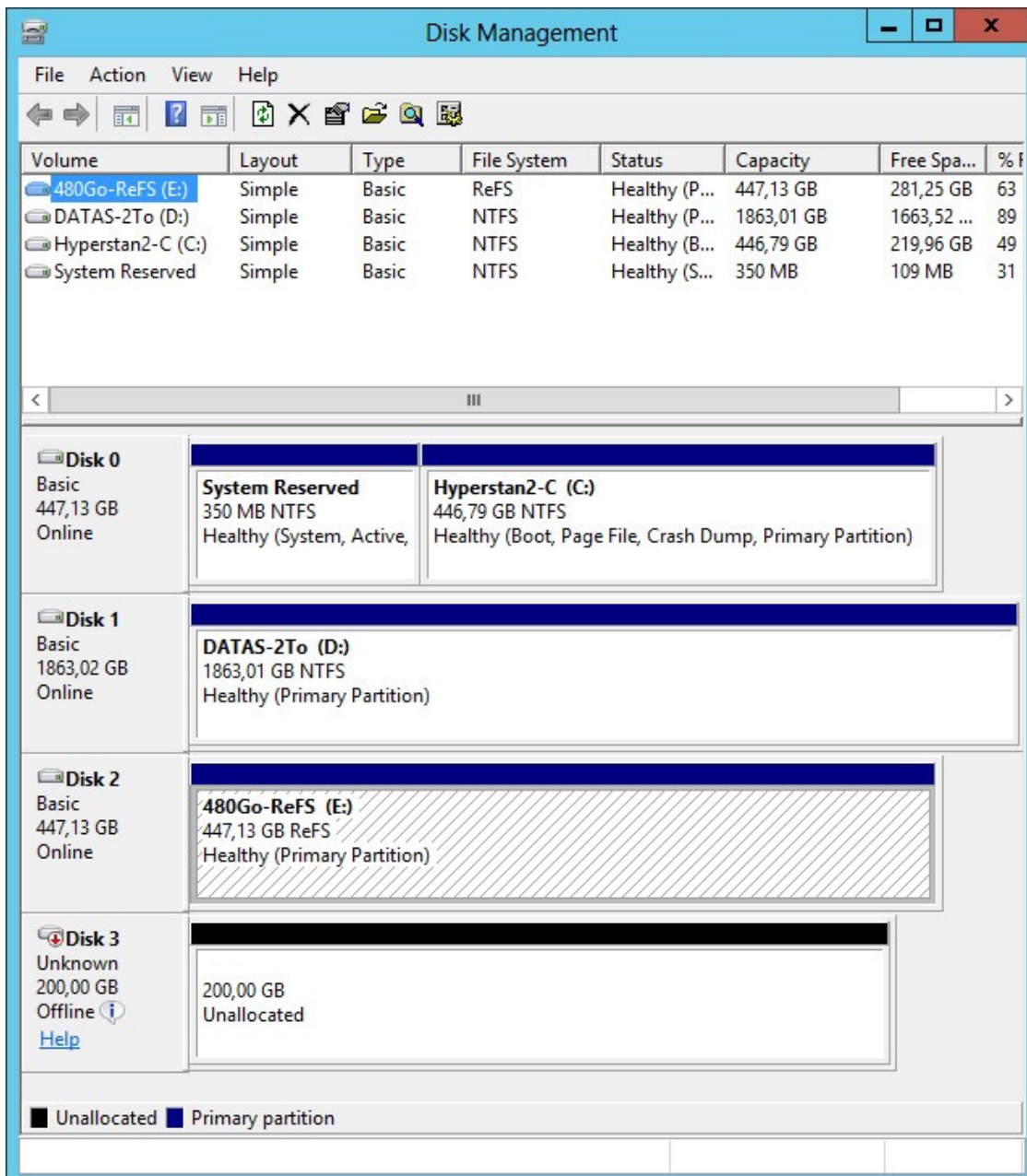


Puis cliquer sur *Connect*, puis *OK*

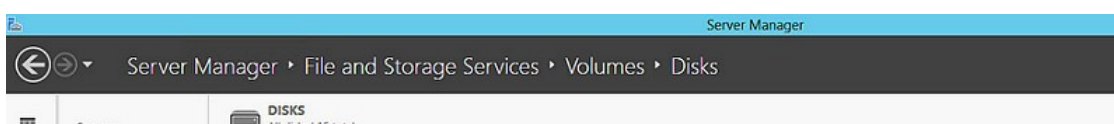


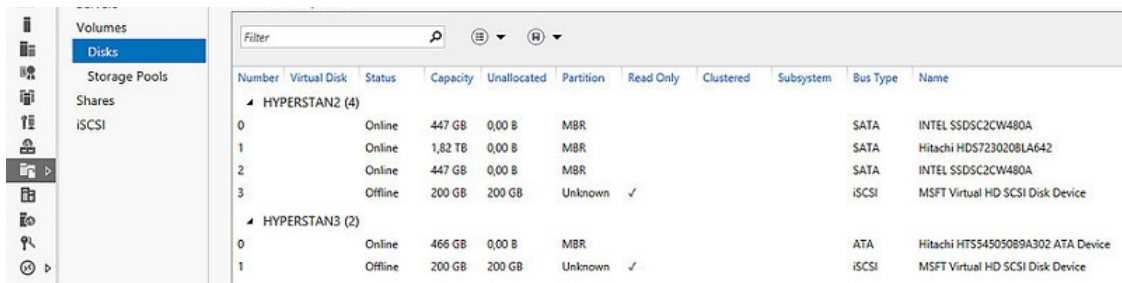


Pour vérifier la bonne connexion en vérifiant la présence de la LUN dans le gestionnaire de disques. La LUN sur la cible iSCSI est visible en bas.



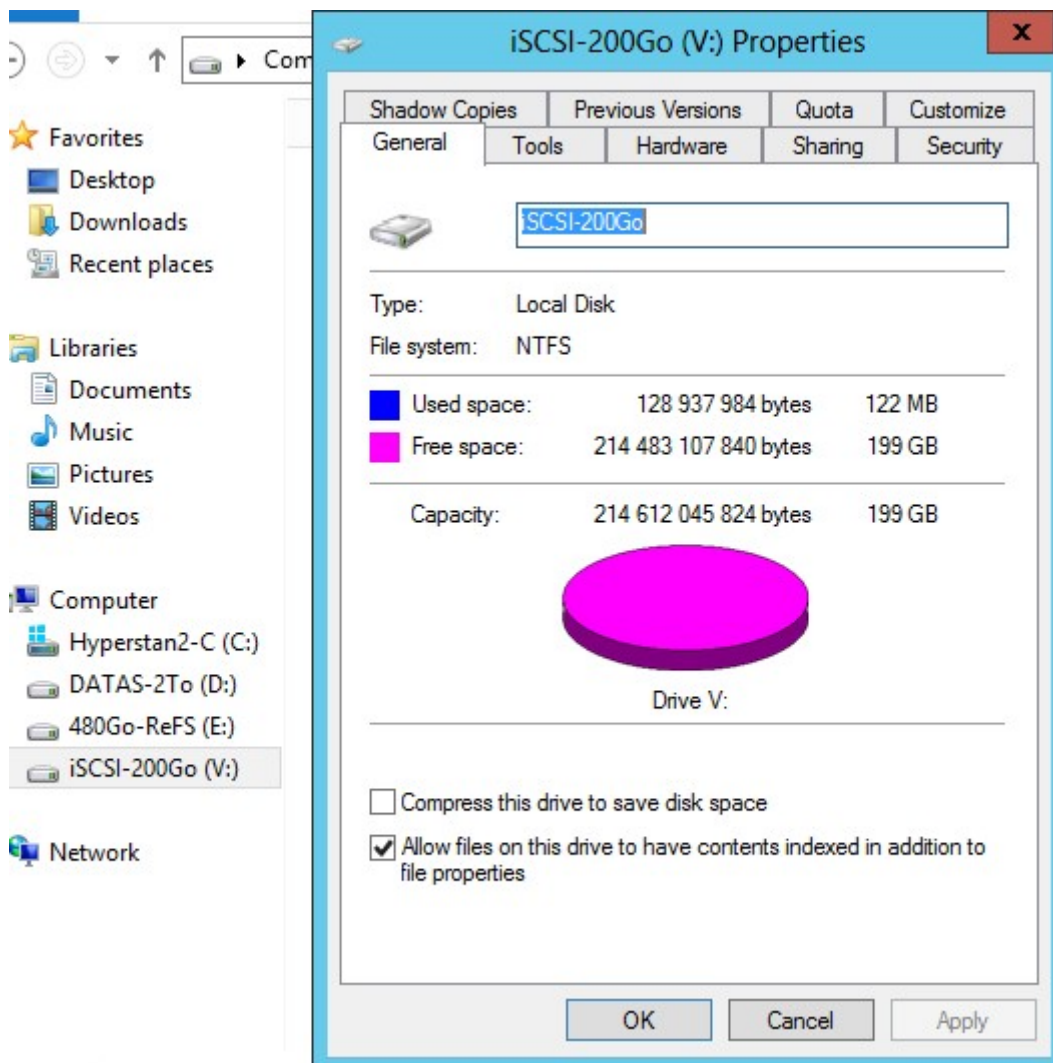
Idem dans le gestionnaire de serveur, partie services de fichiers





Number	Virtual Disk	Status	Capacity	Unallocated	Partition	Read Only	Clustered	Subsystem	Bus Type	Name
HYPERSTAN2 (4)										
0		Online	447 GB	0,00 B	MBR				SATA	INTEL SSDSC2CW480A
1		Online	1,82 TB	0,00 B	MBR				SATA	Hitachi HDS723020BLA642
2		Online	447 GB	0,00 B	MBR				SATA	INTEL SSDSC2CW480A
3		Offline	200 GB	200 GB	Unknown	✓			iSCSI	MSFT Virtual HD SCSI Disk Device
HYPERSTAN3 (2)										
0		Online	466 GB	0,00 B	MBR				ATA	Hitachi HTS545050B9A302 ATA Device
1		Offline	200 GB	200 GB	Unknown	✓			iSCSI	MSFT Virtual HD SCSI Disk Device

Pour une utilisation sans Cluster (donc 1 seul initiateur connecté à cette cible) : il suffit de sélectionner le disque iSCSI, de le mettre en ligne et de créer un volume puis de le formater depuis la machine cliente.



Quelques lectures complémentaires sur le sujet :

Six Uses for the Microsoft iSCSI Software Target

<http://blogs.technet.com/b/storageserver/archive/2009/12/11/six-uses-for-the-microsoft-iscsi-software-target.aspx>

Microsoft iSCSI Boot Step-by-Step Guide

[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee619733\(WS.10\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee619733(WS.10).aspx)

Vue d'ensemble du démarrage de cible iSCSI

<http://technet.microsoft.com/fr-fr/library/hh848273>

Introduction of iSCSI Target in Windows Server 2012

<http://blogs.technet.com/b/filecab/archive/2012/05/21/introduction-of-iscsi-target-in-windows-server-2012.aspx>

Configuring a Highly Available iSCSI Target

<http://go.microsoft.com/?linkid=9806468>

iSCSI Cmdlets in Windows PowerShell

<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh826099.aspx>

Introduction to iSCSI Diskless Boot Deployment

<http://go.microsoft.com/?linkid=9813223>

Building the next generation file system for Windows: ReFS

<http://blogs.msdn.com/b/b8/archive/2012/01/16/building-the-next-generation-file-system-for-windows-refs.aspx>

iSCSI Software Target WMI Provider classes

[http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/hh447501\(v=vs.85\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/hh447501(v=vs.85).aspx)

Pour tester Windows Server 2012, vous pouvez télécharger gratuitement la version d'évaluation disponible sous la forme :

- d'une image ISO : <https://aka.ms/jeuxwindows2012>
- d'un fichier VHD avec un système préinstallé : <https://aka.ms/jeuxwindows2012>

– [Stanislas Quastana](#) –