

# Magic States Distillation Using $\Delta$ -Toric (good qLDPC?).

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Let  $|f\rangle$  be a codeword in  $C_X$ , and let  $X_g$  be the indicator that equals 1 if  $f$  has support on  $X_g$ , and 0 otherwise. Observe that applying  $T^\otimes$  on  $|f\rangle$  yields the state:

$$\begin{aligned} T^{\otimes n} |f\rangle &= T^{\otimes n} \left| \sum_g X_g g \right\rangle = \exp \left( i\pi/4 \sum_g X_g |g| - 2 \cdot i\pi/4 \sum_{g,h} X_g X_h |g \cdot h| \right. \\ &\quad \left. + 4 \cdot i\pi/4 \sum_{g,h} X_g X_h X_l |g \cdot h \cdot l| - 8 \cdot i\pi/4 \cdot \text{integers} \right) |f\rangle \\ &= \exp \left( i\pi/4 \sum_g X_g |g| - 2 \cdot \pi/4 \sum_{g,h} X_g X_h |g \cdot h| + 4 \cdot i\pi/4 \sum_{g,h} X_g X_h X_l |g \cdot h \cdot l| \right) |f\rangle \end{aligned}$$

## 1 Many to One.

Assume that  $f$  is supported on exactly one generator. Then we have that  $T^{\otimes n} |f\rangle = e^{i\pi|g|/4} |f\rangle$ . Therefore, if  $|g| = 4k + 1$  then we are done.

## 2 Using Quantum Error Correction Codes.

Now assume that the code  $C_X$  is the quantum Tanner code, denote by  $G, A, B$  the group and the two generator sets that are used for constructing the square complex.

**Claim 2.1.** *Consider  $g, h$  that are supported on the same  $v \in V$ . We will call such a pair a source-sharing pair. Suppose that for any we have that  $|g \cdot h|$  is even. Then there is a Clifford gate that computes  $|f\rangle \mapsto \exp \left( -i\pi \sum_{g,h \text{ source-sharing}} X_g X_h |g \cdot h| \right) |f\rangle$ .*

## 3 Fail Attempt.

In addition, let us assume the existence of  $d \in G$  such that  $d$  is non-identity and commutes with any element in  $A \cup B$ . Then, observe that multiplying by  $d$  preserves adjacency on the complex. Namely, if  $\{u, v\} \in E$  then also  $\{du, dv\} \in E$ .

Consider  $|f\rangle$  such that if  $X_g$  is not zero, and  $g$  is associated with a local codeword  $c \in C_A \otimes C_B$  on vertex  $v$ , then the generator associated with the local codeword  $c$  on vertex  $d \cdot v$  also supports  $f$ , denoted by  $g'$ . Thus, the exponent above becomes:



Figure 1: Quantum Circuit for distillation.

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \exp \left( i\pi/4 \sum_g X_g |g\rangle - 2 \cdot \pi/4 \sum_{g,h \in G/a} X_g X_h |g \cdot h\rangle + X_{g'} X_{h'} |g \cdot h\rangle \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 4 \cdot i\pi/4 \sum_{g,h \in G/a} X_g X_h X_l |g \cdot h \cdot l\rangle + X_{g'} X_{h'} X_{l'} |g \cdot h \cdot l\rangle \right) |f\rangle \\
&= \exp \left( i\pi/4 \sum_g X_g |g\rangle - 2 \cdot 2 \cdot \pi/4 \sum_{g,h \in G/a} X_g X_h |g \cdot h\rangle + 2 \cdot 4 \cdot i\pi/4 \sum_{g,h \in G/a} X_g X_h X_l |g \cdot h \cdot l\rangle \right) |f\rangle \\
&= \exp \left( i\pi/4 \sum_g X_g |g\rangle - i\pi \sum_{g,h \in G/a} X_g X_h |g \cdot h\rangle \right) |f\rangle
\end{aligned}$$

**Claim 3.1.** The gate  $|f\rangle \mapsto \exp \left( -i\pi \sum_{g,h \in G/a} X_g X_h |g \cdot h\rangle \right) |f\rangle$  is in the Clifford.

*Proof.* Just decode  $f$  and apply **CZ** between any pair of qubits corresponding to the generators  $g, h$  such that  $g \cap h = 1$ . Then encode the state again. Observes that **CZ** is a Clifford gate, and by the fact that the code is a CSS code then the decoder and the encoder are both in the Clifford.  $\square$

Let's denote the circuit defined in Claim 3.1 by  $\Lambda$ . So we have that:

$$\begin{aligned}
\Lambda^\dagger \exp \left( i\pi/4 \sum_g X_g |g\rangle - i\pi \sum_{g,h \in G/a} X_g X_h |g \cdot h\rangle \right) |f\rangle \\
= \exp \left( i\pi/4 \sum_g X_g |g\rangle \right) |f\rangle
\end{aligned}$$

Maybe what do we need is to arrange in some way  $|g| + |g'| = 4k + 1$  and  $\langle g, f \rangle = \langle g', f' \rangle$

**Claim 3.2.** For any  $m$  codewords  $x_1 \dots x_m$  there is a set of coordinates  $I$  and  $|I| < \alpha n$ . Such that:

$$\sum_{j \in [n]/I} x_a^j x_b^j = 0$$

For any pair  $x_a, x_b$ .

**Claim 3.3.** For any  $m$  codewords  $x_1 \dots x_m$  there is a set of coordinates  $I$  and  $|I| < \alpha n$ . Such that:

$$\sum_{a,b,j \in [n]/I} x_a^j x_b^j = 4k$$

For any pair  $x_a, x_b$ .

**Claim 3.4.** Let  $C$  be a code at rate  $\rho(C) > 7/8$  has at least one codeword  $x \in C$ , such that  $|x|_8 = 1$ .

**Definition 3.1.** We will say that a code  $C$  is  $m$ -genorthogonal if there exists a generator set  $G$  for  $C$  such that for any  $I \subset G$  such that  $1 < |I| < m$  we have that:

$$\sum_{i \in [n]} \prod_{g_j \in G} g_j^i =_k 0$$

**Claim 3.5.** If there exists a single  $m$ -genorthogonal code for a finite length  $\Delta$ , then there is a family of  $m$ -genorthogonal codes.

*Proof.* Denote by  $C_0 = \Delta[1, \rho_0, \delta_0]$  an  $m$ -genorthogonal code and observe that for any  $C = [n, \rho n, \delta n]$  the tensor code  $C_{0 \otimes} C = [\Delta n, \rho_0 \rho \Delta n, \delta_0 \delta \Delta n]$  is also  $m$ -genorthogonal code.  $\square$

**Claim 3.6.** Let  $C$  be a 9-genorthogonal code at rate  $\rho(C) > 7/8$  then there are at least  $\rho/8$  generators  $g \in G$  at weight  $|g|_8 = 1$ .

*Proof.* If  $C$  has more than  $\rho/8n$  generators at weight  $|\cdot|_8 = 1$  then we are done. Otherwise by pigeonhole principle we have a  $i$  such that more than  $\rho/8$  portion of the generators are at weight  $|\cdot|_8 = i$ . Denote them by  $g_1, g_2, g_3 \dots g_m$ . On the otherhand by Claim 3.4 there is in  $C$  at least one codeword  $c$  such that  $|c|_8 = 1$ . Define the set  $g'_1, g'_2 \dots g'_m$  as

$$\begin{aligned} g'_t &= c + \sum_{j=t}^{t+8} g_j \\ \Rightarrow |g'_{t+1}| &= |c| + \sum_t |g_j| + \sum_{|I| < 9} \prod_{g \in I} \alpha_{|I|} g| = \\ &=_8 c + 8 \cdot i =_8 c =_8 1 \end{aligned}$$

$\square$

**Claim 3.7.** There exists, a good LDPC code (classic)  $C$  such that  $C^\perp$  is also a good code and a generator set  $G$ :

1. For any pair  $x \neq y \in G \rightarrow x \cdot y = 0$
2. For any triple  $x \neq y, z \in G \rightarrow \sum_i x_i y_i z_i = 0$
3. There exists  $\rho' > 0$  such that one can choose a generator set  $G$  satisfying that at least  $\rho'$  portion of its generators  $g$  have weight  $|g| = 8k + 1$ .

**Claim 3.8.** Let  $C_0$  be a Triorthogonal code of constant length  $\Delta$ . Let  $C_1 = [n, \rho n, \delta n]$  be a good LDPC code with rate  $> 7/8$  such that  $C^\perp$  is also a good code. Denote by  $C$  the hyperproduct code obtained by multiplying the tensor code defined by them. Namely:

$$C = (C_1 \otimes C_0) \times_H (C_1 \otimes C_0)$$

Then there is an efficient circuit for  $2\Delta n \rightarrow (\rho_0 \rho/8)\Delta n$  magic states distillation with asymptotic overhead approaching 1