# From classical to good quantum LDPC codes.

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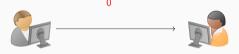
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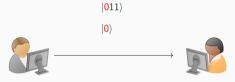
- Brif Review of Coding. Tanner and Expander codes.
- Quantum Error Correction Codes.
- Good Classical Locally Testabile Codes and Good Qauntum LDPC.









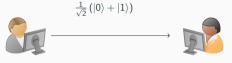


### Classical:

 $|{\color{red}0}{11}\rangle$ 

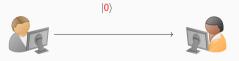


### Quantum:

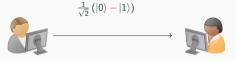


### Classical:

 $|{\color{red}0}{11}\rangle$ 



### Quantum:

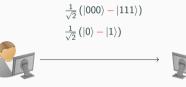


### Classical:



 $|011\rangle$ 

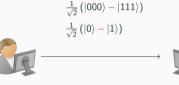
### Quantum:













### The C.S Questions.

In the asymptotic regime, can we encode quantum states in codes robust against many errors, as our original massage grows? And in what costs?

#### **Definition**

Let  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  and  $\rho, \delta \in (0,1)$ . We say that C is a **binary linear code** with parameters  $[n, \rho n, \delta n]$ . If C is a subspace of  $\mathbb{F}_2^n$ , and the dimension of C is at least  $\rho n$  and any pair of distinct elements in C differ in at least  $\delta n$  coordinates. We call to the vectors belong to C codewords, to  $\rho n$  the dimension of the code, and to  $\delta n$  the distance of the code.

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#### **Definition**

We will say that a family of codes is a **good code** if its parameters converge into positive values.

### Parity Check Matrix.

Code C is a linear subspace  $\Rightarrow$  There is a matrix H such:

$$x \in C \Leftrightarrow Hx = 0$$

We will call H the parity check matrix.

#### **Definition**

A codes family will be called LDPC code if weight of any row (col) in H is O(1).

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## Example. Repetition code.

Let the Repetition code, [n, 1, n] be the mapping  $0 \to 0^n$  and  $1 \to 1^n$ .

Technic for design LDPC families with positive rate.

### **Definition**

Let  $\Gamma$  be a graph and  $C_0$  be a "small" linear code with finate parameters  $[\Delta, \rho \Delta, \delta \Delta]$ . Let  $C = \mathcal{T}(\Gamma, C_0)$  be all the codewords which, for any vertex  $v \in \Gamma$ , the local view of v is a codeword of  $C_0$ . We say that C is a **Tanner code** of  $\Gamma$ ,  $C_0$ . Notice that if  $C_0$  is a binary linear code, So C is.

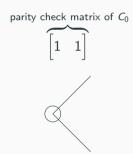
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Example, the parity code on the Peterson graph.



Another example, the repttion code can be thought as the tanner graph defind by the parity code on the cyle graph.





Parity check matrix of  $\mathcal{T}(\Gamma, C_0)$  Each row associated with vertex check.

	<u>[</u> 1	1	0	0	0	0
	0	1	1	0	0	0
	0	0	1	1	0	0
	0	0	0	1	1	0
	0	0	0	0	1	1
	1	0	0	0	0	1

### Lemma

Tanner codes have a rate of at least  $2\rho - 1$ .

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#### Proof.

The dimension of the subspace is bounded by the dimension of the container minus the number of restrictions. So assuming non-degeneration of the small code restrictions, we have that any vertex count exactly  $(1-\rho)\Delta$  restrictions. Hence,

$$\dim C \geq \frac{1}{2}n\Delta - (1-\rho)\Delta n = \frac{1}{2}n\Delta (2\rho - 1)$$

Clearly, any small code with rate  $> \frac{1}{2}$  will yield a code with an asymptotically positive rate

Technic for design LDPC families with positive relative distance.

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#### **Definition**

Denote by  $\lambda$  the second eigenvalue of the adjacency matrix of the  $\Delta$ -regular graph. For our uses, it will be satisfied to define  $\lambda$ -Expander as a graph G=(V,E) such that for any two subsets of vertices  $T,S\subset V$ , the number of edges between S and T is at most:

$$|E(S,T) - \frac{\Delta}{n}|S||T|| \le \lambda \sqrt{|S||T|}$$

### Lemma

Using  $\lambda$ -Expander, the Tanner Code defined bit is a good LDPC code.

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#### Proof.

Fix a codeword  $x \in C$  and denote By S the support of x over the edges. Namely, a vertex  $v \in V$  belongs to S if it connects to nonzero edges regarding the assignment by x, Assume towards contradiction that |x| = o(n). And notice that |S| is at most 2|x|, Then by The Expander Mixining Lemma we have that:

bits seen by any  $v \in S \leq$  average degree of  $v \in G$  restricted to S

$$= \frac{E(S,S)}{|S|} \le \frac{\Delta}{n}|S| + \lambda$$
$$\le_{n\to\infty} o(1) + \lambda$$

# Quantum Encoding.

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Idea I - (Uncertainty) Clouds as States.

## CSS Code.

'Idea II' - Tanner Checks are 'Too Much' Interdependence.

'Idea III' - Impossibility of Both  $C_X$ ,  $C_Z$  being Good.

## **Quantum Tanner Code Construction.**

## **Proving Strategy.**