Bucket Sort When You Know The Distribution.

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Abstract

We propose a new simple construction based on Tanner Codes, which yields a good LDPC code with testability query complexity of $\Theta\left(n^{1-\varepsilon}\right)$ for any $\varepsilon > 0$.

The problem. Let $f:[0,1] \to [0,1]$ a fixed distribution function. Write an algorithm that sort n draws $x_1...x_n$ at linear expectation time.

Solution. We will define a partition of the input into a seira of n buckets $\mathcal{B} = \{B_k = [t_k, t_{k+1}] : k \in [n]\}$ such that $\Pr[x \in B_i] = \frac{1}{n}$ for any bucket.

Claim. The probability that the size of the *i*th bucket exceeds $t \in \mathbb{N}$ is bounded by: $\Pr[B_i \geq t] \leq \frac{e}{k}t^{-k}$ for every integer $k \leq n$.

Proof. Let the X_{ij} be the indecator of the event that x_j belongs to B_i . Then we have:

$$\mathbf{E}\left[B_{i}^{k}\right] = \mathbf{E}\left[\left(\sum_{j} X_{ij}\right)^{k}\right] = \mathbf{E}\left[\sum_{J \in [n]^{k}} \prod_{l \in [k]} X_{iJ_{l}}\right]$$

$$= \mathbf{E}\left[\sum_{l \in [k]} \sum_{\substack{J \subset [n] \\ |J| = l}} \prod_{j \in J} X_{ij}\right]$$

$$= \sum_{l \in [k]} \binom{n}{l} \frac{l!}{n^{l}}$$

And noitce that quantinue of sequance elements in summation is bounded by:

$$\binom{n}{l+1} \frac{(l+1)!}{n^{l+1}} / \binom{n}{l} \frac{l!}{n^l} = \frac{n-l}{n} = 1 - \frac{l}{n}$$

$$\frac{1}{n} = \mathbf{Pr}\left[x \in B_k\right] = f\left(t_{k+1}\right) - f\left(t_k\right)$$
$$\Rightarrow t_{k+1} \leftarrow f^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{n} + f\left(t_k\right)\right)$$