Quantum LTC With Positive Rate

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preamble. preamble.

The Construction. Fix primes q, p_1, p_2, p_3 such that each of them has 1 resduie mode 4. Let A_1, A_2, A_3 be a different generators sets of $\mathbf{GPL}(2, \mathbb{Z}/q\mathbb{Z})$ obtained by gettring the soultion for $a_0^2 + a_1^2 + a_2^2 + a_3^2 = p_i$ such that each pair A_i, A_j satisfiy the TNC constraint. Then consider the union of the Blance product of

$$\Gamma_1 = Cay_2(G, A_1) \times_G Cay_2(G, A_2)$$
$$\Gamma_2 = Cay_2(G, A_1) \times_G Cay_2(G, A_3)$$
$$\Gamma_{\square_1} = (G, \{(g, agb) : a \in A_1, b \in A_2\})$$
$$\Gamma_{\square_2} = (G, \{(g, agc) : a \in A_1, c \in A_3\})$$
$$\Gamma_{\square_2} = (G, \{(gb, agc), (gc, agb) : a \in A_1, b \in A_2, c \in A_3\})$$

Then define the codes:

$$C_z^\perp = \mathcal{T}\left(G_{12}, C_{A_1}^\perp \otimes C_{A_2}^\perp\right)$$
$$\mid \mathcal{T}\left(G_{13}, C_{A_1}^\perp \otimes C_{A_3}^\perp\right)$$
$$C_x = \mathcal{T}\left(G_{12}, (C_{A_1} \otimes C_{A_2})^\perp\right)$$
$$\mid \mathcal{T}\left(G_{13}, (C_{A_1} \otimes C_{A_3})^\perp\right)$$
$$C_w = \mathcal{T}\left(G_{123}, (C_{A_1} \otimes C_{A_2} \otimes C_{A_3})^\perp\right)$$

Claim *for any ? $[[n, k, d]]$* **CSS** *code property 1 holds*. **Proof.** let $y \in \{0,1\}^n$ be a vector such $y \in G_z^\delta$, let assume that $|y|_{c^{x\perp}} \le C_2 d$ then for any $c \in C_x^\perp$:

$$\delta r_z \ge |H_z y| = |H_z(y + c)|$$

Robusstness *Let $\omega \le \Delta^2$. Let C_A and C_B be codes of length Δ with minimum distance d_A and d_B. We shall say that the dual tensor code $C = C_A \otimes \mathbb{F}_2^B + \mathbb{F}_2^A \otimes C_B$ is ω-robust, if for any codeword $c \in C$ of Hamming weight $|c| \le \omega$, there exist $A' \subset A, B' \subset B, |A'| \le |c|/d_B, |B'| \le |c|/d_A$, such that $c_{ab} = 0$ whenever $a \notin A', b \notin B'$.*

Definition. Sub-Tensor Pair *We will say that C_A', C_B' are sub-tensor pair of C_A, C_B if each of the code is subspace of C_A, C_B respeactivly and in addition one of the minimal codeword in C_A is also contained in C_A' (and similar to C_B'.*

Note that the distance of each subcode is eqaul to the one from which its drived. And also such code can be generated efficintly by choosing Δ non trival coordinate of one of the minimal codewords and sets a check nodes over them. (Assunming that Δ is even and that there is

at least one diffrent codeword in the code wich has an overlap with that minimal codewoed.

Claim. Subcode Robusstness. *Consider the sub-tensor pair $C_A' \subset C_A, C_B' \subset C_B$, such that the dual tensor of C_A, C_B is ω-robust then the dual tensor of C_A', C_B' is also ω-robust.*

Proof. Let c be a codeword in the dual tensor of C_A', C_B' then it's clear that c is also in the dual tensor of C_A, C_B and therfore there exists V, U subsets of A, B respectivly such that c supported only on them, and their size is less then $|c|/d_B, |c|/d_A$. As the length's space of the each of the subcode is indentical to his container, and by the fact that the distance of each of the subcode is equal to one which contain it, It's follow that (1) $U \subset A' = A$ and (2) $|c|/d_A = |c|/d_{A'}$.

Existance Of Sub-Tensor Pair [COMMENT] Try to prove existance by the probablistic method.

Theorem 1. *Let $C_0 = C_A \otimes C_B$, and $C_1 = C_A'^{,\perp} \otimes C_B'^{,perp}$ scuh that C_A', C_B' are sub-tensor pair of C_A, C_B, and each of the code has length Δ and relative distance δ. Consider the G-blance product of graph with good algebraic expansion $\Gamma_0^\square, \Gamma_1^\square$. Then the pair of the tanner codes $\mathcal{T}\left(\Gamma_0^\square, C_0\right)$ and $\mathcal{T}\left(\Gamma_1^\square, C_1^\perp\right)$ define a CSS code with linear distance, positive rate, and local testbility for some constant κ.*

Proof. First, it's clear that each pair of X and Z generators are orthogoanl by design. d dd