

$$\forall x \in X \quad h_D(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{Pr}(y=1|x) \geq \frac{1}{2} \\ -1 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \text{Bayes optimal and LDA}$$

$$h_D = \arg \max_{j \in \{-1, 1\}} \Pr(x|y) p(y)$$

(i) $\Pr(x|y)p(y) = \Pr(y|x)p(x)$ ש"כ (S) של כו של יע) של
 וכל $\Pr(y=1|x) = \max_j \Pr(y|x)$ ש"כ $\Pr(y=1|x) \geq \frac{1}{2}$ אז יע 33
 $\Pr(y=-1|x)$ -8 יוה ילדו $\sum_{j \in \{-1, 1\}} \Pr(y|x) = 1$

$$\Rightarrow h_D(x) = \arg \max_{j \in \{-1, 1\}} \Pr(y=j|x) \stackrel{(*)}{=} \arg \max_{j \in \{-1, 1\}} \Pr(y|x)p(y) =$$

$$\stackrel{(i)}{=} \arg \max_{j \in \{-1, 1\}} \Pr(x|y) p(y)$$

לכל $\{p(y|x)\}$ -2 $\Pr(x) \in$ הוא h_D של x (*)
הוא h_D של x

לכל $\{p(y|x)\}$ הוא h_D של x

$$\arg \max_y g(y) = \arg \max_y \ln(g(y))$$

$$\Rightarrow h_D(x) = \arg \max_y \ln(\Pr(x|y)p(y)) = \arg \max_y \{\ln(\Pr(x|y)) + \ln(p(y))\}$$

$$= \arg \max_y \left\{ \underbrace{\ln\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi)^d \det(\Sigma)}}\right)}_A - \frac{1}{2} (x - \mu_y)^T \Sigma^{-1} (x - \mu_y) \right\} + \ln(p(y))$$

$$= \arg \max_y \left\{ \ln(A) - \frac{1}{2} (x - \mu_y)^T \Sigma^{-1} (x - \mu_y) + \ln(p(y)) \right\} =$$

$$= \arg \max_y \left\{ \ln(A) - \frac{1}{2} [x^T x - \mu_y^T \Sigma^{-1} x + x^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_y + \mu_y^T \mu_y] + \ln(p(y)) \right\}$$

• $J = \frac{1}{2} \|X^T X - I\|_F^2$ is the Frobenius norm

$$= \arg \max_j \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} [-\mu_j^T \Sigma^{-1} x + x^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_j + \mu_j^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_j + \ln(\text{pr}(j))] \right\}$$

~~$$\mu_j^T \bar{Z}^{-1} X = \bar{Z}^{-1} \mu_j^T X = \bar{Z}^{-1} X^T \mu_j \quad (*)$$~~

$$\Rightarrow l_D^{(x)} = \arg \max_j \left\{ x^T \bar{\Sigma}^{-1} \mu_j - \frac{1}{2} \mu_j^T \bar{\Sigma}^{-1} \mu_j + \ln(\text{pr}(j)) \right\} =$$

$$= \arg \max_j \delta_j(x)$$

$$\mu_j^T \bar{\Sigma}^{-1} x = \langle \mu_j^T, \bar{\Sigma}^{-1} x \rangle = \langle \bar{\Sigma}^{-1} \mu_j^T, x \rangle = \langle \bar{\Sigma}^{-1} x^T, \mu_j \rangle \quad (*)$$

$$P(y) =$$

(3) $P(y)$ אחר $P(x)$ אם $\frac{dP(x)}{dx} = 0$:

$$\Pr(\tilde{y} = i) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{(y_j)} \mathbb{1}(\{y_j = i\})$$

4-7 2017
M. Sc

$$\mu_1 = \text{Mean}_{(x_0, y_0)} \{ x_j^i : 1 \leq j \leq J \}$$

היחס בין μ_1 ל- μ_2 נקרא μ .
כל הצימודים μ ש- $\mu_1 = 1$.

$\mu_i - \delta \rho_2 \rho_{21} \rho_{13} \rho_{12}$

הערה: (אם תהיה קוצנית)

span

4

Type-2 error \rightarrow $\{ \text{not-span}, \text{true} \}$ - False positive

$\{ \text{span}, \text{false} \}$ - False negative

per

SVM - Formulation

5

\therefore $\alpha = 0$ $Q = 2I$

$$\forall_i \quad y_i \cdot \text{sign} \cdot (\langle w, x_i \rangle + b) \geq 1$$

$$\Leftrightarrow y_i \langle w, x_i \rangle \geq 1 - by_i$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -y_1 \\ -y_2 \\ \vdots \\ -y_n \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -w \\ -w \\ \vdots \\ -w \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} | & | & \dots & | \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \\ | & | & \dots & | \end{bmatrix} \geq \begin{bmatrix} 1 - by_1 \\ \vdots \\ 1 - by_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} -y_1 \\ \vdots \\ -y_n \end{bmatrix}}_A \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} -w \\ \vdots \\ -w \end{bmatrix}}_v \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} | & \dots & | \\ x_1 & \dots & x_n \\ | & \dots & | \end{bmatrix}}_d \leq \begin{bmatrix} 1 - by_1 \\ \vdots \\ 1 - by_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = -y^T \parallel w$$

\uparrow
max
margin
 $\geq 1 - \epsilon$

100 מיליון דולר

$$\arg \min_{w, \xi, \gamma} \frac{\lambda}{2} \|w\|^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^m \xi_i \quad \text{s.t. } \forall_i \quad y_i \langle w, x_i \rangle \geq 1 - \xi_i, \xi_i \geq 0$$

$$\arg \min_w \frac{\lambda}{2} \|w\|^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^m \ell^{\text{hinge}}(y_i \langle w, x_i \rangle) \quad -1$$

$$\text{where } \ell^{\text{hinge}}(w) = \max\{0, 1 - w\}$$

(התוצאה של ה-SVM)

$$\min_{w, \xi} \frac{\lambda}{2} \|w\|^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^m \xi_i \approx \min_{w, \gamma} \left\{ \frac{\lambda}{2} \|w\|^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^m \min \xi_i \right\} \approx$$

$$= \min_w \left\{ \frac{\lambda}{2} \|w\|^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^m \begin{cases} 1 - y_i \langle w, x_i \rangle & \text{if } 1 - y_i \langle w, x_i \rangle \geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right\}$$

$$= \min_w \left\{ \frac{\lambda}{2} \|w\|^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^m \max\{0, 1 - y_i \langle w, x_i \rangle\} \right\}$$