IDL Exercise 2.

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1 Theoretical Questions:

1.1 LTI.

Show that a convolution with respect to any filter h is time/space invariant.

Solution. Let's denote by \mathcal{L} : funcs $\to funcs$ the convolution by the filter h, namely $\mathcal{L}[f] = f * h = \sum_x h(x) f(y-x)$. To show that \mathcal{L} is an LTI operation we have to show that $\mathcal{L}[f(x-t)](y) = \mathcal{L}[f](y-t)$. (Notes that the linearity we got for free by the linearity of convolution, So only the time invarent part is left). So:

$$\mathcal{L}[f(x-t)](y) = f(x-t) * h = \sum_{x} h(x)f(y-t-x) = \sum_{x} h(x)f(\tau-x)$$
$$= \mathcal{L}[f](\tau) = \mathcal{L}[f](y-t)$$

And we got that the convolution is an LTI operation.

1.2 TI.

Explain whether each of the following layers are time/space invariant or not:

1. Additive constant.

Solution. TRUE.
$$\mathcal{L}[f] = f(x) + c \Rightarrow \mathcal{L}[f(x-t)] = f(x-t) + c = \mathcal{L}[f](x-t)$$

- 2. Pointwise nonlinearity (such as ReLU) Solution.
- 3. Strided pooling by a factor > 1 Solution.
- 4. As a result, is a CNN composed of all these operators (+convolution) time invariant? **Solution.**

1.3 Layers' Jacobian.

Calculate the Jacobian matrix of the following layers:

- 1. Additive bias vector
- 2. General Matrix multiplication
- 3. Convolution layer