

# IDL - Appeal, Exam B.

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**Question 7 - RNN nets.** Does a recursive net of type Elman, that gets the zero vector as input at each step, can count? Namely, outputs the value  $t$  at its  $t$ -th step?

1. Yes
2. No
3. In general No, Yet when given  $t$  as initial input, yes.

**My answer:** (3), **Correct answer:** (1) . I believe the confusion emits from the order of entetis, The question: 'Is there an Elman cell that can count until  $t$  for an arbitrary  $t$ ?' is a different question than: 'Fix  $t$ , is there exist an Elman cell that can count until  $t$ '?

For, the second question: There is family of unbound fan-in/out circuits, at width  $poly(|t|)$  (the length of the encoding of  $t$ ), that implement addition: [addition in  $AC_0$ ]. It's not hard to see that the implementation in the notes can realized using Elman cell, and there fore one can find such realization that adds 1 to the input which is entered via the hidden channel.

For the first question, Elman cell has a finite memory, which depends on the size of the weights and their number.

In particular, it can not implement a  $ADD + 1$  gate which is proved to be outside  $AC_0$ , otherwise for computing the parity of given input  $x$ , one can compute  $x + 1$  and the number of outputs it can generated

Yet, given  $t$ , and in particular when we restrict ourself to an upper bond on the input encoding length  $|t|$ . There is a constant depth, unbound fan-in/out that compute the adder: [addition in  $AC_0$ ]. Thus, in that regime, we

**Question 8 - Inception Score.** Which of the following scenarios is expected to yield high IS score, although the generated images are at low quality?

1. The model generates a blurred images, yet with high number of categorical.
2. The model generates clear elements that are easy to classify, Yet the elements (inside them) are unrealistic.

3. The model generates good images and then add them a random noise.
4. The model generates images with high variance between the outputs at the pixels level, but their sementic content repeats on itself.

**Question 14 - VAEs.** What is the reason for the generated images by VAEs been blurred compared to the images generated by GANs ?

1. Usage of reconstruction loss that smooth sharp items.
2. KL-divergence element that impair the disentangle (or separation) of different samples in the latent space.
3. Low presentation ability of the VAEs architecture.
4. Entering too mach noise into the latent space, which after decoding comes into fact in burred image.