

Lista PDI

[OPERAÇÃO PONTO A PONTO]**Lena:**

```
#Exemplo de leitura e plot de imagens
#Lembrar de adicionar as bibliotecas: Numpy, Pillow, Matplotlib

import numpy as np
from PIL import Image # pillow
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def main():
    img = Image.open('lena_gray_512.tif')

    #img.show() # Plot image using Pillow
    # converte image to numpy array
    npImg = np.array(img)

    #Calcular o negativo das imagens
    npImg = 255-npImg

    #Diminuir pela metade a intensidade dos pixels
    npImg = npImg/2

    #Incluir 4 quadrados brancos 10 x 10 pixels em cada canto das
    #imagens
    npImg[0:10,0:10] = 255
    npImg[501:511,501:511] = 255
    npImg[501:511,0:10] = 255
    npImg[0:10,501:511] = 255

    #Incluir 1 quadrado preto 15X15 no centro das imagens
    npImg[249:264,249:264] = 0

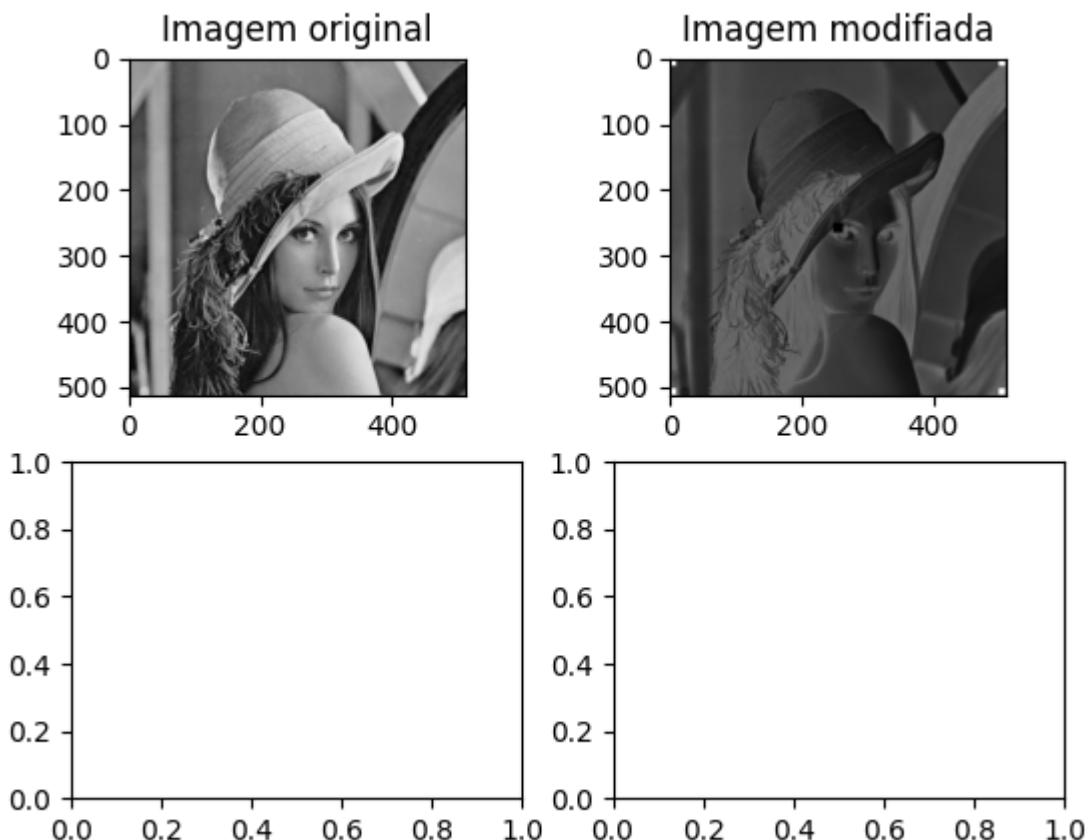
    #Converte numpy array to Image
    imgNew = Image.fromarray(npImg)
    #imgNew.show()
    # Plot using matplotlib
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows=2, ncols=2)
```

```

    ax[0,0].imshow(img, cmap='gray')
    ax[0,0].set_title("Imagen original")
    ax[0,1].imshow(imgNew, cmap='gray')
    ax[0,1].set_title("Imagen modificada")
    plt.show()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```



Cameraman:

```

#Exemplo de leitura e plot de imagens
#Lembrar de adicionar as bibliotecas: Numpy, Pillow, Matplotlib

import numpy as np
from PIL import Image # pillow
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def main():
    img = Image.open('cameraman.tif')

```

```
#img.show() # Plot image using Pillow
# converte image to numpy array
npImg = np.array(img)

#Calcular o negativo das imagens
npImg = 255-npImg

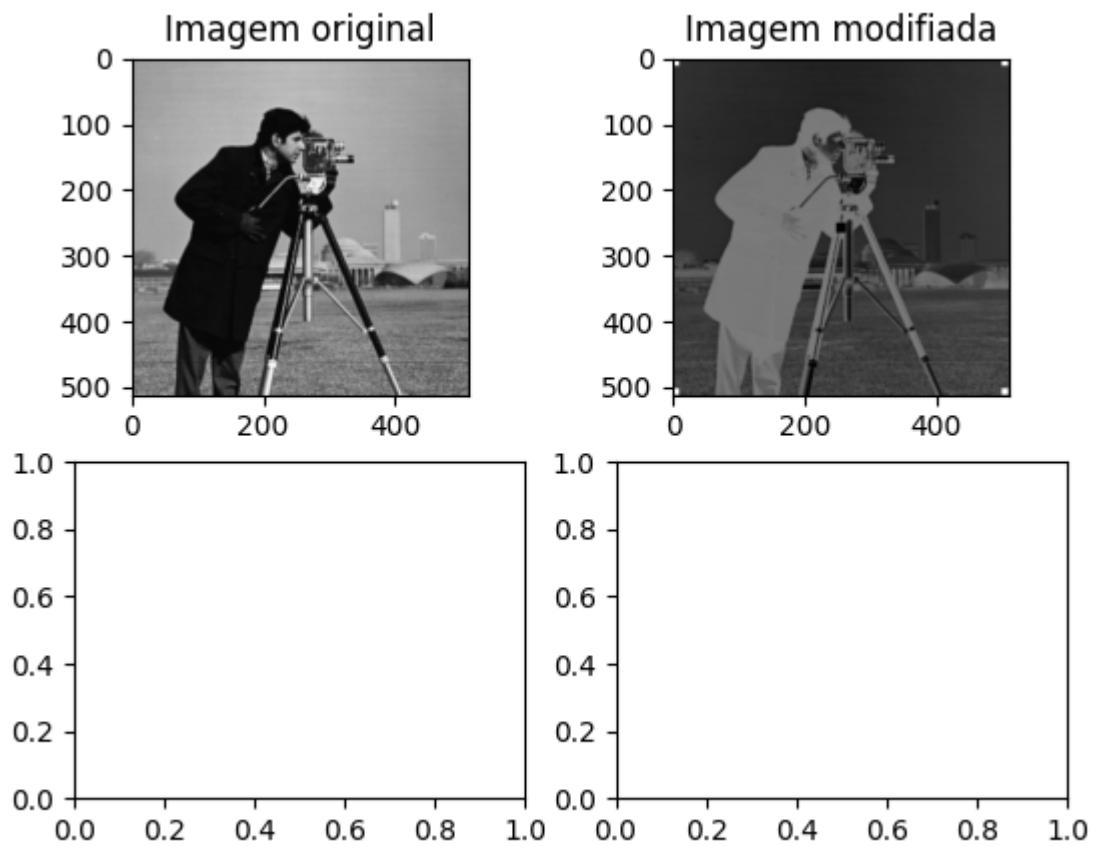
#Diminuir pela metade a intensidade dos pixels
npImg = npImg/2

#Incluir 4 quadrados brancos 10 x 10 pixels em cada canto das
imagens
npImg[0:10,0:10] = 255
npImg[501:511,501:511] = 255
npImg[501:511,0:10] = 255
npImg[0:10,501:511] = 255

#Incluir 1 quadrado preto 15x15 no centro das imagens
npImg[249:264,249:264] = 0

#Converte numpy array to Image
imgNew = Image.fromarray(npImg)
#imgNew.show()
# Plot using matplotlib
fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows=2, ncols=2)
ax[0,0].imshow(img, cmap='gray')
ax[0,0].set_title("Imagen original")
ax[0,1].imshow(imgNew, cmap='gray')
ax[0,1].set_title("Imagen modificada")
plt.show()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```



House:

```
#Exemplo de leitura e plot de imagens
#Lembrar de adicionar as bibliotecas: Numpy, Pillow, Matplotlib

import numpy as np
from PIL import Image # pillow
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def main():
    img = Image.open('house.tif')

    #img.show() # Plot image using Pillow
    # converte image to numpy array
    npImg = np.array(img)

    #Calcular o negativo das imagens
    npImg = 255-npImg

    #Diminuir pela metade a intensidade dos pixels
```

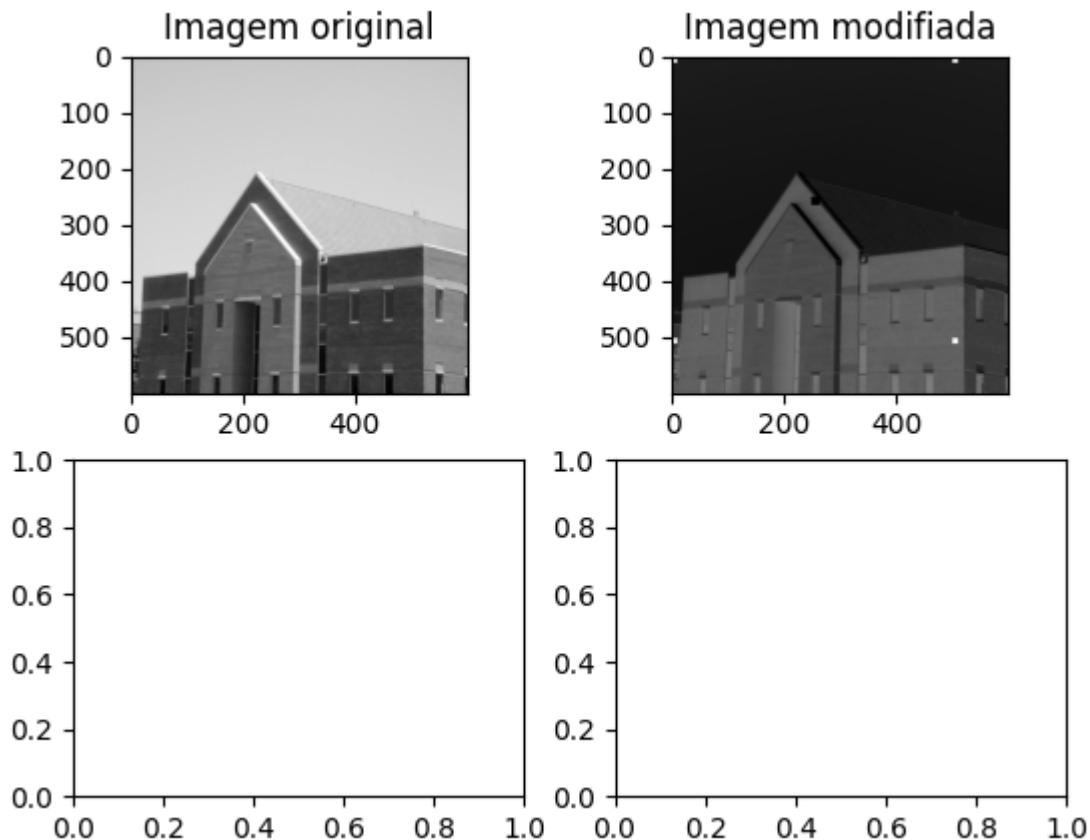
```
npImg = npImg/2

#Incluir 4 quadrados brancos 10 x 10 pixels em cada canto das
imagens
npImg[0:10,0:10] = 255
npImg[501:511,501:511] = 255
npImg[501:511,0:10] = 255
npImg[0:10,501:511] = 255

#Incluir 1 quadrado preto 15X15 no centro das imagens
npImg[249:264,249:264] = 0

#Converte numpy array to Image
imgNew = Image.fromarray(npImg)
#imgNew.show()
# Plot using matplotlib
fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows=2, ncols=2)
ax[0,0].imshow(img, cmap='gray')
ax[0,0].set_title("Imagen original")
ax[0,1].imshow(imgNew, cmap='gray')
ax[0,1].set_title("Imagen modificada")
plt.show()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```



[OPERAÇÃO POR VIZINHANÇA]

Lena:

```

import numpy as np
from PIL import Image
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def main():
    image_pillow = Image.open('lena_gray_512.tif')
    f_image_nd = np.array(image_pillow)
    g_image_nd = np.zeros(f_image_nd.shape)
    p_image_nd = np.zeros(f_image_nd.shape)

    # Operação por vizinhança
    l = f_image_nd.shape[0]
    c = f_image_nd.shape[1]
    k = 3 #kernel size

    for x in range(k, l-k):
        for y in range(k, c-k):
            s_xy = f_image_nd[x-k:x+k+1, y-k:y+k+1]

```

```

g_image_nd[x,y] = np.mean(s_xy).astype(int)
p_image_nd[x,y] = np.median(s_xy).astype(int)

#Criando colunas para plotagem
fig = plt.figure()
plt1 = plt.subplot(1,3,1)
plt2 = plt.subplot(1,3,2)
plt3 = plt.subplot(1,3,3)

plt1.title.set_text('Original')
plt1.imshow(f_image_nd, cmap='gray')

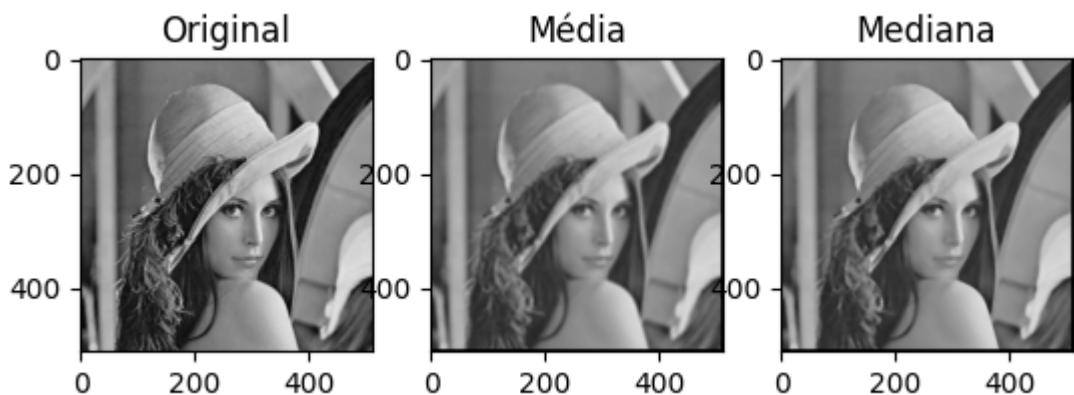
plt2.title.set_text('Média')
plt2.imshow(g_image_nd, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)

plt3.title.set_text('Mediana')
plt3.imshow(p_image_nd, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)

plt.show()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```



Cameraman:

```

import numpy as np
from PIL import Image
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def main():
    image_pillow = Image.open('cameraman.tif')
    f_image_nd = np.array(image_pillow)
    g_image_nd = np.zeros(f_image_nd.shape)

```

```
p_image_nd = np.zeros(f_image_nd.shape)

# Operação por vizinhança
l = f_image_nd.shape[0]
c = f_image_nd.shape[1]
k = 3 #kernel size

for x in range(k, l-k):
    for y in range(k, c-k):
        s_xy = f_image_nd[x-k:x+k+1, y-k:y+k+1]
        g_image_nd[x,y] = np.mean(s_xy).astype(int)
        p_image_nd[x,y] = np.median(s_xy).astype(int)

#Criando colunas para plotagem
fig = plt.figure()
plt1 = plt.subplot(1,3,1)
plt2 = plt.subplot(1,3,2)
plt3 = plt.subplot(1,3,3)

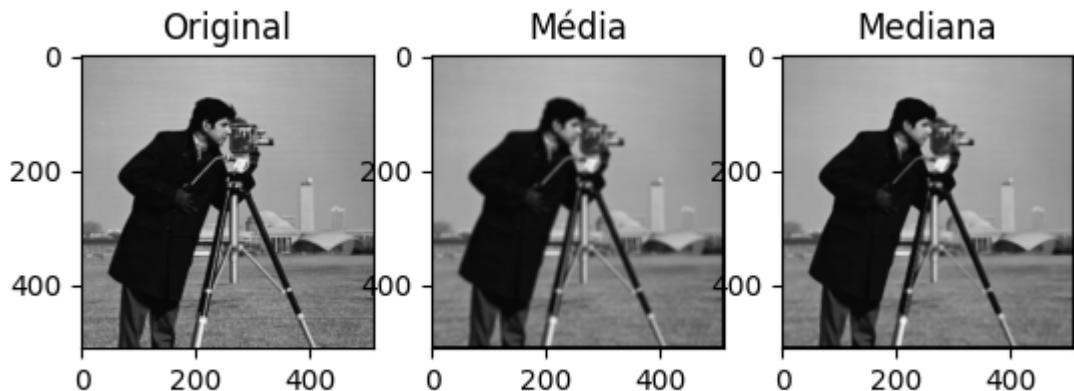
plt1.title.set_text('Original')
plt1.imshow(f_image_nd, cmap='gray')

plt2.title.set_text('Média')
plt2.imshow(g_image_nd, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)

plt3.title.set_text('Mediana')
plt3.imshow(p_image_nd, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)

plt.show()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```



House

```

import numpy as np
from PIL import Image
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def main():
    image_pillow = Image.open('house.tif')
    f_image_nd = np.array(image_pillow)
    g_image_nd = np.zeros(f_image_nd.shape)
    p_image_nd = np.zeros(f_image_nd.shape)

    # Operação por vizinhança
    l = f_image_nd.shape[0]
    c = f_image_nd.shape[1]
    k = 3 #kernel size

    for x in range(k, l-k):
        for y in range(k, c-k):
            s_xy = f_image_nd[x-k:x+k+1, y-k:y+k+1]
            g_image_nd[x,y] = np.mean(s_xy).astype(int)
            p_image_nd[x,y] = np.median(s_xy).astype(int)

    #Criando colunas para plotagem
    fig = plt.figure()
    plt1 = plt.subplot(1,3,1)
    plt2 = plt.subplot(1,3,2)
    plt3 = plt.subplot(1,3,3)

    plt1.title.set_text('Original')
    plt1.imshow(f_image_nd, cmap='gray')

```

```

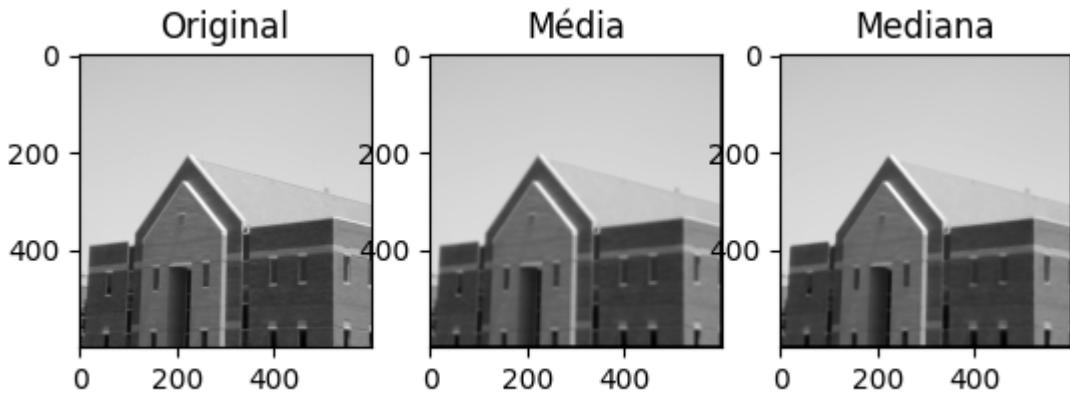
plt2.title.set_text('Média')
plt2.imshow(g_image_nd, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)

plt3.title.set_text('Mediana')
plt3.imshow(p_image_nd, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)

plt.show()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```



[TRANSFORMAÇÕES GEOMÉTRICAS] - ZOOM

Lena:

```

#TRANSFORMAÇÕES GEOMÉTRICAS
import numpy as np
from numpy import asarray
from PIL import Image
from scipy import ndimage

def main():
    #Selecionar imagem
    image_in = Image.open('lena_gray_512.tif')
    image_in.show()

    #Conversão imagem array
    image_np = np.array(image_in)
    print(image_np.shape)

    #Zoom
    image_np_zoom = ndimage.zoom(image_np, (2.5, 2.5))
    print(image_np_zoom.shape)

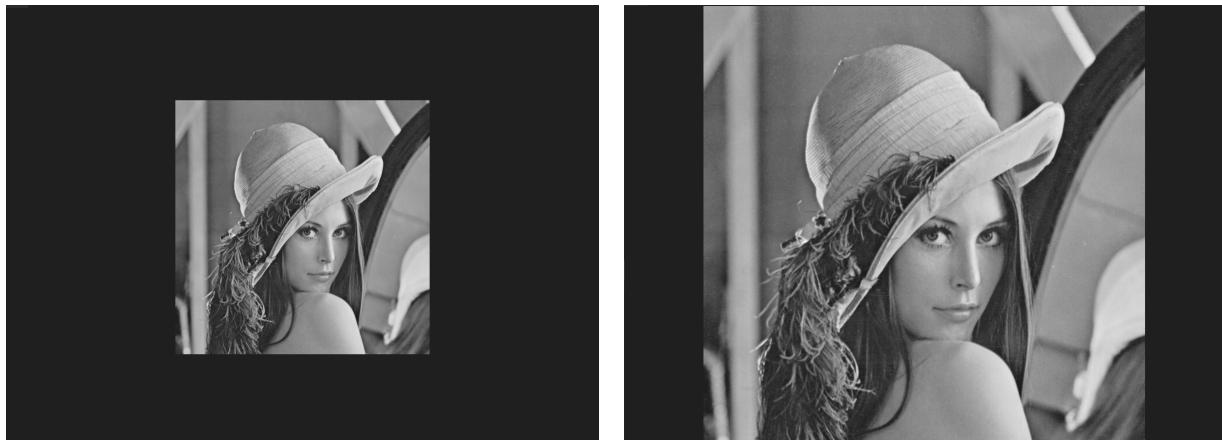
```

```

image_out = Image.fromarray(image_np_zoom)
image_out.show()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```



Cameraman:

```

#TRANSFORMAÇÕES GEOMÉTRICAS

import numpy as np
from numpy import asarray
from PIL import Image
from scipy import ndimage

def main():
    #Selecionar imagem
    image_in = Image.open('cameraman.tif')
    image_in.show()

    #Conversão imagem array
    image_np = np.array(image_in)
    print(image_np.shape)

    #Zoom
    image_np_zoom = ndimage.zoom(image_np, (2.5, 2.5))
    print(image_np_zoom.shape)

    image_out = Image.fromarray(image_np_zoom)
    image_out.show()

```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```



House:

```
#TRANSFORMAÇÕES GEOMÉTRICAS

import numpy as np
from numpy import asarray
from PIL import Image
from scipy import ndimage

def main():
    #Selecionar imagem
    image_in = Image.open('house.tif')
    image_in.show()

    #Conversão imagem array
    image_np = np.array(image_in)
    print(image_np.shape)

    #Zoom
    image_np_zoom = ndimage.zoom(image_np, (2.5, 2.5))
    print(image_np_zoom.shape)

    image_out = Image.fromarray(image_np_zoom)
    image_out.show()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```



[TRANSFORMAÇÕES GEOMÉTRICAS] - ZOOM OUT

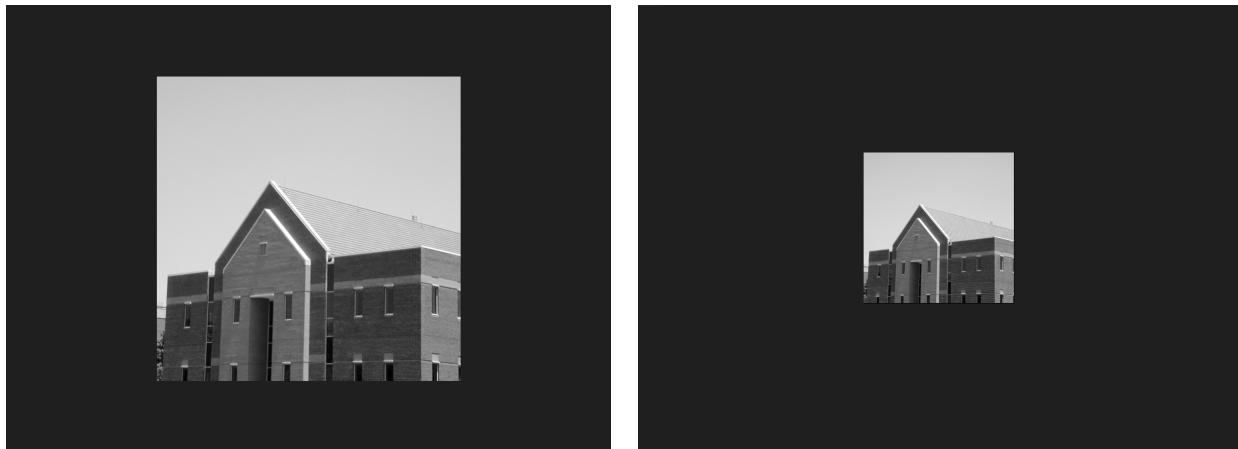
House:

```
# Image Geometric transforms
import numpy as np
from numpy import asarray
from PIL import Image
from scipy import ndimage

def main():
    # Open image
    image_in = Image.open('house.tif')
    image_in.show()
    # convert image to numpy array
    image_np = np.array(image_in)
    print(image_np.shape)

    # Zoom or Shrink image
    image_np_zoom = ndimage.zoom(image_np, (0.5, 0.5))
    print(image_np_zoom.shape)
    image_out = Image.fromarray(image_np_zoom)
    image_out.show()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```



Lena:

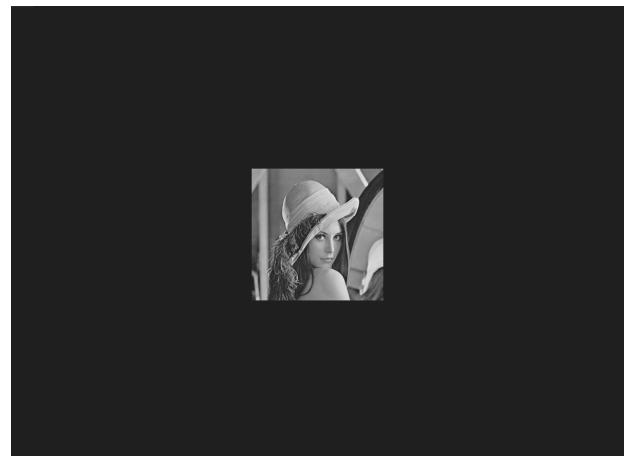
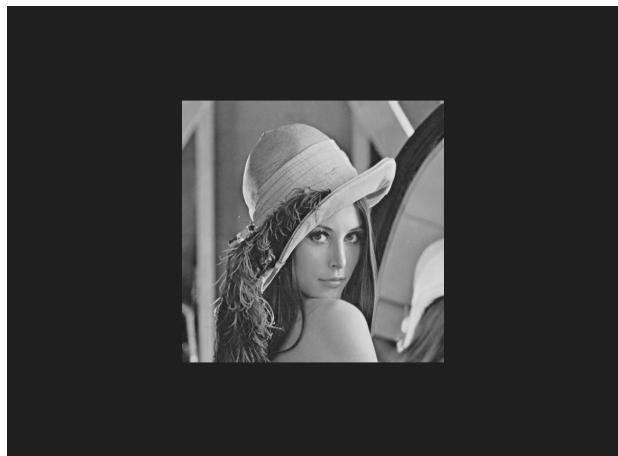
```
# Image Geometric transforms

import numpy as np
from numpy import asarray
from PIL import Image
from scipy import ndimage

def main():
    # Open image
    image_in = Image.open('lena_gray_512.tif')
    image_in.show()
    # convert image to numpy array
    image_np = np.array(image_in)
    print(image_np.shape)

    # Zoom or Shrink image
    image_np_zoom = ndimage.zoom(image_np, (0.5, 0.5))
    print(image_np_zoom.shape)
    image_out = Image.fromarray(image_np_zoom)
    image_out.show()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```



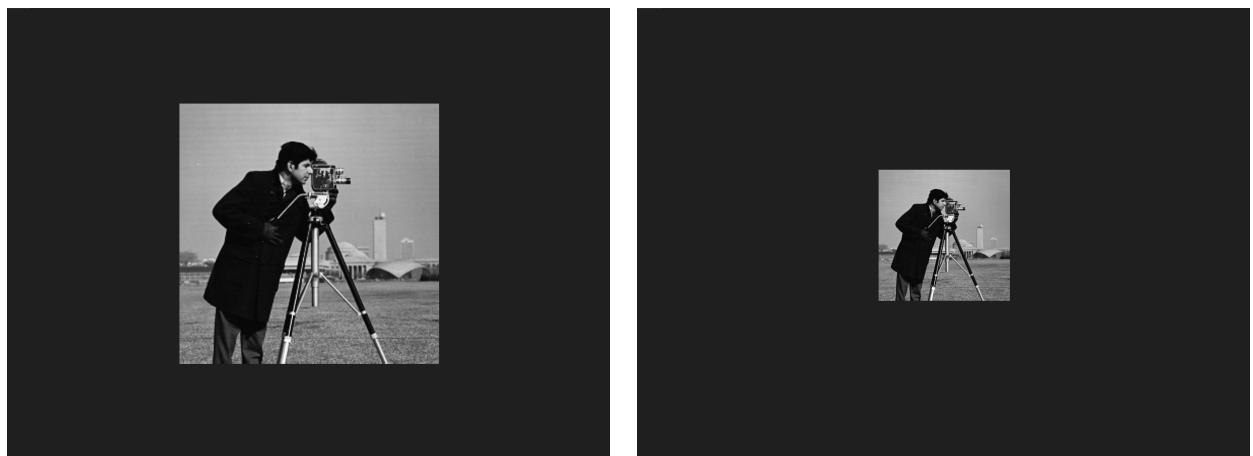
Cameraman:

```
# Image Geometric transforms
import numpy as np
from numpy import asarray
from PIL import Image
from scipy import ndimage

def main():
    # Open image
    image_in = Image.open('cameraman.tif')
    image_in.show()
    # convert image to numpy array
    image_np = np.array(image_in)
    print(image_np.shape)

    # Zoom or Shrink image
    image_np_zoom = ndimage.zoom(image_np, (0.5, 0.5))
    print(image_np_zoom.shape)
    image_out = Image.fromarray(image_np_zoom)
    image_out.show()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```



[TRANSFORMAÇÕES GEOMÉTRICAS]: Rotação em 45°, 90° e 100°

```
from PIL import Image

#read the image
im = Image.open('cameraman.tif')

#rotate image
angulo = 45
out = im.rotate(angulo)

out.save('imagemalterada.png')
```

-O código para todas imagens é esse, alterando somente o caminho da imagem em questão e a angulação desejada em “angulo”. Representarei os resultados usando o cameraman.



[TRANSFORMAÇÕES GEOMÉTRICAS]: Translação para as coordenadas desejadas

```
from PIL import Image
import PIL.ImageOps
import glob

files = glob.glob('cameraman.tif')

for f in files:
    image = Image.open(f)
    inverted_image = PIL.ImageOps.invert(image)

    width, height = image.size
    shifted_image = Image.new("RGB", (width+35, height))
    shifted_image.paste(image, (35, 45))
    shifted_image.save('Imagem alterada.jpg' )
```

-O código para todas imagens é esse, alterando somente o caminho da imagem em questão e os pixels em que o usuário deseja(penúltima e antepenúltima linha). Representarei o resultado usando o cameraman.

