CSED332 Assignment 2

Due Saturday, September 28

Objectives

- Unit testing and coverage
- Maven (adding dependencies to pom.xml)
- Learn Java programming language

Maven and Testing

- Your code need to be compiled using only Maven in a command line for grading. Unlike the previous assignment, your pom.xml must be modified to include extra dependencies.
- Maven can generate coverage reports using JaCoCo plugin. We have already added this plugin in pom.xml (see the provided pom.xml and understand how the plugin is added to the build).
- To run your tests with JaCoCo and produce code coverage results, you can go to where your pom.xml is and execute the following commands: mvn test and mvn jacoco:report.
- The command mvn jacoco:report generates human readable reports of coverage information of your unit tests. The reports will be stored in the target/site/jacoco directory.
- You MUST ensure that your tests pass on your code. You will get overall 0 points if your submitted code and tests do not work with myn test.

Problem 1

- The goal of this problem is to create a library management application with unit tests, to evaluate quality of these tests, and to automate build.
- You will create a simple model for this library application, including bools and collections (see the skeleton code for more details).
 - Books are organized in collections.
 - A book can be added or removed from a collection.
 - A collection contains a various number of books, and can also contain other sub-collections.

For example, a collection Computer Science can contain a series of books about computer science in general and other sub-collections such as Operating System, Software Verification, etc.

- Books, collections, and libraries can be exported to or imported from a file in the JSON format (see https://www.json.org).
 - Do not reinvent the wheel. You may want to use a Java library for JSON, such as org.json (https://github.com/stleary/JSON-java), or any other libraries of your choice.
 - You must modify your pom.xml to include extra dependencies for using extra libraries. You code may not be graded, if you just download such libraries, not using Maven.
- You will have to write at least one (separate) JUnit test for each method of the classes Book, Collection, and Library in the corresponding test classes.
 - Each test method should test a single behavior with appropriate assertions. Do not write a single method to check multiple behaviors.
 - Your submitted tests need to achieve at least 80% **statement coverage** (instruction coverage for JaCoCo). Do not add arbitrary code to your test method to just increase coverage.

Problem 2

• The goal of this problem is to implement several functions for Boolean expressions. The syntax of Boolean expressions is given as follows:

```
Boolean formula \varphi := c \mid v \mid ! \varphi \mid \varphi \text{ && } \varphi \mid \varphi \mid ! \varphi
Boolean constant c := \text{true} \mid \text{false}
Boolean variable v := p_1 \mid p_2 \mid p_3 \mid \cdots
```

A Boolean expression is constructed by constants (true and false), variables of the form p_i for natural number i > 0, and logical operators such as ! (negation), && (and), and || (or).

- We provide a parser for Boolean expressions using ANTLR4 (https://www.antlr.org), but you must modify your pom.xml to include extra dependencies for ANTLR4 (antlr4-runtime).
- A Boolean expression *e evaluates* to a truth value (either *true* or *false*), given a *truth assignment* that assign a truth value to Boolean variables in the expression *e*.
 - For example, the expression $(p_1 \mid \mid p_2)$ && $(p_2 \mid \mid ! p_3)$ evaluates to true, given the truth assignment $\{p_1 \mapsto true, \ p_2 \mapsto false, \ p_3 \mapsto false\}$.
- We can *simplify* a Boolean expression into an equivalent expression by logical equivalence laws as follows (see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Logical_equivalence):
 - Identity and idempotent laws

- Domination and negation laws

$$\varphi \ \&\& \ {\rm false} \ \equiv \ {\rm false} \qquad \qquad \varphi \ || \ {\rm true} \ \equiv \ {\rm true}$$

$$\varphi \ \&\& \ ! \ \varphi \ \equiv \ {\rm false} \qquad \qquad \varphi \ || \ ! \ \varphi \ \equiv \ {\rm true}$$

- De Morgan's laws

$$! (\varphi_1 \&\& \varphi_2) \equiv ! \varphi_1 \mid | ! \varphi_2 \qquad \qquad ! (\varphi_1 \mid | \varphi_2) \equiv ! \varphi_1 \&\& ! \varphi_2$$

Absorption laws

$$\varphi_1 \mid \mid (\varphi_1 \&\& \varphi_2) \equiv \varphi_1$$
 $\varphi_1 \&\& (\varphi_1 \mid \mid \varphi_2) \equiv \varphi_1$

- Double negation law

$$!(!\varphi) \equiv \varphi$$

- Distributive laws

$$\varphi_1 \mid \mid (\varphi_2 \&\& \varphi_3) \equiv (\varphi_1 \mid \mid \varphi_2) \&\& (\varphi_1 \mid \mid \varphi_3)$$

$$\varphi_1 \&\& (\varphi_2 \mid \mid \varphi_3) \equiv (\varphi_1 \&\& \varphi_2) \mid \mid (\varphi_1 \&\& \varphi_3)$$

To simplify Boolean expressions, these rules are applied (from the left to the right) repeatedly, until no more rule can be applied, modulo the associativity and commutativity of && and $|\cdot|$.

- $-\ p_1$ && $(p_2$ && ! $p_1)$ can be simplified into false.
- $-(p_1 \&\& true) \&\& (p_2 \&\& ! (! p_1 \&\& ! p_2))$ can be simplified into $p_1 \&\& p_2$.
- Similarly, you will have to write at least one (separate) JUnit test for each method of the classes Constant, Variable, Negation, Conjunction, and Disjunction, in the test class ExpTest.
 - Each test method should test a single behavior with appropriate assertions. Do not write a single method to check multiple behaviors.
 - Your submitted tests need to achieve at least 80% branch coverage. Do not add arbitrary code to your test method to just increase coverage.

General Instruction

- Download the attached file homework2.zip, which contains two directores problem1 and problem2. Each of them can be imported as a separate project into IntelliJ IDEA.
- Initially, mvn test will fail, because no dependencies are declared in pom.xml. Modify your pom.xml to include required libraries, including JUnit5 (org.junit.jupiter), ANTLR4 (antlr4-runtime), etc.
- The src/main directory contains the skeleton code. You should implement all the methods marked with *TODO*. Before writing code, read the description in the source code carefully.
- The src/test directory contains test classes. Use JaCoCo to find out how much coverage your tests have. Upload the JaCoCo report in CSV format from target/site/jacoco/jacoco.csv.
- As usual, do not modify the existing interfaces, the class names, and the signatures of the public methods. You can add more private methods or private member variables if you want.

Turning in

- 1. Create a private project with name homework2 in https://csed332.postech.ac.kr, and clone the project on your machine.
- 2. Commit your changes in your homework2 project that includes two directories problem1 and problem2, including JaCoCo coverage reports, and push them to the remote repository.
- 3. The JaCoCo coverage report for each problem, generated by mvn jacoco:report, will be uploaded to the directory homework2 as follows:
 - homework2/jacoco1.csv for Problem 1
 - homework2/jacoco2.csv for Problem 2
- 4. Tag your project with "submitted" and submit your homework. We will use the tagged version of your project for grading.

Reference

- Java Language Specification: https://docs.oracle.com/javase/specs/
- Beginning Java 9 Fundamentals 2nd by Kishori Sharan, Apress, 2017 (available online at the POSTECH digital library http://library.postech.ac.kr)
- Maven Getting Started Tutorial: https://maven.apache.org/guides/getting-started/