Useful Sites for installing single node Hadoop

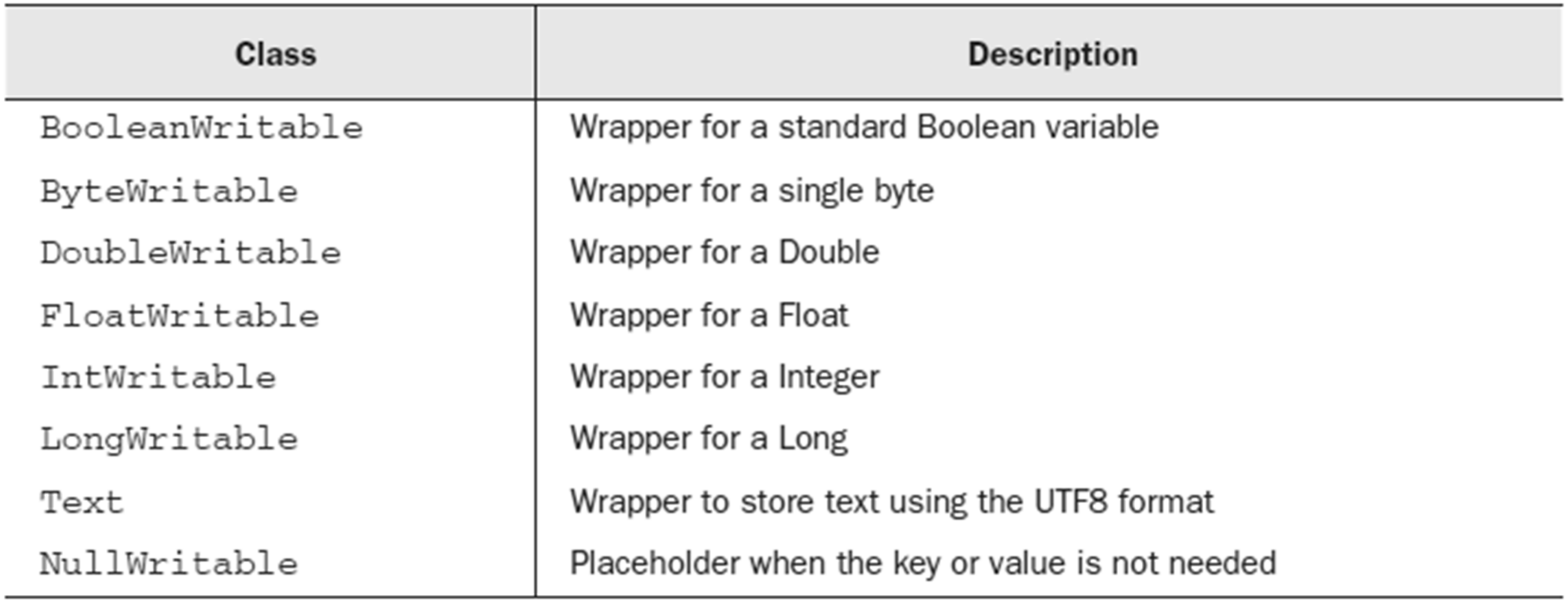
- http://codesfusion.blogspot.ie/2013/10/setup-hadoop-2x-220-on-ubuntu.html
- http://bigdatahandler.com/hadoop-hdfs/installing-single-node-hadoop-2-2-0-on-ubuntu/
- http://www.michael-noll.com/tutorials/running-hadoop-on-ubuntu-linux-single-node-cluster/

File operations

- Basic commands
  - Syntax: hadoop fs -*cmd* <*args*>
  - Ex:

```
hadoop  fs  -ls
hadoop  fs  -mkdir  /users/data
hadoop  fs  -put  log  /users/data
hadoop  fs  -get  log  /users/data
hadoop  fs  -rm   /users/data/log
```

Hadoop Data Types



Class	Description
`BooleanWritable`	Wrapper for a standard Boolean variable
`ByteWritable`	Wrapper for a single byte
`DoubleWritable`	Wrapper for a Double
`FloatWritable`	Wrapper for a Float
`IntWritable`	Wrapper for a Integer
`LongWritable`	Wrapper for a Long
`Text`	Wrapper to store text using the UTF8 format
`NullWritable`	Placeholder when the key or value is not needed

Word Count in Java

```java
public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
   JobConf conf = new JobConf(WordCount.class);
   conf.setJobName("wordcount");

   conf.setMapperClass(MapClass.class);
   conf.setCombinerClass(ReduceClass.class);
   conf.setReducerClass(ReduceClass.class);

   FileInputFormat.setInputPaths(conf, args[0]);
   FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(conf, new Path(args[1]));

   conf.setOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
   conf.setOutputValueClass(IntWritable.class);

   JobClient.runJob(conf);
 }
```

Word Count in Java – mapper

```
public class MapClass extends MapReduceBase
   implements Mapper<LongWritable, Text, Text, IntWritable> {

   private final static IntWritable ONE = new IntWritable(1);

   public void map(LongWritable key, Text value,
                   OutputCollector<Text, IntWritable> out,
                   Reporter reporter) throws IOException {
     String line = value.toString();
     StringTokenizer itr = new StringTokenizer(line);
     while (itr.hasMoreTokens()) {
       out.collect(new text(itr.nextToken()), ONE);
     }
   }
 }
```

Word Count in Java – reducer

```
public class ReduceClass extends MapReduceBase
   implements Reducer<Text, IntWritable, Text, IntWritable> {

   public void reduce(Text key, Iterator<IntWritable> values,
                      OutputCollector<Text, IntWritable> out,
                      Reporter reporter) throws IOException {
     int sum = 0;
     while (values.hasNext()) {
       sum += values.next().get();
     }
     out.collect(key, new IntWritable(sum));
   }
 }
```

Hadoop Streaming

Mapper.py:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
import sys
for line in sys.stdin:
  for word in line.split(): print (word, 1)
```

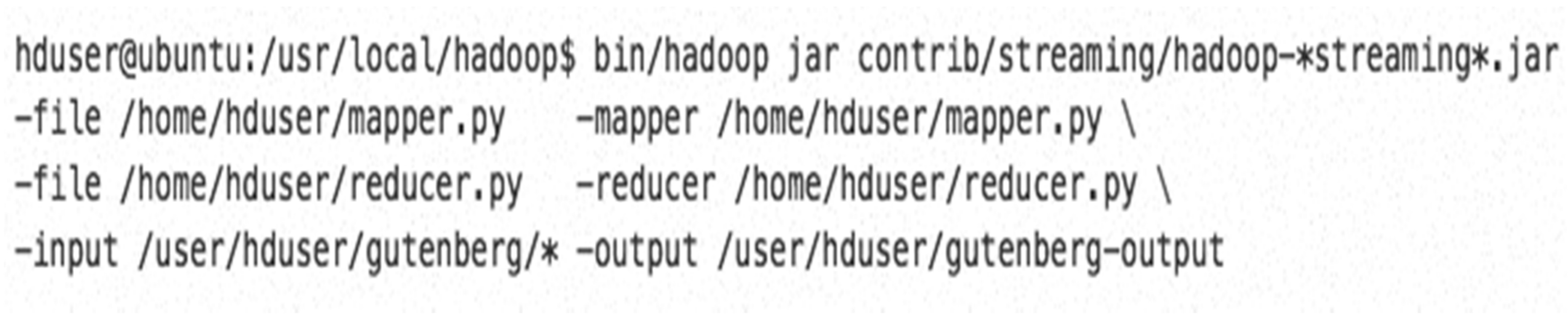
Reducer.py:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
import sys
dict={}
for line in sys.stdin:
  word, count = line.split()
  if word in dict.keys(): dict[word] += int(count)
  else: dict[word] = 1
for word in dict.keys():
  print (word, dict[word])
```

You can locally test your code on the command line:

```
$> cat data | mapper | sort | reducer
```

Hadoop Streaming Example



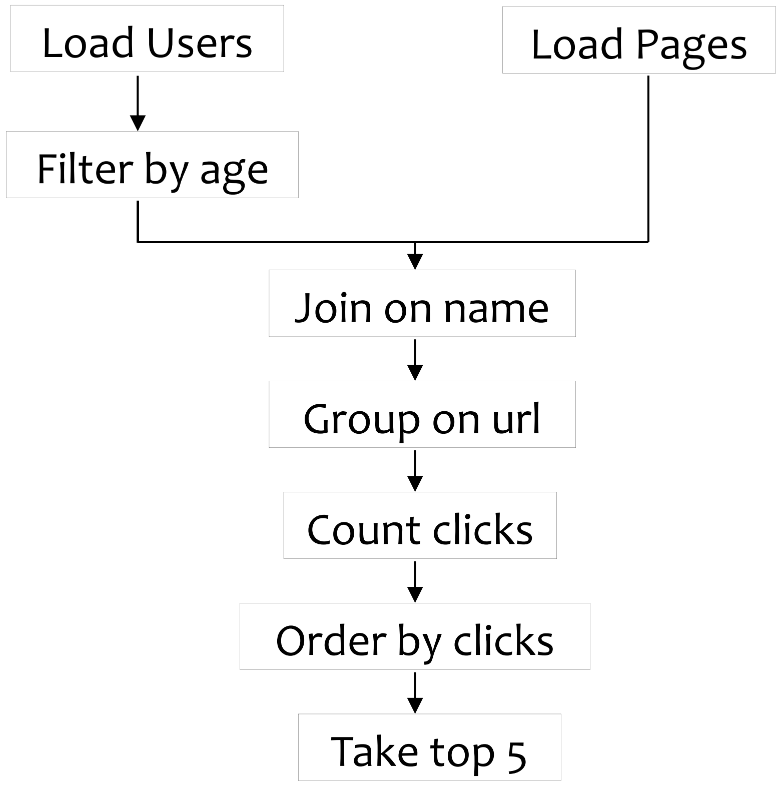
```
hduser@ubuntu:/usr/local/hadoop$ bin/hadoop jar contrib/streaming/hadoop-*streaming*.jar
-file /home/hduser/mapper.py    -mapper /home/hduser/mapper.py \
-file /home/hduser/reducer.py   -reducer /home/hduser/reducer.py \
-input /user/hduser/gutenberg/* -output /user/hduser/gutenberg-output
```

High-level tools

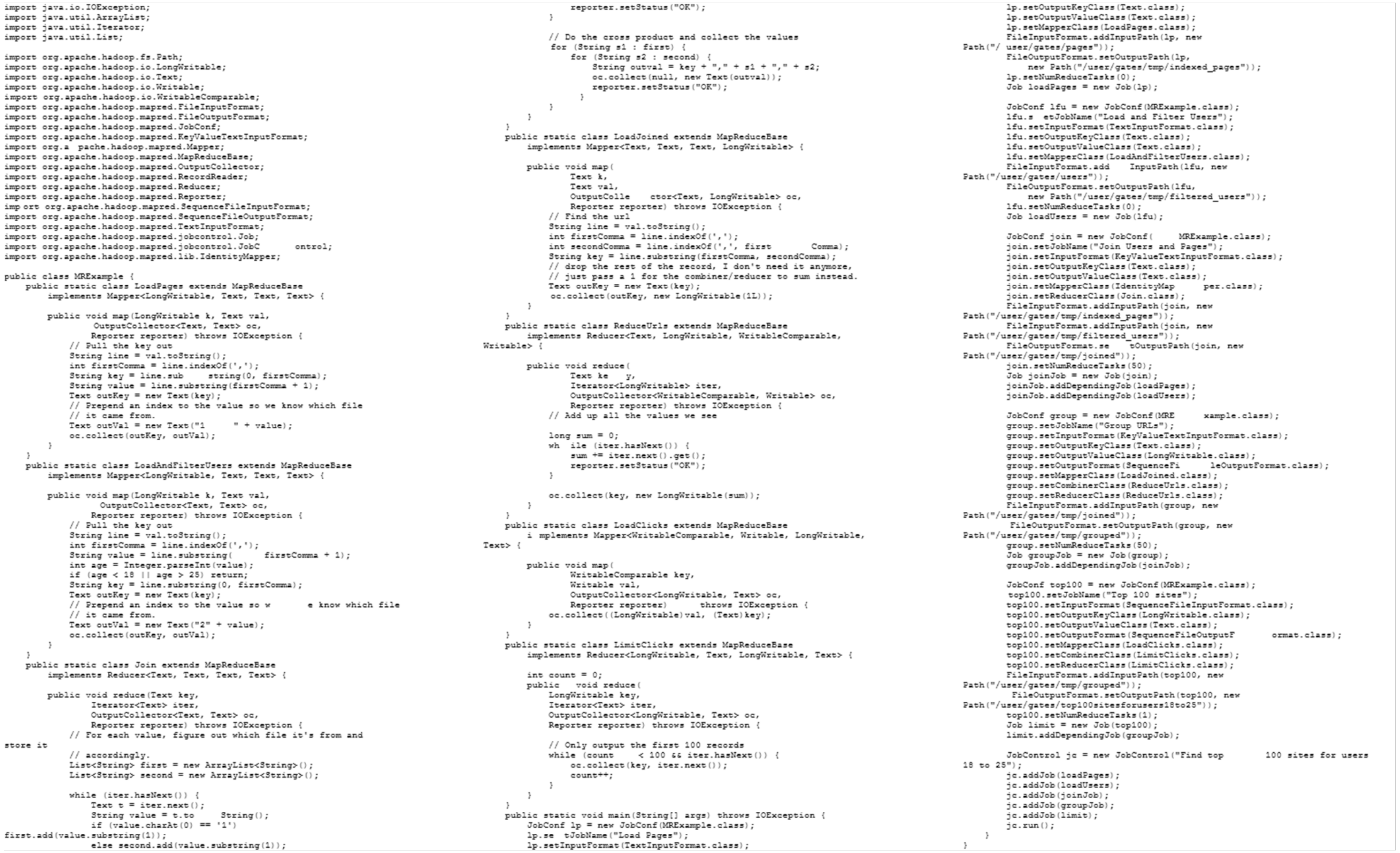
- MapReduce is fairly low-level: must think about keys, values, partitioning, etc.
- Many parallel algorithms can be expressed by a series of MapReduce jobs
  - Can we capture common ‘job building blocks’?
- Different use cases require different tools as well

An Example

Let’s find the top 5 most visited pages by users aged 18 – 25. Input: user data file, and page view data file.



In MapReduce!



```java
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Iterator;
import java.util.List;

import org.apache.hadoop.fs.Path;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.LongWritable;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.Text;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.Writable;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.WritableComparable;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.FileInputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.FileOutputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.JobConf;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.KeyValueTextInputFormat;
import org.a  pache.hadoop.mapred.Mapper;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.MapReduceBase;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.OutputCollector;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.RecordReader;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.Reducer;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.Reporter;
imp ort org.apache.hadoop.mapred.SequenceFileInputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.SequenceFileOutputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.TextInputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.jobcontrol.Job;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.jobcontrol.JobC      ontrol;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.lib.IdentityMapper;

public class MRExample {
    public static class LoadPages extends MapReduceBase
        implements Mapper<LongWritable, Text, Text, Text> {

        public void map(LongWritable k, Text val,
                 OutputCollector<Text, Text> oc,
                Reporter reporter) throws IOException {
            // Pull the key out
            String line = val.toString();
            int firstComma = line.indexOf(',');
            String key = line.sub    string(0, firstComma);
            String value = line.substring(firstComma + 1);
            Text outKey = new Text(key);
            // Prepend an index to the value so we know which file
            // it came from.
            Text outVal = new Text("1     " + value);
            oc.collect(outKey, outVal);
        }
    }
    public static class LoadAndFilterUsers extends MapReduceBase
        implements Mapper<LongWritable, Text, Text, Text> {

        public void map(LongWritable k, Text val,
                  OutputCollector<Text, Text> oc,
                Reporter reporter) throws IOException {
            // Pull the key out
            String line = val.toString();
            int firstComma = line.indexOf(',');
            String value = line.substring(      firstComma + 1);
            int age = Integer.parseInt(value);
            if (age < 18 || age > 25) return;
            String key = line.substring(0, firstComma);
            Text outKey = new Text(key);
            // Prepend an index to the value so w       e know which file
            // it came from.
            Text outVal = new Text("2" + value);
            oc.collect(outKey, outVal);
        }
    }
    public static class Join extends MapReduceBase
        implements Reducer<Text, Text, Text, Text> {

        public void reduce(Text key,
                Iterator<Text> iter,
                OutputCollector<Text, Text> oc,
                Reporter reporter) throws IOException {
            // For each value, figure out which file it's from and
store it
            // accordingly.
            List<String> first = new ArrayList<String>();
            List<String> second = new ArrayList<String>();

            while (iter.hasNext()) {
                Text t = iter.next();
                String value = t.to    String();
                if (value.charAt(0) == '1')
first.add(value.substring(1));
                else second.add(value.substring(1));
                reporter.setStatus("OK");
            }

            // Do the cross product and collect the values
            for (String s1 : first) {
                for (String s2 : second) {
                    String outval = key + "," + s1 + "," + s2;
                    oc.collect(null, new Text(outval));
                    reporter.setStatus("OK");
                 }
            }
        }
    }
    public static class LoadJoined extends MapReduceBase
        implements Mapper<Text, Text, Text, LongWritable> {

        public void map(
                Text k,
                Text val,
                OutputColle    ctor<Text, LongWritable> oc,
                Reporter reporter) throws IOException {
            // Find the url
            String line = val.toString();
            int firstComma = line.indexOf(',');
            int secondComma = line.indexOf(',', first       Comma);
            String key = line.substring(firstComma, secondComma);
            // drop the rest of the record, I don't need it anymore,
            // just pass a 1 for the combiner/reducer to sum instead.
            Text outKey = new Text(key);
            oc.collect(outKey, new LongWritable(1L));
        }
    }
    public static class ReduceUrls extends MapReduceBase
        implements Reducer<Text, LongWritable, WritableComparable,
Writable> {

        public void reduce(
                Text ke   y,
                Iterator<LongWritable> iter,
                OutputCollector<WritableComparable, Writable> oc,
                Reporter reporter) throws IOException {
            // Add up all the values we see

            long sum = 0;
            wh  ile (iter.hasNext()) {
                sum += iter.next().get();
                reporter.setStatus("OK");
            }

            oc.collect(key, new LongWritable(sum));
        }
    }
    public static class LoadClicks extends MapReduceBase
        i mplements Mapper<WritableComparable, Writable, LongWritable,
Text> {

        public void map(
                WritableComparable key,
                Writable val,
                OutputCollector<LongWritable, Text> oc,
                Reporter reporter)      throws IOException {
            oc.collect((LongWritable)val, (Text)key);
        }
    }
    public static class LimitClicks extends MapReduceBase
        implements Reducer<LongWritable, Text, LongWritable, Text> {

        int count = 0;
        public   void reduce(
            LongWritable key,
            Iterator<Text> iter,
            OutputCollector<LongWritable, Text> oc,
            Reporter reporter) throws IOException {

            // Only output the first 100 records
            while (count    < 100 && iter.hasNext()) {
                oc.collect(key, iter.next());
                count++;
            }
        }
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
        JobConf lp = new JobConf(MRExample.class);
        lp.se  tJobName("Load Pages");
        lp.setInputFormat(TextInputFormat.class);
        lp.setOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
        lp.setOutputValueClass(Text.class);
        lp.setMapperClass(LoadPages.class);
        FileInputFormat.addInputPath(lp, new
Path("/ user/gates/pages"));
        FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(lp,
            new Path("/user/gates/tmp/indexed_pages"));
        lp.setNumReduceTasks(0);
        Job loadPages = new Job(lp);

        JobConf lfu = new JobConf(MRExample.class);
        lfu.s  etJobName("Load and Filter Users");
        lfu.setInputFormat(TextInputFormat.class);
        lfu.setOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
        lfu.setOutputValueClass(Text.class);
        lfu.setMapperClass(LoadAndFilterUsers.class);
        FileInputFormat.add    InputPath(lfu, new
Path("/user/gates/users"));
        FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(lfu,
            new Path("/user/gates/tmp/filtered_users"));
        lfu.setNumReduceTasks(0);
        Job loadUsers = new Job(lfu);

        JobConf join = new JobConf(     MRExample.class);
        join.setJobName("Join Users and Pages");
        join.setInputFormat(KeyValueTextInputFormat.class);
        join.setOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
        join.setOutputValueClass(Text.class);
        join.setMapperClass(IdentityMap     per.class);
        join.setReducerClass(Join.class);
        FileInputFormat.addInputPath(join, new
Path("/user/gates/tmp/indexed_pages"));
        FileInputFormat.addInputPath(join, new
Path("/user/gates/tmp/filtered_users"));
        FileOutputFormat.se    tOutputPath(join, new
Path("/user/gates/tmp/joined"));
        join.setNumReduceTasks(50);
        Job joinJob = new Job(join);
        joinJob.addDependingJob(loadPages);
        joinJob.addDependingJob(loadUsers);

        JobConf group = new JobConf(MRE     xample.class);
        group.setJobName("Group URLs");
        group.setInputFormat(KeyValueTextInputFormat.class);
        group.setOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
        group.setOutputValueClass(LongWritable.class);
        group.setOutputFormat(SequenceFi     leOutputFormat.class);
        group.setMapperClass(LoadJoined.class);
        group.setCombinerClass(ReduceUrls.class);
        group.setReducerClass(ReduceUrls.class);
        FileInputFormat.addInputPath(group, new
Path("/user/gates/tmp/joined"));
         FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(group, new
Path("/user/gates/tmp/grouped"));
        group.setNumReduceTasks(50);
        Job groupJob = new Job(group);
        groupJob.addDependingJob(joinJob);

        JobConf top100 = new JobConf(MRExample.class);
         top100.setJobName("Top 100 sites");
        top100.setInputFormat(SequenceFileInputFormat.class);
        top100.setOutputKeyClass(LongWritable.class);
        top100.setOutputValueClass(Text.class);
        top100.setOutputFormat(SequenceFileOutputF       ormat.class);
        top100.setMapperClass(LoadClicks.class);
        top100.setCombinerClass(LimitClicks.class);
        top100.setReducerClass(LimitClicks.class);
        FileInputFormat.addInputPath(top100, new
Path("/user/gates/tmp/grouped"));
         FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(top100, new
Path("/user/gates/top100sitesforusers18to25"));
        top100.setNumReduceTasks(1);
        Job limit = new Job(top100);
        limit.addDependingJob(groupJob);

        JobControl jc = new JobControl("Find top       100 sites for users
18 to 25");
        jc.addJob(loadPages);
        jc.addJob(loadUsers);
        jc.addJob(joinJob);
        jc.addJob(groupJob);
        jc.addJob(limit);
        jc.run();
    }
}
```

Pig

A high-level programming interface

- Apache Pig is a platform raising a level of abstraction for processing large datasets. Its language, Pig Latin is a simple query algebra expressing data transformations and applying functions to records

$$\begin{tikzcd}
\boxed{\begin{array}{c}\text{Pig}\\ \text{job submission}\end{array}} \arrow[r] & \boxed{\text{MapReduce jobs}} \arrow[r] & \boxed{\text{Hadoop / HDFS}}
\end{tikzcd}$$

- Started at Yahoo! Research, >60%

of Hadoop jobs within Yahoo! are Pig jobs

Motivations

- MapReduce requires a Java programmer
  - Solution was to abstract it and create a system where users are familiar with scripting languages
- Other than very trivial applications, MapReduce requires multiple stages, leading to long development cycles
  - Rapid prototyping. Increased productivity
- In MapReduce users have to reinvent common functionality (join, filter, etc.)
  - Pig provides them