Bayesian computation project

Charles Dufour

EPFL

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Framework implementations and limits¹

Optimization

- gradient descent
- linear search gd
- Wolfe cond gd
- Newton gd (slow)
- Stochastic gd

Framework implementations and limits¹

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Approximation

- Laplace
- GVA

 $^{^{1}}$ more information can be found in the Ω repository

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Approximation

- Laplace
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Sampling

- MH random walk
- MALA
- IS, RS
- Gibbs
- MH within Gibbs

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Structure

Figure: Hourly wage and features in the USA, May 1985

ED	SOUTH	NONWH	HISP	FE	MARR	MARRFE	EX	EXSQ	UNION	LNWAGE	AGE	MANUF	CONSTR	MANAG	SALES	CLER	SERV	PROF
10	0	0	0	0	1	0	27	729	0	2.1972	43	0	1	0	0	0	0	C
12	0	0	0	0	1	0	20	400	0	1.7047	38	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
12	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	16	0	1.3350	22	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
12	0	0	0	1	1	1	29	841	0	2.3514	47	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
12	0	0	0	0	1	0	40	1600	1	2.7080	58	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

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Purpose

- predict exactly the revenue
- predict if revenue above mean

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Purpose

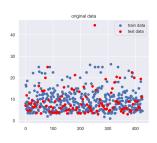
- predict exactly the revenue
- predict if revenue above mean

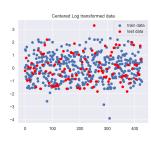
Features dropped due to high correlation

- AGE
- EXSQ

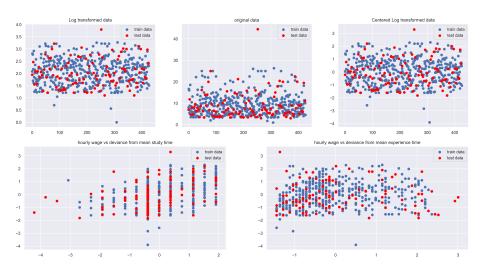
Visualization







Visualization



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Models

3 models implemented:

Gaussian model

$$Y|\beta, \sigma \sim \mathcal{N}\left(X\beta, \sigma^2\right) \qquad \beta \sim \mathcal{N}_d(\vec{0}, 3^2 I), \ \sigma \sim \exp(2)$$

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Student model

$$Y|\beta, \nu \sim X\beta + t_{\nu}$$
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Student model

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 $\beta \sim \mathcal{N}_d(\vec{0}, 3^2 I), \ \nu \sim \Gamma(2, 4)$

Logistic regression

$$\mathbb{P}(Y=1|X,\beta) = \frac{e^{X^T\beta}}{1+e^{X^T\beta}}, \quad \beta \sim \mathcal{N}_d(0,3^2)$$

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Laplace approximation

Laplace approximation

Fit a Gaussian approximation to the unormalized posterior:

- mean: $\theta^* = \operatorname{argmax}_{\theta} \tilde{f}(\theta|D=d)$
- covariance matrix: $\Sigma = H_{\psi}(\theta^*)^{-1}$

with $\psi(\theta) = -\log\left(\tilde{f}(\theta|D=d)\right)$ which will be used in the computations.

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Optimization routines

- Vanilla gradient descent
- Line search backtracking gradient descent
- Wolfe condition checking gradient

MH with random walk

Theory

10: end for

```
1: for i=1 to N do
2: \text{draw } \eta \sim \mathcal{N}_d(0,1)
3: \theta_c = \theta_n + \varepsilon \eta
4: R = f(\theta_c|d)/f(\theta_n|d)
5: if U(0,1) \leq R then
6: \theta_{n+1} = \theta_c
7: else
8: \theta_{n+1} = \theta_n
9: end if
```

Practice

- set ε such that the acceptance rate of the proposal is between 10 and 50 percent.
- compute everything using expsumlog
- check visually the chain to determine the burn-in
- test different initialization to detect potential silent failure

MH with Langevin correction (MALA)

Theory

As for the random walk MH algorithm except for

• the proposal:

$$\theta_c = \theta_n + \tau \nabla \log f(\theta_n | d) + \sqrt{2\tau} \eta$$

• the acceptance ratio:

$$R = \frac{f(\theta_c|d)q(\theta_n|\theta_c)}{f(\theta_n|d)q(\theta_c|\theta_n)}$$

Practice

- \bullet as before but be more careful with tuning the step size τ
- •

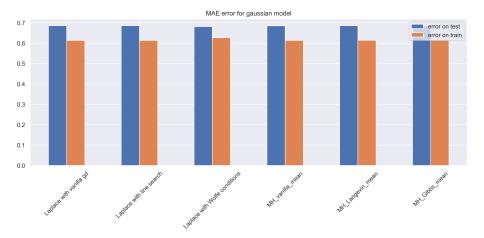
$$q(x, x') \propto \\ \exp\left(rac{||x' - x - au
abla \log f(x|d)||_2^2}{-4 au}
ight)$$

 biggest challenge: implement computation of gradient in efficient manner

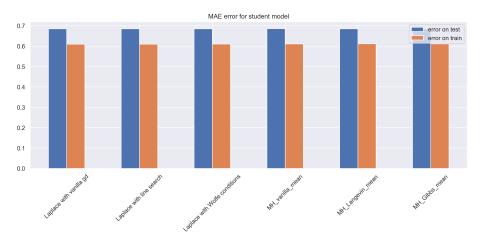
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Model

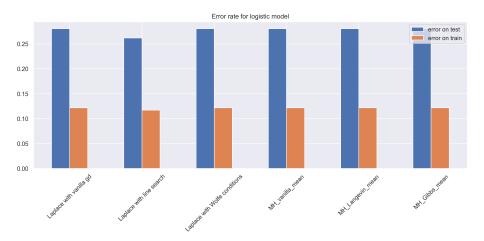
Accuracy of the Gaussian model



Accuracy of the Student model

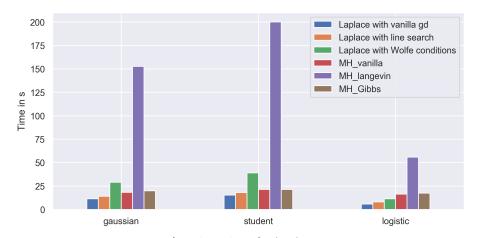


Accuracy of the Logistic model



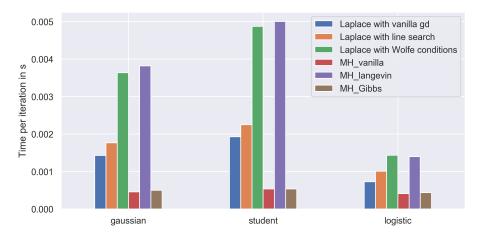
Method

Comparison in term of total time



8'000 iterations for Laplace 40'000 iterations for MH

Comparison in term of time per iteration



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Modelization

- Simpler methods and models performed the best
- Relationship highly non-linear

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Improvement

- Tuning of hyper-parameters
- Feature engineering

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- Gamma model
- Classification in multiple ordered classes

Modelization

- Simpler methods and models performed the best
- Relationship highly non-linear

Improvement

- Tuning of hyper-parameters
- Feature engineering
- Gamma model
- Classification in multiple ordered classes
- More robust and faster module to use more advanced techniques

References

- Guillaume Dehaene
 Lecture Notes, Bayesian computation MATH-435, 2019.
- **E**. R. Berndt

 The practice of econometrics: classic and contemporary. Addison-Wesley

 Pub. Co., 1991
- **G** GitHub repository https://github.com/dufourc1/Bayesian computation