

Conjugate Gradient Method in MPI and CUDA

MATH-454 - Parallel & High Performance Computing

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MPI Implementation

Algorithm 2: MPI Conjugate gradient pseudo-code

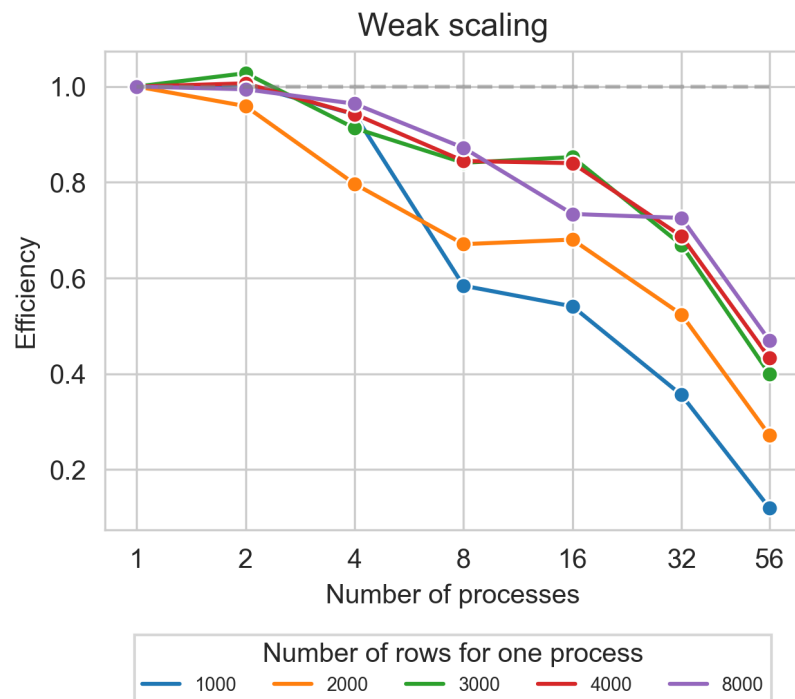
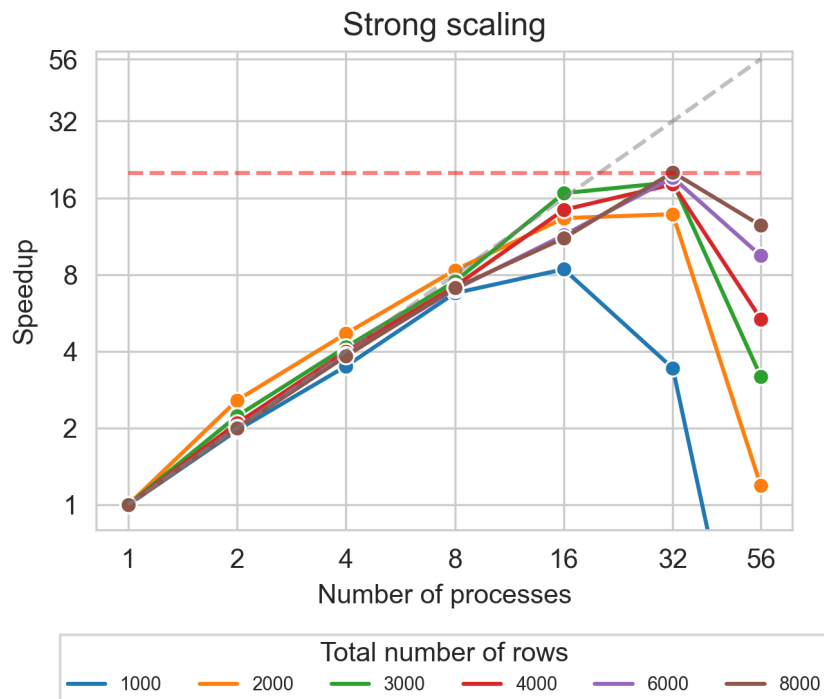
Data: $A_{(i)}, b_{(i)}, x_0, \epsilon$

Result: x such that $Ax \approx b$

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1  $r_{0(i)} = b_{(i)} - A_{(i)}x_0;$ 
2  $p_{0(i)} = r_{0(i)};$ 
3  $\gamma_0 = \sum_{i=0}^{p-1} r_{0(i)}^T r_{0(i)} ;$  // Done with MPI_Allreduce
4  $k = 0;$ 
5 while  $\|r_k\|_2 > \epsilon$  do
6   Concatenate all the  $p_{k(i)}$  into  $p_k ;$  // Done with MPI_Allgather
7    $z_{k(i)} = A_{(i)}p_k ;$ 
8    $w = \sum_{i=0}^{p-1} p_{k(i)}^T z_{k(i)} ;$  // Done with MPI_Allreduce
9    $\alpha = \gamma_k / w;$ 
10   $x_{k(i)} = x_{k(i)} + \alpha p_{k(i)};$ 
11   $r_{k+1(i)} = r_{k(i)} - \alpha z_{k(i)};$ 
12   $\gamma_{k+1} = \sum_{i=0}^{p-1} r_{k+1(i)}^T r_{k+1(i)} ;$  // Done with MPI_Allreduce
13   $p_{k+1(i)} = r_{k+1(i)} + \frac{\gamma_{k+1}}{\gamma_k} p_{k(i)} ;$ 
14   $k = k + 1;$ 
15 end
16 Concatenate and return  $x_k ;$  // Done with MPI_Gather
```

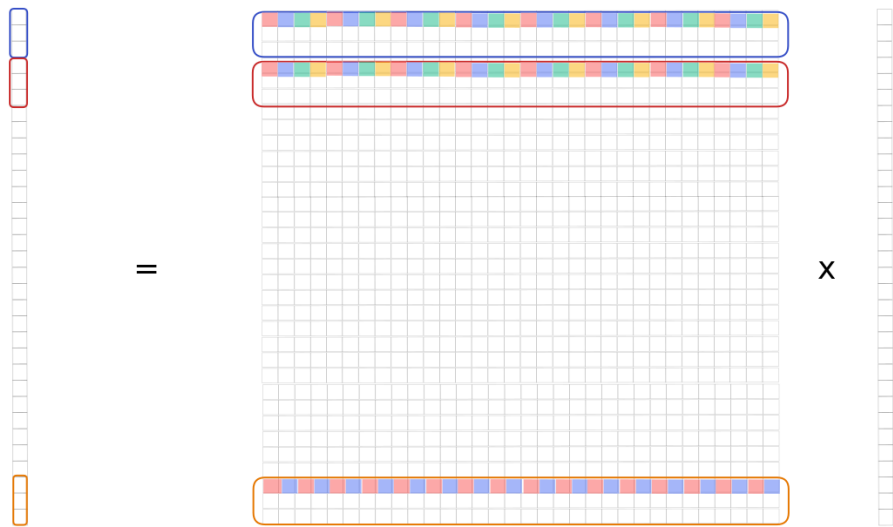
Amdhal's Law & Gustafson's Law

Strong and weak scaling on HELVETIOS



CUDA Implementation

Grid and block size



- 1D grid of blocks
- 2D grid of threads
- Strided access to matrix and vector RHS → coalesced memory access
- Everything on device except stopping condition

Influence of grid and block size

Using matrix of size 10000x10000

