

IEEE Big Data, 2021



HAR: Hardness Aware Re-weighting for Imbalanced Datasets



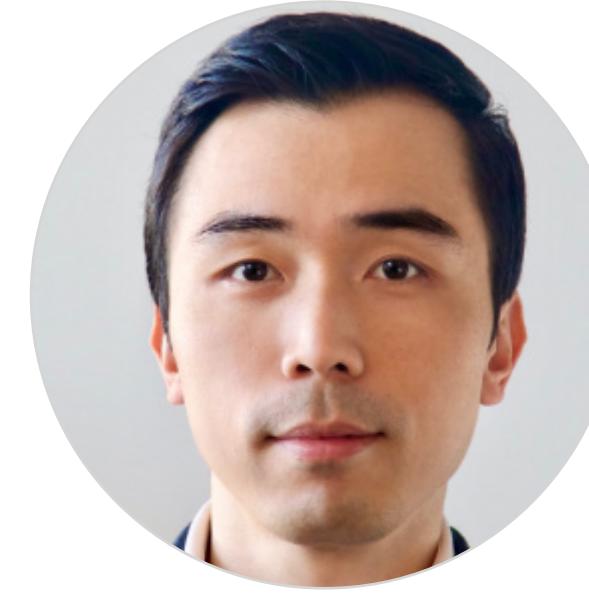
Rahul Duggal
Georgia Tech



Scott Freitas
Georgia Tech



Sunny Dhamani
Georgia Tech



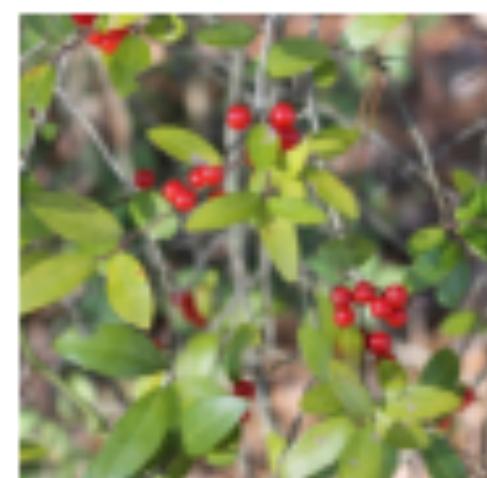
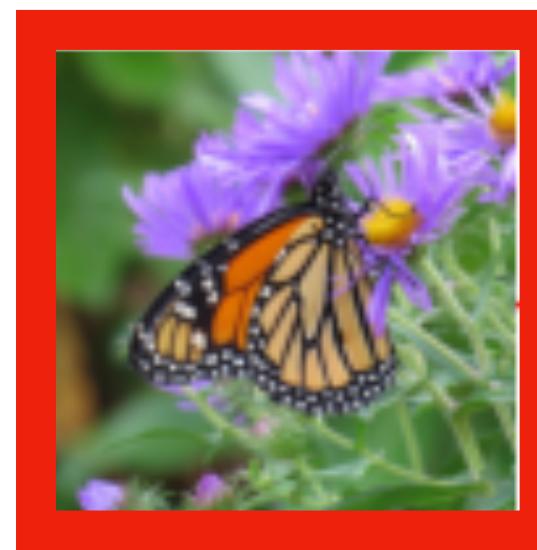
Polo Chau
Georgia Tech



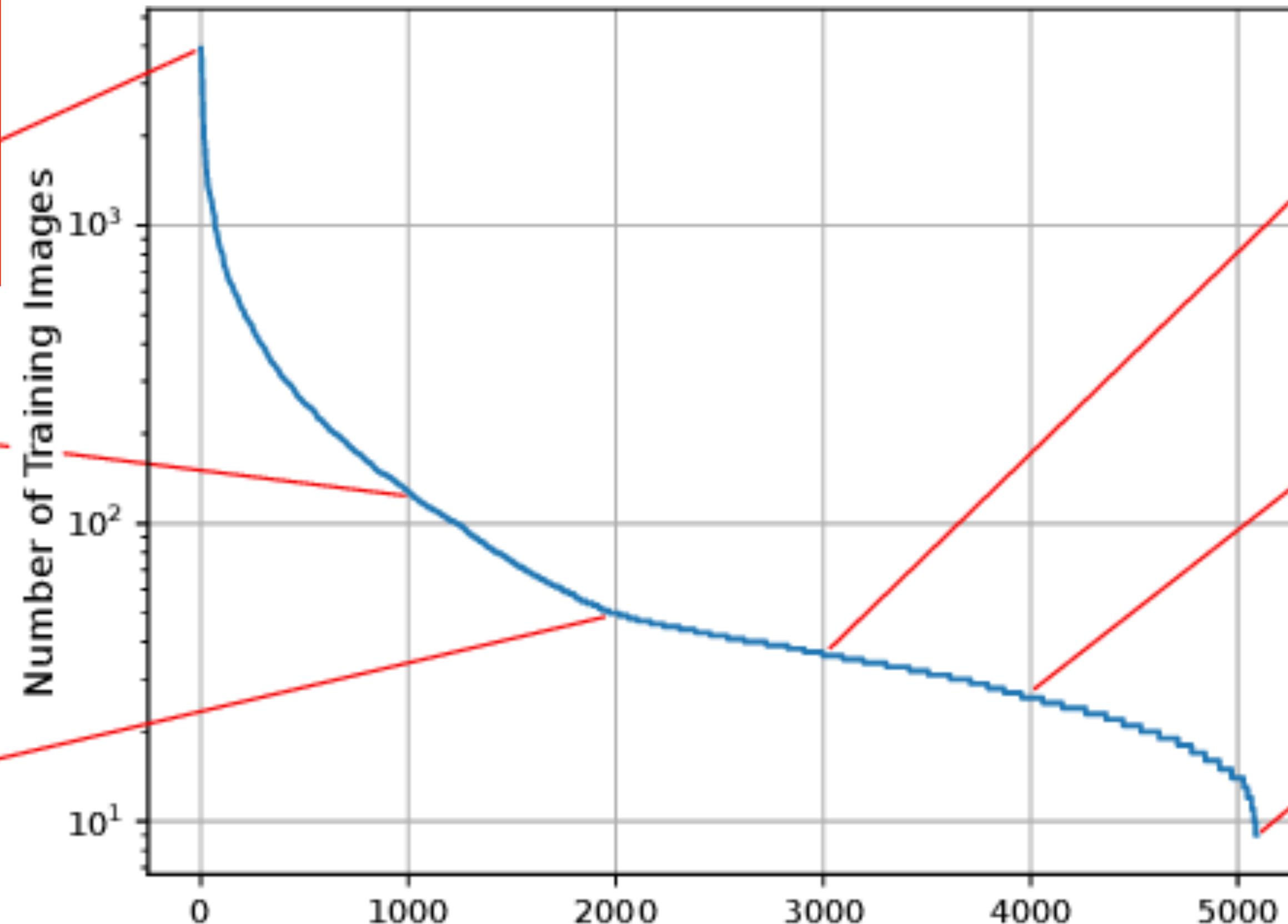
Jimeng Sun
UIUC

Challenging long tail of data

Butterfly

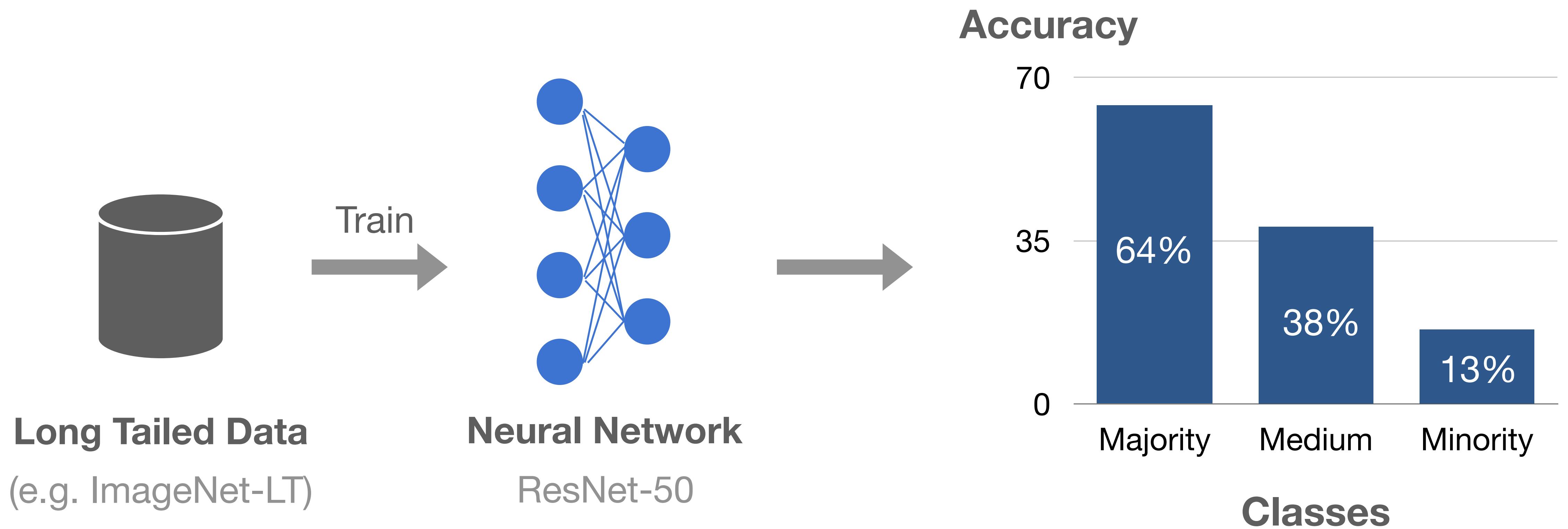


Inaturalist'17 dataset



Garden Insect

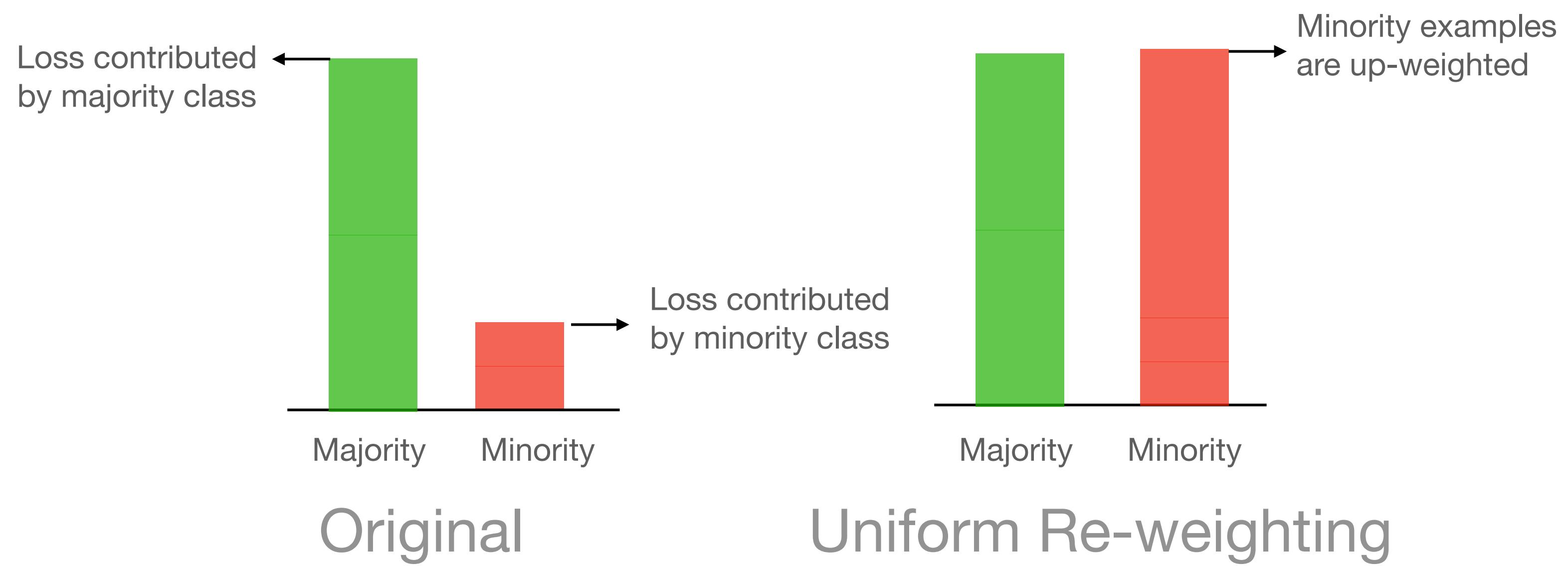
Challenging long tail of data



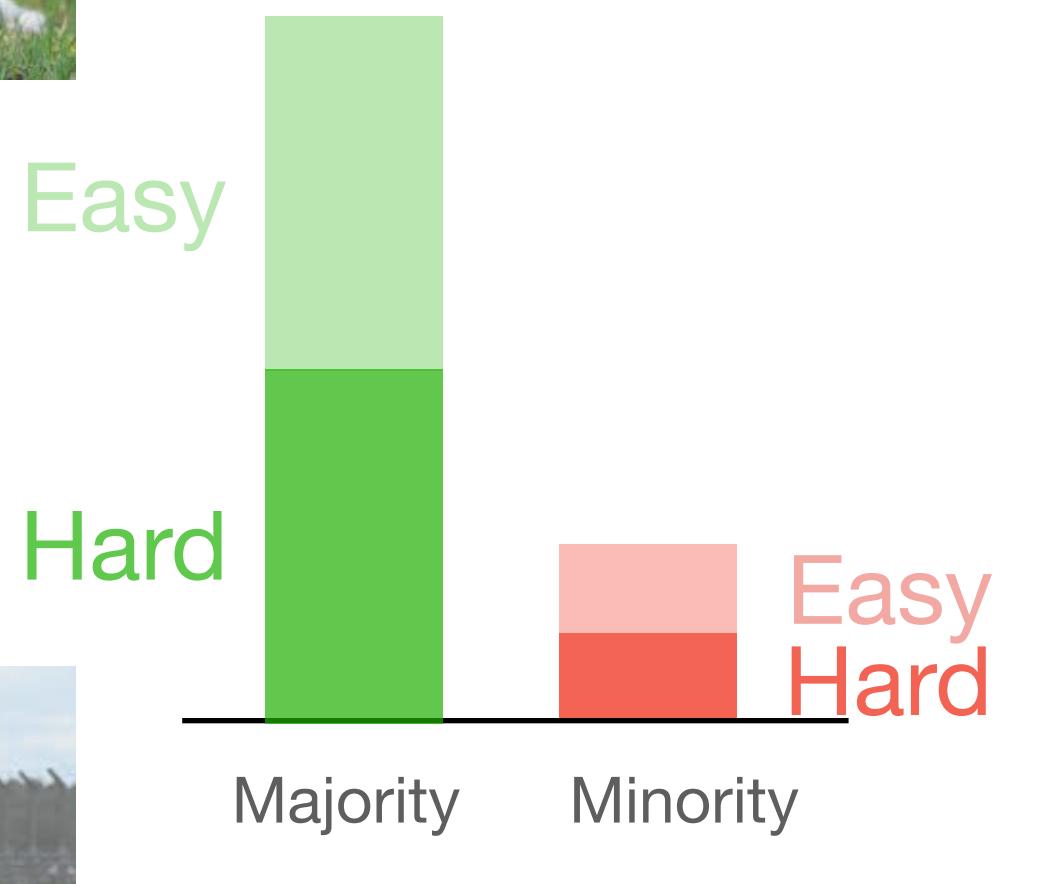
Loss Re-weighting



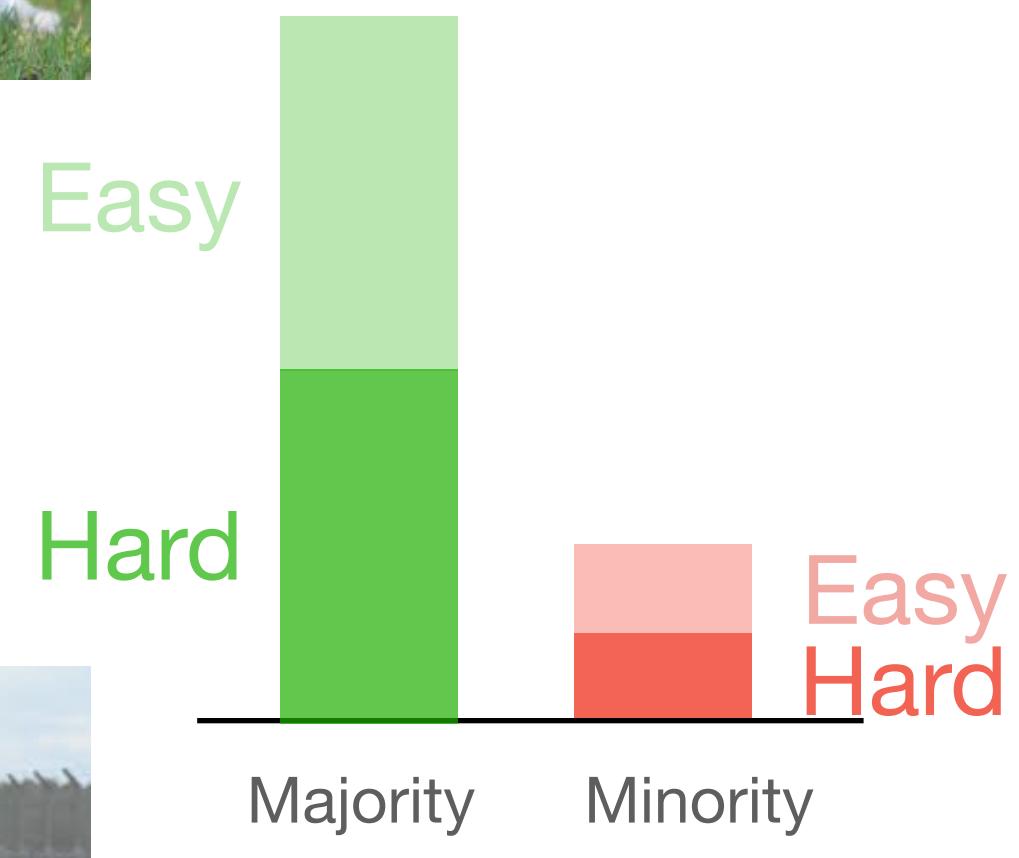
Loss Re-weighting



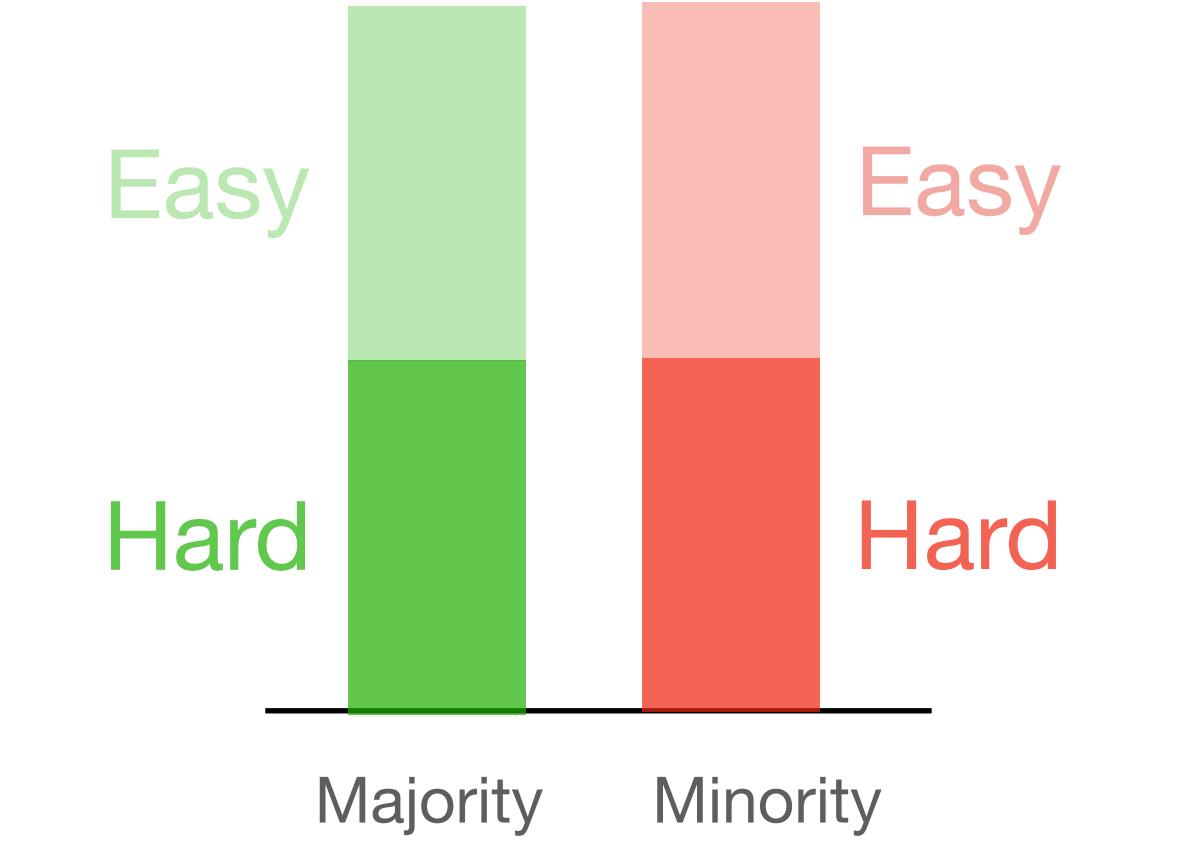
Loss Re-weighting



Loss Re-weighting



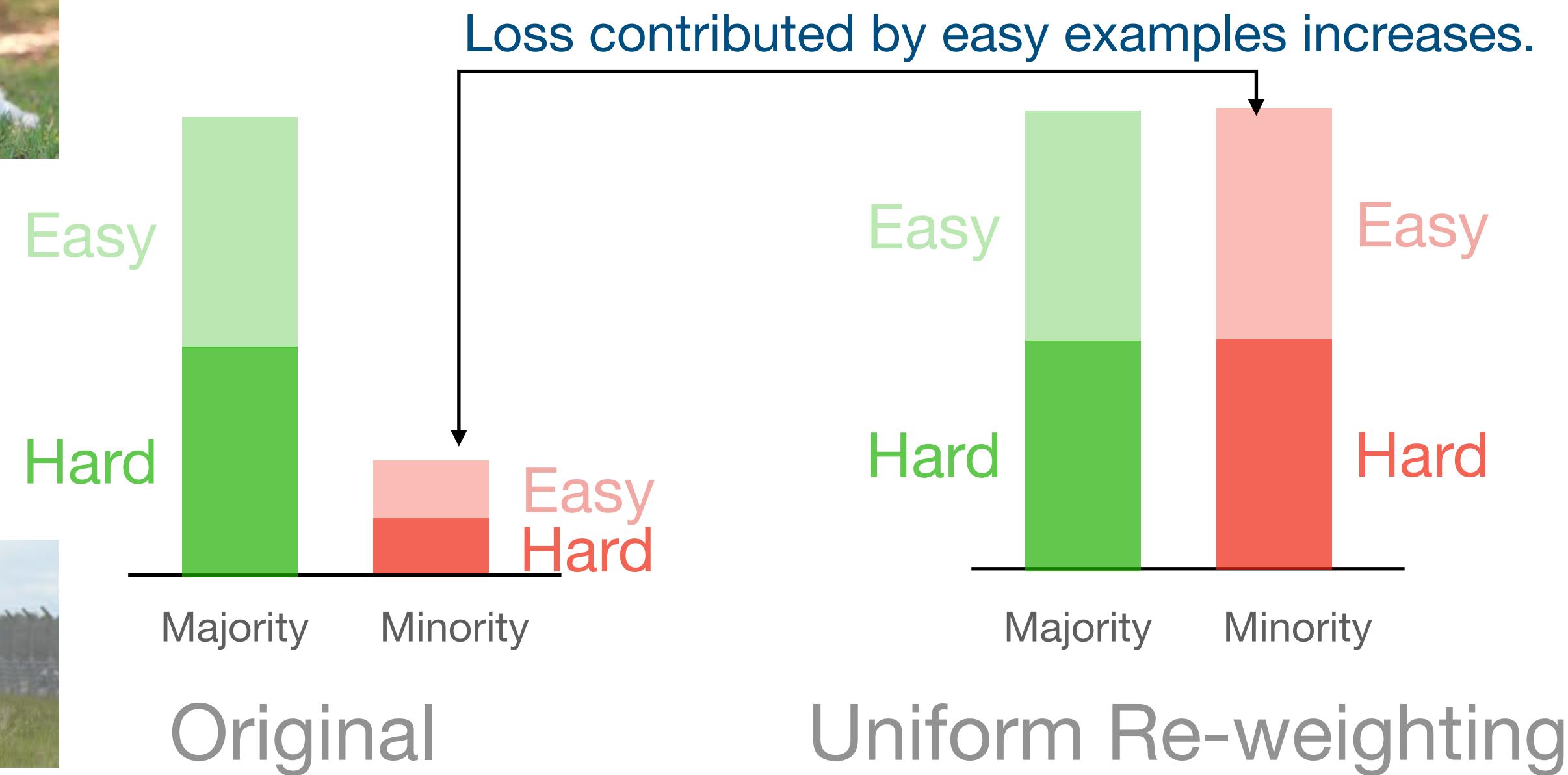
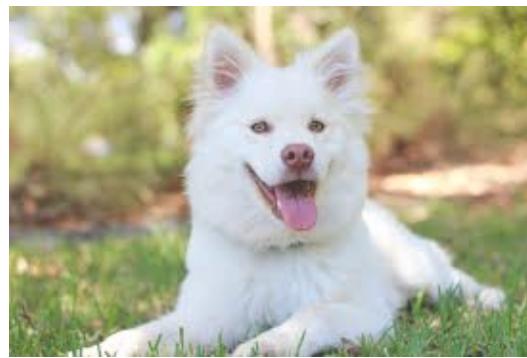
Original



Uniform Re-weighting

Easy and hard examples
up-weighted **equally**

Loss Re-weighting



Easy and hard examples
up-weighted **equally**

Loss Re-weighting



Easy

Hard

Majority Minority

Original

Easy
Hard

Easy
Hard

Majority Minority

Uniform Re-weighting

Easy and hard examples
up-weighted **equally**

Loss contributed by easy examples is preserved.

Loss contributed by easy examples increases.

Easy
Hard

Easy
Hard

Majority Minority

Easy

Hard

Majority Minority

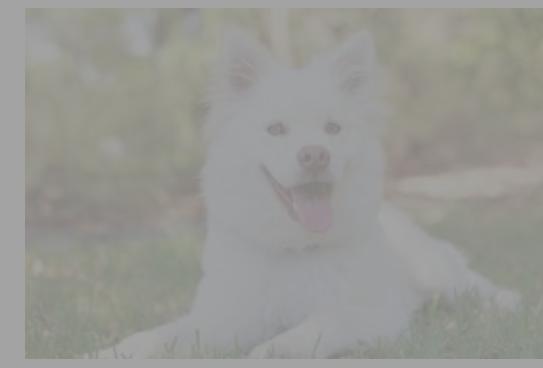
Easy

Hard

Hardness Aware Reweighting
(ours)

Hard examples up-weighted
more than easy examples

Loss Re-weighting



Loss Re-weighting



Hardness Aware Reweighting (HAR) strategy that up-weights only the **hard examples!**



Original

Uniform Re-weighting

Hardness Aware Reweighting
(ours)

Easy and hard examples
up-weighted **equally**

Hard examples up-weighted
more than easy examples

Challenge

No labels for hardness!

Dogs



Easy?

Cats



Easy?

Hard?



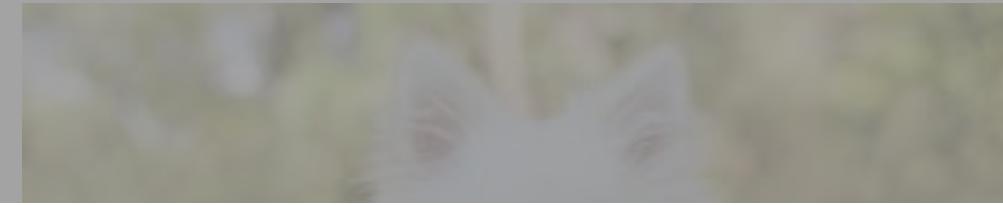
Hard?



Challenge

No labels for hardness!

Dogs



Cats



How to learn the notion of hardness without labels?



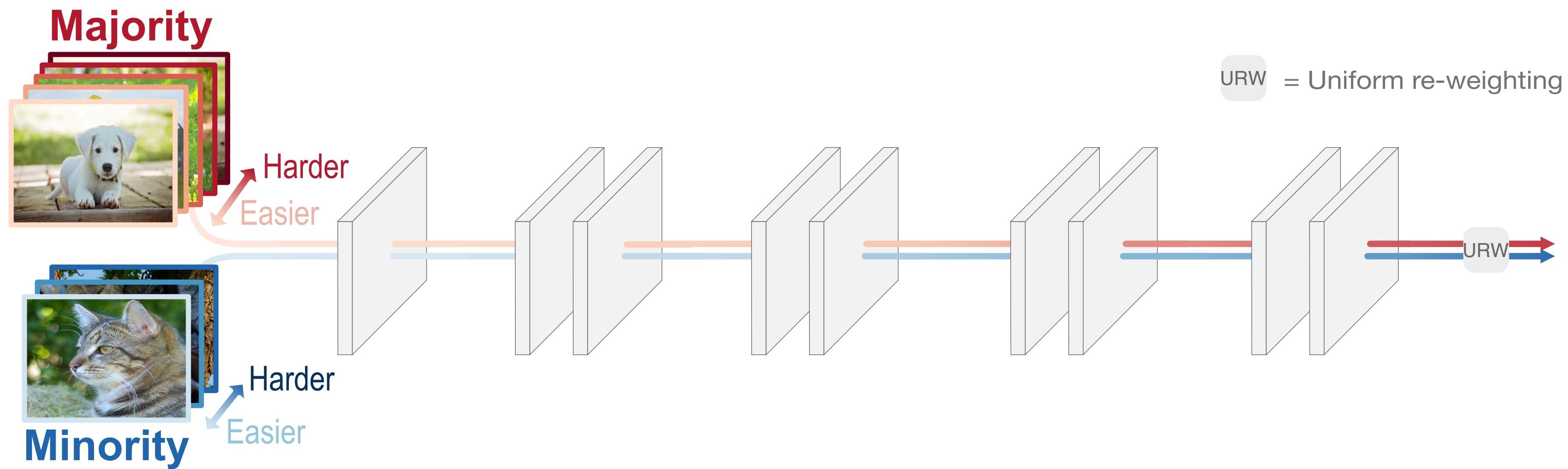
Hard?



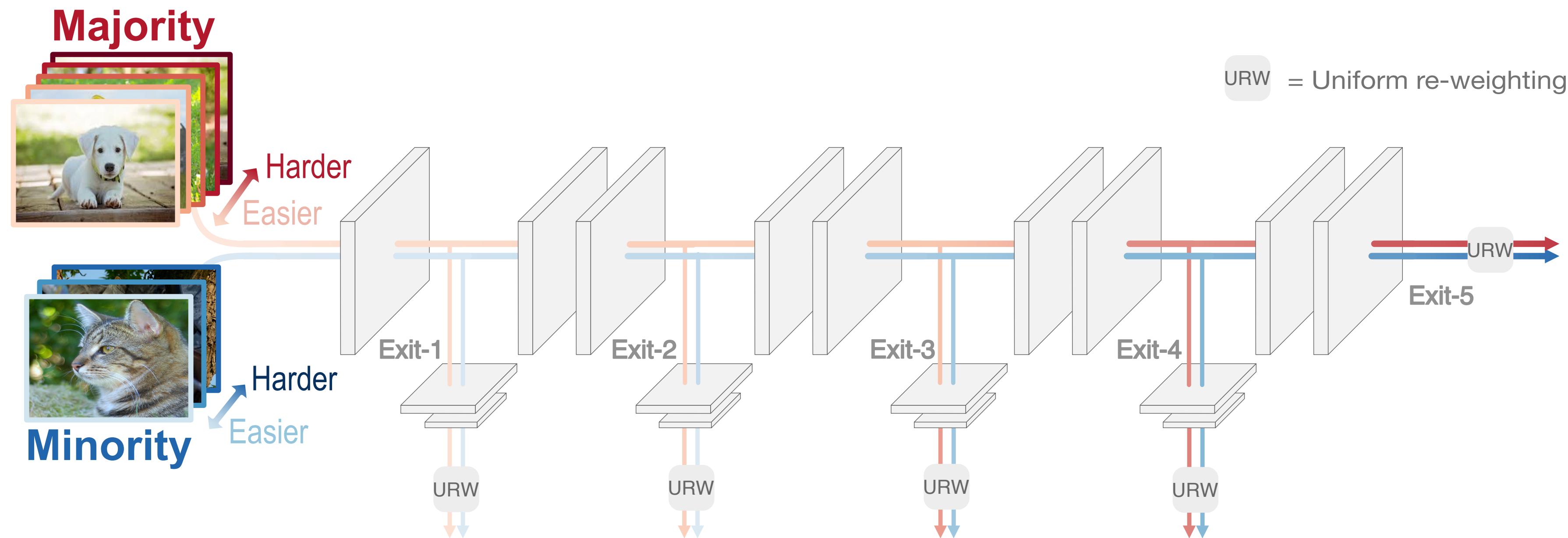
Hard?



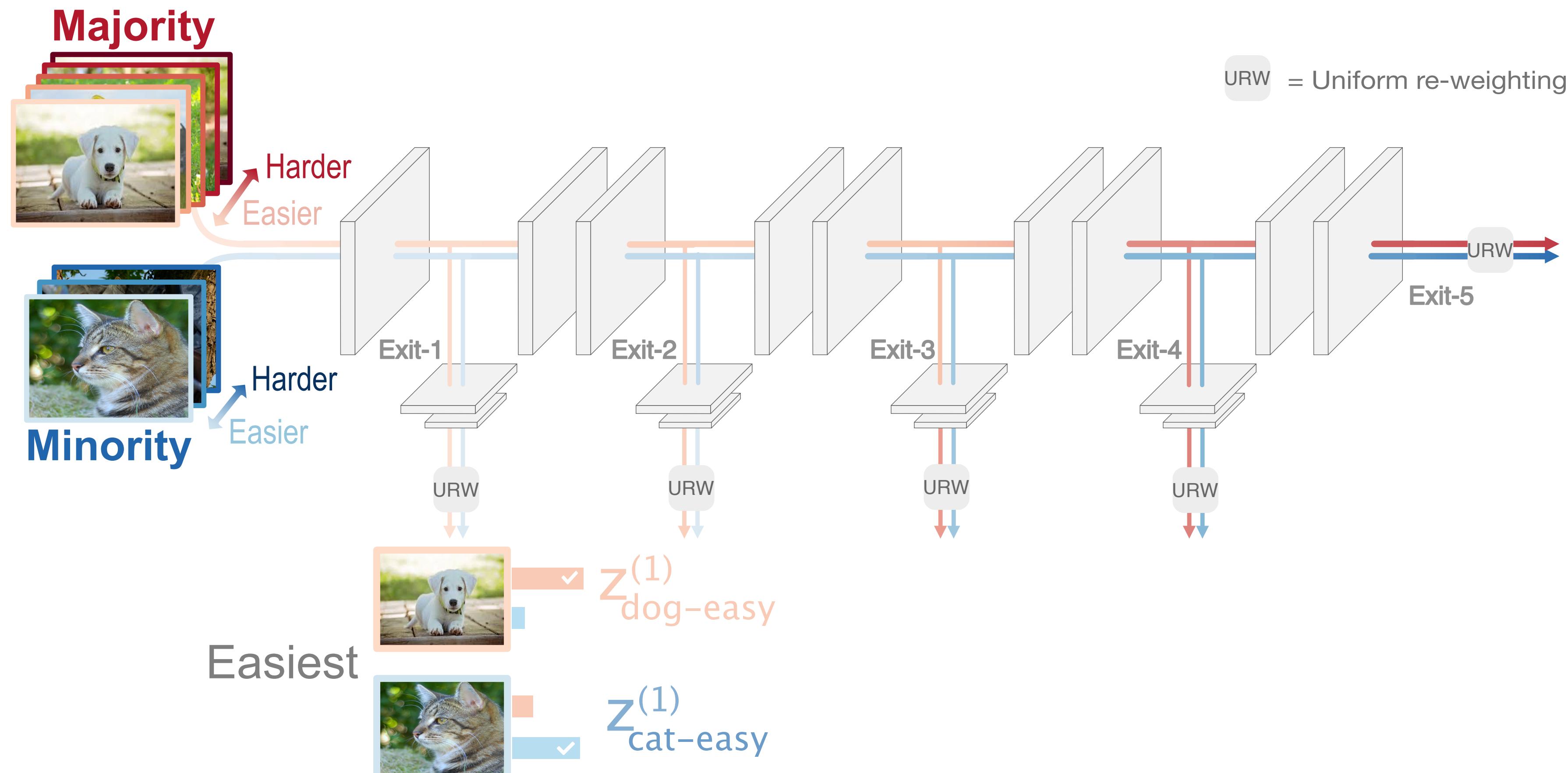
HAR Framework



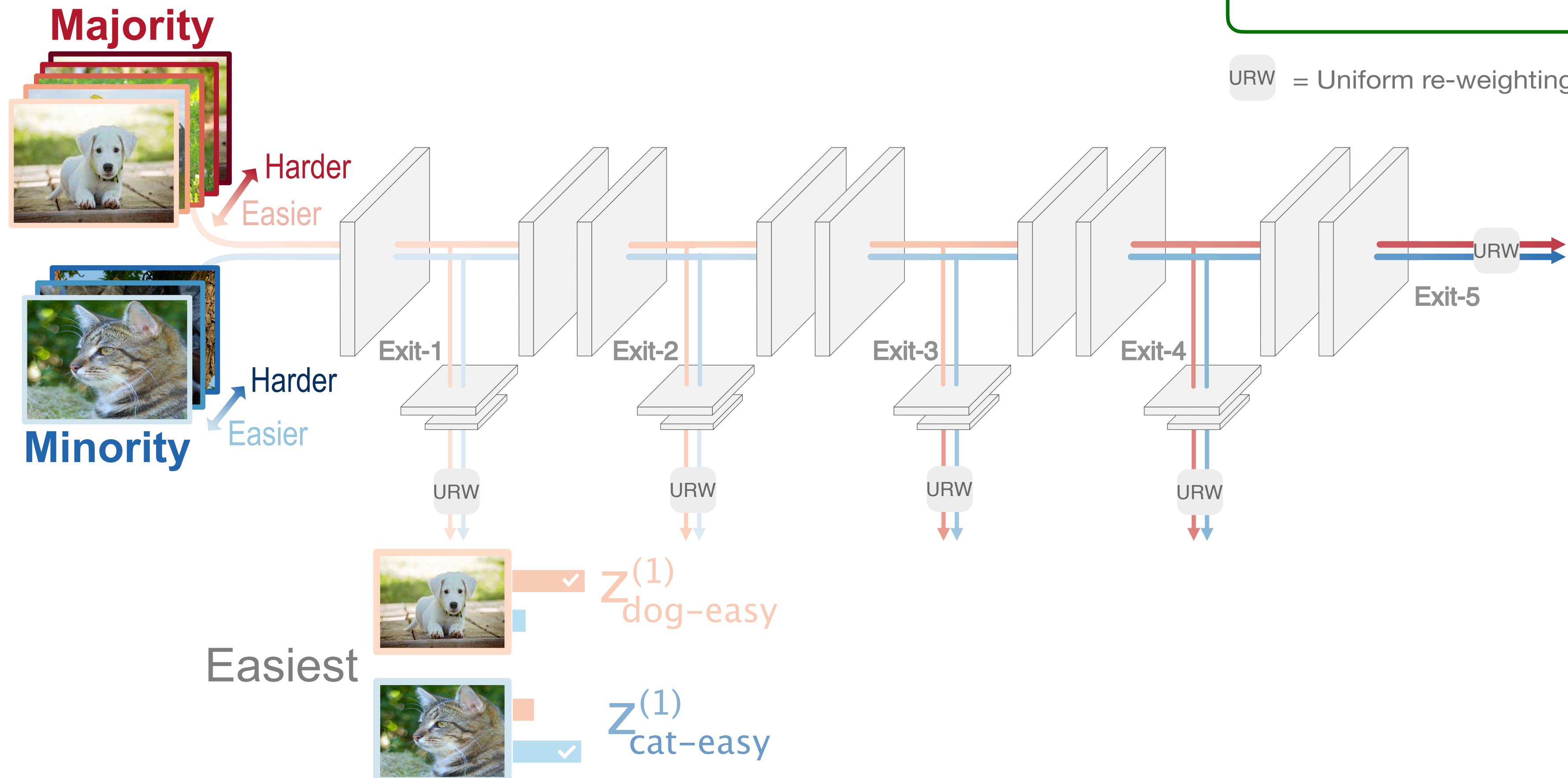
HAR Framework



HAR Framework



HAR Framework

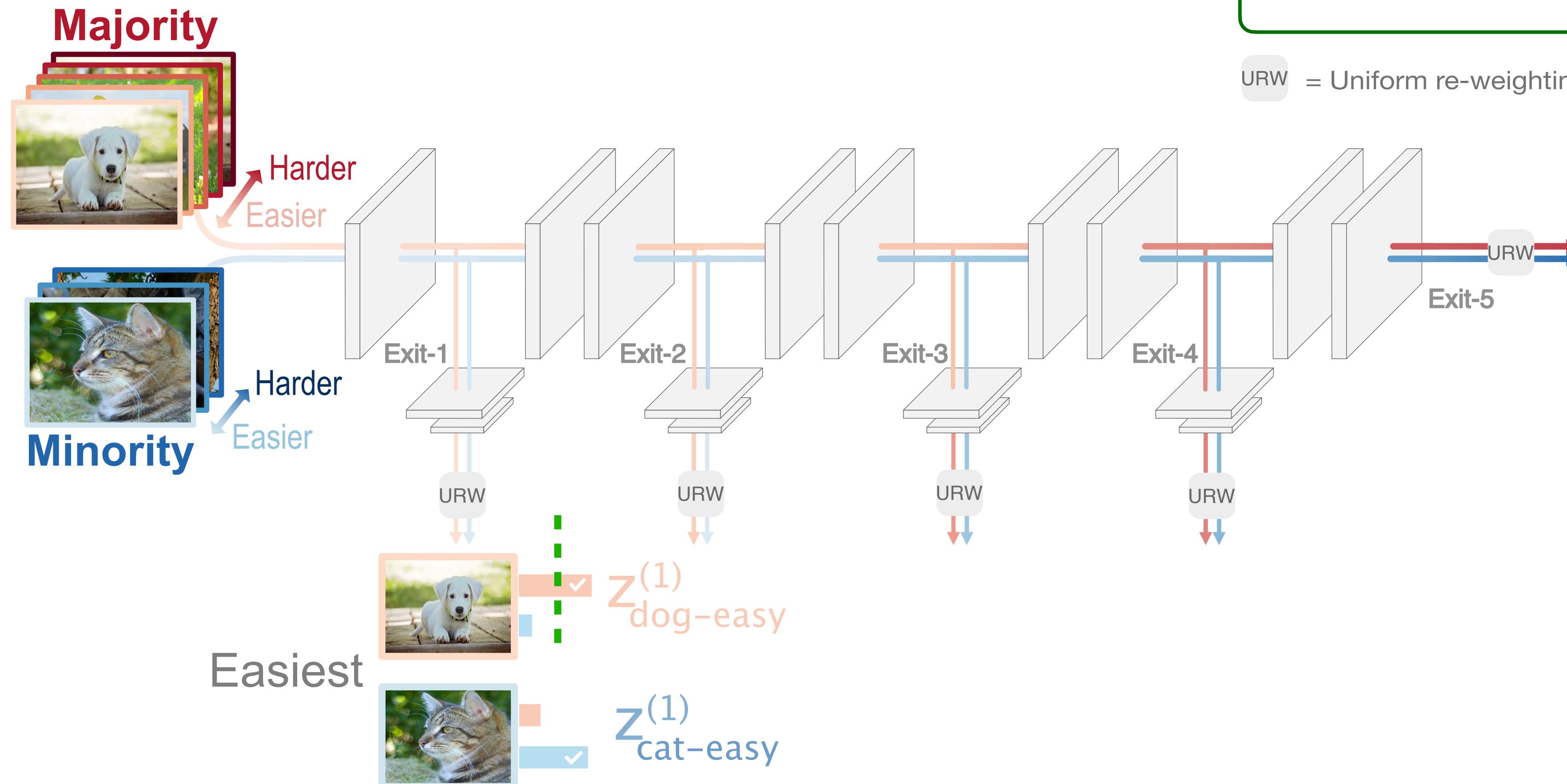


Early-Exit Conditions for Image

1. Correct

$$\operatorname{argmax}(z_{\text{dog-easy}}^{(1)}) = y_{\text{dog}}$$

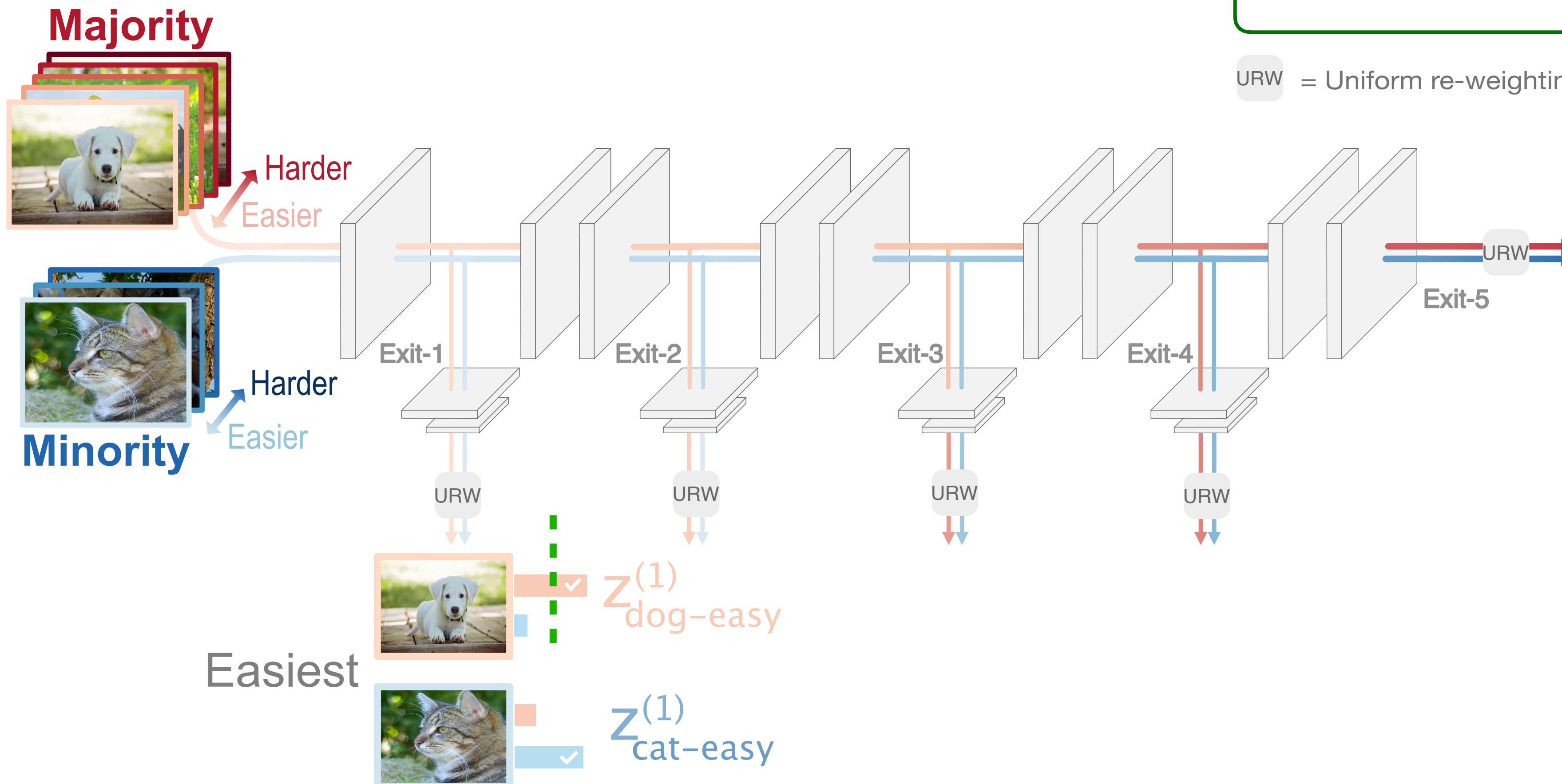
HAR Framework



Early-Exit Conditions for Image

1. Correct $\text{argmax}(z_{\text{dog-easy}}^{(1)}) = y_{\text{dog}}$
2. Confident $z_{\text{dog-easy}}^{(1)}[\text{dog}] > t$

HAR Framework

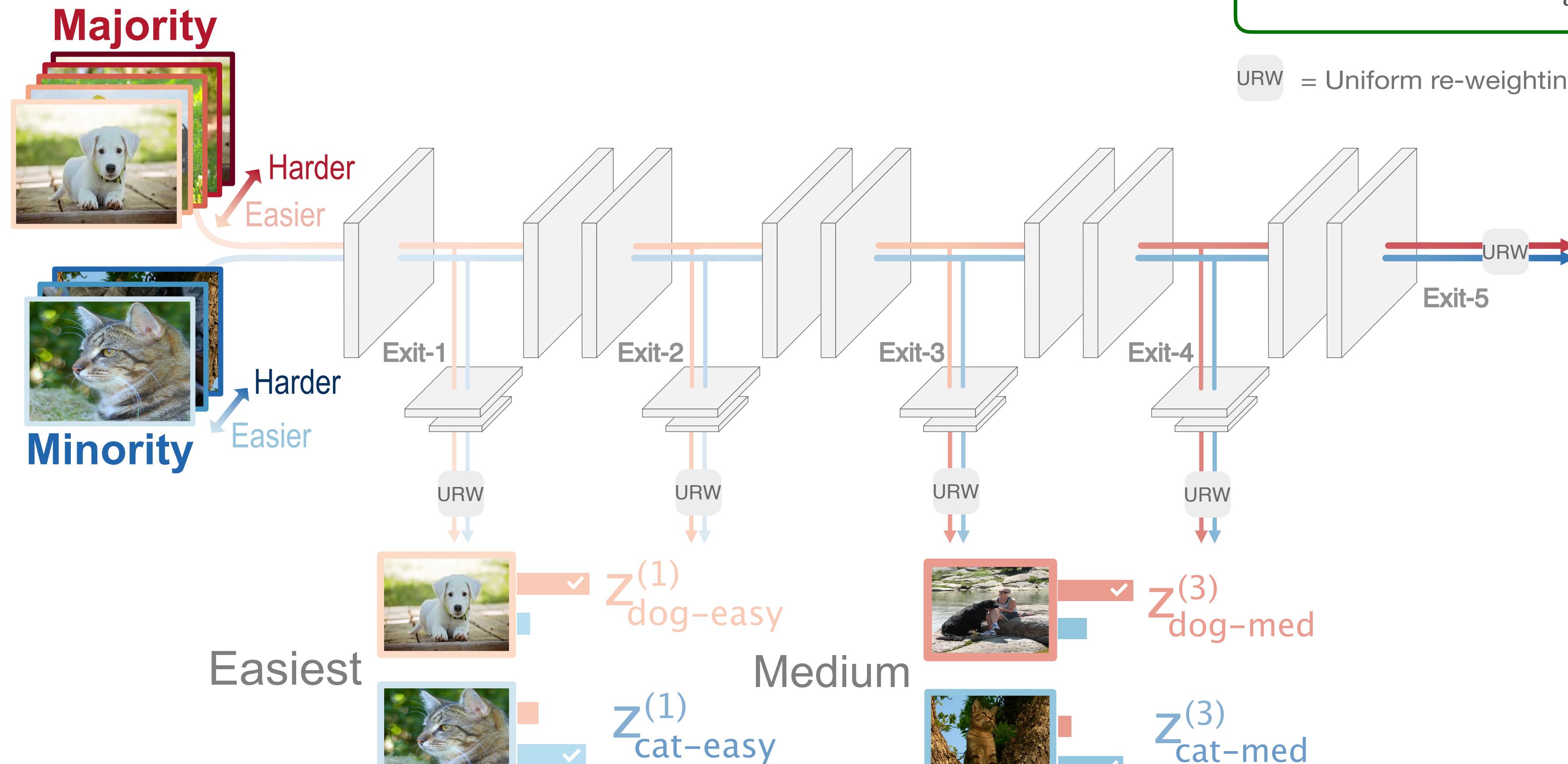


$$L_{\text{HAR}} = L(z^{(1)}, y)$$

Early-Exit Conditions for Image

1. Correct $\text{argmax}(z^{(1)}_{\text{dog-easy}}) = y_{\text{dog}}$
2. Confident $z^{(1)}_{\text{dog-easy}}[\text{dog}] > t$

HAR Framework



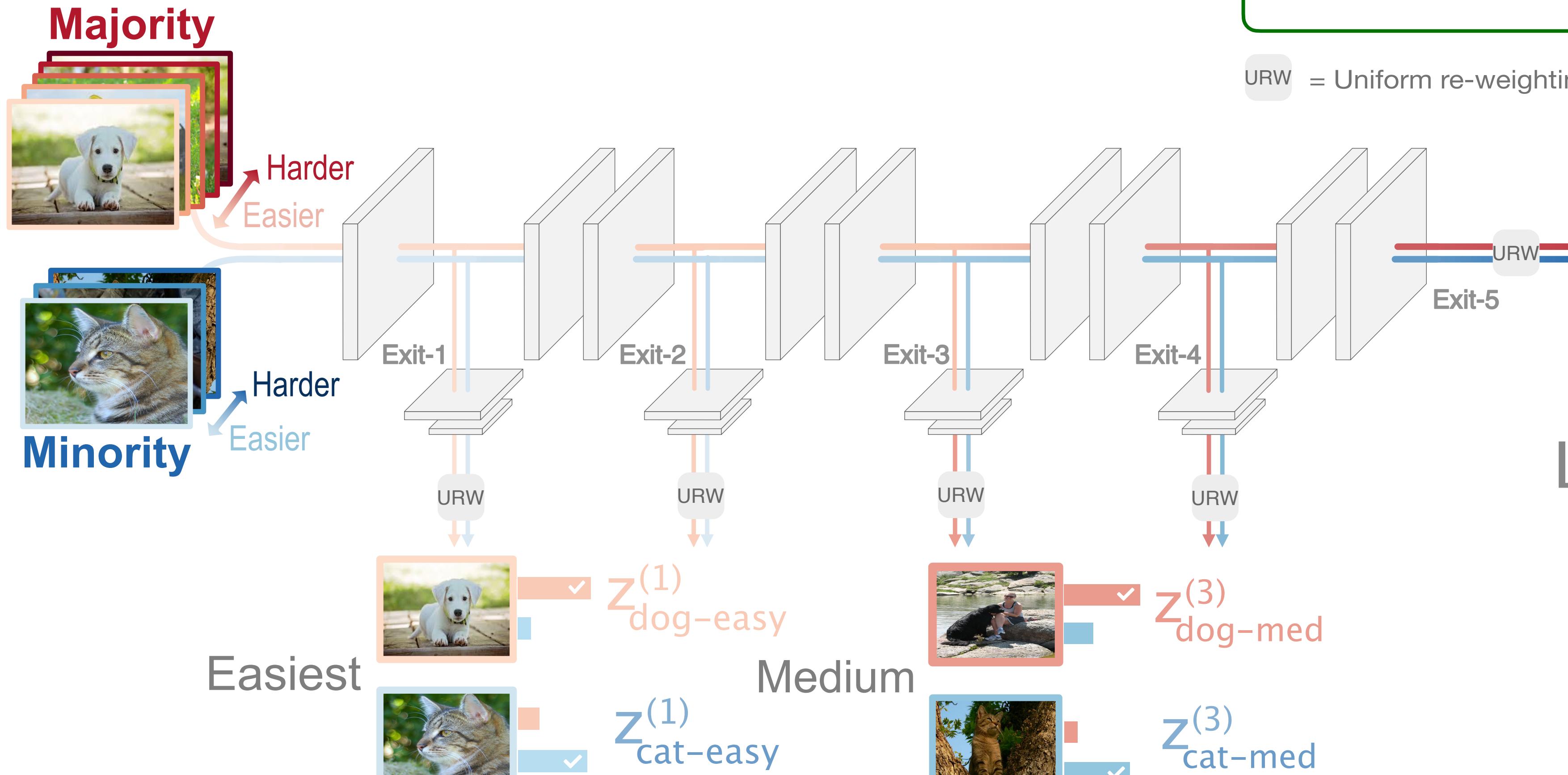
$$L_{\text{HAR}} = L(z^{(1)}, y)$$

$$L_{\text{HAR}} = L(z^{(1)}, y) + L(z^{(2)}, y) + L(z^{(3)}, y)$$

Early-Exit Conditions for Image

1. Correct $\text{argmax}(z_{\text{dog-easy}}^{(1)}) = y_{\text{dog}}$
2. Confident $z_{\text{dog-easy}}^{(1)}[\text{dog}] > t$

HAR Framework



$$L_{\text{HAR}} = L(z^{(1)}, y)$$

$$L_{\text{HAR}} = L(z^{(1)}, y) + L(z^{(2)}, y) + L(z^{(3)}, y)$$

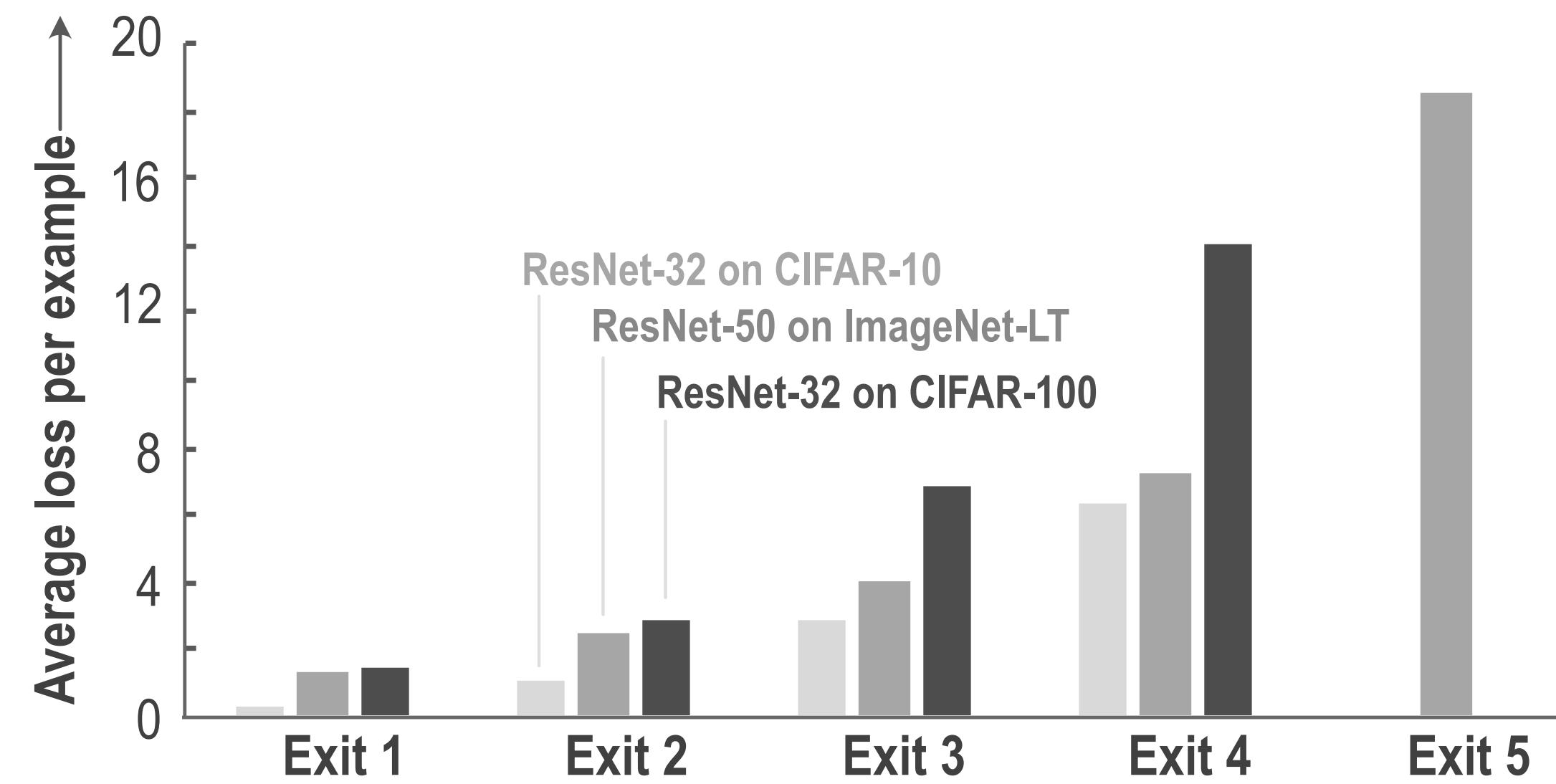
Early-Exit Conditions for Image

1. Correct $\operatorname{argmax}(z_{\text{dog-easy}}^{(1)}) = y_{\text{dog}}$
2. Confident $z_{\text{dog-easy}}^{(1)}[\text{dog}] > t$

$$L_{\text{HAR}} = \sum_{i=1}^k L(z^{(i)}, y)$$

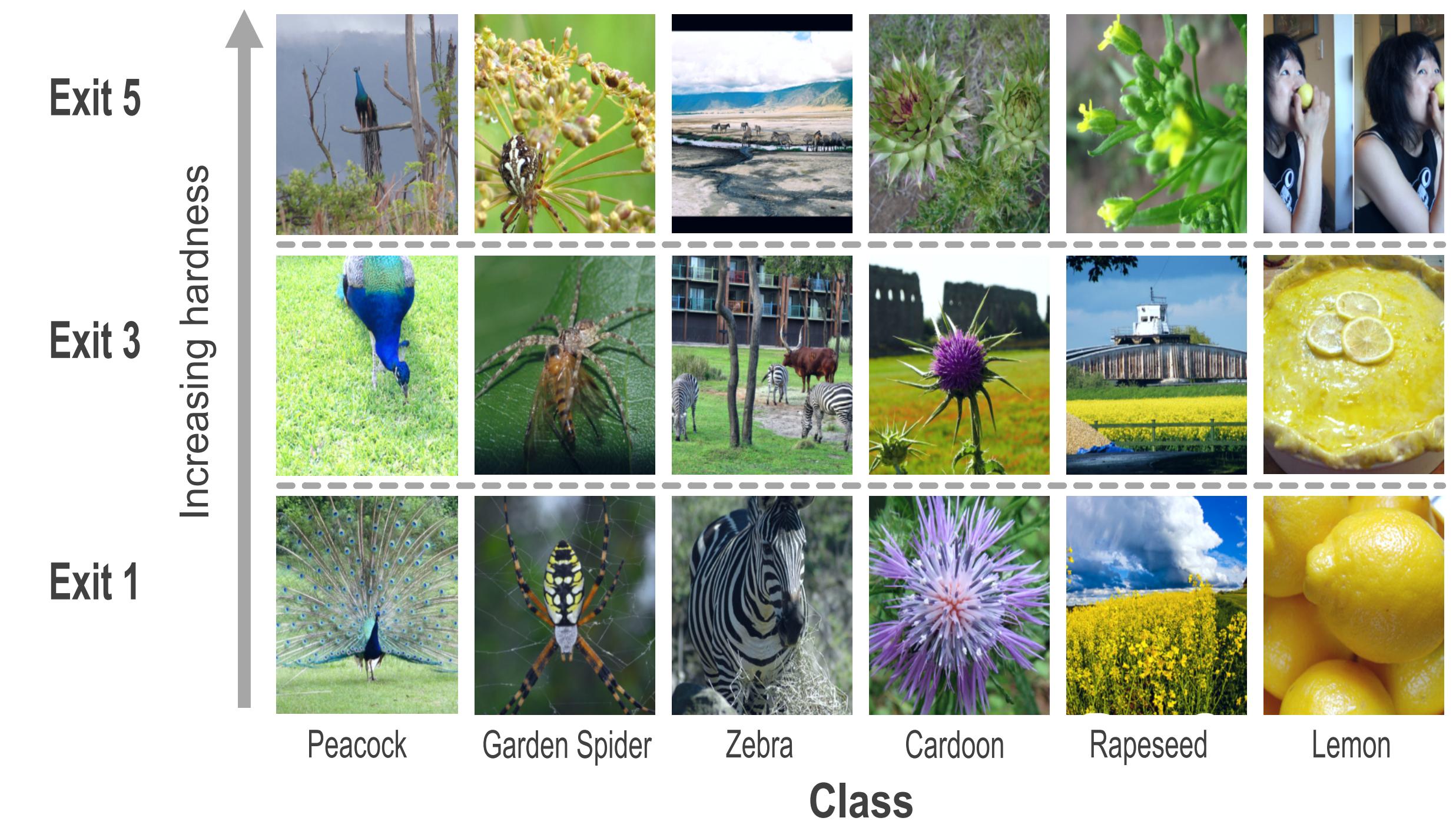
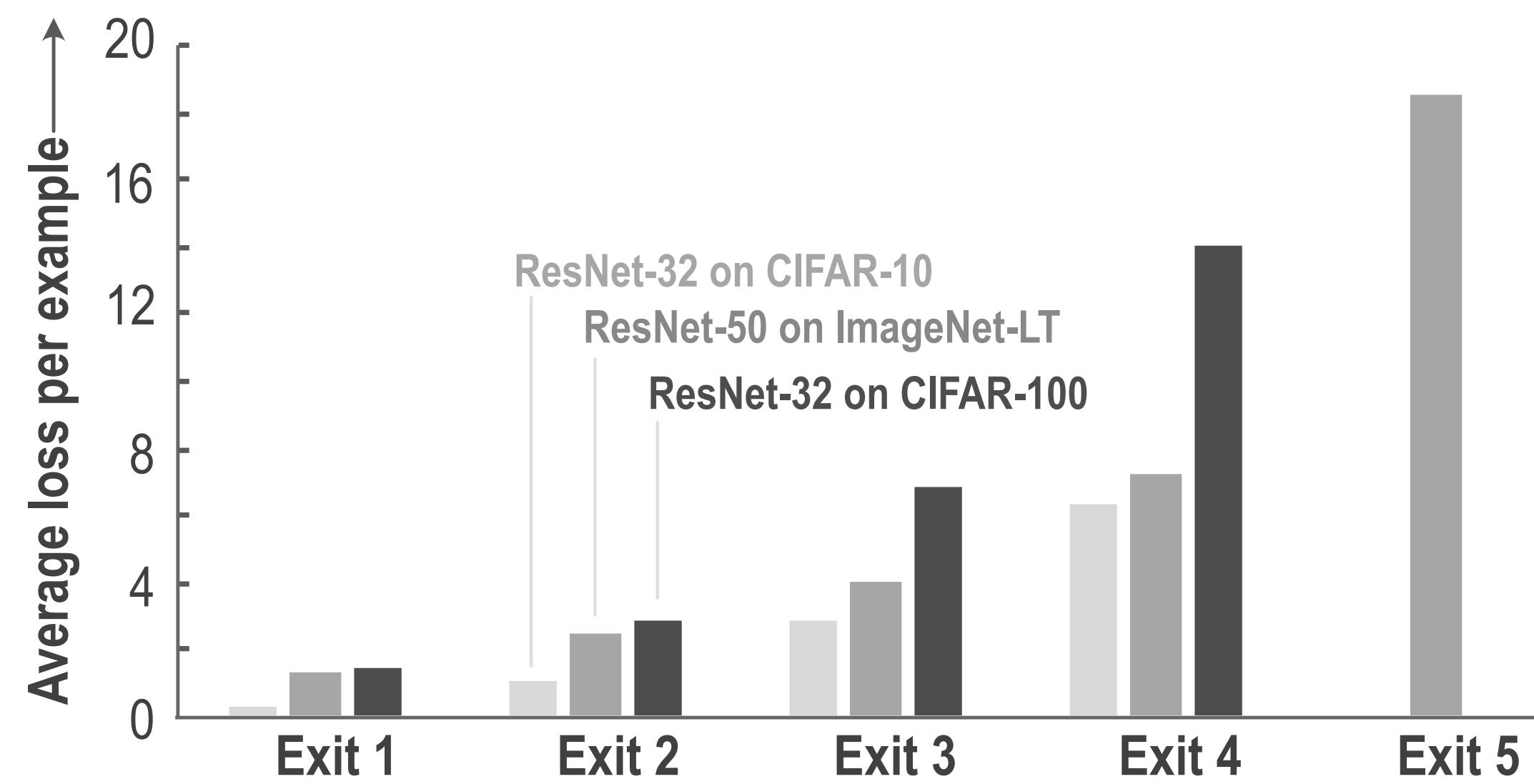
Results - 1

Outcome of early-exiting during training



Results - 1

Outcome of early-exiting during training



Results - 2

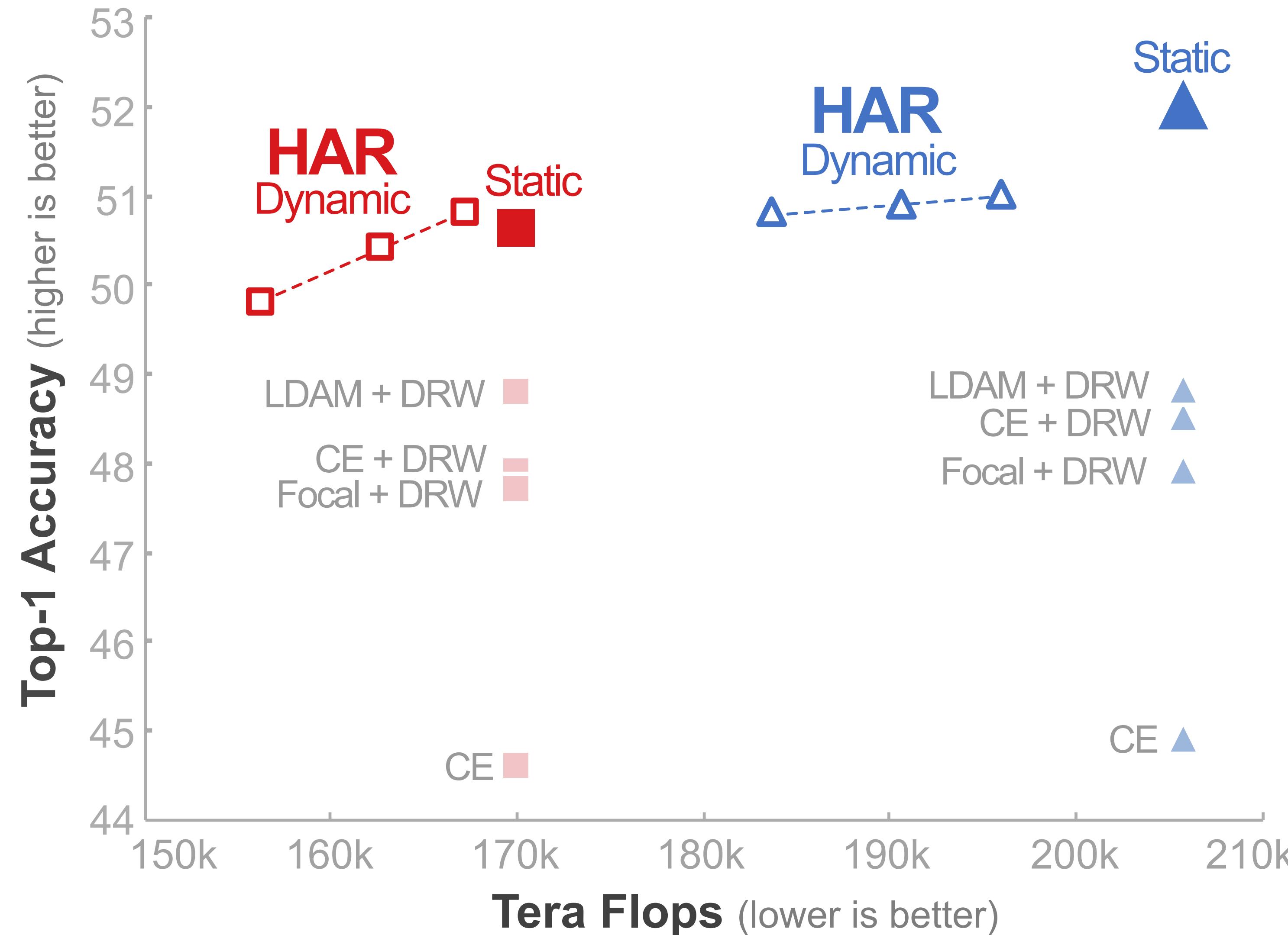
HAR's impact on accuracy

ResNet-50 on ImageNet-LT

Loss	Many	Med	Few	All
Focal ($\gamma = 0.5$)	63.5	38.5	13.6	44.7
Focal ($\gamma = 1.0$)	62.8	37.1	12.7	43.7
Focal ($\gamma = 2.0$)	62.1	36.6	11.9	43.1
CE	63.8	38.5	13.6	44.9
HAR (CE)	63.9	39.9	16.0	45.9
LDAM	64.9	39.1	12.6	45.5
HAR (LDAM)	66.3	42.4	14.2	47.8

Results - 3

HAR's impact on efficiency



Results - 3

HAR's impact on efficiency

	ImageNet LT				iNaturalist'18			
	Mny	Med	Few	All	Mny	Med	Few	All
CE [†]	63.8	38.5	13.6	44.6	72.7	63.8	58.7	62.7
CRT [6] ^{††}	58.8	44.0	26.1	47.3	69.0	66.0	63.2	65.2
LWS [6] ^{††}	57.1	45.2	29.3	47.7	65.0	66.3	65.5	65.9
τ -norm [6] ^{††}	56.6	44.2	27.4	46.7	65.6	65.3	65.9	65.6
Focal+DRW [21] [†]	59.5	44.6	27.0	47.9	66.1	66.0	64.3	65.4
CE+DRW [5] [†]	60.3	45.2	27.0	48.5	67.1	66.2	65.4	65.9
HAR(CE)+DRW (Our)	60.7	45.5	27.7	48.9	67.4	66.3	65.1	66.0
Flops Saving				21%				13%
LDAM + DRW [20] [†]	61.1	44.7	28.0	48.8	70.0	67.4	66.1	67.1
HAR(LDAM)+DRW (Our)	63.8	47.2	28.1	51.0	72.2	69.0	65.7	68.0
Flops Saving				5%				2%

Results - 3

HAR's impact on efficiency

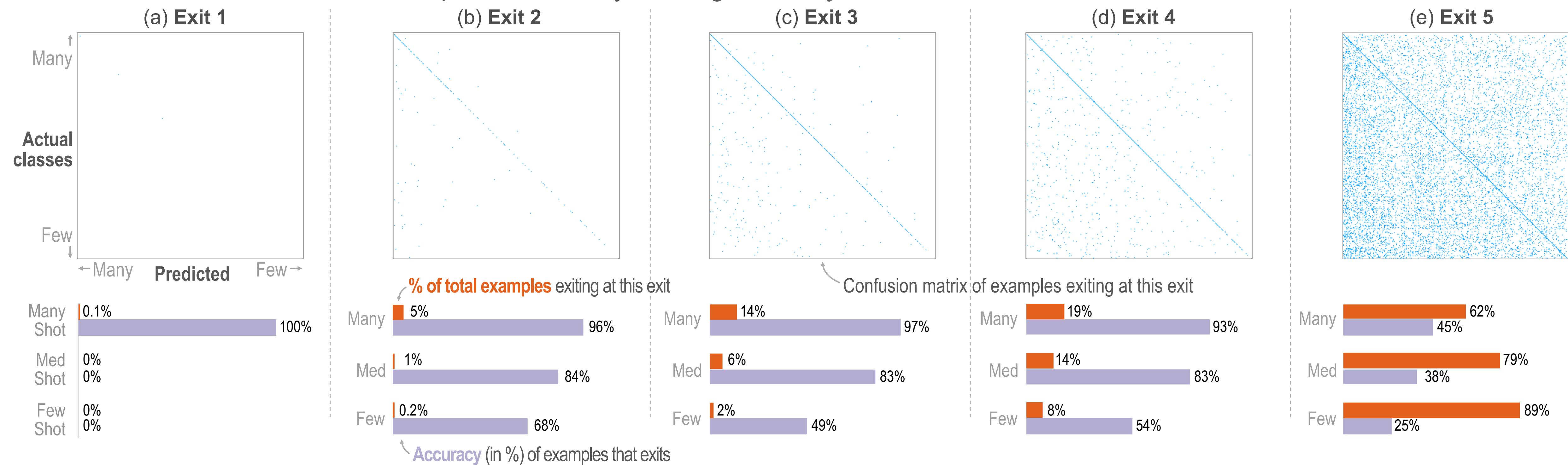
	ImageNet LT				iNaturalist'18			
	Mny	Med	Few	All	Mny	Med	Few	All
CE [†]	63.8	38.5	13.6	44.6	72.7	63.8	58.7	62.7
CRT [6] ^{††}	58.8	44.0	26.1	47.3	69.0	66.0	63.2	65.2
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HAR(CE)+DRW (Our)	60.7	45.5	27.7	48.9	67.4	66.3	65.1	66.0
Flops Saving				21%			13%	
LDAM + DRW [20] [†]	61.1	44.7	28.0	48.8	70.0	67.4	66.1	67.1
HAR(LDAM)+DRW (Our)	63.8	47.2	28.1	51.0	72.2	69.0	65.7	68.0
Flops Saving				5%			2%	

	CIFAR-10 LT			CIFAR-100 LT		
	100×	50×	10×	100×	50×	10×
CE [†]	70.4	74.8	83.6	28.3	43.9	55.7
Focal [21] ^{††}	70.4	76.7	86.7	28.4	44.3	55.8
Mixup [48] ^{††}	73.1	77.8	87.1	39.5	45.0	58.0
Manifold Mixup [49] ^{††}	73.0	78.0	87.0	38.3	43.1	56.5
CE+DRW [5] [†]	76.3	80.0	87.6	41.4	46.0	58.3
HAR(CE)+DRW (Our)	76.8	80.8	87.6	42.5	47.1	58.7
Flops saving	32%	29%	26%	11%	11%	10%
LDAM+DRW [20] [†]	77.0	81.4	87.6	42.0	46.6	58.7
HAR(LDAM)+DRW (Our)	78.1	82.4	88.0	43.1	47.5	58.9
Flops Saving	15%	21%	20%	0%	2%	3%

Results - 4

Analysis: Which examples exit early?

Predictions at earlier exits predominantly belong to many- and medium-shot classes, and are more accurate.



Results - 5

Analysis: Impact of each exit

ResNet-50 on ImageNet-LT

# early-exits	Config	Many	Med	Few	All
0	CBBBBE	61.1	44.7	28.0	48.8
1	CEBBBBE	62.3	44.9	25.9	49.0
	CBEBBBe	63.0	45.9	26.7	49.9
	CBBEBBE	63.3	46.6	27.8	50.5
	CBBBEBE	62.5	46.0	27.6	49.8
	Average	62.8	46.9	27.0	49.8
2	CEBEBBBe	63.0	46.0	27.6	50.0
	CEBBEBE	63.4	46.6	27.4	50.5
	CEBBBEBE	62.2	45.6	26.8	49.4
	CBEBEBBE	63.4	46.3	27.5	50.3
	CBEBBEBE	63.1	46.9	27.9	50.6
	Average	62.9	46.2	27.4	50.0
3	CEBEBEBBe	63.5	46.7	27.8	50.6
	CEBEBBEBE	62.6	45.7	27.7	49.8
	CEBBEBEBE	63.5	47.0	28.1	50.8
	CBEBEBEBE	63.2	46.9	28.0	50.7
	Average	63.2	46.6	28.0	50.5
4	CEBEBEBEBE	63.6	47.4	28.4	51.1

Exits in the middle
are more important

Accuracy improves
with # early exits

Conclusion

Thank you!

Hardness Aware Reweighting (HAR) framework

- Uses hardness to unlock generalization performance

Benefits of HAR

- State-of-the-art accuracy
- Compute savings during inference
- Plug and play support for existing loss functions

Extensive evaluation & ablation on 4 datasets