CHAPMAN University

Department of Computational and Data Sciences CS501 Introductory Computation for Scientists Fall 2019 Homework#5

Date Given: Sep 18, 2019 Due Date: Sep 24, 2019

There are 6 problems in this homework assignment. Write a program in Python to solve these

problems.

The following problems have been taken from a book on MATLAB. Replace the word MATLAB with Python in these problems.

> Type this matrix in MATLAB and use MATLAB to carry out the following instructions.

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 7 & -4 & 12 \\ -5 & 9 & 10 & 2 \\ 6 & 13 & 8 & 11 \\ 15 & 5 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- a. Create a vector v consisting of the elements in the second column of A.
- b. Create a vector w consisting of the elements in the second row of A.
- Type this matrix in MATLAB and use MATLAB to carry out the following instructions.

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 7 & -4 & 12 \\ -5 & 9 & 10 & 2 \\ 6 & 13 & 8 & 11 \\ 15 & 5 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- a. Create a 4×3 array B consisting of all elements in the second through fourth columns of A.
- b. Create a 3 × 4 array C consisting of all elements in the second through fourth rows of A.
- c. Create a 2×3 array D consisting of all elements in the first two rows and the last three columns of A.
- 7.* Compute the length and absolute value of the following vectors:

$$a, \mathbf{x} = [2, 4, 7]$$

b.
$$y = [2, -4, 7]$$

b.
$$y = [2, -4, 7]$$

c. $z = [5 + 3i, -3 + 4i, 2 - 7i]$

8. Given the matrix

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 7 & -4 & 12 \\ -3 & 9 & 10 & 2 \\ 6 & 13 & 8 & 11 \\ 15 & 5 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- a. Find the maximum and minimum values in each column.
- b. Find the maximum and minimum values in each row.
- 9. Given the matrix

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 7 & -4 & 12 \\ -5 & 9 & 10 & 2 \\ 6 & 13 & 8 & 11 \\ 15 & 5 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- a. Sort each column and store the result in an array B.
- b. Sort each row and store the result in an array C.
- c. Add each column and store the result in an array D.
- d. Add each row and store the result in an array E.
- Consider the following arrays.

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & 100 \\ 7 & 9 & 7 \\ 3 & \pi & 42 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{B} = \ln(\mathbf{A})$$

Write MATLAB expressions to do the following.

- a. Select just the second row of B.
- b. Evaluate the sum of the second row of B.
- c. Multiply the second column of B and the first column of A element by
- d. Evaluate the maximum value in the vector resulting from element-byelement multiplication of the second column of B with the first column of A.
- e. Use element-by-element division to divide the first row of A by the first three elements of the third column of B. Evaluate the sum of the elements of the resulting vector.