HW12

December 7, 2019

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[22]: #1a)
     b = log(2)/5500
[22]: 0.00012602676010180824
[2]: #1b)
     t = -\log(0.9)/\log(2)*5500
[2]: 836.0170139477749
 [3]: A = [4 -2 1; 68 -5; 79 10]
     B = [6 \ 9 \ -4; \ 7 \ 5 \ 3; \ -8 \ 2 \ 1]
     C = [-4 -5 2; 10 6 1; 3 -9 8]
     #2a)
     two_a = A*(B+C)
     two_b = A*B + A*C
     println(two_a)
     println(two_b)
    [-31 -13 -7; 173 147 -25; 117 57 112]
    [-31 -13 -7; 173 147 -25; 117 57 112]
[4]: #2b)
     println((A*B)*C)
     println(A*(B*C))
    [209 347 -136; 297 -111 308; 1207 562 250]
    [209 347 -136; 297 -111 308; 1207 562 250]
[5]: #3)
     function cubic(x1,y1,x2,y2,x3,y3,x4,y4)
         b = [y1; y2; y3; y4]
         A = [x1^3 x1^2 x1^1; x2^3 x2^2 x2^1; x3^3 x3^2 x3^1; x4^3 x4^2 x4^1]
     end
     println("The coefficients are " ,cubic(-2,-20,0,4,2,68,4,508))
```

The coefficients are [7.0, 5.0, -6.0, 4.0]

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[6]: #4) #The numbers are uniformly distributed with the desired mean
a = 2
b = 18
diff = b-a
r = rand(1000)
y = diff*r .+ a
using Statistics
Statistics.mean(y)
```

[6]: 9.990368891699447

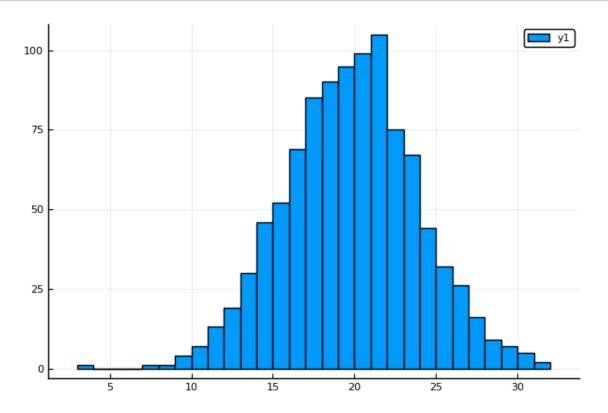
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[7]: #5) The Mean & STD match what we desired
using Random, Distributions
d = Normal(20,4)
j = rand(d,1000)
println(Statistics.mean(j))
println(Statistics.std(j))
```

19.797694112806834

4.048516862532985

[24]: using Plots Plots.histogram(j)

[24]:



```
[33]: #6)
     xx = Normal(8,sqrt(2))
     yy = Normal(15,2)
     x = rand(x, 100)
     y = rand(x, 100)
     using Statistics
     println(Statistics.mean(x))
     println(Statistics.mean(y))
     println(Statistics.var(x))
     println(Statistics.var(y))
     z1 = x + y
     z2 = x-y
     println(Statistics.mean(z1))
     println(Statistics.var(z1))
     println(Statistics.mean(z2))
     println(Statistics.var(z2))
    8.62238873868121
    9.006778607373844
    1.5890905452130304
    1.6134864282048804
    17.629167346055052
    3.0806329643713823
    -0.3843898686926336
    3.3245209824644384
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