# **Economics**

# **Textbook for Class IX**





राष्ट्रीय शैक्षिक अनुसंधान और प्रशिक्षण परिषद् NATIONAL COUNCIL OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND TRAINING

#### 0970 - Economics

Textbook for Class IX

ISBN 81-7450-517-2

#### First Edition

March 2006 Phalguna 1927

#### Reprinted

December 2006 Pausa 1928 December 2007 Agrahayana 1929 February 2009 Magha 1930 January 2010 Pausa 1931 January 2011 Magha 1932 January 2012 Magha 1933 January 2013 Pausa 1934 November 2013 Kartika 1935 December 2014 Agrahayana 1936 December 2015 Agrahayana 1937 January 2017 Pausa 1938 December 2017 Pausa 1939 February 2019 Magha 1940 December 2019 Agrahayana 1941 January 2021 Pausa 1942 December 2021 Agrahayana 1943 November 2022 Kartika 1944 March 2024 Chaitra 1946 February 2025 Magha 1946

#### PD 170T GS

© National Council of Educational Research and Training, 2006

₹ 55.00

Printed on 80 GSM paper with NCERT watermark

Published at the Publication Division by the Secretary, National Council of Educational Research and Training, Sri Aurobindo Marg, New Delhi 110 016 and printed at Manipal Technologies Limited, Udayavani Building, Press Corner, Manipal, Karnataka–576104

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### **FOREWORD**

The National Curriculum Framework (NCF), 2005, recommends that children's life at school must be linked to their life outside the school. This principle marks a departure from the legacy of bookish learning which continues to shape our system and causes a gap between the school, home and community. The syllabi and textbooks developed on the basis of NCF signify an attempt to implement this basic idea. They also attempt to discourage rote learning and the maintenance of sharp boundaries between different subject areas. We hope these measures will take us significantly further in the direction of a child-centred system of education outlined in the National Policy on Education (1986).

The success of this effort depends on the steps that school principals and teachers will take to encourage children to reflect on their own learning and to pursue imaginative activities and questions. We must recognise that given space, time and freedom, children generate new knowledge by engaging with the information passed on to them by adults. Treating the prescribed textbook as the sole basis of examination is one of the key reasons why other resources and sites of learning are ignored. Inculcating creativity and initiative is possible if we perceive and treat children as participants in learning, not as receivers of a fixed body of knowledge.

These aims imply considerable change in school routines and mode of functioning. Flexibility in the daily time-table is as necessary as rigour in implementing the annual calendar so that the required number of teaching days are actually devoted to teaching. The methods used for teaching and evaluation will also determine how effective this textbook proves for making children's life at school a happy experience, rather than a source of stress or boredom. Syllabus designers have tried to address the problem of curricular burden by restructuring and reorienting knowledge at different stages with greater consideration for child psychology and the time available for teaching. The textbook attempts to enhance this endeavour by giving higher priority and space to opportunities for contemplation and wondering, discussion in small groups, and activities requiring hands-on experience.

The National Council of Educational Research and Training (NCERT) appreciates the hard work done by the textbook development committee responsible for this book. We wish to thank the Chairperson of the advisory group in Social Sciences, Professor Hari Vasudevan and the

Chief Advisor for this book, Professor Tapas Majumdar for guiding the work of this committee. Several teachers contributed to the development of this textbook; we are grateful to their principals for making this possible. We are indebted to the institutions and organisations which have generously permitted us to draw upon their resources, material and personnel. We are especially grateful to the members of the National Monitoring Committee, appointed by the Department of Secondary and Higher Education, Ministry of Human Resource Development under the Chairmanship of Professor Mrinal Miri and Professor G.P. Deshpande, for their valuable time and contribution. As an organisation committed to systemic reform and continuous improvement in the quality of its products, NCERT welcomes comments and suggestions which will enable us to undertake further revision and refinement.

New Delhi 20 December 2005 Director
National Council of Educational
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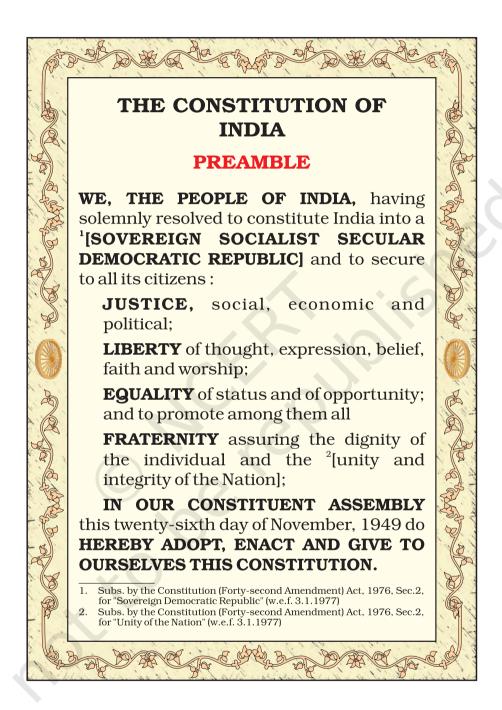
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#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The National Council of Educational Research and Training acknowledges the valuable contribution of all the individuals and organisation involved in the development of Economics textbook for Class IX.

We are grateful to Jan Breman and Parthiv Shah, for giving us permission to use photographs from their book *Working in the Mill No More*, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2005. We also acknowledge the contribution made by Arvind Sadana of Eklavya, Madhya Pradesh; Janmejoy Khuntia, *Senior Lecturer*, School of Corrrespondence Course, Delhi University.

Special thanks are due to Savita Sinha, *Professor* and *Head*, DESSH, NCERT for her constant support.

The Council also gratefully acknowledges the contributions of Dinesh Kumar, *Incharge*, Computer Station; Deependra Kumar and Achin Jain, *DTP Operators*; and Dillip Kumar Agasthi, *Proof Reader* in shaping this book. The efforts of the Publication Division, NCERT, in bringing out this book are also highly appreciated.

The Council acknowledges Krishna Kumar, *Associate Professor*, Sri Venkateswara College, Delhi University; Saurav Malhotra, *Principal*, Gurusharan Convent, Paschim Vihar, Delhi; Bhavna Singh, *TGT* Social Sciences, School of Excellence, Dwarka, South West B and Pratima Kumari, *Professor*, Economics, DESS, NCERT for updation of data, enrichment of content, and suggestions.

Along with this, the Council also acknowledges Shreya Gupta, *Proof Reader* (Contractual), Publication Division, NCERT for her contribution.

## **CONSTITUTION OF INDIA**

Part III (Articles 12 - 35)

(Subject to certain conditions, some exceptions and reasonable restrictions)

guarantees these

# **Fundamental Rights**

#### Right to Equality

- before law and equal protection of laws;
- irrespective of religion, race, caste, sex or place of birth;
- of opportunity in public employment;
- by abolition of untouchability and titles.

#### Right to Freedom

- of expression, assembly, association, movement, residence and profession;
- of certain protections in respect of conviction for offences;
- of protection of life and personal liberty;
- of free and compulsory education for children between the age of six and fourteen years;
- of protection against arrest and detention in certain cases.

#### Right against Exploitation

- for prohibition of traffic in human beings and forced labour;
- for prohibition of employment of children in hazardous jobs.

#### Right to Freedom of Religion

- freedom of conscience and free profession, practice and propagation of religion;
- freedom to manage religious affairs;
- freedom as to payment of taxes for promotion of any particular religion;
- freedom as to attendance at religious instruction or religious worship in educational institutions wholly maintained by the State.

#### **Cultural and Educational Rights**

- for protection of interests of minorities to conserve their language, script and culture;
- for minorities to establish and administer educational institutions of their choice.

#### Right to Constitutional Remedies

• by issuance of directions or orders or writs by the Supreme Court and High Courts for enforcement of these Fundamental Rights.

# **CONTENTS**

Foreword	iii
CHATPER 1	
The Story of Village Palampur	1
Chapter 2	
People as Resource	16
Chapter 3	
Poverty as a Challenge	29
Chapter 4	
Food Security in India	42

# **Constitution of India**

Part IV A (Article 51 A)

## **Fundamental Duties**

It shall be the duty of every citizen of India —

- (a) to abide by the Constitution and respect its ideals and institutions, the National Flag and the National Anthem;
- (b) to cherish and follow the noble ideals which inspired our national struggle for freedom;
- (c) to uphold and protect the sovereignty, unity and integrity of India;
- (d) to defend the country and render national service when called upon to do so;
- (e) to promote harmony and the spirit of common brotherhood amongst all the people of India transcending religious, linguistic and regional or sectional diversities; to renounce practices derogatory to the dignity of women;
- (f) to value and preserve the rich heritage of our composite culture;
- (g) to protect and improve the natural environment including forests, lakes, rivers, wildlife and to have compassion for living creatures;
- (h) to develop the scientific temper, humanism and the spirit of inquiry and reform;
- (i) to safeguard public property and to abjure violence;
- (j) to strive towards excellence in all spheres of individual and collective activity so that the nation constantly rises to higher levels of endeavour and achievement;
- \*(k) who is a parent or guardian, to provide opportunities for education to his child or, as the case may be, ward between the age of six and fourteen years.

**Note:** The Article 51A containing Fundamental Duties was inserted by the Constitution (42nd Amendment) Act, 1976 (with effect from 3 January 1977).

\*(k) was inserted by the Constitution (86th Amendment) Act, 2002 (with effect from 1 April 2010).