

Obverse is True

#quiz

1. The o____(1) of the coin had an image of a famous historical figure.
2. His l____(2) remarks for the speaker were met with a round of applause.
3. The a____(3) was responsible for managing the distribution of resources.
4. He struggled to c____(4) the complex legal document.
5. The teacher emphasized the importance of a precise c____(5) of the text.
6. She took u____(6) at his rude comment and left the room.
7. A great c____(7) b____ the city when the earthquake struck.
8. He tried to i____(8) his children with the value of hard work.
9. Death is an i____(9) fact of life.
10. The sound of his phone ringing served to i____(10) upon the quiet room.
11. He found the i____(11) questioning from his nosy neighbor to be annoying.
12. She found the new job to be c____(12) and a good fit for her personality.
13. He had a p____(13) for spicy food, and always ordered the hottest dish on the menu.
14. The p____(14) motion machine was long thought to be impossible to create.
15. When he was a child, he used to deliver newspapers as part of his p____(15) r____(16).
16. The team suffered a ____ (17) in the championship game.
17. She served as a c____(18) for her friend during the golf tournament.
18. The s____(19) c____(20) of the lecture were summarized in the final slide.
19. The job required a high level of a____(21) in mathematics and science.
20. The castle was surrounded by a m____(22) as a defensive measure.
21. The c____(23) of the two roads created a traffic bottleneck in the center of town.
22. Their views on the topic were c____(24), and they agreed on most points.
23. The oversupply of food caused a g____(25) in the market.
24. The car had no r____(26) value, and was only sold for s____(27) v____(28).
25. The antique vase was damaged, but still had some s____(29) value.
26. They sold the old car for s____(30) to a local junkyard.
27. They decided to go skydiving on a l____(31), despite their fear of heights.
28. He ate the bizarre food combination for a l____(32), just to try something new.
29. He needed to m____(33) it s____(34) in people's minds, so he repeated his message multiple times throughout the meeting.

1. Obverse - the side of a coin or medal that shows the main design or inscription, usually the head of a person.

2. Laudatory - expressing praise and admiration, often in an excessive or insincere way.
3. Agency - an organization established to provide a particular service, usually on behalf of a group or government.
4. Construe - to interpret or understand the meaning of something, often a text or language.
5. Construal - the interpretation or understanding of something, often a text or language.
6. Umbrage - offense or annoyance taken at a remark or action, often seen as unjustified.
7. Befall - to happen or occur, often unexpectedly or as a misfortune.
8. Imbue - to inspire or saturate someone or something with a particular quality or feeling.
9. Ineluctable - unable to be avoided or escaped, inevitably.
10. Intrude - to enter or be present somewhere without invitation or authorization.
11. Intrusive - causing annoyance or discomfort by intruding on someone's privacy or personal space.
12. Congenial - pleasant or friendly, often referring to a person or environment.
13. Penchant - a strong liking or tendency towards something, often a particular activity or behavior.
14. Perpetual - continuing or happening repeatedly, without interruption or end.
15. Paper route - a regular delivery route for newspapers, often for a contracted period of time.
16. Drub or Licking - a beating or defeat by a large margin.
17. Caddy - a person who carries a golfer's clubs during a round of golf.
18. Salient concepts - important or prominent ideas or principles that are significant in understanding something.
19. Aptitude - a natural ability or talent for doing something well.
20. A moat - a deep, wide ditch surrounding a fortified structure, often filled with water.
21. Convergence - the act of coming together or meeting at a point or place.
22. Convergent - coming closer together or tending to meet at a point.
23. A glut - an excessive supply or amount of something, often leading to a decrease in value or demand.
24. Scrap value - the monetary value of a material or object when it is sold for parts or recycling.
25. Salvage value - the monetary value of an object or property after it has been damaged, lost, or destroyed.
26. Scrap - discarded material, often for recycling or reuse.
27. On a lark - as a spontaneous and often reckless decision, without much thought or preparation.
28. For a lark - for fun or as a way to amuse oneself, often without serious intention or consequence.

29. Make it stick - to ensure that something is remembered or retained, often by repeating or reinforcing the message or information.

1. obverse
2. laudatory
3. agency
4. construe
5. construal
6. umbrage
7. calamity
8. imbue
9. ineluctable
10. intrude
11. intrusive
12. congenial
13. penchant
14. perpetual
15. paper
16. route
17. drubbing
18. caddy
19. salient
20. concepts
21. aptitude
22. moat
23. convergence
24. convergent
25. glut
26. resale
27. scrap
28. value
29. salvage
30. scrap
31. lark
32. lark
33. make
34. stick