# Project Plan for a Time Series Visualization Framework

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#### 1 Motivation

In today's society data plays a import role in many different ways. For instance, businesses are using large amount of data to predict consumer behavior to satisfy their demand. Often time plays a essential role in these data sets. For example, the consumption of electricity does not only depend on the time of the day but also on the day of the week and other seasonal effects. Such data sets are usually referred to as time series (i.e. two-or higher-dimensional data with time as one dimension).

When dealing with time series usually one of the first steps in the analysis process is the visualization of the data. The graphical representation can already give some great insights in properties of the data. For example, a simple visual inspection can already show some patterns, trends or seasonal effects without the use of statistical methods. These properties are important since they have to be considered in the modeling of the time series. The goal of our project is to create a web-based framework that allows the user to perform this initial visual inspection of the time series in a convenient but sophisticated way.

## 2 Project Description

The time series visualization framework mainly consists of of a front-end and a back-end part. This architectural design choice implies a clear separation of concerns. The back-end will be implemented in Python and is used for the processing of the data while the HTML/JavaScript front-end is used to present different views to the user.

One of the main responsibilities of the back-end application is the process of importing the data. Currently we plan to provide three different ways to load data from an external source:

- 1. **File import**: The most common way is a simple import of the data from files on the local file system. All supported import file formats are not specified yet, however, the usual formats such as .csv or .tsv should work with the application.
- 2. External APIs: This import method could be used to easily explore data sets which are available on data set hosting sites. For example, the well-known Time Series Data Library (TSDL) is hosted on www.DataMarket.com and could be accessed via an API.
- 3. **Sockets**: This import method could be used to explore data which is collected in real-time (e.g. sensor data). However, further research is required to investigate the design of such interface for socket connections that provide data over time.

After the time series data was imported it should be stored in a appropriate model. For this task we'll use the data analysis library pandas since it provides convenient highperformance data structures to store, access, and manipulate the data. Other advantages of pandas are the support of operations on temporal data (e.g. slicing or filtering) and the support of other libraries (e.g. NumPy) for pandas data structures.

Another important part of the back-end is the visualization engine. Its main responsibility is the processing of the time series to create visualization primitives (i.e. it transforms the data into a representation that can later be rendered by the front-end). The visualization engine provides a RESTful API for its functionality, which is another part of the back-end. This allows the front-end to send simple HTTP requests to get visualizations of the time series.

#### 3 Timetable

Table 1 shows some time estimates for the duration of different tasks from various areas of the project.

Task	Duration [h]
Research	
- foo sub tasks	42
- bar sub tasks	42
Other Task	
- foo sub tasks	42
- bar sub tasks	42

Table 1: Estimation for various sub tasks of the project.

### 4 Responsibilities

Manuel Haid foo

Thomas Mauerhofer bar Matthias Wölbitsch baz