Processing Web Data With XML And XSLT

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About Us

Syncro Soft

- Offer solution for XML authoring and publishing
- Have both stand-alone and web-based applications
- See more at <u>sync.ro</u>, <u>oxygenxml.com</u>

















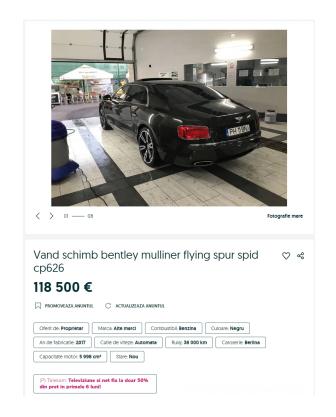


Feedback



Goal

Extract data from a public site and store it in a well formatted structure.



```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ad>
 <title> Schimb Daewoo Cielo </title>
  <spec type="Oferit de">Proprietar</spec>
  <spec type="Marca">Daewoo</spec>
  <spec type="Model">Cielo</spec>
  <spec type="Culoare">Albastru</spec>
  <spec type="Combustibil">Benzina</spec>
  <spec type="Cutie de viteze">Manuala</spec>
  <spec type="An de fabricatie">2004 </spec>
  <spec type="Rulaj">145 264 km</spec>
  <spec type="Caroserie">Berlina</spec>
  <spec type="Capacitate motor">1 500 cm</spec>
  <spec type="Stare">Utilizat</spec>
  <description>
         Schimb Cielo mai ofer 1000 de lei diferenta
        . Masina se afla in stare buna
       VIN: WDDDJ72X97A116339
       . Consumabile recent schimbate
       . Ulei
       . Filtru de ulei
       . Filtru de aer
       . Filtru de combustibil
       . Pivoti
       . Bielete
       . Capete de bara
       . Bucsele
       . Rulmenti la roata
       . Placutele de frana
```



Note:

- GitHub repository: https://github.com/dumitrubogdanmihai/processing-web-data-with-xml-and-xslt
- Questions



About

The course will have two parts:

- Day 1: acquire data
 - design and implement the crawler
- Day 2: process data
 - store raw data in XML
 - process data with XSLT
 - query it by using XPath



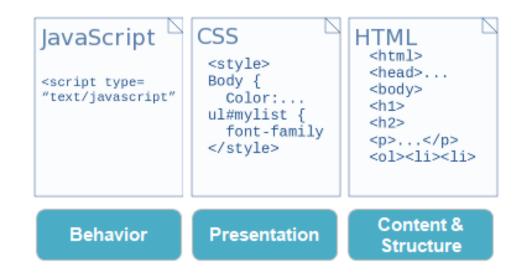
Today's Agenda

- How Browsers Work
- What is a Web Crawler
- How to Control Browsers with Selenium
- Live Coding



How Browsers Work?

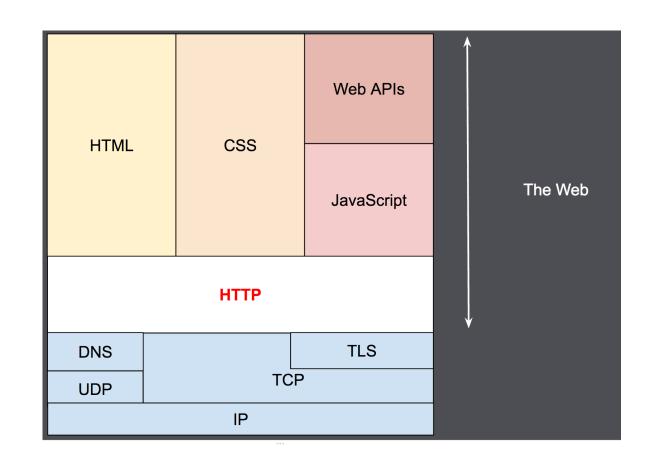
- HTML (Hypertext Markup Language)
 - define structure and/or content
- CSS (Cascading Style Sheets)
 - define rendering
 - colors, sizes, fonts, etc
- JS (JavaScript)
 - define behavior
 - what function to call when a button is pressed





How Browsers Work?

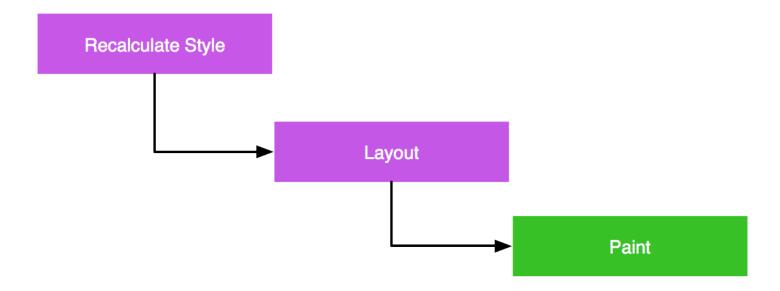
- Rendering process:
 - retrieve HTML
 - retrieve CSS and JS
 - execute JS
 - compute styles
 - do layout
 - paint





How Browsers Work?

Rendering process

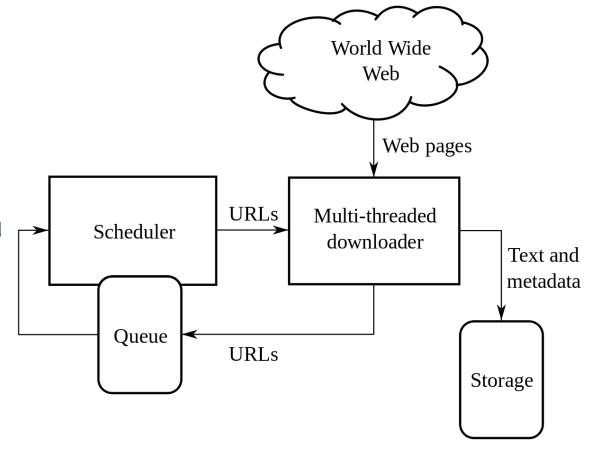




What is a Web Crawler

• A web crawler (or spider) is an agent that browse the web with the purpose of extracting or indexing data.

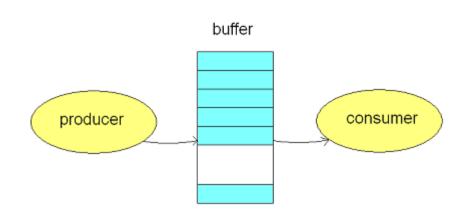
• It may or may not be bounded to a specific domain.





Crawler Design

- Producer
 - generates/supply new URLs of interest from where data is extracted
- Buffer
 - store the target URLs
 - must be thread-safe
 - usually it is a Queue data structure
- Consumer
 - extract data from each URL popped from buffer





How to get data from a web site?

Why basic HTTP requests aren't enough?

- Rarely websites sent data together with the HTML
 - usually the meaningful data is retrieved through async requests
 - to render First Meaningful Paint ASAP
 - to render data in chunks
- curl -vvv https://www.olx.ro/



How to get data from a web site?

The safe approach:

- Let the browser completely load the page
 - (all requests are finished)
- Get the whole HTML or just parts of it



How to Control Browsers

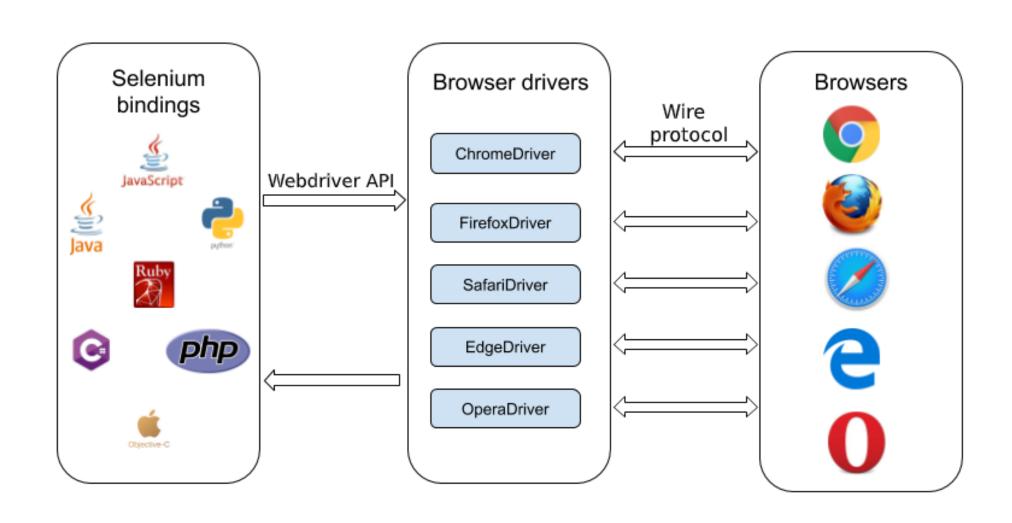
Selenium

- Can control browsers:
 - open an URL
 - click a button
 - etc.
- Retrieve data from browsers:
 - page content
 - position or size of an element
 - etc.





How Selenium Works





Important Note!

Each specific WebDriver version have a bounded interval of browser versions that is compatible with.

Firefox:

https://firefox-source-docs.mozilla.org/testing/geckodriver/Support.html

Chrome:

https://sites.google.com/a/chromium.org/chromedriver/downloads



Other Use Cases

- Web crawling
- Web indexing
- Automated testing





Configure Project

Prerequisites

- JDK (1.8 or higher)
- Maven



Configure Project

- Google Chrome (v83.0)
 - https://www.google.com/chrome/
- Chrome Driver (v83.0)
 - https://chromedriver.chromium.org/downloads
 - set the webdriver.chrome.driver system property
- Selenium Java (v3.1)
 - pom.xml
 - <dependency>
 - <groupId>org.seleniumhq.selenium</groupId>
 - <artifactId>selenium-java</artifactId>
 - <version>3.141.59</version>
 - </dependency>



Let's Code

- Define interfaces for producer and consumer
- Implement them





Let's Test It

We'll add a few unit tests

- JUnit
- pom.xml:
 - <dependency>
 - <groupId>junit</groupId>
 - <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
 - <version>4.12</version>
 - <scope>test</scope>
 - </dependency>



Made it faster

- run headless
- use fast selectors
- re-use browser instance
- pre-populate cookies
- do not load images



What can go wrong?

- Ban
 - IP ban
 - Geo-restrictions
 - Cookie restriction
 - Honeypot traps
- Captcha
- Changes in URL scheme or in HTML structure



What to prevent wrong things to happen?

- Ban
 - respect robots.txt
 - change User Agent
 - clear cookies
- Captcha
 - it's immoral to bypass captchas
 - it may be even illegal to do so
- Changes in URL scheme or in HTML structure
 - automated tests



Bonus

How to write tests using Selenium

- Open the page
 - driver.get("https://localhost:8080")
- Do an action
 - driver.findElement(By.cssSelector(".class-name"))
 - element.click()
- Assert the expected outcome
 - assertEquals("Expected State", element.getText())

THANK YOU!

Any questions?

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