Lecture 04.2 Logical Indexing updated

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1 Logical indexing in Pandas

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```
[1]: import pandas as pd
```

1.0.1 Logical indexing

Logical indexing is an extremely powerful way to pull data out of a frame. For example, with the stacked data frame, let's pull out only wind generation.

To get started we're going to work with a different data set. Same as before, but the values are "stacked", as you can see here:

```
[2]: caiso_data_stack = pd.read_csv('CAISO_2017to2018_stack.csv', index_col=0)
    caiso_data_stack.head()
```

```
[2]:
                                Source
                                          MWh
     2017-08-29 00:00:00
                            GEOTHERMAL
                                         1181
     2017-08-29 00:00:00
                               BIOMASS
                                          340
     2017-08-29 00:00:00
                                BIOGAS
                                          156
     2017-08-29 00:00:00
                           SMALL HYDRO
                                          324
     2017-08-29 00:00:00
                            WIND TOTAL
                                         1551
```

First, I'll show you a boolean series based on comparisons to the 'Source' data column:

```
[3]: wind_indx = (caiso_data_stack['Source'] == 'WIND TOTAL')
wind_indx
```

```
[3]: 2017-08-29 00:00:00
                             False
     2017-08-29 00:00:00
                             False
     2017-08-29 00:00:00
                             False
     2017-08-29 00:00:00
                             False
     2017-08-29 00:00:00
                              True
     2018-08-28 23:00:00
                             False
     2018-08-28 23:00:00
                             False
     2018-08-28 23:00:00
                              True
     2018-08-28 23:00:00
                             False
```

```
2018-08-28 23:00:00 False
Name: Source, Length: 61320, dtype: bool
```

Now we can embed that inside the .loc method:

```
[4]: caiso_data_stack.loc[wind_indx,:]
```

```
[4]:
                               Source
                                        MWh
     2017-08-29 00:00:00
                           WIND TOTAL
                                       1551
     2017-08-29 01:00:00
                           WIND TOTAL
                                       1556
     2017-08-29 02:00:00
                           WIND TOTAL
                                       1325
     2017-08-29 03:00:00
                           WIND TOTAL
                                       1158
     2017-08-29 04:00:00
                           WIND TOTAL
                                       1209
     2018-08-28 19:00:00
                           WIND TOTAL
                                       3300
     2018-08-28 20:00:00
                           WIND TOTAL
                                       3468
     2018-08-28 21:00:00
                           WIND TOTAL
                                       3310
     2018-08-28 22:00:00
                          WIND TOTAL
                                       3068
     2018-08-28 23:00:00
                          WIND TOTAL
                                       2921
```

[8760 rows x 2 columns]

1.1 Q: What hour in our data has the lowest average hourly wind generation?

First let's import numpy

```
[5]: import numpy as np
```

Let's use a for loop to get information by hour.

First thing to do is figure out how to get the hour out of the index.

datetime.strptime is useful for this if you're working on individual dates.

But pd.to_datetime is even better, especially if you're working on a lot of values in a list (or as the case will be, values in a pandas series).

```
[7]: windex = pd.to_datetime(wind.index)
windex.hour
```

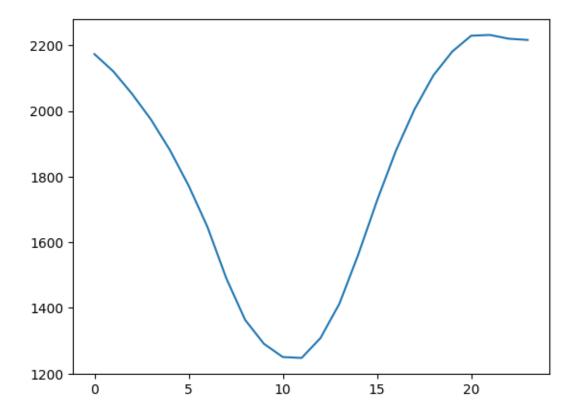
```
[7]: Index([ 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, ...
14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23],
dtype='int32', length=8760)
```

Now we'll do the real work. We're going to average all wind values with the same hour

```
[8]: wind_ave = [] # initalizes a list to populate
```

```
for i in range (0,24):
          hr_bool = windex.hour == i
          hr_vals = wind.loc[hr_bool,'MWh']
          avgwind = np.mean(hr_vals)
          wind_ave.append(avgwind)
      wind_ave
 [8]: [2173.268493150685,
       2120.778082191781,
       2051.832876712329,
       1973.9698630136986,
       1881.4630136986302,
       1772.4849315068493,
       1646.6301369863013,
       1490.194520547945,
       1363.4027397260274,
       1290.5123287671233,
       1250.4082191780822,
       1247.6438356164383,
       1308.2876712328766,
       1412.4109589041095,
       1561.6027397260275,
       1726.6520547945206,
       1878.441095890411,
       2005.9342465753425,
       2109.0931506849315,
       2181.3616438356166,
       2229.408219178082,
       2231.6876712328767,
       2220.109589041096,
       2216.5260273972603]
 [9]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
[10]: plt.plot(wind_ave)
```

[10]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x126b6de10>]



We can see pretty clearly that the min is 10 or 11...let's dig a little more.

One way to do this is to drop the data into a data frame and then *sort* the data frame.

```
[11]: df_wind = pd.DataFrame(wind_ave)
df_wind
```

[11]: 0 2173.268493 0 1 2120.778082 2 2051.832877 3 1973.969863 4 1881.463014 5 1772.484932 6 1646.630137 7 1490.194521 8 1363.402740 9 1290.512329 1250.408219 10 1247.643836 12 1308.287671 13 1412.410959 14 1561.602740

```
15
   1726.652055
   1878.441096
16
17
    2005.934247
18
   2109.093151
19
   2181.361644
   2229.408219
20
21
   2231.687671
   2220.109589
22
23
   2216.526027
```

I'm going to be adding more MWh values to the data frame in just a moment, so let's be clear that this is the average

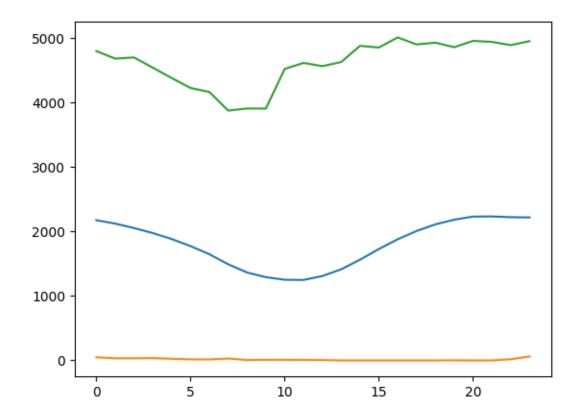
Ok – so it looks as though mid-day is the minimum average.

1.1.1 Q: What's the range of wind values by hour?

```
[14]: wind_min = [] # initalizes a list to populate
      wind_max = [] # initalizes a list to populate
      for i in range (0,24):
          wind_min.append(np.min(wind.loc[windex.hour == i,'MWh']))
          wind_max.append(np.max(wind.loc[windex.hour == i,'MWh']))
[15]: wind_min
[15]: [49,
       33,
       33,
       36,
       25,
       17,
       15,
       29,
       6,
       10,
       10,
       8,
```

```
0,
       Ο,
       Ο,
       Ο,
       0,
       Ο,
       2,
       Ο,
       Ο,
       18,
       62]
[16]: df_wind['min MWh']=pd.DataFrame(wind_min)
      df_wind['max MWh']=pd.DataFrame(wind_max)
[17]:
      df_wind
[17]:
          Average MWh
                         \min\ MWh
                                   max MWh
      0
          2173.268493
                              49
                                      4795
      1
          2120.778082
                              33
                                      4678
      2
          2051.832877
                              33
                                      4696
      3
          1973.969863
                              36
                                      4537
      4
          1881.463014
                              25
                                      4377
      5
          1772.484932
                              17
                                      4223
      6
          1646.630137
                              15
                                      4161
      7
                              29
          1490.194521
                                      3873
                               6
                                      3905
      8
          1363.402740
      9
          1290.512329
                              10
                                      3904
      10
          1250.408219
                              10
                                      4518
      11
          1247.643836
                               8
                                      4611
      12
                               5
                                      4561
          1308.287671
                                0
      13
          1412.410959
                                      4625
      14
          1561.602740
                                0
                                      4876
      15
          1726.652055
                                0
                                      4850
                                0
      16
          1878.441096
                                      5006
      17
          2005.934247
                                0
                                      4898
      18
                               0
                                      4925
          2109.093151
      19
          2181.361644
                               2
                                      4855
      20
                               0
          2229.408219
                                      4953
                               0
      21
          2231.687671
                                      4937
      22
          2220.109589
                              18
                                      4887
          2216.526027
      23
                              62
                                      4949
[18]: plt.plot(df_wind)
```

5,



[]: