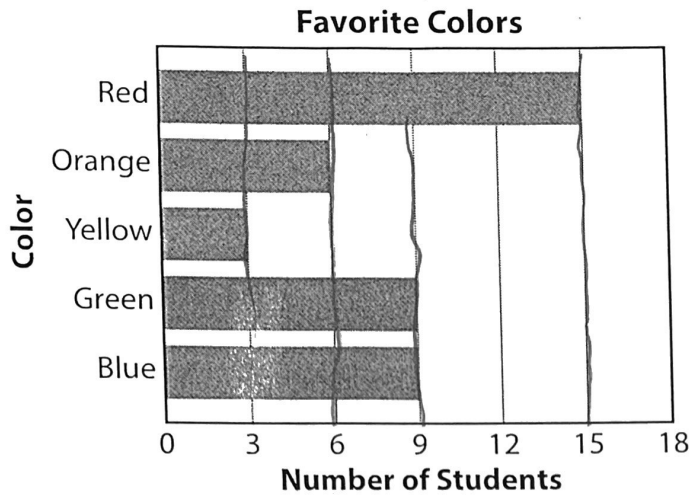
Solve the problems.

1 Betsy asks some students to vote for their favorite colors.

She makes a graph to show their votes.



Which statements about the graph are true?

Circle all the correct answers.

A There is 1 more vote for orange than for yellow because the bar for orange is 1 unit longer than the bar for yellow.

B There are the same number of votes for blue and green as there are for red and yellow because $9 + 9 = 15 + 3$.

C There are 18 more votes for blue than for yellow and orange because $9 + 3 + 6 = 18$.

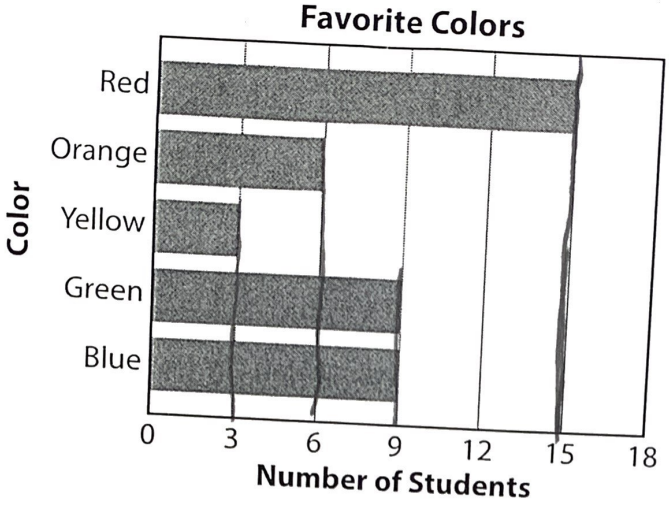
D There are the same number of votes for yellow and orange as there are for blue because $6 + 3 = 9$.

E There are 3 fewer votes for red than for green and blue because $9 + 9 = 18$ and $18 - 15 = 3$.

Solve the problems.

1 Betsy asks some students to vote for their favorite colors.

She makes a graph to show their votes.



Which statements about the graph are true?

Circle all the correct answers.

A There is 1 more vote for orange than for yellow because the bar for orange is 1 unit longer than the bar for yellow.

B There are the same number of votes for blue and green as there are for red and yellow because $9 + 9 = 15 + 3$.

C There are 18 more votes for blue than for yellow and orange because $9 + 3 + 6 = 18$.

D There are the same number of votes for yellow and orange as there are for blue because $6 + 3 = 9$.

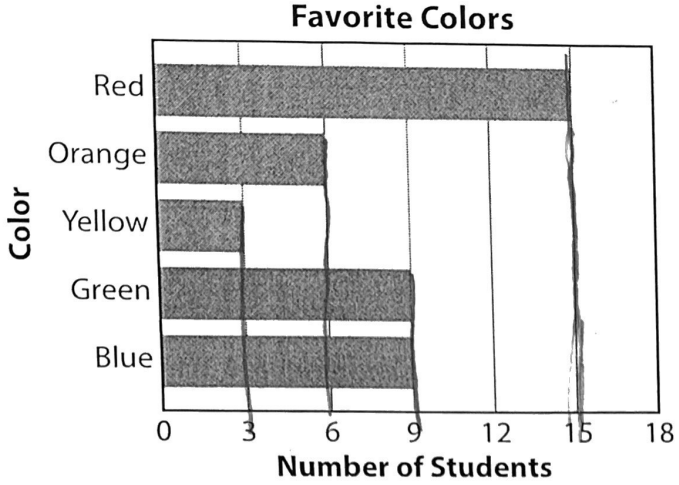
E There are 3 fewer votes for red than for green and blue because $9 + 9 = 18$ and $18 - 15 = 3$.

Lesson 24 Quiz

Solve the problems.

1 Betsy asks some students to vote for their favorite colors.

She makes a graph to show their votes.



Which statements about the graph are true?

Circle all the correct answers.

A There is 1 more vote for orange than for yellow because the bar for orange is 1 unit longer than the bar for yellow.

B There are the same number of votes for blue and green as there are for red and yellow because 9 + 9 = 15 + 3.

C There are 18 more votes for blue than for yellow and orange because 9 + 3 + 6 = 18.

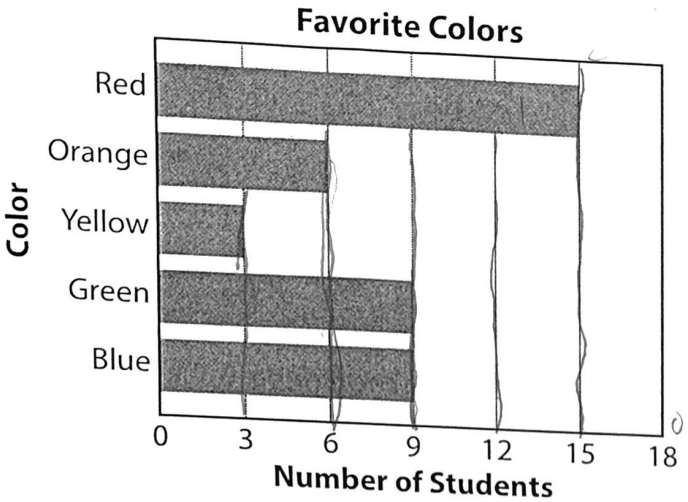
D There are the same number of votes for yellow and orange as there are for blue because 6 + 3 = 9.

E There are 3 fewer votes for red than for green and blue because 9 + 9 = 18 and 18 − 15 = 3.

Solve the problems.

1 Betsy asks some students to vote for their favorite colors.

She makes a graph to show their votes.



Which statements about the graph are true?

Circle all the correct answers.

A There is 1 more vote for orange than for yellow because the bar for orange is 1 unit longer than the bar for yellow.

B There are the same number of votes for blue and green as there are for red and yellow because $9 + 9 = 15 + 3$.

C There are 18 more votes for blue than for yellow and orange because $9 + 3 + 6 = 18$.

D There are the same number of votes for yellow and orange as there are for blue because $6 + 3 = 9$.

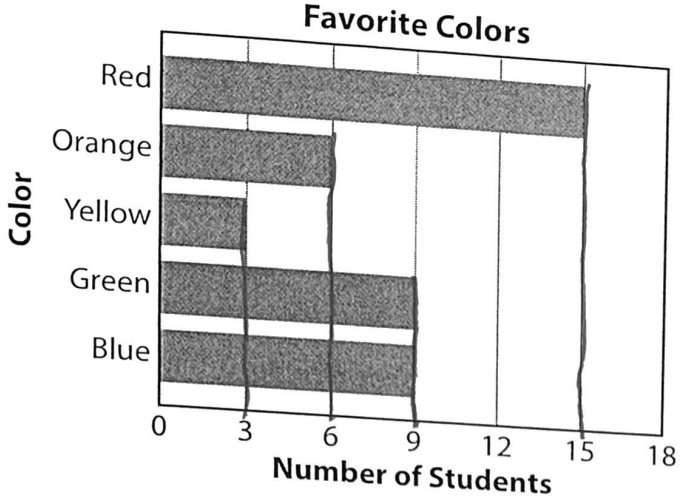
E There are 3 fewer votes for red than for green and blue because $(9 + 9) = 18$ and $18 - 15 = 3$.

Lesson 24 Quiz

Solve the problems.

1 Betsy asks some students to vote for their favorite colors.

She makes a graph to show their votes.



Which statements about the graph are true?

Circle all the correct answers.

A There is 1 more vote for orange than for yellow because the bar for orange is 1 unit longer than the bar for yellow.

B There are the same number of votes for blue and green as there are for red and yellow because $9 + 9 = 15 + 3$.

C There are 18 more votes for blue than for yellow and orange because $9 + 3 + 6 = 18$.

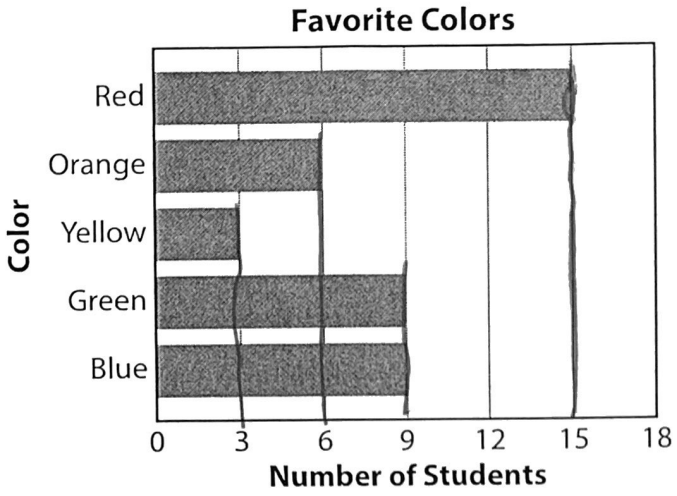
D There are the same number of votes for yellow and orange as there are for blue because $6 + 3 = 9$.

E There are 3 fewer votes for red than for green and blue because $9 + 9 = 18$ and $18 - 15 = 3$.

Solve the problems.

1 Betsy asks some students to vote for their favorite colors.

She makes a graph to show their votes.



Which statements about the graph are true?

Circle all the correct answers.

A There is 1 more vote for orange than for yellow because the bar for orange is 1 unit longer than the bar for yellow.

B There are the same number of votes for blue and green as there are for red and yellow because $9 + 9 = 15 + 3$.

C There are 18 more votes for blue than for yellow and orange because $9 + 3 + 6 = 18$.

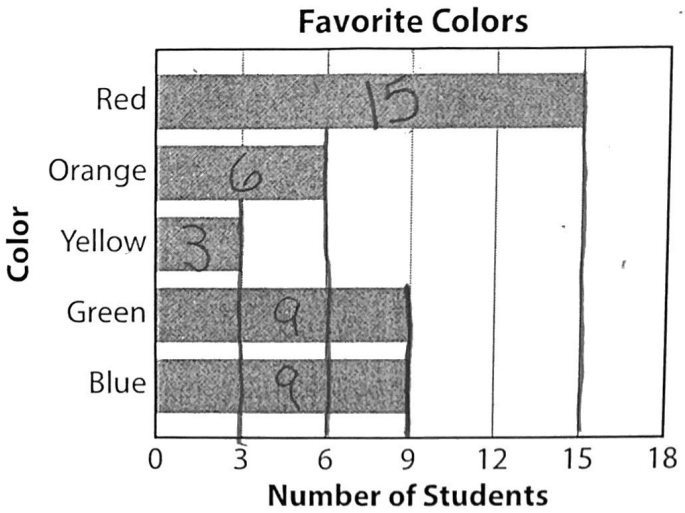
D There are the same number of votes for yellow and orange as there are for blue because $6 + 3 = 9$.

E There are 3 fewer votes for red than for green and blue because $9 + 9 = 18$ and $18 - 15 = 3$.

Solve the problems.

1 Betsy asks some students to vote for their favorite colors.

She makes a graph to show their votes.



Which statements about the graph are true?

Circle all the correct answers.

A There is 1 more vote for orange than for yellow because the bar for orange is 1 unit longer than the bar for yellow.

B There are the same number of votes for blue and green as there are for red and yellow because $9 + 9 = 15 + 3$.

C There are 18 more votes for blue than for yellow and orange because $9 + 3 + 6 = 18$.

D There are the same number of votes for yellow and orange as there are for blue because $6 + 3 = 9$.

E There are 3 fewer votes for red than for green and blue because $9 + 9 = 18$ and $18 - 15 = 3$.