# **Tutorial 9**

- Paper
- Pen
- Calculator

#### Question 1:

When the input to a causal LTI system is  $x(n) = -\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) - \frac{4}{3} 2^n u(-n-1)$  and the z-

transform of the output is  $Y(z) = \frac{1 + z^{-1}}{\left(1 - z^{-1}\right)\left(1 + 0.5z^{-1}\right)\left(1 - 2z^{-1}\right)}$ 

- Discuss about the causality property of the input x(n) then find the z-transform of x(n)
- b. Find and sketch the pole/zero pattern for the X(z); Y(z)
- c. What is the region of convergence of Y(z)?
- d. Find the causal impulse response of the system
- e. Is the system stable?
- f. Realize the system in the canonical form.

#### Question 2:

The given system for which the z-transform of the impulse response is

$$H(z) = \frac{1 - z^3}{1 - z^4}$$

- a. Find and sketch the Poles/Zeros Pattern of the above system.
- b. Find all available impulse responses in the time domain h[n] with their ROCs
- c. Discuss about the causality and stability properties of the results in question 2(b)
- d. Draft the frequency response of the system.
- e. Realize the block diagram of the system in direct form.

#### Question 3:

A given causal LTI system with the frequency response

$$H(e^{j\omega}) = \left(1 + 0.4e^{-j(\omega + \pi)}\right) \left(\frac{1 + \frac{1}{2}e^{-2j\omega}}{1 + e^{-2j\omega} + \frac{1}{4}e^{-4j\omega}}\right) - \pi < \omega \le \pi$$

- a. Find the H(z)?
- b. Is the system is FIR or IIR filter? Explain?
- c. Find the I/O equation of the system?
- d. Sketch the pole/zero pattern of the H(z) then specify the ROC and stability?
- e. Based on the pole/zero pattern, draft the amplitude of the given frequency response of the system?
- f. Realize the block diagram of the system?

## **Question 1:**

When the input to a causal LTI system is  $x(n) = -\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) - \frac{4}{3} 2^n u(-n-1)$  and the z-

transform of the output is 
$$Y(z) = \frac{1 + z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})(1 + 0.5z^{-1})(1 - 2z^{-1})}$$

- a. Discuss about the causality property of the input x(n) then find the z-transform of x(n)
- b. Find and sketch the pole/zero pattern for the X(z); Y(z)
- c. What is the region of convergence of Y(z)?
- d. Find the causal impulse response of the system
- e. Is the system stable?
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# Q1 (answer)

- X(z) = ?
- $H(z) = Y(z)/X(z) = ... = A_1/(1-p_1z^{-1}) + A_2/(1-p_2z^{-1}) + ... + B_0 + B_1z^{-1} + ...$
- Causal h(n) =  $A_1 p_1^n u(n) + A_1 p_1^n u(n) + ... + B_0 \delta(n) + B_1 \delta(n-1) + ...$

### Question 2:

Consider an LTI system that is stable and for which H(z), the z-transform of the impulse response, is given by

$$H(z) = \frac{2 - 4z^{-1} + 2z^{-2}}{1 + 3z^{-1} - 4z^{-2}}$$

Suppose x(n), the input to the system, is a unit step sequence.

- a. Find the output y(n) by evaluating the discrete convolution of x(n) and y(n)
- b. Find the output y(n) by computing the inverse z-transform of Y(z)
- c. Sketch the Pole/zero pattern of H(z) and the magnitude of the frequency response
- d. Realize the above filter with the direct form and Canonical form.

$$H(z) = \frac{2 - 4z^{-1} + 2z^{-2}}{1 + 3z^{-1} - 4z^{-2}}$$

• 
$$H(z) = ... = A_1/(1-p_1z^{-1}) + A_2/(1-p_2z^{-1}) + B_0$$

• 
$$H(z) = 2(1-z^{-1})^2/\{(1-z^{-1})(1+4z^{-1})\} = (2-2z^{-1})/(1+4z^{-1}) = A_1/(1+4z^{-1}) + B_0$$

- Stable  $\square$  ROC contains the unit circle  $\square$  ROC<sub>H</sub> = {|z|<|-4|}= {|z|<4}
- $\Box$  h(n) = B<sub>0</sub>  $\delta$ (n) A<sub>1</sub>(-4)<sup>n</sup>u(-n-1)
- y(n) = x(n)\*h(n)=u(n)\*h(n)

• 
$$Y(z) = H(z).X(z) = {2(1-z^{-1})/(1+4z^{-1})}.1/(1-z^{-1})=2/(1+4z^{-1})$$

• 
$$ROC_{Y} = ROC_{X} \cap ROC_{H} = \{|z| < 4\}$$

• 
$$\Box$$
 y(n) =  $-2(-4)^n$ u(-n-1)

### Question 3.

- a. Determine the unit step response of the causal system for which the z-transform of the impulse response is  $H(z) = \frac{1-z^3}{1-z^4}$
- b. Realize the above filter with the direct form and Canonical form

$$\begin{split} &x(n) = u(n) \to X(z) = 1/(1-z^{-1}) = z/(z-1) \;, \; ROC_X = \{|z| > 1\} \\ &causal \; system \to ROC_H = \{|z| > 1\} \\ &\to ROC_Y = ROC_X \cap ROC_H = \{|z| > 1\} \\ &\to Y(z) = H(z).X(z) = -(1+z+z^2)z/\{(1-z).(1+z).(1+z^2)\} \\ &= (z^{-3}+z^{-2}+z^{-1})/\{(1-z^{-1}).(1+z^{-1}).(1+z^{-2})\} = \ldots = A_1/(1-p_1z^{-1}) + A_2/(1-p_2z^{-1}) + A_3/(1-p_3z^{-1}) + A_4/(1-p_4z^{-1}) \\ & \Box \; y(n) = A_1p_1^{\;n}u(n) + \ldots \end{aligned}$$

### Question 3.

- a. Determine the unit step response of the causal system for which the z-transform of the impulse response is  $H(z) = \frac{1-z^3}{1-z^4}$
- b. Realize the above filter with the direct form and Canonical form
  - y(n) = h(n)\*x(n)
  - $H(z) = (1+z+z^2)/\{(1+z).(1+z^2)\} = (z^{-3}+z^{-2}+z^{-1})/\{(1+z^{-1}).(1+z^{-2})\} = ... = B_1/(1-p_1z^{-1}) + B_2/(1-p_2z^{-1}) + B_3/(1-p_3z^{-1}) + B_0/(1-p_3z^{-1})$
  - Causal  $\square$  h(n) =  $B_1p_1^nu(n) + ... + B_0\delta(n)$
  - $(1-z^4)H(z) = 1 z^3 \square h(n) h(n+4) = \delta(n) \delta(n+3)$   $(m=n+4 \square n=m-4)$
  - $\Box$  h(m-4) h(m) =  $\delta$ (m-4)  $\delta$ (m-1) (n=m)
  - $\Box$  h(n-4) h(n) =  $\delta$ (n-4)  $\delta$ (n-1)  $\Box$  h(n) = h(n-4)  $\delta$ (n-4) +  $\delta$ (n-1)  $\Box$
  - h(n<0) = 0 (causal), h(0) = 0, h(1) = 1, h(2) = 0, h(3) = 0, h(4) = -1, h(5)=h(1)=1, ...

### **Question 2:**

The given system for which the z-transform of the impulse response is

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- a. Find and sketch the Poles/Zeros Pattern of the above system.
- b. Find all available impulse responses in the time domain h[n] with their ROCs
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# Q2 (answer)

- $H(z) = ... = A_1/(1-p_1z^{-1}) + A_2/(1-p_2z^{-1}) + A_3/(1-p_3z^{-1})$
- $|p_1| = |p_2| = |p_3| = 1$
- $\square$  ROC<sub>1</sub> = |z|>1 : h<sub>1</sub>(n)= A<sub>1</sub>.p<sub>1</sub><sup>n</sup>u(n) + A<sub>2</sub>.p<sub>2</sub><sup>n</sup>u(n) + A<sub>2</sub>.p<sub>3</sub><sup>n</sup>u(n), causal, margin stable
- and  $ROC_2 = |z| < 1 : h_2(n) = -A_1.p_1^n u(-n-1) A_2.p_2^n u(-n-1) A_2.p_3^n u(-n-1)$ , anticausal, margin stable
- Frequency response  $H(w) = H(z=e^{jw}) = ...$   $\Box$  period 2pi
  - |H(w)|
  - argH(w)
- Block diagram:  $H(z)=(b_0 + b_1.z^{-1} + b_2.z^{-2} + ...)/(1 + a_1.z^{-1} + a_2.z^{-2} + ...)$

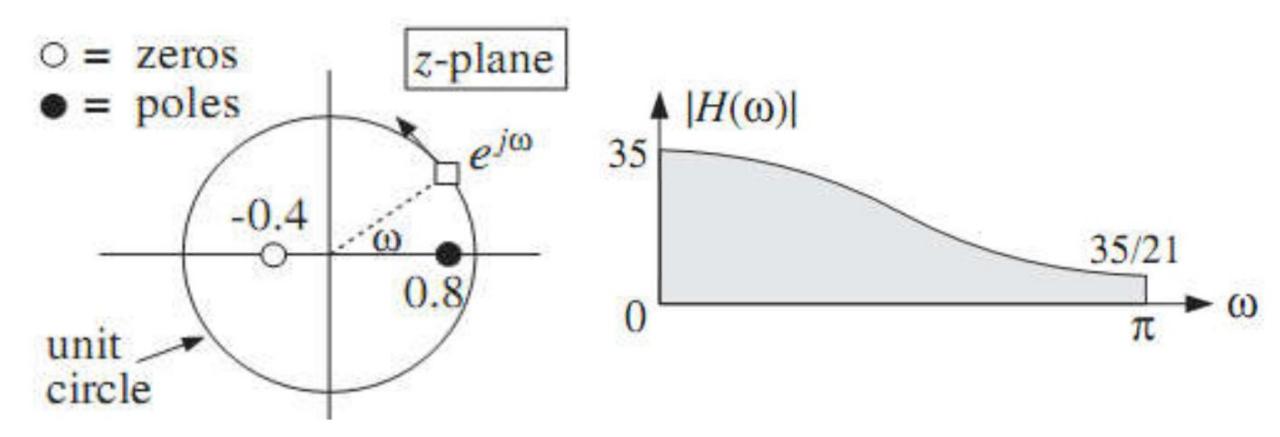
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# Q3 (answer)



Pole/zero pattern and magnitude response