Bangladesh University of Engineering and Technology Department of Computer Science and Engineering

CSE 316

Microprocessors and Microcontrollers Sessional

Experiment 1

AVR Microcontroller: Use of Polling & External Interrupt for Digital IO.

GOAL:

Use ATmega32 microcontroller to implement a 4 bit up-down counter.

EXPERIMENTAL TOOLS AND MATERIALS: ATmega32, USBASP programmer, Trainer Board, Wires, Avr Studio, Extreme Burner, two push buttons, two $10k\Omega$ resistors ($1k\Omega$ resistors should work fine too)

EXPLANATION OF PRINCIPLES:

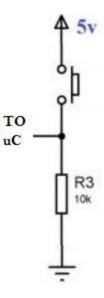
Push button and LEDs will be used to do input-output. At first polling will be used to detect the button press. Then external interrupt will be used to do the same thing.

PROCEDURE:

- 1. Connect two active high push buttons to two pins of ATmega32 (according to instructions given by the teachers during the lab).
- 2. Connect 4 LEDs to PORT A (lower 4 bits)
- 3. Write a C program to implement a counter. The 4 LEDs will be used to show the count and the counting function will be specified by the teachers. Pressing one button will count up while pressing the other button will count down.
 - **a. Polling approach:** Use external interrupt to detect button press. (Teachers will specify which interrupt to use in sessional class)
 - **b. Interrupt Approach:** Use polling approach to detect button press.

MISCELLANEOUS:

1. Connect the buttons according to the following diagram:



For more details refer to:

https://electrosome.com/push-button-switch-atmega32-microcontroller-atmel-studio/

Some pins of PORTC can not be used for I/O directly. First the JTAG has to be turned off.
 One way is to uncheck the JTAG box while writing the fuse bits, the second is to write a 1 to the JTD bit twice consecutively. MCUCSR = (1<<JTD);

For more details refer to:

http://www.avrfreaks.net/forum/jtag-enablingdisabling-atmega32-and-fuse-settings-solved

3. You do not need to bother about FUSE bits. By default it is set to: E199

If the JTAG Interface is disabled it will be set to: E1D9. You can calculate fuse bit from this online tool: http://www.engbedded.com/fusecalc/