Table of Contents

Clean]
Problem 1	.]
Problem 2	

Clean

```
close all; clear; clc;
ttwistor;
```

Problem 1

```
trim definition = [18; 0; 1800];
[Alon, Blon, Alat, Blat] = AircraftLinearModel(trim definition,
aircraft parameters);
% Calculate the eignvalues and vectors of the modes
[lon vec, lon val] = eig(Alon);
[lat vec, lat val] = eig(Alat);
% Longitudinal analysis
phugoid = lon val(5,5);
phugoid freq = sqrt(real(phugoid)^2 + imag(phugoid)^2);
phugoid damp = -real(phugoid) / phugoid freq;
short period = lon val(3,3);
short period freq = sqrt(real(short period)^2 + imag(short period)^2);
short period damp = -real(short period) / short period freq;
% Lateral analysis
dutch = lat val(3,3);
dutch_freq = sqrt(real(dutch)^2 + imag(dutch)^2);
dutch damp = -real(dutch) / dutch freq;
% Time constants of the roll and spiral
roll = lat val(2,2);
spiral = lat val(5,5);
roll t = -1 / real(roll);
spiral t = -1 / real(spiral);
% Use damp
lon sys = ss(Alon, Blon, eye(5), zeros(5,2));
lat sys = ss(Alat, Blat, eye(5), zeros(5,2));
Local minimum possible. Constraints satisfied.
```

fmincon stopped because the size of the current step is less than the value of the step size tolerance and constraints are satisfied to within the value of the constraint tolerance.

Problem 2

Apply an impulse on the elevator when in trim to excite the phugoid and short period modes

```
% Excite the lateral modes by applying a doublet to the aileron. Two short
% pulses, one positive and then one negative and then zero.
% Excite the lateral modes by applying a doublet to the rudder
% Initial state and surfaces
trim definition = [18; 0; 1800];
[trim state, trim control] = TrimCalculator(trim definition,
aircraft parameters);
wind inertial = [0; 0; 0];
% Elevator impulse
t pulse = 0.2;
del pulse = 10*pi/180;
pulse vec = [del pulse; 0; 0; 0];
% Integrate
odeFunc = @(t, aircraft state)AircraftEOMPulse(t, aircraft state,
trim control, pulse vec, t pulse, wind inertial, aircraft parameters);
tspan = [0 150];
[TOUT, XOUT] = ode45(odeFunc, tspan, trim state);
% Control Surfaces
UOUT = zeros(length(TOUT),4);
for i=1:length(TOUT)
    UOUT(i,:) = trim control' + ControlSurfacePulse(TOUT(i), t pulse,
pulse vec)';
end
% Plotting
PlotSimulation(TOUT, XOUT, UOUT, 1:6, ['r', '-']);
%%%% Lateral Excitation AILERON
t pulse = [0.2; 0.2];
del pulse = 10*pi/180;
pulse vec = [0; del pulse; 0; 0];
% Integrate
odeFunc = @(t, aircraft state)AircraftEOMPulse(t, aircraft state,
```

```
trim control, pulse vec, t pulse, wind inertial, aircraft parameters);
tspan = [0 \ 150];
[TOUT, XOUT] = ode45 (odeFunc, tspan, trim state);
% Control Surfaces
UOUT = zeros(length(TOUT),4);
for i=1:length(TOUT)
    UOUT(i,:) = trim control' + ControlSurfacePulse(TOUT(i), t pulse,
pulse vec)';
end
% Plotting
PlotSimulation(TOUT, XOUT, UOUT, 7:12, ['b', '-']);
%%%% Lateral Excitation RUDDER
t pulse = [0.2; 0.2];
del pulse = 10*pi/180;
pulse vec = [0; 0; del pulse; 0];
% Integrate
odeFunc = @(t, aircraft state)AircraftEOMPulse(t, aircraft state,
trim control, pulse vec, t pulse, wind inertial, aircraft parameters);
tspan = [0 150];
[TOUT, XOUT] = ode45 (odeFunc, tspan, trim state);
% Control Surfaces
UOUT = zeros(length(TOUT),4);
for i=1:length(TOUT)
    UOUT(i,:) = trim control' + ControlSurfacePulse(TOUT(i), t pulse,
pulse vec)';
end
% Plotting
PlotSimulation (TOUT, XOUT, UOUT, 13:18, ['m', '-']);
Local minimum possible. Constraints satisfied.
fmincon stopped because the size of the current step is less than
the value of the step size tolerance and constraints are
satisfied to within the value of the constraint tolerance.
```





























