

## Fun and games

beat (v)	to defeat someone in a game, competition, election, or battle	England needed to beat Germany to get to the final.
board game (n phr)	any game in which you move objects around on a special board	I think that <i>Trivial Pursuit</i> is my favourite board game.
captain (n)	the person who is in charge of a team or organisation	She was captain of the Olympic swimming team.
challenge (v)	to invite someone to compete or fight	The girls challenged the boys to a cricket match.
challenge (n)	something that needs a lot of skill, energy, and determination to deal with or achieve	I felt I needed a new challenge at work.
champion (n)	someone who has won an important competition, especially in sport	He finally became the world heavyweight boxing champion.
cheat (v)	to behave dishonestly, or to not obey rules	Kids have always found ways of cheating in school exams.
classical music (n phr)	serious music that is played on instruments such as the piano and the violin	I love classical music, like Beethoven.
club (n)	an organisation for people who take part in a particular activity, or the building that they use	Why don't you join a chess club?
coach (n)	someone who trains a sports player or team	After playing for ten years, Barry became a baseball coach.
competition (n)	an organised event in which people try to win prizes by being better than other people	He'd entered a competition in the local newspaper.
concert (n)	an event at which an orchestra, band, or musician plays or sings in front of an audience	Did you hear that the Rolling Stones did a concert in China?
defeat (v)	to win against someone	France defeated Italy 3–1.
defeat (n)	failure to win a competition or to succeed in doing something	England suffered a 2–0 defeat.
entertaining (adj)	enjoyable or interesting	I saw a really entertaining programme on TV last night.
folk music (n phr)	traditional music from a particular country or region, or music played in a traditional style	What I like about folk music is the sound of the guitar.
group (n)	a small set of musicians who play pop music	My brother has got his own group and they play in our local area.
gym (n)	a room or club with equipment for doing physical exercises	I'm thinking of joining a gym.
have fun (v phr)	get enjoyment from an activity that is not important or serious	We haven't had such fun for years.
interest (v)	to make someone want to know about or take part in something	Photography has always interested me.
interest (n)	an activity that you enjoy doing when you are not working	Tell us about your interests and hobbies.
member (n)	someone who belongs to a group or an organisation: a trade union member	Are you a member of the golf club?
opponent (n)	someone who is competing against you	His opponent received only 36 per cent of the vote.
organise (v)	to prepare or arrange an activity or event	Who's organising the conference?
pleasure (n)	a feeling of happiness, enjoyment, or satisfaction	He smiled with pleasure when she walked in.
referee (n)	someone whose job is to make sure that players in a game obey the rules	The referee blew his whistle and the game began.

rhythm (n)	a regular pattern of sounds in music	This song has got a really great rhythm.
risk (v)	to do something although you know that something that is bad could happen as a result	He risked a lot of money on the company.
risk (n)	the possibility that something unpleasant or dangerous might happen	There's a serious risk of an accident on this road.
score (v)	to get a point in a game or sport	No one scored in the first half.
score (n)	the number of points that someone gains in a game or test	The final score was 4–3 to United.
support (v)	to like a particular sports team and always want them to win	I support West Ham – who do you support?
support (n)	help that you give to a particular idea, organisation, etc	I hope all the students will support our plans to rebuild the school.
team (n)	a group of people who play a sport or game against another group	Are you in the hockey team this year?
train (v)	to practise a sport regularly before a match or competition	The players train five days a week.
video game (n phr)	a game in which players use electronic controls to move images on a television or computer screen	I don't like video games – I'd rather play outside.

### Learning and doing

achieve (v)	to succeed in doing or having something	We've achieved what we wanted to do.
brain (n)	the organ inside your head that allows you to think and feel, and controls your body	The illness had affected his brain.
clever (adj)	good at learning or understanding things	I'd like to be a doctor, but I'm not clever enough.
concentrate (v)	to give all your attention to the thing that you are doing	Just concentrate on your work.
consider (v)	to think about something carefully before you make a decision	At one time I seriously considered leaving.
course (n)	a series of lessons in an academic subject or a practical skill	You could do a language course abroad.
degree (n)	a course of study at a university, or the qualification that you get after completing the course	She's doing a degree at Exeter University.
experience (v)	if you experience a problem or situation, you have that problem or are in that situation	I'd love to experience being in a submarine.
experience (n)	knowledge and skill that you get by doing a particular job or activity	Do you have any previous experience with children?
expert (n)	someone who has a particular skill or knows a lot about a particular subject	She's a computer expert.
expert (adj)	having special skills in or knowledge about something	He's an expert painter.
fail (v)	to be unsuccessful in something	I failed the maths exam.
guess (v)	to say or decide what you think is true, without being certain about it	Whoever guesses correctly will win two tickets to the show.
guess (n)	an occasion when you say what you think is true without being certain	Have a guess and then check it on your calculator.
hesitate (v)	to pause before doing something because you are nervous or not certain about it	He hesitated for a moment and then knocked on the door.
instruction (n)	a statement of something that must be done, or an explanation of how to do or use something	I tried to follow her instructions, but I got confused.
make progress (v phr)	to develop or improve	My guitar teacher says I'm making a lot of progress.
make sure (v phr)	to check something, so that you can be sure about it	I just wanted to make sure you knew where to go.

mark (v)	to judge the quality of a student's work and write a mark on it	<i>I spent the evening marking essays.</i>
mark (n)	a score or grade that you are given for school work or for how you perform in a competition	<i>What mark did you get for your essay?</i>
mental (adj)	existing in the mind, or relating to the mind	<i>Scientists know a lot about the mental development of children.</i>
pass (v)	to be successful in an examination or test	<i>She passed her driving test.</i>
qualification (n)	something such as a degree or a diploma that you get when you successfully finish a course of study	<i>Simon left school with no qualifications.</i>
remind (v)	to help someone to remember something	<i>Remind Jenny to bring my CD when she comes.</i>
report (n)	a spoken or written description of a particular subject, situation, or event	<i>We have to write a short report on the conference.</i>
revise (v)	to study your notes and information again in order to prepare for an examination	<i>I've got a test tomorrow, so I have to revise tonight.</i>
search (v)	to try to find something or someone by looking carefully	<i>After three days searching, I gave up.</i>
search (n)	an attempt to find something	<i>The police have carried out an extensive search of the area.</i>
skill (n)	the ability to do something well, usually as a result of experience and training	<i>Being a doctor demands a lot of skill.</i>
smart (adj)	intelligent	<i>Sophie is a very smart student.</i>
subject (n)	something that you learn or teach at school, for example English, mathematics, or biology	<i>What's your favourite subject?</i>
take an exam (v phr)	to have an important test	<i>I'm taking the exam in June.</i>
talented (adj)	very good at something	<i>She's a talented singer.</i>
term (n)	one of the periods of time that the year is divided into for students	<i>How many weeks is it till the end of term?</i>
wonder (v)	to think about something because you want to know more facts	<i>I was wondering about the best place for a holiday.</i>

## Coming and going

abroad (adv)	in or to a foreign country	<i>We try to go abroad at least once a year.</i>
accommodation (n)	a place for someone to stay, live, or work in	<i>The hotel provides accommodation for up to 100 people.</i>
book (v)	to arrange to have or use something at a particular time in the future	<i>Shall I book a room for you?</i>
break (n)	a period of time when you are not working and can rest or enjoy yourself	<i>OK, let's take a fifteen-minute break.</i>
cancel (v)	to say that something that has been arranged will not now happen	<i>The 4.05 train has been cancelled.</i>
catch (v)	to get on a train, bus, plane, or boat that is travelling somewhere	<i>I caught the next train to London.</i>
coach (n)	a comfortable bus for long journeys	<i>Let's take the coach to Brighton this weekend.</i>
convenient (adj)	easy for you to do, or suitable for your needs	<i>Travelling underground is fast and convenient.</i>
crash (v)	if a vehicle crashes, or if someone crashes it, it hits something	<i>Three people were killed when their car crashed into a tree.</i>
crash (n)	an accident that happens when a vehicle hits something	<i>He was seriously injured in a car crash.</i>
crowded (adj)	containing a lot of people or things	<i>Was the pool crowded?</i>
cruise (n)	a journey on a ship for pleasure, often visiting a series of places	<i>I would love to go on a cruise round the Mediterranean.</i>

delay (v)	to do something later than is planned or expected	They delayed the decision for as long as possible.
delay (n)	a situation in which something happens later or more slowly than you expected	After a long delay, the plane finally took off.
destination (n)	the place where someone or something is going	After eight hours on the road, we finally reached our destination.
ferry (n)	a boat that makes short regular journeys between two or more places	They took the ferry to Dover.
flight (n)	a journey in a plane	The flight from New York to Heathrow took about five hours.
foreign (adj)	from another country, or in another country	Do you speak any foreign languages?
harbour (n)	an area of water next to the land where boats can stop	There were about twenty boats in the harbour.
journey (n)	an occasion when you travel from one place to another, especially over a long distance	We had a long journey ahead of us.
luggage (n)	bags and suitcases that you take on a journey	We have to get our luggage when we get off the plane.
nearby (adj)	a nearby place is not far away	Let's go to a nearby restaurant, shall we?
nearby (adv)	not far from where you are	My cousin lives nearby.
pack (v)	to put your things into a bag, case, or box so that you can take or send them somewhere	He was still packing his suitcase when the taxi came.
passport (n)	an official document that contains your photograph and shows which country you are a citizen of	Bill has a Canadian passport.
platform (n)	an area next to a railway track where passengers get onto and off trains	The train to Brussels will depart from platform 3.
public transport (n phr)	the system that is used for travelling or for moving goods from one place to another	Auckland's public transport system is excellent.
reach (v)	to arrive somewhere	We hoped to reach the camp before dark.
resort (n)	a place where people go for a holiday	We stayed in a lovely ski resort.
souvenir (n)	something that you buy to remind you of a place that you visited on holiday or of a special event	This T-shirt with Big Ben on it will make a great souvenir.
traffic (n)	the vehicles that are travelling in an area at a particular time	At that time of night, there was no traffic on the roads.
trip (n)	an occasion when you go somewhere and come back again	The whole family went on a trip to Florida.
vehicle (n)	a machine that you travel in or on, especially one with an engine that travels on roads, for example a car, bus, etc	Four vehicles were involved in the accident.

## Friends and relations

apologise (v)	to tell someone that you are sorry for doing something wrong	You should apologise to your brother.
boyfriend (n)	a man or boy that you are having a romantic relationship with	She's got a new boyfriend.
close (adj)	connected by shared feelings such as love and respect	My brother and I are very close.
confident (adj)	certain about your abilities and not nervous or frightened	I was starting to feel more confident about the exam.
cool (adj)	a cool person is one that you like or admire, or is very fashionable	Jake is really cool!
couple (n)	two people who are married to each other, or who have a romantic relationship with each other	Bill and Melissa make a great couple.

decorate (v)	to put new paint or paper on the walls of a room	We decorated the kitchen last weekend.
defend (v)	to say things to support someone or something	We will defend their right to free speech.
divorced (adj)	no longer married because your marriage has been legally ended	After they got divorced, she never remarried.
flat (n)	a set of rooms for living in, usually on one floor of a large building	The family live in a fourth-floor flat.
generous (adj)	giving people more of your time or money than is usual or expected	She is a warm and generous human being.
girlfriend (n)	a girl or woman that you are having a romantic relationship with	Have you got a girlfriend?
grateful (adj)	the feeling that you want to thank someone because they have given you something or done something for you	Thanks for coming with me. I'm really grateful.
guest (n)	someone that you have invited to your home or your party	He was a guest at our wedding.
independent (adj)	not depending on other people	Michelle is young, independent and confident.
introduce (v)	to tell someone another person's name when they meet for the first time	I'd like to introduce you to my friend Martin.
loving (adj)	feeling or showing love	Cats are really loving animals.
loyal (adj)	someone who is loyal continues to support a person or organisation, or idea in difficult times	These are people who have remained loyal to the company for years.
mood (n)	the way that someone is feeling, or the way that a group of people is feeling at a particular time	I had never seen Ann in such a good mood before.
neighbourhood (n)	a particular area of a town	We live in a quiet neighbourhood.
ordinary (adj)	normal or average, and not unusual or special	It was just an ordinary Saturday morning.
patient (adj)	someone who is patient is able to wait for a long time or deal with a difficult situation without becoming angry or upset	Susan is very patient with the children.
private (adj)	a private person does not talk to other people about their personal life or feelings	Damian is a very private person.
recognise (v)	to know someone or something because you have seen, heard, or met them before	I thought I recognised your voice!
relation (n)	a member of your family	All our relations are coming to the party.
rent (v)	to pay money regularly to use a house, room, office, etc that belongs to someone else	How long have you been renting this place?
rent (n)	an amount of money that you pay regularly for using a house, room, office, etc that belongs to someone else	After she'd paid her rent, Jan had no money left for food.
respect (v)	to treat someone in a way that shows that you think they are important and should be admired	People will respect you for telling the truth.
respect (n)	the attitude that someone is important and should be admired, and that you should treat them politely	She's worked hard to gain the respect of her colleagues.
single (adj)	not married, or not in a romantic relationship or divorced.	Please state whether you are single, married, or divorced.
stranger (n)	someone who you do not know	I didn't want to share a room with a complete stranger.
trust (v)	to believe that someone or something is good, honest, or reliable	You can trust Dana.
trust (n)	a feeling that you trust someone or something	The doctor-patient relationship has to be based on trust.

## Buying and selling

advertisement (n)	an announcement in a newspaper, on television, on the Internet, etc that is designed to persuade people to buy a product or service, go to an event, or apply for a job	I saw an advertisement for a new kind of camera.
afford (v)	to have enough money to pay for something	I'm not sure how they're able to afford such expensive holidays.
bargain (n)	something you buy that costs much less than normal	Her dress was a real bargain.
brand (n)	a product or group of products that has its own name and is made by one particular company	I tried using a new brand of soap.
catalogue (n)	a book that contains pictures of things that you can buy	Do you have a catalogue with all your products in it?
change (n)	coins rather than notes	I'm sorry, I haven't got any change.
coin (n)	a flat round piece of metal used as money	Put a coin into the slot.
cost (v)	if something costs an amount of money, you need that amount to pay for it or to do it	A new computer costs around €1,000.
cost (n)	the amount of money that you need in order to buy something or to do something	What's the total cost of these three pairs of shoes?
customer (h) or services	a person or company that buys goods or services.	Supermarkets use a variety of ways to attract customers.
debt (n)	an amount of money that you owe	By this time we had debts of over €15,000.
demand (v)	to say strongly that you want something	The teacher demanded an explanation for all the water on the floor.
export (v)	to send a product to another country so that it can be sold there	Their flowers are exported around the world.
fee (n)	money that you pay to a professional person or institution for their work	He will have to pay school fees of €2,000.
fortune (n)	a large amount of money	They must have spent a fortune on flowers.
import (v)	to buy a product from another country and bring it to your country	We import most of our coal from other countries.
invest (v)	to use your money with the aim of making a profit from it	Banks invested €20 million in the scheme.
obtain (v)	to get something that you want or need	She has to obtain her father's permission before she does anything.
owe (v)	to have to give someone a particular amount of money because you have bought something from them or have borrowed money from them	Pam still owes me €5.
own (v)	to legally have something, especially because you have bought it	Who owns that house by the lake?
profit (n)	money that you get when you sell something for a price that is higher than the cost of making it or buying it	Investors have made a 14 per cent profit in just three months.
property (n)	the things that you own	The books are my personal property.
purchase (v)	to buy something	She purchased a new lamp for her bedroom.
purchase (n)	something that you buy	Her latest purchase was a long black coat.
receipt (n)	a document that you get from someone showing that you have given them money or goods	Make sure you get a receipt for the taxi.
require (v)	to need someone or something	Working with these children requires a great deal of patience.
sale (n)	an event or period of time during which a shop reduces the prices of some of its goods	The Easter sales start tomorrow.
save (v)	to regularly put money in a bank, or to invest it so that you can use it later	Don't wait until you're 40 to start saving for retirement.
select (v)	to choose someone or something from a group	You can select one of four colours.

supply (v)	to provide someone or something with something that they need or want	<i>Our shop supplies things to people all over the country.</i>
supply (n)	an amount or quantity of something that is available to use	<i>We have a good supply of fresh water here.</i>
variety (n)	a number of different people or things	<i>Adults study for a variety of reasons.</i>
waste (v)	to use more of something than is necessary, or to use it in a way that does not produce the best results	<i>Don't waste water like that – turn the tap off when you're not using it!</i>
waste (n)	the failure to use something that is valuable or useful in an effective way	<i>All this uneaten food – what a waste!</i>

## Inventions and discoveries

artificial (adj)	not natural or real, but made by people	<i>There was a vase of artificial flowers on the table.</i>
automatic (adj)	an automatic machine can work by itself without being operated by people	<i>It's an automatic door.</i>
complicated (adj)	difficult to do, deal with, or understand	<i>This is a complicated problem.</i>
decrease (v)	to become less	<i>The number of visitors has decreased significantly.</i>
decrease (n)	the amount by which something is less	<i>There's been a decrease in the number of visitors.</i>
digital (adj)	storing information such as sound or pictures as numbers or electronic signals	<i>It's a digital recording.</i>
discover (v)	to find something that was hidden or that no one knew about before	<i>William Herschel discovered Uranus in 1781.</i>
effect (n)	a change that is produced in one person or thing by another	<i>Scientists are studying the chemical's effect on the environment.</i>
equipment (n)	the tools, machines, or other things that you need for a particular job or activity	<i>A computer is the most important piece of equipment you will buy.</i>
estimate (v)	to guess or calculate an amount or value by using available information	<i>It is impossible to estimate how many of the residents were affected.</i>
exact (adj)	done, made, or described with all the details correct	<i>The exact number of people there was unknown.</i>
experiment (v)	to perform scientific tests in order to find out what happens to someone or something in particular conditions	<i>This lab does not experiment on animals.</i>
experiment (n)	a scientific test to find out what happens to someone or something in particular conditions	<i>Researchers now need to do more experiments.</i>
gadget (n)	a small tool or piece of equipment that does something that is useful or impressive	<i>That's a very useful gadget!</i>
hardware (n)	computer equipment	<i>Printers and modems are examples of hardware.</i>
invent (v)	to design or create something that did not exist before	<i>Alfred Nobel invented dynamite.</i>
involve (v)	to include something as part of an activity, event, or situation	<i>The course involves a lot of hard work.</i>
laboratory (n)	a building or large room where people do scientific research	<i>This is our new research laboratory.</i>
lack (v)	to not have something, or to not have enough of something	<i>He lacked the skills required for the job.</i>
lack (n)	a situation in which you do not have something, or do not have enough of something	<i>The match was cancelled because of lack of support.</i>
laptop (n)	a small computer that you can carry with you	<i>I'm going to buy a new laptop.</i>
maximum (adj)	the largest in amount, size, or number that is allowed or possible	<i>The maximum amount of cash you can withdraw is €500.</i>
minimum (adj)	the smallest in amount, size, or number that is allowed or possible	<i>What's the minimum voting age in your country?</i>

operate (v)	if equipment operates, or if you operate it, you use or control it and it works in the way it should	<i>Do not operate machinery after taking this medication.</i>
plastic (n)	a very common light, strong substance that is produced by a chemical process and used for making many different things	<i>This pen is made of plastic.</i>
plastic (adj)	made of plastic	<i>Have you got a plastic bag?</i>
program (v)	to make a computer or other piece of equipment do something automatically	<i>Can you program the PC to come on in the morning?</i>
program (n)	a series of instructions that makes a computer do something	<i>It's a complicated computer program.</i>
research (n)	the detailed study of something in order to discover new facts	<i>Scientists have carried out lots of research into the effects of these drugs.</i>
run (v)	if you run a computer program, or if it runs, you start it or use it	<i>The software will run on any PC.</i>
screen (n)	the flat surface on a computer, television, or piece of electronic equipment where words and pictures are shown	<i>Suddenly the screen went blank.</i>
software (n)	the programs used by computers for doing particular jobs	<i>You log onto our website, then download and install the software.</i>
sudden (adj)	happening very quickly and without any sign that it is going to happen	<i>She felt a sudden pain in her leg.</i>
technology (n)	advanced scientific knowledge that is used for practical purposes	<i>Technology is improving all the time.</i>
unique (adj)	not the same as anything or anyone else	<i>Every person is unique.</i>

## Sending and receiving

accent (n)	a way of pronouncing words that shows what country, region, or social class you come from	<i>Tom hasn't lost his broad Irish accent.</i>
announcement (n)	a public statement that gives people information about something	<i>The head teacher made an announcement about the school holidays.</i>
broadcast (v)	to send out messages or programmes to be received by radios or televisions	<i>The BBC will be broadcasting the match live from Paris.</i>
broadcast (n)	a programme that is broadcast	<i>They mentioned the problem on Channel 5's main news broadcast.</i>
channel (n)	a television station and the programmes that it broadcasts	<i>What's on the other channel?</i>
clear (adj)	easy to understand	<i>Clear instructions are provided.</i>
click (v)	to make a computer do something by pressing a button on the mouse	<i>To send the message, click on the 'send' button.</i>
contact (v)	to communicate with someone by phone, e-mail, letter, etc	<i>Please contact us if you have any information.</i>
contact (n)	communication between people, countries, or organisations	<i>Do you and Jo still keep in contact?</i>
file (n)	a set of information that is stored on a computer and that is given a particular name	<i>I can't find the file on my computer.</i>
formal (adj)	suitable for serious situations or occasions	<i>'Ameliorate' is a more formal way of saying 'improve'.</i>
image (n)	a picture, especially one in a mirror or on a computer, television, or cinema screen	<i>Images of Germany appeared on the screen.</i>
informal (adj)	suitable for relaxed friendly situations tomorrow.	<i>You should wear informal clothes to the party.</i>
Internet (n)	a computer system that allows people in different parts of the world to exchange information	<i>Do you have access to the Internet?</i>
interrupt (v)	to say or do something that stops someone when they are speaking or concentrating on something	<i>Please don't interrupt her while she's working.</i>

link (v)	if people, things, or events are linked, they are related to each other in some way	<i>Police think that the two robberies are linked.</i>
link (n)	a connection between two or more people, places, facts, or events	<i>Is there any link between this and what we were talking about yesterday?</i>
media (n)	radio, television, newspapers, the Internet and magazines, considered as a group	<i>The story has been widely reported in the media.</i>
mobile phone (n phr)	a small phone that you can carry around with you	<i>Don't forget to take your mobile phone with you when you go out.</i>
online (adj)	connected to or available through the Internet	<i>I bought it from an online bookshop.</i>
online (adv)	connected to the Internet	<i>Let's go online and check your e-mail.</i>
pause (v)	to stop moving or doing something for a short time before starting again	<i>She paused at the door and then left.</i>
pause (n)	a short time when someone stops moving or doing something before starting again	<i>There was a short pause before the orchestra continued to play.</i>
persuade (v)	to make someone agree to do something by giving them reasons why they should	<i>He did finally come with us, although it took a long time to persuade him.</i>
pronounce (v)	to say the sounds of words	<i>I find some Japanese words very difficult to pronounce.</i>
publish (v)	to produce many copies of a book, magazine, or newspaper for people to buy	<i>Their company publishes a wide selection of books.</i>
report (v)	to provide information about something, especially to people in authority	<i>You should report the accident to the police.</i>
report (n)	a spoken or written description of a particular subject, situation, or event	<i>A new report shows crime is on the increase.</i>
request (v)	to ask for something, or to ask someone to do something, in a polite or formal way	<i>I would like to request a meeting with the manager, please.</i>
request (n)	an act of asking for something in a polite or formal way	<i>Evening meals are available on request.</i>
ring (v)	to call someone on the telephone	<i>Ring me at home later.</i>
signal (n)	a movement or sound that is made by someone and has a special meaning for another person	<i>We waited for them to give us the signal to move.</i>
swear (v)	to use words that are deliberately offensive, for example because you are angry	<i>That's the first time I've ever heard him swear.</i>
type (v)	a group of people or things with similar qualities that make them different from other groups	<i>What type of dog have you got?</i>
viewer (n) programmes	someone who watches television <i>Double Money!</i>	<i>Our regular viewers will know that it's time for</i>
website (n)	a place on the Internet where information is available about a particular subject, company, university, etc	<i>I'm thinking of starting a website for people from our school.</i>
whisper (v)	to speak very quietly to someone, so that other people cannot hear you	<i>Stop whispering, you two!</i>
whisper (n)	a very quiet way of saying something to someone so that other people cannot hear you	<i>'Be carefull!' she said in a whisper.</i>

## People and daily life

admit (v)	to say that you have done something wrong	<i>In court he admitted that he had lied about the accident.</i>
arrest (v)	if the police arrest someone, they take that person to a police station because they think that he or she has committed a crime	<i>The police entered the building and arrested six men.</i>
charity (n)	an organisation that gives money and help to people who need it; money or food that is given to people who need it	<i>The event raised €59,000 for charity.</i>
commit (v)	to do something that is illegal	<i>What makes people commit crimes?</i>

community (n)	the people who live in an area	I wanted to work somewhere where I could serve the community.
court (n)	a place where trials take place and legal cases are decided	The man will appear in court on Monday.
criminal (n)	someone who has committed a crime	Some criminals take exams in prison.
criminal (adj)	relating to illegal acts	That's criminal behaviour!
culture (n)	a society that has its own set of ideas, beliefs and ways of behaving	There were people from lots of different cultures at the meeting.
familiar (adj)	well known to you, or easily recognized by you	The name Harry Potter will be familiar to many readers.
government (n)	the people who control a country or area and make decisions about its laws and taxes	The government has announced plans to raise the minimum wage next year.
habit (n)	something that you do often	Biting your fingernails is a very bad habit!
identity card (n phr)	an official document that shows who you are	The police officer asked to see my identity card.
illegal (adj)	not allowed by the law	Robbing banks is illegal!
politics (n)	the ideas and activities that are involved in getting power in an area or governing it	She's heavily involved in local politics.
population (n)	the number of people who live in a particular area	Los Angeles has a population of over 3 million.
prison (n)	an institution where people are kept as a punishment for committing a crime	He's currently in prison.
protest (v)	to show publicly that you oppose something	Workers are protesting against high unemployment.
protest (n)	an occasion when people show strong public opposition to something	Students will hold a protest this weekend outside Parliament.
resident (n)	someone who lives in a particular place	Many local residents have objected to the new road.
responsible (adj)	if you are responsible for something that has happened, you caused it, or you deserve to be blamed for it; in charge of someone or something	He was responsible for the accident.
rob (v)	to take money or property from someone illegally	They were planning to rob the museum.
routine (n)	your usual way of doing things	It shouldn't take too long to return to our old routine.
routine (adj)	ordinary and not interesting or special	This is just routine work.
schedule (n)	a plan of activities or events and when they will happen	What's your schedule for today?
situation (n)	the set of conditions that exist at a particular time in a particular place	I found myself in an embarrassing situation.
social (adj)	relating to society and to people's lives in general	There are lots of social problems, such as unemployment.
society (n)	people in general living together in organised communities, with laws and traditions controlling the way that they behave towards each other	Society has to support its old people.
steal (v)	to take something that belongs to someone else without permission	She was caught stealing food from the supermarket.
tradition (n)	a very old custom, belief, or story	His son followed the family tradition and entered politics.
typical (adj)	like most things of the same type	His opinions are typical of people of his generation.
vote (v)	to decide something, or to choose a representative or winner, by officially stating your choice, for example in an election	I'm going to vote for Jackson.
vote (n)	an official choice you make between two or more issues, people, etc, for example in an election	My vote will go to the candidate who promises lower taxes.

youth club (n phr)	a place where young people can go to meet and take part in activities	Let's go to the youth club after school!
ambition (n)	something that you very much want to achieve	His ambition was to become a successful writer.
application (n)	a formal request to do something or have something, for example a job	His application for membership was rejected.
bank account (n phr)	an arrangement with a bank that allows you to keep your money there	We'll pay the money into your bank account.
boss (n)	the person who is in charge of you at work	I'll ask my boss for a day off next week.
career (n)	a job or profession that you work at for some time	Rosen had decided on an academic career.
colleague (n)	someone who works in the same organisation or department as you	Friends and colleagues will remember him as a kind man.
company (n)	an organisation that sells services or goods	Max works for a large oil company.
contract (n)	a written legal agreement between two people or organisations	After six months she was offered a contract of employment.
department (n)	a section in a government, organisation, or business that deals with a particular type of work	You need to speak to our sales department.
deserve (v)	if you deserve something, it is right that you get it, because of the way that you are or the way that you have behaved	After five hours on your feet you deserve a break.
earn (v)	to receive money for work that you do	Most people here earn about €30,000 a year.
fame (n)	the state of being famous	Albert Finney rose to fame in the British cinema of the early Sixties.
goal (n)	the action of putting a ball into a goal in a game such as football	Nielsen scored two goals in the last ten minutes.
impress (v)	if someone or something impresses you, you admire them	Her ability to deal with problems impresses me.
income (n)	money that someone gets from working or from investing money	What is your approximate annual income?
industry (n)	all the businesses involved in producing a particular type of goods or services	How long have you worked in the oil industry?
interview (v)	to ask someone, especially someone famous, questions about themselves, their work, or their ideas	He was interviewed on the radio this morning.
interview (n)	a meeting in which someone asks another person, especially a famous person, questions about themselves, their work, or their ideas	This is her first interview since becoming Olympic champion.
leader (n)	someone who is in charge of a group, organisation, or country	Victoria became a manager because she's a good leader.
manager (n)	someone whose job is to organise and control the work of a business, a department, or the people who work there	I'd like to speak to the manager.
pension (n)	an amount of money that someone receives regularly when they no longer work because of their age or because they are ill	My grandma stopped working three years ago and now she gets a pension.
poverty (n)	a situation in which someone does not have enough money to pay for their basic needs	Half the world's population is living in poverty.
pressure (n)	attempts to persuade or force someone to do something	My parents put me under a lot of pressure at school.
previous (adj)	a previous event, period, or thing happened or existed before the one that you are talking about	All the other guests had arrived the previous day.
profession (n)	a job that you need special skills and qualifications to do	Her father discouraged her from going into the legal profession.

retire (v)	to stop working permanently, especially when you are old	He retired from the army last month.
salary (n)	a fixed amount of money that you earn each month or year from your job	Lisa gets an annual salary of €30,000.
staff (n)	the people who work for a particular company, organisation, or institution	She joined the staff in 1996.
strike (n)	a period of time during which people refuse to work, as a protest	There's a train strike in the city.
tax (v)	to make someone pay money to the government	Everyone in my country pays 20 per cent tax on any money they earn.
tax (n) to the government	an amount of money that you have to pay after the election.	The government has promised to lower taxes
wealthy (adj)	rich	Ian became a very wealthy businessman.

## Body and lifestyle

affect (v) in a negative way	to change or influence something, often of the election?	Did the newspapers really affect the outcome of the election?
balance (v)	to create or preserve a good or correct balance between different features or aspects	We have to balance the needs and tastes of all our customers.
balance (n),	a situation in which different aspects or features are treated equally or exist in the correct relationship to each other	A healthy diet is about getting the correct balance of a variety of foods.
benefit (v)	to get an advantage, or to give someone an advantage	Thousands of people could benefit from the invention.
benefit (n)	an advantage that you get from a situation	He has had the benefit of the best education money can buy.
breathe (v)	to take air into your lungs through your nose or mouth and let it out again	Doctors said he was having difficulty breathing.
chew (v)	to use your teeth to bite food in your mouth into small pieces	She chewed her food slowly.
chop (v)	to cut something such as food or wood into pieces	Chop the meat into small pieces.
contain (v)	to have something inside	The envelope contained a few old photographs.
cough (v)	to force air up through your throat with a sudden noise, especially when you have a cold or when you want to get someone's attention	My chest felt painful, and I was coughing uncontrollably.
cough (n)	the action of coughing, or the sound that you make when you cough; an illness in which you cough a lot and your throat hurts	I've got a bad cough.
cure (v)	to stop someone from being affected by an illness	Only an operation will cure her.
cure (n)	a medicine or treatment that makes someone who is ill become healthy	Doctors say there are several possible cures.
exercise (v)	to do a physical activity in order to stay healthy and to make your body stronger	Do you eat properly and exercise regularly?
exercise (n)	physical activity that you do in order to stay healthy and make your body stronger	I get plenty of exercise being an aerobics instructor.
flu (n)	a very common infectious disease that lasts for a short time and makes you feel weak and tired	My dad has got flu.
have an operation (v phr)	the process of cutting into someone's body for medical reasons	The baby had to have an operation.
healthy (adj)	physically strong and not ill	I feel very healthy at the moment.
ignore (v)	to not consider something, or to not let it influence you	We had ignored the fact that it was getting darker.
infection (n)	a disease that is caused by bacteria or by a virus	I've got a throat infection.

ingredient (n)	one of the foods or liquids that you use in making a particular meal	Mix all the ingredients together carefully.
injury (n)	physical harm	All the passengers in the vehicle escaped injury.
limit (v)	to prevent a number, amount, or effect from increasing past a particular point	We want to limit classes to a maximum of 30 pupils.
limit (n)	the greatest amount of something that is possible or allowed	The speed limit here is 40 miles an hour.
meal (n)	an occasion when you eat, such as breakfast or lunch, or the food that you eat at that time	He cooked us a delicious meal.
pill (n)	a small piece of solid medicine that you swallow with water	Did you remember to take your pills this morning?
recover (v)	to become fit and healthy again after an illness or injury	I haven't fully recovered from the flu.
salty (adj)	containing salt, or tasting like salt	This soup is very salty.
slice (v)	to cut something into flat pieces	I'll slice some bread.
slice (n)	a flat piece of food that has been cut from something larger	Cut the bread into thick slices.
sour (adj)	with a taste like a lemon	If it's too sour, add some sugar.
spicy (adj)	with a strong hot flavour	Curry should be spicy!
stir (v)	to move food or a liquid around using a spoon or other object	Stir the sauce gently over a low heat.
suffer (v)	to feel pain in your body or your mind; to have a particular illness or physical problem	I'm suffering from a cold at the moment.
taste (v)	to have a particular flavour; to eat or drink something and experience its flavour	The dinner was one of the best meals I've ever tasted.
taste (n)	the flavour that something creates in your mouth when you eat or drink it	I love the taste of chocolate.
treatment (n)	the process of providing medical care, or a particular type of medical care	What's the best treatment for this disease?
vitamin (n)	a natural substance in food that is necessary to keep your body healthy	Oranges contain lots of vitamin C.

## Creating and building

ancient (adj)	very old	They've found an ancient city at the bottom of the sea.
checked (adj)	printed or woven in a pattern of squares	I got a new red and blue checked shirt.
cotton (n)	cloth made from the white fibres of a plant called a cotton plant	Is this shirt made out of cotton?
create (v)	to make something new exist or happen	How do I create a new file?
design (v)	to decide how something will be made, how it will work, or what it will look like, and often to make drawings of it	The bride wore a dress that she'd designed herself.
design (n)	the way that something is made so that it works and looks a certain way, or a drawing that shows what it will look like	The car has a new design.
fix (v)	to repair something	Jessica fixed my watch.
fold (v)	to bend a piece of paper or cloth and press one part of it over another part	Fold the paper in half.
gallery (n)	a public building where you can look at paintings and other works of art	We could go to a museum or a gallery this weekend.
improvement (n)	the state of being better than before, or the process of making something better than it was before	There has been an improvement in relations between the two countries.
loose (adj)	loose clothes are large and do not fit your body tightly	These jeans are a bit loose, so maybe I need a smaller size.
maintain (v)	to make regular repairs to something, so that it stays in good condition	The car had been very well maintained.

match (v)	if one thing matches another, or they match, they form an attractive combination	She wore a green dress and a hat to match.
material (n)	cloth	What sort of material is your dress made from?
notice (v)	to become conscious of someone or something by seeing, hearing, or feeling them	After a few days here you hardly notice the rain!
notice (n)	a written sign or announcement that gives information or that warns people about something	They put up a notice on the door saying they'd gone out of business.
pattern (n)	a set of lines, shapes, or colours that are repeated regularly	I like the pattern on your carpet.
pile (n)	a number of things that are put on top of each other in an untidy way	Rubbish lay in piles in the street.
practical (adj)	involving, or relating to, real situations rather than theories or ideas alone	Practical experience can be as valuable as academic qualifications.
rough (adj)	with a surface that is not smooth	The walls were built of dark rough stone.
shape (n)	the form of something	Trace the shape onto the card and cut it out.
silk (n)	a thin smooth cloth made from the fibres produced by insects called silkworms	I love your new silk shirt!
sleeve (n)	the part of a piece of clothing that covers your arm	Oh, no! I've got a hole in one of my sleeves.
smooth (adj)	completely even with no rough areas	How do you keep your skin so smooth?
stretch (v)	if you stretch something, or if it stretches, it becomes longer or wider when you pull it	Can you stretch the material a little?
striped (adj)	with a pattern of coloured lines on the table.	There was a blue and white striped tablecloth.
style (n)	the way that something is made or done that is typical of a particular group, time, or place	I don't like the style of dresses that are out now.
suit (v)	if a style or something you wear suits you, it makes you look good	The new hairstyle really suits her.
suit (n)	a set of clothes made from the same cloth, usually a jacket with trousers or a skirt	He was wearing a dark suit and a tie.
suitable (adj)	right for a particular purpose, person, or situation	This film is not suitable for young children.
tear (v)	to pull something so that it separates into pieces or gets a hole in it, or to become damaged in this way	He'd torn his raincoat.
tear (n)	a hole in something where it has been torn	There was a tear in her coat.
tight (adj)	fitting closely around your body or part of your body	These shoes are too tight.
tool (n)	a piece of equipment that you hold to do a particular type of work	Do you know where my gardening tools are?

## Nature and universe

amazing (adj)	very good, surprising, or impressive	Her story was quite amazing.
climate (n)	the climate of a country or region is the type of weather it has	Mexico is well known for its hot climate.
countryside (n)	areas away from towns and cities, with farms, fields and trees	Let's get out of the city and go to the countryside.
environment (n)	the natural world, including the land, water, air, plants and animals	Industries are causing a lot of damage to the environment.
extinct (adj)	if something such as a type of animal or plant is extinct, it no longer exists	Dinosaurs are extinct.
forecast (v)	to make a statement about what is likely to happen, often relating to the weather	Is it difficult to forecast the weather?
forecast (n)	a statement about what is likely to happen, often relating to the weather	Have you heard the weather forecast for tomorrow?
freezing (adj)	very cold; the temperature at which water freezes and becomes ice	It's absolutely freezing in here.

global (adj)	including or affecting the whole world	This is a global problem – it affects every country.
heatwave (n)	a continuous period of very hot weather	Britain has been having a heatwave for the last three weeks.
insect (n)	a small animal that has six legs and often has wings	Flies and mosquitoes are insects.
lightning (n)	the bright flashes of light that you see in the sky during a storm	The ship was struck by lightning soon after it left the port.
litter (v)	to drop litter	The sign said 'No littering'.
litter (n)	things that people have dropped on the ground in a public place, making it untidy	Pick up that litter and put it in the bin.
local (adj)	in or related to a particular area, especially the place where you live	Ask for the book in your local library.
locate (v)	to find out the exact place where someone or something is; be located: to exist in a particular place	The hotel is located in Wolverhampton town centre.
mammal (n)	an animal that is born from its mother's body, not from an egg, and drinks its mother's milk as a baby	Humans and monkeys are mammals.
mild (adj)	mild weather is warm and pleasant	It was a mild winter.
name (v)	to know and say what the name of someone or something is; to give someone or something a name	How many world capitals can you name?
name (n)	a word or set of words used for referring to a person or thing	What's the name of this flower?
origin (n) begins to exist	the place or moment at which something life on Earth.	Meteorites may hold clues about the origin of
planet (n)	a very large round object that moves around the Sun or around another star	Mars is sometimes known as the red planet.
preserve (v)	to take care of something in order to prevent it from being harmed or destroyed	We work hard to preserve historic buildings.
recycle (v)	to treat waste materials so that they can be used again	Let's recycle those old bottles.
reptile (n)	a type of animal such as a snake or lizard that lays eggs, and whose body is covered in scales	Crocodiles are reptiles.
rescue (v)	to save someone from a dangerous or unpleasant situation	The crew of the ship were rescued just before it sank.
rescue (n)	an act of saving someone or something from danger or from an unpleasant situation	Firefighters carried out the dangerous rescue.
satellite (n)	an object that is sent into space to travel round the Earth in order to receive and send information; a natural object such as a moon that moves around a planet	There are lots of satellites above the Earth.
shower (n)	a short period when it rains	Tonight there's a 50 per cent chance of showers.
solar system (n phr)	the sun and the group of planets that move around it	How many planets are there in our solar system?
species (n)	a plant or animal group whose members all have similar general features and are able to produce young plants or animals together	Over 120 species of birds have been recorded in this national park.
thunder (n)	the loud noise that you sometimes hear in the sky during a storm	Listen to that thunder!
wild (adj)	a wild animal or plant lives or grows on its own in natural conditions and is not raised by humans	This behaviour is common in both domestic and wild dogs.
wildlife (n)	animals, birds and plants that live in natural conditions	A lot of the local wildlife is in danger.

## Laughing and crying

amusing (adj)	funny or entertaining	Jan sent me an amusing birthday card.
annoy (v)	to make someone feel slightly angry or impatient	I don't dislike her – she just annoys me sometimes.
attitude (n)	opinions or feelings that you show by your behaviour	We can win if we keep a positive attitude.
bad-tempered (adj)	made annoyed or angry very easily	Relax and try not to be so bad-tempered.
behave (v)	to do things in a particular way	The children behaved very badly.
bully (v)	to frighten or hurt someone who is smaller or weaker than you	You shouldn't bully the other children in your class.
bully (n)	someone who uses their strength or status to threaten or frighten people	Leave him alone and don't be such a bully!
calm (adj)	not affected by strong emotions	'Don't move and the snake won't attack,' he said in a calm voice.
celebrate (v)	to do something enjoyable in order to show that an occasion or event is special	Let's have a party to celebrate.
character (n)	the qualities that make up someone's personality	Amy has got a really nice, friendly character.
depressed (adj)	very unhappy and without any feelings of hope or enthusiasm	She got very depressed after her husband left her.
embarrassing (n)	making you feel nervous, ashamed, or stupid	What's the most embarrassing thing you've ever done?
emotion (n)	a feeling that you experience, for example love, fear, or anger	Jealousy is an uncomfortable emotion.
enthusiastic (adj)	very interested in something, or excited by it	For a while, we were enthusiastic about the idea.
feeling (n)	an emotional state, for example anger or happiness	He found it difficult to express his feelings.
glad (adj)	happy and pleased about something	Maggie was glad to be home.
hurt (v)	to feel pain somewhere in your body	Fred's knees hurt after skiing all day.
hurt (adj)	injured, or feeling physical pain	Two young men were badly hurt in the accident.
miserable (adj)	extremely unhappy	He looked cold and miserable.
naughty (adj)	a naughty child behaves badly	Sally was often naughty and got into trouble at school.
noisy (adj)	making a lot of noise, or full of noise	We have really noisy neighbours.
polite (adj)	behaving towards other people in a pleasant way that follows all the usual rules of society	It's not polite to talk with your mouth full of food.
react (v)	to behave in a particular way because of things that are happening around you or things that other people are doing to you	I wasn't sure how you would react.
regret (v)	to feel sorry or sad about something that has happened, or about something that you have done	We regret any problems because of the delay.
regret (n)	a feeling of sadness about something that has happened or something that you have done	Do you have any regrets about what you did?
ridiculous (adj)	silly or unreasonable and deserving to be laughed at	She looks absolutely ridiculous in that hat.
romantic (adj)	involving love, or making you have feelings of love	We had a romantic dinner in an expensive restaurant.
rude (adj)	not polite	I don't want to seem rude, but I'd rather be alone.
sense of humour (n phr)	the ability to laugh at things and recognize when they are funny	Kev has got a great sense of humour and he makes me laugh all the time.
shy (adj)	nervous and embarrassed in the company of other people, especially people who you do not know	I'd love to meet her, but I'm too shy to introduce myself.

## Common collocations

stress (n)	a worried or nervous feeling that makes you unable to relax, or a situation that makes you feel like this	Carol's been under a lot of stress lately.
tell a joke (v phr)	say a short story with a funny ending to make people laugh	The kids were telling jokes.
upset (v)	to make someone feel sad, worried, or angry	I'm sorry, I didn't mean to upset you.
upset (adj)	sad, worried, or angry about something	It's nothing to get upset about.

### Problems and solutions

accident (n)	something that happens without being planned	I didn't do it on purpose – it was an accident!
assume (v)	to believe that something is true, even though you cannot be certain	I assume everyone here has an e-mail address.
cause (v)	to make something happen, usually something bad	Bad weather continues to cause problems for travellers.
cause (n)	an event, thing, or person that makes something happen	We had to write an essay on the causes of the First World War.
claim (v)	to say that something is true, even though there is no definite proof	He claims he is innocent.
complain (v)	to say that you are not happy about something	She complained that it was too hot.
convince (v)	to make someone believe that something is true; to persuade someone to do something	He failed to convince the judge that he was innocent.
criticise (v)	to say what you think is wrong or bad about something or someone	Why are you always criticising me?
deny (v)	to say that something is not true	He still denies stealing the money.
discussion (n)	a conversation about something important	We need to have a discussion about your schoolwork.
doubt (v)	to think that something is probably not true, probably does not exist, or probably will not happen	'Do you think they'll win?' 'I doubt it.'
doubt (n)	a feeling of not being certain about something	There's no doubt about it – we're in trouble.
encourage (v)	to give someone confidence or hope	Mum always encouraged us when we took part in competitions.
get rid of (v phr)	to throw away, give away, or sell something that you no longer want or need	We're moving, so we have to get rid of a lot of our furniture.
gossip (v)	to talk about other people or about things that are not important	You shouldn't gossip about people.
gossip (n)	talk or a conversation about things that are not important or about people's private lives	Here's an interesting piece of gossip for you!
ideal (adj)	perfect	Upgrading your computer seems the ideal solution.
insult (v)	to say or do something that is offensive	You'll insult the cook if you don't at least taste the meal.
insult (n)	an offensive remark	I've never heard such a dreadful insult.
investigate (v)	to try to find out all the facts about something in order to learn the truth about it	We sent a reporter to investigate the rumour.
negative (adj)	harmful or bad	Does TV have a negative effect on children?
positive (adj)	a positive experience, situation, result, etc is a good one	School was a totally positive experience for me.
praise (v)	to express strong approval or admiration for someone or something	If you never praise your kids, how can they know when they're doing something right?
praise (n)	an expression of strong approval or admiration	I never got much praise as a child.
pretend (v)	to behave in a particular way because you want someone to believe that something is true when it is not	She closed her eyes and pretended to be asleep.
purpose (n)	an aim or use	The purpose of this dictionary is to help students of English.
refuse (v)	to say that you will not do or accept something, or will not let someone do something	I asked him to apologise, but he refused.

result (v)	to cause or produce something	<i>The fight resulted in three people being hurt.</i>
result (n)	something that is caused directly by something else	<i>He said the argument was the result of a misunderstanding.</i>
rumour (n)	something that people are saying that may or may not be true	<i>A student had been spreading rumours about the teachers.</i>
sensible (adj)	reasonable and practical	<i>This seems to be a sensible way of dealing with the problem.</i>
serious (adj)	bad or dangerous enough to make you worried	<i>It's not a serious problem.</i>
spare (adj)	kept in addition to other similar things, so that you can use it if you need it	<i>Bring a towel and some spare clothes.</i>
theory (n)	an idea that you believe is true, although you have no proof	<i>I have my own theory about why he left.</i>
thought (n)	a word, idea, or image that comes into your mind	<i>I've just had an interesting thought.</i>
warn (v)	to tell someone about a possible problem or danger, so that they can avoid it or deal with it	<i>Police are warning everyone in the area to take extra care when going out alone.</i>

## Glossary

B2

<b>voyage</b> (n)	a long journey, especially on a ship: <i>It was a long way from London to New York by sea, but the voyage was quite relaxing.</i>	<b>go</b> (v)	to move or travel to a place that is away from where you are now: <i>We're planning to go to Spain this winter.</i>
<b>journey</b> (n)	an occasion when you travel from one place to another, especially over a long distance: <i>We had a long journey ahead of us.</i>	<b>book</b> (v)	to arrange to have or use something at a particular time in the future: <i>Shall I book a room for you?</i>
<b>trip</b> (n)	an occasion when you go somewhere and come back again: <i>The whole family went on a trip to Florida.</i>	<b>keep</b> (v)	to continue to have or own something: <i>We should keep this car and sell the other one.</i>
<b>travel</b> (n)	the activity of travelling: <i>Foreign travel never really appealed to him until he retired.</i>	<b>arrive</b> (v)	to reach a place: <i>What time does your plane arrive?</i>
<b>excursion</b> (n)	a short journey that you make for pleasure: <i>My grandmother often talks about going on excursions to the sea when she was a girl.</i>	<b>reach</b> (v)	to arrive somewhere: <i>We hoped to reach the camp before dark.</i>
<b>view</b> (n)	the things that you can see from a particular place: <i>We had a spectacular view of the mountains from our room.</i>	<b>live</b> (v)	to have your home in a particular place: <i>Paris is a nice place to live.</i>
<b>sight</b> (n)	a person or a thing that you see that has a particular feature: <i>Windmills are a common sight in this part of the country.</i>	<b>stay</b> (v)	to live or remain in a place for a while as a guest or visitor: <i>How long is he planning to stay with you?</i>
<b>world</b> (n)	the planet that we live on: <i>It's easy these days to communicate with people who live on the other side of the world.</i>	<b>border</b> (n)	the official line that separates two countries or regions: <i>Thousands of refugees were fleeing across the border.</i>
<b>earth</b> (n)	the land on which we live: <i>They felt the earth shake.</i>	<b>edge</b> (n)	the part of something that is furthest from its centre: <i>Victoria was sitting on the edge of the bed.</i>
<b>area</b> (n)	a part of a place or building: <i>Bus services in rural areas are not very good.</i>	<b>line</b> (n)	a long thin mark on the surface of something: <i>Draw a straight line.</i>
<b>territory</b> (n)	an area of land that is controlled by a particular country, leader or army: <i>Russian troops crossed into Austrian territory in February 1849.</i>	<b>length</b> (n)	a measurement of how long something is in size: <i>The boat was 16 feet in length.</i>
<b>season</b> (n)	one of the four periods into which the year is divided according to the weather: <i>She likes to paint the changing seasons in the garden.</i>	<b>distance</b> (n)	the amount of space between two people or things: <i>They started to walk the short distance to the camp.</i>
<b>period</b> (n)	an amount of time: <i>The long dry period ended with heavy rain.</i>	<b>guide</b> (v)	to show someone where to go by going with them: <i>He guided them through the forest.</i>
<b>fare</b> (n)	the money that you pay for a journey: <i>The fare from York to Leeds has gone up.</i>	<b>lead</b> (v)	to take someone to a place by going there with them, usually in front of them: <i>The estate agent led us into the kitchen.</i>
<b>ticket</b> (n)	a piece of paper that shows that you have paid to do something such as travel on a train, bus, plane, etc: <i>We'll send your tickets a week before your flight.</i>	<b>native</b> (adj)	living in a particular country or area since birth: <i>My wife's a native New Yorker, but I'm from Atlanta.</i>
<b>fee</b> (n)	an amount of money that you pay to be allowed to do something such as join an organisation: <i>The gallery charges a small entrance fee.</i>	<b>home</b> (town) (n)	the city or town where you lived as a child: <i>I live in Washington, but my home town is Denver, Colorado.</i>
<b>miss</b> (v)	to be too late for something such as a train or bus: <i>I missed the last train home again.</i>	<b>Hobbies, sports &amp; games</b>	
<b>lose</b> (v)	to no longer have something: <i>Mike lost his job last year.</i>	<b>pitch</b> (n)	a flat area of ground that is used for playing sports on: <i>Hundreds of fans invaded the pitch at the end of the game.</i>
<b>take</b> (v)	to move or carry someone or something from one place to another: <i>What time do you take Amy to school?</i>	<b>track</b> (n)	a piece of ground that is used for running or racing: <i>The cars have to go round the track eighteen times.</i>
<b>bring</b> (v)	to take someone or something with you from one place to another: <i>Bring a coat in case it turns cold.</i>	<b>court</b> (n)	an area marked with lines where some sports are played, including tennis and basketball: <i>I'll meet you at the tennis court!</i>
		<b>course</b> (n)	an area where a race or sport takes place: <i>It's one of the most challenging golf courses in the country.</i>
		<b>ring</b> (n)	a raised area that is surrounded by ropes where people take part in boxing or wrestling: <i>The boxers are just about to enter the ring.</i>

## Glossary

<b>rink (n)</b>	a large flat area where people go to skate: <i>Jan fell over on the ice rink and hurt her knee.</i>	<b>racket (n)</b>	an object used for hitting the ball in games such as tennis: <i>Can I borrow your tennis racket?</i>
<b>win (v)</b>	to defeat everyone else by being the best, or by finishing first in a competition: <i>Who won the race?</i>	<b>amateur (adj)</b>	done for pleasure instead of as a job: <i>I'm interested in amateur photography but I'd never want to be a professional photographer.</i>
<b>beat (v)</b>	to defeat someone in a game, competition, election or battle: <i>England needed to beat Germany to get to the final.</i>	<b>professional (adj)</b>	playing a sport or taking part in an activity as a job rather than for enjoyment: <i>He became a professional footballer at the age of eighteen.</i>
<b>score (v)</b>	to get a point in a game or sport: <i>No one scored in the first half.</i>	<b>sport (n)</b>	sports in general: <i>The school is keen to involve more young people in sport.</i>
<b>play (n)</b>	a piece of writing that is intended to be performed by actors in a theatre or on television or the radio: <i>The school's going to put on a play this Christmas.</i>	<b>athletics (n)</b>	sports such as running, throwing and jumping: <i>I love watching athletics, particularly the long jump and the javelin.</i>
<b>game (n)</b>	an activity that you take part in for fun, usually one that has rules: <i>Monopoly is a game for all the family.</i>	<b>interval (n)</b>	a short break between the parts of something such as a play or concert: <i>The play was so boring that we walked out during the interval!</i>
<b>spectator (n)</b>	someone who watches a public activity or event: <i>The spectators cheered as the two teams came onto the court for the final.</i>	<b>half time (n)</b>	in football and some other team sports, a period of rest between the two halves of a match: <i>The teams are going to swap ends at half time, so Coventry will be playing uphill in the second half.</i>
<b>viewer (n)</b>	someone who watches television programmes: <i>A number of viewers have written in to complain about last week's programme.</i>	<b>draw (v)</b>	if two teams or opponents draw, or if they draw a match, they both have the same score, so that neither wins: <i>They drew 1-1 with Manchester United last week.</i>
<b>umpire (n)</b>	someone whose job is to make sure that players obey the rules in some sports, for example tennis, baseball and cricket: <i>I hate it when tennis players argue with the umpire.</i>	<b>equal (v)</b>	to be as good as someone or something else: <i>She equalled the record with a time of 27.69 seconds.</i>
<b>referee (n)</b>	someone whose job is to make sure that players in a game obey the rules: <i>The referee blew the whistle and the most important football match of my life began.</i>	<b>competitor (n)</b>	someone who takes part in a competition: <i>There were over 5000 competitors in the marathon last year!</i>
<b>final (n)</b>	the last game, race, etc in a competition, that decides who wins the whole competition: <i>We played well throughout the whole tournament, but then lost in the final to Willsborough.</i>	<b>opponent (n)</b>	someone who is competing against you: <i>His opponent received only 36 per cent of the vote.</i>
<b>finale (n)</b>	the last part of a performance with the most exciting music and dancing: <i>Everyone in the cast comes on stage and sings for the finale.</i>	<b>Science and technology</b>	
<b>end (n)</b>	the time when a situation or an event stops: <i>Are you going to stay till the end of the game?</i>	<b>artificial (adj)</b>	not natural or real, but made by people: <i>The growers use both natural and artificial light.</i>
<b>ending (n)</b>	the way in which a story, film or play ends: <i>Children usually prefer books with a happy ending.</i>	<b>false (adj)</b>	made to look like something real: <i>I realised that the man was wearing a false beard.</i>
<b>bat (n)</b>	a wooden object used for hitting the ball in games such as baseball, cricket and table tennis: <i>A good cricket bat can be extremely expensive.</i>	<b>natural (adj)</b>	existing in nature, and not produced by people: <i>This cloth is made from natural fibres.</i>
<b>stick (n)</b>	a long thin piece of wood that is used for hitting or carrying something in a sport: <i>I'm not very happy with my hockey stick.</i>	<b>physical (adj)</b>	real and able to be seen, touched or felt: <i>There was no physical evidence to connect Whitman with the crime.</i>
<b>rod (n)</b>	a long thin bar or stick made of metal, plastic or wood: <i>We got Celia a fishing rod for her birthday.</i>	<b>true (adj)</b>	based on facts or on things that really happened: <i>The film is based on a true story.</i>
		<b>accurate (adj)</b>	correct in every detail and without any mistakes: <i>We need to get an accurate estimate of what the new building will cost.</i>
		<b>method (n)</b>	a way of doing something, especially a planned or established way: <i>We developed new methods of pollution control.</i>

## Glossary

<b>way (n)</b>	a method for doing something: <i>There are so many delicious ways you can prepare chicken.</i>	<b>industry (n)</b>	all the businesses involved in producing a particular type of goods or services: <i>The new tax will affect everyone in the fishing industry.</i>
<b>engine (n)</b>	the part of a vehicle that makes it move: <i>There was a problem with the engine, so we took the car to the garage.</i>	<b>factory (n)</b>	a building where large quantities of goods are produced using machines: <i>She works in a factory.</i>
<b>machine (n)</b>	a piece of equipment with moving parts that does a particular job: <i>Sue showed him how to operate the washing machine.</i>	<b>award (n)</b>	a prize that is given to someone who has achieved something: <i>She won the Player of the Year award.</i>
<b>motor (n)</b>	the part of a machine or vehicle that makes it work: <i>The pump is powered by an electric motor.</i>	<b>reward (n)</b>	something good that happens or that you receive because of something that you have done: <i>You deserve a day off as a reward for working so hard.</i>
<b>aim (n)</b>	the thing that you hope to achieve by doing something: <i>My main aim on this course is to gain confidence.</i>	<b>take place (phr)</b>	to happen: <i>The Olympics take place every four years.</i>
<b>cause (n)</b>	an event, thing or person that makes something happen: <i>The cause of death was found to be a heart attack.</i>	<b>occur (v)</b>	to happen: <i>The police said that the accident occurred at about 4.30 pm.</i>
<b>reason (n)</b>	a fact, situation or intention that explains why something happened, why someone did something or why something is true: <i>The police asked her the reason for her visit.</i>	<b>The media</b>	
<b>estimate (v)</b>	to guess or calculate an amount or value by using available information: <i>It is impossible to estimate how many of the residents were affected.</i>	<b>deny (v)</b>	to say that something is not true: <i>A spokesman denied that the company had acted irresponsibly.</i>
<b>calculate (v)</b>	to discover a number or amount by using mathematics: <i>He calculates that the proposal would cost 4 million.</i>	<b>refuse (v)</b>	to say that you will not do or accept something, or will not let someone do something: <i>I asked him to apologise, but he refused.</i>
<b>electric (adj)</b>	using or relating to electricity: <i>I've just got a new electric toothbrush.</i>	<b>agree (v)</b>	to have the same opinion as someone else: <i>Doreen thought that the house was too small, and Jim agreed.</i>
<b>electronic (adj)</b>	using electricity and extremely small electrical parts, such as microchips: <i>Our maths teacher said that we're allowed to use electronic calculators in the exam.</i>	<b>accept (v)</b>	to recognise that something is true, fair or right: <i>Most scientists accept that climate change is linked to pollution.</i>
<b>invent (v)</b>	to design or create something that did not exist before: <i>Alfred Nobel invented dynamite.</i>	<b>headline (n)</b>	the title of a newspaper story, printed in large letters: <i>The whole of the front page of the paper was taken up with the headline 'YOU LIAR!'.</i>
<b>discover (v)</b>	to find something that was hidden or that no one knew about before: <i>William Herschel discovered Uranus in 1781.</i>	<b>heading (n)</b>	the title at the top of a page or piece of writing: <i>If you look at the heading, it'll tell you what the paragraph is about.</i>
<b>research (n)</b>	the detailed study of something in order to discover new facts: <i>He did some research into the causes of lung cancer.</i>	<b>feature (n)</b>	a newspaper or magazine article, or a part of a television or radio programme that concentrates on a particular subject: <i>This week we've got a special feature on new children's books.</i>
<b>experiment (n)</b>	a scientific test to find out what happens to someone or something in particular conditions: <i>Researchers now need to conduct further experiments.</i>	<b>article (n)</b>	a piece of writing in a newspaper or magazine: <i>He has written several articles for The Times.</i>
<b>progress (n)</b>	the process of developing or improving: <i>Keep me informed about the progress of the project.</i>	<b>talk show (n)</b>	a television or radio programme in which famous people talk about themselves and their work: <i>Did you see Johnny Depp on that talk show last night?</i>
<b>development (n)</b>	change, growth or improvement over a period of time: <i>The development in the country's economy means that more people are able to buy their own homes.</i>	<b>quiz show (n)</b>	a television or radio programme in which people answer questions in order to win prizes: <i>Your general knowledge is very good; maybe you should go on a quiz show.</i>
<b>modern (adj)</b>	relating to or belonging to the present time: <i>Modern offices are usually full of computers.</i>	<b>game show (n)</b>	a television programme in which people play games or answer questions in order to win prizes: <i>Bruce Forsythe used to host a game show called The Generation Game.</i>
<b>new (adj)</b>	recently made, invented or developed: <i>They are going to build a new office block here.</i>		

## Glossary

<b>announcer (n)</b>	someone whose job is to give information about television or radio programmes between other programmes: <i>The announcer's just said that Big Brother is not going to be on tonight after all as they're showing a football match instead.</i>	<b>connection (n)</b>	a relationship between things or people: <i>Some journalists are saying that there's a connection between the criminal and the bank manager.</i>
<b>commentator (n)</b>	someone whose job is to give a description of an event on television or radio as it happens: <i>I'd love to be a sports commentator but I don't think I can talk quickly enough!</i>	<b>blame (n)</b>	responsibility for an accident, problem or bad situation: <i>Why do I always get the blame for everything?</i>
<b>tabloid (n)</b>	a newspaper that has small pages and not much serious news: <i>I don't know why you waste your money on that tabloid. It's just full of gossip about minor celebrities!</i>	<b>fault (n)</b>	the fact of being responsible for a bad or unpleasant situation: <i>It's my fault – I forgot to give him the message.</i>
<b>broadsheet (n)</b>	a serious type of newspaper that is printed on large sheets of paper: <i>The Daily Telegraph and The Guardian are both examples of broadsheets.</i>	<b>old (adj)</b>	something that is old has existed or been used for a long time: <i>I'm meeting an old friend for lunch.</i>
<b>journalist (n)</b>	someone whose job is to report the news for a newspaper, magazine, radio programme or television programme: <i>Enid works as a journalist for the local newspaper.</i>	<b>ancient (adj)</b>	relating to a period of history a very long time ago: <i>The ancient Egyptians built pyramids for the dead bodies of the kings.</i>
<b>columnist (n)</b>	a journalist who writes a regular series of articles for a particular newspaper or magazine: <i>As a columnist, I'm allowed to express my opinion in ways that other journalists are often not allowed to.</i>	<b>crowd (n)</b>	a large number of people in the same place: <i>The boys disappeared into the crowd.</i>
<b>press (n)</b>	newspapers and news magazines, or the journalists who work on them: <i>She has been criticised in the press for not speaking out on this issue.</i>	<b>audience (n)</b>	the people who watch or listen to a performance: <i>His jokes offended many people in the audience.</i>
<b>media (n)</b>	radio, television, newspapers, the Internet and magazines, considered as a group: <i>The story has been widely reported in the media.</i>	<b>enjoy (v)</b>	to get pleasure from something: <i>Did you enjoy your meal?</i>
<b>programme (n)</b>	a television or radio broadcast: <i>More people watch the news than any other programme.</i>	<b>please (v)</b>	to make someone feel happy and satisfied: <i>He'll do anything to please her.</i>
<b>program (n)</b>	a series of instructions that makes a computer do something: <i>I'm thinking of getting a new word processing program for my laptop.</i>	<b>support (v)</b>	to provide someone with the money, food, shelter or other things that they need in order to live: <i>How can we support our families on such low wages?</i>
<b>channel (n)</b>	a television station and the programmes that it broadcasts: <i>What's on the other channel?</i>	<b>assist (v)</b>	to help someone or something: <i>Her job is to assist the head chef.</i>
<b>broadcast (n)</b>	a programme that is broadcast: <i>We usually watch Channel 5's main news broadcast in the evening.</i>	<b>kind (adj)</b>	behaving in a way that shows you care about other people and want to help them: <i>Thank you, Mark, you've been very kind.</i>
<b>bulletin (n)</b>	a short news broadcast: <i>There's a two-minute news bulletin on at eleven o'clock.</i>	<b>polite (adj)</b>	behaving towards other people in a pleasant way that follows all the usual rules of society: <i>It's not polite to talk with your mouth full of food.</i>
<b>newsflash (n)</b>	a short broadcast of an important piece of news in the middle of a television or radio programme: <i>We interrupt this programme to bring you a newsflash.</i>	<b>sympathetic (adj)</b>	willing to understand someone's problems and help them: <i>You're not being very sympathetic.</i>
<b>People &amp; society</b>		<b>likeable (adj)</b>	pleasant, friendly and easy to like: <i>I've always found Bill to be a very likeable person.</i>
<b>relationship (n)</b>	the way in which two or more people or groups behave towards each other: <i>What was your relationship with your mother like?</i>	<b>nervous (adj)</b>	feeling excited and worried, or slightly afraid: <i>Driving on mountain roads always makes me nervous.</i>
		<b>bad-tempered (adj)</b>	made annoyed or angry very easily: <i>I don't like our new history teacher – she's so bad-tempered!</i>
		<b>sensitive (adj)</b>	likely to become upset very easily: <i>Paul was always a very sensitive little boy.</i>
		<b>sensible (adj)</b>	reasonable and practical: <i>This seems to be a sensible way of dealing with the problem.</i>
		<b>company (n)</b>	the activity of being with other people: <i>I thought you might want some company tonight.</i>

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<b>group (n)</b>	several people or things that are together or that are related to each other in some way: <i>Why don't you join the local drama group?</i>	<b>commit (v)</b>	to do something that is illegal or morally wrong: <i>The study aims to find out what makes people commit crimes.</i>
<b>popular (adj)</b>	liked by many people: <i>Jenny is one of the most popular girls in the school.</i>	<b>break (v)</b>	to fail to obey a rule or law: <i>Students who break these rules will be punished.</i>
<b>famous (adj)</b>	if someone or something is famous, a lot of people know their name or have heard about them: <i>He dreamt of becoming a famous footballer.</i>	<b>rule (n)</b>	a statement that explains what you can or cannot do in a particular situation: <i>You can't do that, it's against the rules!</i>
<b>typical (adj)</b>	behaving in a way that is usual for a particular person: <i>She responded with typical enthusiasm.</i>	<b>law (n)</b>	the system of rules that must be obeyed in society: <i>Failing to declare any extra income is against the law.</i>
<b>usual (adj)</b>	typical of what happens in most situations, or of what people do in most situations: <i>She gave us her usual polite smile.</i>	<b>justice (n)</b>	treatment of people that is fair and morally right: <i>Victims are calling for justice.</i>
<b>ordinary (adj)</b>	normal or average, and not unusual or special: <i>It was just an ordinary Saturday morning.</i>	<b>right (n)</b>	something that you are morally or legally allowed to do or have: <i>We are fighting for workers' rights.</i>
<b>close (adj)</b>	related to you directly, for example by being your parent, child, brother or sister: <i>All my close relatives live in Oxford.</i>	<b>judge (n)</b>	someone whose job is to make decisions in a court of law: <i>The judge sentenced her to ninety days in prison.</i>
<b>near (adj)</b>	close to someone or something: <i>A group of students were standing near the entrance.</i>	<b>jury (n)</b>	a group of members of the public who decide whether someone is guilty in a court case: <i>The jury found him guilty.</i>
<b>unknown (adj)</b>	if something is unknown, people do not know about it or do not know what it is: <i>For some unknown reason, the plane landed at the wrong airport.</i>	<b>prosecute (v)</b>	to officially accuse someone of a crime and ask a court of law to judge them: <i>My neighbour is being prosecuted for driving without a valid licence.</i>
<b>infamous (adj)</b>	well known for something bad: <i>Al Capone was an infamous gangster.</i>	<b>persecute (v)</b>	to treat someone very badly because of their race, religion or political beliefs: <i>A large number of Catholics were persecuted during the war.</i>
<b>The law and crime</b>			
<b>proof (n)</b>	information or evidence that shows that something is definitely true: <i>We were unable to establish proof of her innocence.</i>	<b>capital punishment (n)</b>	the punishment of legally killing someone who has committed a serious crime: <i>They still have capital punishment in the USA.</i>
<b>evidence (n)</b>	facts, statements or objects that help to prove whether someone has committed a crime: <i>The police didn't have enough evidence to convict him.</i>	<b>corporal punishment (n)</b>	punishment that consists of hitting someone: <i>When I was at school, corporal punishment was common.</i>
<b>suspect (v)</b>	to believe that something is true: <i>Police suspected that she had some connection with the robbery.</i>	<b>robber (n)</b>	someone who steals money or property: <i>Why do they always glamourise bank robbers in movies?</i>
<b>arrest (v)</b>	if the police arrest someone, they take that person to a police station because they think that he or she has committed a crime: <i>He was arrested for possession of illegal drugs.</i>	<b>burglar (n)</b>	someone who enters a building illegally in order to steal things: <i>Burglars broke into our office last night and stole all the telephones.</i>
<b>charge (v)</b>	to accuse someone of committing a crime: <i>The police have charged him with murder.</i>	<b>thief (n)</b>	someone who steals something: <i>How dare you accuse me of being a thief; I've never stolen anything in my life!</i>
<b>suspect (n)</b>	someone who might have committed a crime: <i>Have the police interviewed any suspects yet?</i>	<b>vandal (n)</b>	someone who deliberately damages or destroys things, especially public property: <i>Vandals have broken the public telephone outside our house again.</i>
<b>accused (n)</b>	someone who is accused of a crime in a court of law: <i>The accused told the judge that he was not guilty.</i>	<b>hooligan (n)</b>	someone who is noisy or violent in public places: <i>Football hooligans caused a lot of damage to the stadium.</i>
<b>decision (n)</b>	a choice that you make after you have thought carefully about something: <i>The committee will make a decision by the end of the week.</i>	<b>sentence (v)</b>	if a judge sentences someone, they officially say what that person's punishment will be: <i>He was sentenced to 15 years in prison.</i>
<b>verdict (n)</b>	an official judgment made in a court: <i>The jury took 16 hours to reach a verdict.</i>	<b>imprison (v)</b>	to put someone in a prison, or to keep them in a place that they cannot escape from: <i>He had been imprisoned for fifteen years before he managed to prove his innocence.</i>

## Glossary

<b>innocent (adj)</b>	not guilty of a crime or anything bad: <i>Under the law, everyone is considered innocent until proved guilty.</i>	<b>cure (n)</b>	a medicine or treatment that makes someone who is ill become healthy: <i>Doctors say there are several possible cures.</i>
<b>guilty (adj)</b>	someone who is guilty has committed a crime or has done something wrong: <i>Patrick knew that he was guilty of lying.</i>	<b>therapy (n)</b>	a form of treatment for an illness or medical condition: <i>Since the accident, Tina's been having therapy to help her walk again.</i>
<b>witness (n)</b>	someone who sees a crime, accident or other event happen: <i>Witnesses reported hearing two gunshots.</i>	<b>effect (n)</b>	a change that is produced in one person or thing by another: <i>Scientists are studying the chemical's effects on the environment.</i>
<b>bystander (n)</b>	someone who sees an event happen, but who is not directly involved in it: <i>The car crashed into the wall, nearly hitting two bystanders.</i>	<b>result (n)</b>	something that is caused directly by something else: <i>He said the argument was the result of a misunderstanding.</i>
<b>lawyer (n)</b>	someone whose profession is to provide people with legal advice and services: <i>Mayer's lawyer spoke to the press today.</i>	<b>healthy (adj)</b>	physically strong and not ill: <i>I feel very healthy at the moment.</i>
<b>solicitor (n)</b>	in the UK, a lawyer who gives legal advice, writes legal contracts, and represents people in the lower courts of law: <i>You'll be hearing from my solicitor.</i>	<b>fit (adj)</b>	healthy, strong and able to do physical exercise: <i>Running around after the kids keeps me fit.</i>
<b>Health and fitness</b>		<b>examine (v)</b>	to look at something or someone carefully: <i>She opened the suitcase and examined the contents.</i>
<b>prescription (n)</b>	a piece of paper that a doctor gives you that says what type of medicine you need: <i>The drug is only available on prescription.</i>	<b>investigate (v)</b>	to try to find out all the facts about something in order to learn the truth about it: <i>We sent a reporter to investigate the rumour.</i>
<b>recipe (n)</b>	a set of instructions for cooking or preparing a particular food: <i>You must give me the recipe for this apple pie!</i>	<b>infection (n)</b>	the process of becoming infected with a disease: <i>There are ways to reduce your risk of infection.</i>
<b>operation (n)</b>	the process of cutting into someone's body for medical reasons: <i>She may need an operation on her knee.</i>	<b>pollution (n)</b>	chemicals and other substances that have a harmful effect on air, water or land: <i>The agency is responsible for controlling air pollution.</i>
<b>surgery (n)</b>	medical treatment in which a doctor cuts open someone's body: <i>I'm afraid you're going to need surgery on your hand.</i>	<b>plaster (n)</b>	a thin piece of cloth or plastic that sticks to your skin to cover a cut: <i>Do you know where the plasters are? I've cut my finger.</i>
<b>sore (adj)</b>	painful and uncomfortable, usually as a result of an injury, infection or too much exercise: <i>I always feel stiff and sore after gardening.</i>	<b>bandage (n)</b>	a long thin piece of cloth that you wrap around an injured part of your body: <i>The doctor carefully removed the bandage to have a look at my injured arm.</i>
<b>hurt (v)</b>	to feel pain somewhere in your body: <i>Fred's knees hurt after skiing all day.</i>	<b>ward (n)</b>	a large room in a hospital with beds for people to stay in: <i>When I was in hospital, I was put on a ward with ten other children.</i>
<b>pain (n)</b>	a bad feeling in part of your body when you are hurt or become ill: <i>An old injury was causing him intense pain.</i>	<b>clinic (n)</b>	a place where people go to receive a particular type of medical treatment or advice: <i>My doctor sent me to an eye clinic to see a specialist.</i>
<b>illness (n)</b>	a particular disease, or a period of being ill: <i>Mike's illness meant that he missed almost two months of school.</i>	<b>dose (n)</b>	a particular amount of a drug or medicine that has been measured so that you can take it: <i>The dose for children is two tablets, three times a day.</i>
<b>disease (n)</b>	an illness that affects people, animals or plants: <i>Studies have revealed that vegetarians suffer less from heart disease.</i>	<b>fix (n)</b>	an amount of a drug that someone feels that they need to take regularly: <i>Many addicts steal in order to pay for their daily fix.</i>
<b>injured (adj)</b>	hurt in an accident or attack: <i>The injured man was taken to hospital.</i>	<b>fever (n)</b>	a medical condition in which the temperature of your body is very high: <i>Mrs Connors called the doctor in the middle of the night because Jenny had a fever.</i>
<b>damaged (adj)</b>	harmed physically: <i>After the explosion, people were warned to keep away from the damaged buildings.</i>		
<b>thin (adj)</b>	someone who is thin has very little fat on their body: <i>Charles was thin and very tall.</i>		
<b>slim (adj)</b>	thin in an attractive way: <i>She had a slim youthful figure.</i>		
<b>remedy (n)</b>	a cure for pain or for a minor illness: <i>I know a really good herbal remedy for headaches.</i>		

## Glossary

<b>rash (n)</b>	an area of small red spots on your skin that is caused by an illness or a reaction to something: <i>I think I'm allergic to that new washing powder because I've got a rash on my legs.</i>	<b>saucer (n)</b>	a small round flat dish that you put a cup on: <i>I bought some matching cups and saucers.</i>
<b>Food and drink</b>			
<b>chop (v)</b>	to cut something such as food or wood into pieces: <i>Chop the meat into small cubes.</i>	<b>dish (n)</b>	food that has been prepared and cooked in a particular way: <i>Do you have any vegetarian dishes?</i>
<b>slice (v)</b>	to cut something into flat pieces: <i>I'll slice some bread.</i>	<b>vegetable (n)</b>	a part of a plant used as food, for example a potato, bean or cabbage: <i>We grow all our own vegetables.</i>
<b>grate (v)</b>	to rub food against a grater in order to cut it into small pieces: <i>Could you grate some cheese, please?</i>	<b>vegetarian (n)</b>	someone who chooses not to eat meat or fish: <i>My sister has been a vegetarian for ten years.</i>
<b>bake (v)</b>	to cook food such as bread and cakes in an oven: <i>She baked me a cake for my birthday.</i>	<b>vegan (n)</b>	someone who chooses not to eat anything made from animals or fish, including eggs, milk and cheese: <i>It must be quite difficult going to restaurants if you're a vegan.</i>
<b>grill (v)</b>	to cook something by putting it close to great heat above or below it: <i>Do you want to grill the sausages or fry them?</i>	<b>fast food (n)</b>	food that is made and served very quickly, and that you can take away with you: <i>Many people think that fast food like hamburgers is unhealthy.</i>
<b>fry (v)</b>	to cook food in hot oil or fat, or to be cooked in this way: <i>Heat the oil in a large pan and fry the onion and garlic for 5 minutes.</i>	<b>takeaway (n)</b>	a meal that you buy in a restaurant and take home to eat: <i>Let's get a Chinese takeaway on the way home.</i>
<b>roast (v)</b>	to cook meat or vegetables in an oven: <i>Roast the potatoes next to the chicken.</i>	<b>kettle (n)</b>	a container that is used for boiling water: <i>Put the kettle on!</i>
<b>boil (v)</b>	to cook something in boiling water, or to be cooked in this way: <i>How long does it take to boil an egg?</i>	<b>teapot (n)</b>	a container with a handle and a spout (=small tube for pouring) that you use for making and pouring tea: <i>Put three teabags in the teapot and pour in the boiling water.</i>
<b>cook (n)</b>	someone who cooks food, either as their job or for pleasure: <i>Jane's a very good cook.</i>	<b>freezer (n)</b>	a large piece of electrical equipment that is used for freezing food: <i>I'll put the ice cream in the freezer.</i>
<b>cooker (n)</b>	a large piece of kitchen equipment that you use for cooking food. It usually includes an oven and a hob: <i>We bought a new electric cooker last week.</i>	<b>fridge (n)</b>	a piece of equipment that is used for storing food at low temperatures: <i>Could you get the milk out of the fridge, please?</i>
<b>chef (n)</b>	someone whose job is to cook food in a restaurant: <i>Aristotelis works as a chef in a big restaurant in Utrecht.</i>	<b>frozen (adj)</b>	preserved by being made extremely cold and stored at a very low temperature: <i>I usually buy frozen vegetables.</i>
<b>oven (n)</b>	a large piece of equipment in a kitchen that you cook food in: <i>Preheat the oven to 220°C, Gas mark 7.</i>	<b>freezing (adj)</b>	very cold: <i>It's absolutely freezing in here!</i>
<b>grill (n)</b>	the part of a cooker where food is cooked under great heat: <i>Can you put the sausages under the grill?</i>	<b>mix (v)</b>	to combine two or more substances so that they become a single substance: <i>Mix the flour with the eggs and butter.</i>
<b>hob (n)</b>	the top part of a cooker that you put pans on: <i>Put the pan on the hob and heat gently.</i>	<b>stir (v)</b>	to move food or a liquid around using a spoon or other object: <i>Stir the sauce gently over a low heat.</i>
<b>kitchen (n)</b>	a room where you prepare and cook food, and wash dishes: <i>We sometimes eat in the kitchen.</i>	<b>whisk (v)</b>	to mix something such as eggs or cream using a whisk or a fork: <i>Whisk the eggs for two or three minutes.</i>
<b>cuisine (n)</b>	a particular style of cooking: <i>I love Thai cuisine.</i>	<b>soft drink (n)</b>	a cold drink that does not contain any alcohol: <i>If you'd like a soft drink, we've got some orange juice.</i>
<b>lunch (n)</b>	a meal that you eat in the middle of the day: <i>I'll get a sandwich for lunch.</i>	<b>fizzy drink (n)</b>	a fizzy drink is a sweet drink without alcohol that has bubbles: <i>I don't like fizzy drinks like lemonade.</i>
<b>dinner (n)</b>	the main meal of the day, usually eaten in the evening: <i>I haven't had dinner yet.</i>	<b>menu (n)</b>	a list of the food that is available in a restaurant: <i>Do you see anything you like on the menu?</i>
<b>plate (n)</b>	a flat round dish that you put food on: <i>Let's put all the sandwiches on one plate.</i>	<b>catalogue (n)</b>	a book that contains pictures of things that you can buy: <i>Alan bought his jeans from a mail order catalogue.</i>
<b>bowl (n)</b>	a round container that you use for eating, serving or preparing food: <i>In a large bowl, mix together the eggs, sugar and butter.</i>		

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<b>take (v)</b>	to perform an action: <i>I decided to take the exam, even though I knew I was going to fail.</i>	<b>measure (v)</b>	to find the exact size, amount, speed or rate of something: <i>We measured from the back of the house to the fence.</i>
<b>pass (v)</b>	to be successful in an examination or test, by achieving a satisfactory standard: <i>Do you think you'll pass?</i>	<b>degree (n)</b>	a course of study at a university, or the qualification that you get after completing the course: <i>She's doing a degree at Exeter University.</i>
<b>read (v)</b>	to look at and understand words in a letter, book, newspaper, etc: <i>I read a few chapters every night.</i>	<b>certificate (n)</b>	an official document that proves that you have passed an examination or have successfully completed a course: <i>Doctors often put their certificates up in their offices to show that they are qualified.</i>
<b>study (v)</b>	to do work such as reading and homework: <i>You need to study hard if you want to pass.</i>	<b>results (n)</b>	the mark that a student gets in an examination: <i>You should get your exam results next week.</i>
<b>test (n)</b>	a set of written or spoken questions that is used for finding out how much someone knows about a subject: <i>Did you get a good mark in your physics test?</i>	<b>speak (v)</b>	to be able to talk in a particular language: <i>Do you speak Chinese?</i>
<b>exam (n)</b>	an important test of your knowledge, especially one that you take at school or university: <i>I'm taking the exam in June.</i>	<b>talk (v)</b>	to speak, or to have a conversation: <i>Can their baby talk yet?</i>
<b>primary (adj)</b>	relating to the education of children between the ages of about five and eleven: <i>I really didn't want to leave my primary school.</i>	<b>lesson (n)</b>	a period of time in which students are taught about a subject in school: <i>Don't forget to bring your books to Monday's lesson.</i>
<b>secondary (adj)</b>	relating to the education of children between the ages of 11 and 16 or 18: <i>Once Ian went to secondary school, he really developed a lot of self-confidence.</i>	<b>subject (n)</b>	something that you learn or teach in a school, for example English, mathematics or biology: <i>I prefer science subjects, like physics and biology, to arts subjects.</i>
<b>high [school] (adj)</b>	in the UK, a school for children between the ages of 11 and 18; in the US, a school for children between the ages of 14 and 18: <i>I hated high school because everyone was worried about being popular.</i>	<b>achieve (v)</b>	to succeed in doing or having something: <i>We have achieved what we set out to do.</i>
<b>colleague (n)</b>	someone who works in the same organisation or department as you: <i>Friends and colleagues will remember him with affection.</i>	<b>reach (v)</b>	to get to a particular point in time, or to a particular stage in a process: <i>The children have reached the age when they want more privacy.</i>
<b>classmate (n)</b>	someone who is in your class at school: <i>I get on well with all my classmates.</i>	<b>task (n)</b>	something that you have to do, often something that is difficult or unpleasant: <i>Ken began the difficult task of organising the information.</i>
<b>prefect (n)</b>	in some schools in the UK, an older student who controls the activities of younger students and helps them to obey the rules: <i>At our school, the headmaster chooses the prefects at the start of each academic year.</i>	<b>effort (n)</b>	physical or mental energy needed to do something: <i>Writing a book takes a lot of time and effort.</i>
<b>pupil (n)</b>	someone who goes to school or who has lessons in a particular subject: <i>All the pupils stood up as the head teacher entered the room.</i>	<b>know (v)</b>	to be familiar with someone or something, for example because you have met someone before or been to a place before: <i>Do you know Terry Davis?</i>
<b>student (n)</b>	someone who goes to a university, college or school: <i>Jennifer is one of my best students.</i>	<b>recognise (v)</b>	to know someone or something because you have seen, heard or met them before: <i>I recognised the house from your description.</i>
<b>qualifications (n)</b>	something such as a degree or a diploma that you get when you successfully finish a course of study: <i>Simon left school with no qualifications.</i>	<b>teach (v)</b>	to help students to learn something in a school, college or university by giving lessons: <i>She teaches children with learning difficulties.</i>
<b>qualities (n)</b>	positive features of a person's character: <i>What qualities do you most admire in others?</i>	<b>learn (v)</b>	to gain knowledge or experience of something, for example by being taught: <i>What did you learn at school today?</i>
<b>count (v)</b>	to calculate how many people or things there are in a group: <i>All the votes have been counted.</i>	<b>Weather &amp; environment</b>	
		<b>urban (adj)</b>	relating to towns and cities: <i>People moved to the urban areas for jobs.</i>

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<b>suburban</b> (adj)	in a suburb, relating to a suburb, or typical of a suburb: <i>We live a suburban life in a quiet residential area on the outskirts of town.</i>	<b>environment</b> (n)	the natural world, including the land, water, air, plants and animals: <i>Industrial development is causing widespread damage to the environment.</i>
<b>rural</b> (adj)	relating to the countryside, or in the countryside: <i>I'd find rural life difficult after living in a city for so long.</i>	<b>surroundings</b> (n)	a place and all the things in it: <i>She soon became accustomed to her new surroundings.</i>
<b>smog</b> (n)	polluted air that forms a cloud close to the ground: <i>Smog is a serious form of pollution in many large cities.</i>	<b>wind</b> (n)	a natural current of air that moves fast enough for you to feel it: <i>A cold wind blew.</i>
<b>fog</b> (n)	thick clouds that form close to the ground and are difficult to see through: <i>Driving in fog can be very dangerous.</i>	<b>air</b> (n)	the mixture of gases that we breathe: <i>She breathed in the cold air.</i>
<b>smoke</b> (n)	a grey, black or white cloud that is produced by something that is burning: <i>A column of black smoke slowly rose above the building.</i>	<b>reservoir</b> (n)	a lake, often an artificial one, where water is stored so that it can be supplied to houses, factories, etc: <i>They're planning to build a new reservoir to supply water for the area.</i>
<b>mist</b> (n)	a mass of small drops of water in the air close to the ground: <i>The whole valley was covered with mist this morning.</i>	<b>lake</b> (n)	a large area of water surrounded by land: <i>There were some boys swimming in the lake.</i>
<b>weather</b> (n)	the conditions that exist in the atmosphere, for example whether it is hot, cold, sunny or wet: <i>The hot weather will continue through the weekend.</i>	<b>puddle</b> (n)	a small pool of water that is left on the ground after it has rained: <i>Our dog loves jumping in puddles.</i>
<b>climate</b> (n)	the climate of a country or region is the type of weather it has: <i>Mexico is renowned for its hot climate and spicy food.</i>	<b>pond</b> (n)	an area of water that is smaller than a lake: <i>My grandparents have got a small pond in their garden.</i>
<b>forecast</b> (n)	a statement about what is likely to happen, usually relating to the weather, business or the economy: <i>Did you hear a weather forecast today?</i>	<b>thunder</b> (n)	the loud noise that you sometimes hear in the sky during a storm: <i>Carol jumped under the bed when she heard the thunder!</i>
<b>prediction</b> (n)	a statement about what you think will happen in the future: <i>My prediction is that there'll be an election within six months.</i>	<b>lightning</b> (n)	the bright flashes of light that you see in the sky during a storm: <i>The ship was struck by lightning soon after it left the port.</i>
<b>waste</b> (n)	the useless materials, substances or parts that are left after you have used something: <i>Many factories have stopped pumping waste into rivers.</i>	<b>global</b> (adj)	including or affecting the whole world: <i>The global economy has become increasingly unstable.</i>
<b>litter</b> (n)	things that people have dropped on the ground in a public place, making it untidy: <i>I wish the tourists here wouldn't drop so much litter on the ground.</i>	<b>worldwide</b> (adj)	happening or existing all over the world: <i>This is a worldwide network of more than 100 organisations.</i>
<b>rubbish</b> (n)	things that you throw away because they are no longer useful: <i>The streets were littered with rubbish.</i>	<b>plain</b> (n)	a large flat area of land: <i>There's a large, flat plain between two mountain ranges.</i>
<b>clean</b> (adj)	not dirty or polluted: <i>Go and put on a clean shirt.</i>	<b>land</b> (n)	an area of ground, especially one used for a particular purpose such as farming or building: <i>The land around here is very fertile.</i>
<b>clear</b> (adj)	if the sky is clear, there are no clouds: <i>We were just lying on the ground looking up at the clear, blue sky.</i>	<b>field</b> (n)	an area of land that is used for keeping animals or growing food: <i>That's a field of wheat over there.</i>
<b>pour</b> (v)	to rain very hard: <i>The thunder and lightning stopped, but it continued to pour.</i>	<b>desert</b> (n)	a large area of land with few plants and dry weather: <i>The Sahara is one of the biggest deserts in the world.</i>
<b>drizzle</b> (v)	to rain very lightly: <i>It was only drizzling when I left so I didn't bother taking an umbrella with me.</i>	<b>extinct</b> (adj)	if something such as a type of animal or plant is extinct, it no longer exists: <i>A number of plants and insects in the rainforests have already become extinct.</i>
<b>flood</b> (v)	to cover a place with water, or to become covered with water: <i>Water burst through the dam and flooded local villages.</i>	<b>endangered</b> (adj)	if something such as a type of animal or plant is endangered, it may soon become extinct: <i>What can we do to help protect endangered species?</i>
		<b>recycle</b> (v)	to treat waste materials so that they can be used again: <i>You should recycle those newspapers and bottles.</i>

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<b>reuse (v)</b>	to use something again: <i>Once you've recorded a film onto a video cassette, you can reuse the tape by just recording over the original film.</i>	<b>checkout (n)</b>	the place where you pay in a supermarket or other large shop: <i>You don't need to weigh the vegetables – they do it at the checkout.</i>
<b>Money &amp; shopping</b>			
<b>economic (adj)</b>	relating to the economy, business and trade: <i>The project will bring great social and economic benefits to the region.</i>	<b>products (n)</b>	things that are made, grown or obtained in large quantities so that they can be sold: <i>Come in and see our large range of software products.</i>
<b>economical (adj)</b>	not spending or costing much money: <i>The material is an economical substitute for plastic or steel.</i>	<b>goods (n)</b>	objects that are produced for sale: <i>Wilkins was found in possession of £8000 worth of stolen goods.</i>
<b>receipt (n)</b>	a document that you get from someone showing that you have given them money or goods: <i>Keep all your credit card receipts.</i>	<b>refund (v/n)</b>	to give money back to someone because they have paid too much for something or have decided that they do not want it / the money that you get back: <i>Sandra asked the shop to refund her money as the jeans were too small.</i>
<b>bill (n)</b>	a piece of paper that shows how much money you owe after you have eaten in a restaurant: <i>Could we have the bill, please?</i>	<b>exchange (v)</b>	to give someone something in return for something that they give you: <i>If this T-shirt doesn't fit my sister, can she exchange it for a larger one?</i>
<b>make (n)</b>	a product that is made by a particular company: <i>This is a very popular make of car.</i>	<b>fake (adj)</b>	made to look like something real in order to trick people: <i>It turned out to be a fake passport.</i>
<b>brand (n)</b>	a product or group of products that has its own name and is made by one particular company: <i>I tried using a new brand of soap.</i>	<b>plastic (adj)</b>	made of a very common light, strong substance that is produced by a chemical process: <i>I think that we should reuse all our plastic bags to help the environment.</i>
<b>bargain (n)</b>	something you buy that costs much less than normal: <i>Her dress was a real bargain.</i>	<b>Entertainment</b>	
<b>sale (n)</b>	an event or period of time during which a shop reduces the prices of some of its goods: <i>I'm sure you'll find the same dress in a sale if you wait a little.</i>	<b>enjoy (v)</b>	to get pleasure from something: <i>Did you enjoy your meal?</i>
<b>discount (n)</b>	a reduction in the price of something: <i>Air Canada are currently offering a 10% discount on selected airfares.</i>	<b>entertain (v)</b>	to give a performance that people enjoy: <i>The children sang and danced to entertain the crowd.</i>
<b>offer (n)</b>	a special price that is lower than the usual price for something: <i>The shop had a half-price offer on CDs.</i>	<b>play (v)</b>	to have a particular part in a play or film: <i>She played Blanche in A Streetcar Named Desire.</i>
<b>price (n)</b>	the amount of money that you have to pay in order to buy something: <i>Oil was at its lowest price in 30 years.</i>	<b>act (v)</b>	to perform in plays or films: <i>I've always wanted to act.</i>
<b>cost (n)</b>	the amount of money that you need in order to buy something or to do something: <i>The cost of basic foods has risen dramatically.</i>	<b>star (v)</b>	if you star in a film, play, television programme, etc, or if it stars you, you are the main actor or performer in it: <i>He starred in the school play.</i>
<b>change (n)</b>	coins rather than notes: <i>Have you got change for a five-pound note?</i>	<b>audition (n)</b>	an occasion when you sing, dance or act so that someone can decide if you are good enough to perform: <i>Good luck with your audition for the play.</i>
<b>cash (n)</b>	money in the form of notes and coins: <i>Do you want to pay in cash or by credit card?</i>	<b>rehearsal (n)</b>	an occasion when you practise for the performance of a play, concert, etc: <i>We've got rehearsals every night this week.</i>
<b>wealth (n)</b>	a large amount of money and other valuable things: <i>He was a man of immense wealth.</i>	<b>rehearse (v)</b>	to practise a play, concert, etc before giving a performance: <i>How many times are you going to rehearse that song before the talent show?</i>
<b>fortune (n)</b>	a large amount of money: <i>They must have spent a fortune on flowers.</i>	<b>practise (v)</b>	to repeat an activity regularly so that you become better at it: <i>How many hours a day do you practise?</i>
<b>till (n)</b>	a piece of equipment that is used in shops for adding up the amount of money that someone has to pay and for keeping the money in: <i>The shop assistant opened the till and put the money into it.</i>	<b>scene (n)</b>	a part of a play, book, film, etc in which events happen in the same place or period of time: <i>I love the opening scene of Macbeth.</i>

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<b>scenery (n)</b>	the furniture and painted background on a theatre stage: <i>The play was good but the scenery wasn't very realistic.</i>	<b>hear (v)</b>	to realise that someone or something is making a sound: <i>Mary heard the sound of voices.</i>
<b>stage (n)</b>	the part of a theatre where the actors or musicians perform: <i>They had now been on stage for over four hours.</i>	<b>Fashion and design</b>	
<b>band (n)</b>	a group of musicians who play popular music: <i>He used to play in a jazz band.</i>	<b>put on (phr v)</b>	to cover a part of your body with a piece of clothing or jewellery so that you are wearing it: <i>Dorothy put on her coat and went out.</i>
<b>orchestra (n)</b>	a large group of musicians who use many different instruments in order to play mostly classical music: <i>There are over fifty people in the school orchestra.</i>	<b>wear (v)</b>	to have something on your body as clothing, decoration or protection: <i>He was wearing jeans and a T-shirt.</i>
<b>group (n)</b>	a small set of musicians who play pop music: <i>Would you like to be in a pop group?</i>	<b>costume (n)</b>	clothes that the actors wear in a play or film: <i>I thought the costumes they were wearing in the play were fantastic.</i>
<b>review (n)</b>	an article in which someone gives their opinion of a play, book, exhibition, etc: <i>The film got really good reviews.</i>	<b>suit (n)</b>	a set of clothes made from the same cloth, usually a jacket with trousers or a skirt: <i>He was wearing a dark suit and a tie.</i>
<b>criticism (n)</b>	a comment or comments that show that you think something is wrong or bad: <i>The new plans drew fierce criticism from local people.</i>	<b>dye (v)</b>	to change the colour of something such as cloth or hair using dye: <i>Why don't you dye your hair red?</i>
<b>ticket (n)</b>	a piece of paper that shows that you have paid to do something such as go to a concert, visit a museum, or travel on a train, bus, plane, etc: <i>We'll send your tickets a week before your flight.</i>	<b>paint (v)</b>	to put paint onto something in order to change its colour: <i>Wash the walls before you start to paint.</i>
<b>fee (n)</b>	an amount of money that you pay to be allowed to do something such as join an organisation: <i>The gallery charges a small entrance fee.</i>	<b>fit (v)</b>	if clothes fit, they are the right size for you: <i>It is important that children's shoes fit correctly.</i>
<b>novel (n)</b>	a long written story about imaginary characters and events: <i>Have you read any of Martin Amis' novels?</i>	<b>suit (v)</b>	if a style or something you wear suits you, it makes you look good: <i>The new hairstyle really suits her.</i>
<b>fiction (n)</b>	books and stories about imaginary events and people: <i>Hardy wrote poetry as well as fiction.</i>	<b>match (v)</b>	if one thing matches another, or they match, they form an attractive combination: <i>She wore a green dress and a hat to match.</i>
<b>comic (n)</b>	a magazine that contains stories told in a series of drawings: <i>My little brother gets a comic every Friday.</i>	<b>cloth (n)</b>	material used for making things such as clothes and curtains: <i>I really like the cloth you've used on these cushions. What is it?</i>
<b>cartoon (n)</b>	a film or TV programme made by photographing a series of drawings so that things in them seem to move; a humorous drawing or series of drawings in a newspaper or magazine: <i>There's a very funny cartoon in today's paper.</i>	<b>clothing (n)</b>	clothes: <i>I told the hotel manager that some items of clothing had gone missing from my room.</i>
<b>comedian (n)</b>	someone whose job is to entertain people by making them laugh: <i>The comedian was so bad the audience didn't let him finish his act.</i>	<b>blouse (n)</b>	a shirt for women: <i>Women are expected to wear blouses in our office.</i>
<b>watch (v)</b>	to look at someone or something for a period of time: <i>Did you watch the news last night?</i>	<b>top (n)</b>	a piece of clothing that covers the upper part of your body: <i>She was wearing a red skirt and a black top.</i>
<b>see (v)</b>	to watch something such as a film or television programme: <i>Have you seen American Beauty?</i>	<b>design (v)</b>	to decide how something will be made, how it will work, or what it will look like, and often to make drawings of it: <i>The bride wore a dress that she designed herself.</i>
<b>look (v)</b>	to direct your eyes towards someone or something so that you can see them: <i>Dan looked at his watch.</i>	<b>manufacture (v)</b>	to make goods in large quantities in a factory: <i>The firm manufactures women's clothing.</i>
<b>listen (v)</b>	to pay attention to a sound, or to try to hear a sound: <i>Do you like listening to music?</i>	<b>current (adj)</b>	happening or existing now: <i>Production is likely to remain at current levels.</i>
		<b>new (adj)</b>	recently made, invented or developed: <i>They are going to build a new office block here.</i>
		<b>modern (adj)</b>	relating to or belonging to the present time: <i>Modern offices are usually full of computers.</i>

## Glossary

<b>look (n)</b>	the appearance that someone or something has: <i>Let us create a stylish modern look for your home.</i>	<b>wage(s) (n)</b>	a regular amount of money that you earn for working: <i>I've usually spent all my wages by Tuesday.</i>
<b>appearance (n)</b>	the way that someone or something looks: <i>The twins are almost identical in appearance.</i>	<b>salary (n)</b>	a fixed amount of money that you earn each month or year from your job: <i>I get an annual salary of £25 000.</i>
<b>supply (v)</b>	to provide someone or something with something that they need or want: <i>Two huge generators supply power to farms in the area.</i>	<b>pay (n)</b>	money that you receive for doing your job: <i>They were demanding higher pay.</i>
<b>produce (v)</b>	to make or grow something: <i>We are now producing the same quantity of goods with far fewer workers.</i>	<b>commute (v)</b>	to travel regularly to and from work: <i>My father commutes to work every day.</i>
<b>glimpse (v)</b>	to see someone or something for a moment or not completely: <i>I glimpsed a strange man through the window, and then he was gone.</i>	<b>deliver (v)</b>	to take something such as goods or letters to a place and give them to someone: <i>I can deliver the letter this afternoon.</i>
<b>glance (v)</b>	to look somewhere quickly and then look away: <i>'I must go,' Claudia said, glancing at her watch.</i>	<b>retire (v)</b>	to stop working permanently, especially when you are old: <i>He retired from the army last month.</i>
<b>average (adj)</b>	the typical amount or level: <i>Unemployment here is twice the national average.</i>	<b>resign (v)</b>	to state formally that you are leaving your job: <i>He made it clear that he was not resigning from active politics.</i>
<b>everyday (adj)</b>	very common or completely normal: <i>We all need a friend to help us with everyday problems.</i>	<b>fire (v)</b>	to make someone leave their job as a punishment: <i>She was fired for refusing to include the information in her report.</i>
<b>Work and business</b>		<b>sack (v)</b>	to force someone to leave their job: <i>Hundreds of workers are to be sacked at the factory.</i>
<b>employer (n)</b>	a person or organisation that pays workers to work for them: <i>The factory is the largest single employer in the area.</i>	<b>make redundant (phr)</b>	if someone is made redundant, they have been told that they must leave their job because they are no longer needed: <i>When the company closed, my dad was made redundant.</i>
<b>employee (n)</b>	someone who is paid regularly to work for a person or organisation: <i>There are six part-time employees working here.</i>	<b>overtime (n)</b>	extra hours that someone works at their job, or money that is paid for working extra hours: <i>Do you get paid extra for doing overtime?</i>
<b>staff (n)</b>	the people who work for a particular company, organisation or institution: <i>The embassy employs around 50 people on its full-time staff.</i>	<b>promotion (n)</b>	a move to a job at a higher level: <i>His main objective is to get a promotion.</i>
<b>job (n)</b>	work that you do regularly to earn money: <i>Andy got a holiday job at a factory in Bristol.</i>	<b>pension (n)</b>	an amount of money that someone receives regularly when they no longer work because of their age or because they are ill: <i>My grandma gets a small pension from the state.</i>
<b>work (n)</b>	a job that you are paid to do: <i>It's not easy to find work.</i>	<b>company (n)</b>	an organisation that sells services or goods: <i>Max works for a large oil company.</i>
<b>career (n)</b>	a job or profession that you work at for some time: <i>Rosen had decided on an academic career.</i>	<b>firm (n)</b>	a business, or a company: <i>Josh works for a law firm in Chicago.</i>
<b>earn (v)</b>	to receive money for work that you do: <i>Most people here earn about £30 000 a year.</i>	<b>business (n)</b>	an organisation that buys or sells products or services: <i>Sheryl's parents run a small clothing business.</i>
<b>win (v)</b>	to get something as a prize for defeating other people or because you are lucky: <i>He won £4000 in the lottery.</i>	<b>union (n)</b>	an organisation that represents the workers in a particular industry: <i>We encourage all employees to join a union.</i>
<b>gain (v)</b>	to get more of something, usually as a result of a gradual process: <i>I've gained a lot of weight this winter.</i>	<b>charity (n)</b>	an organisation that gives money and help to people who need it: <i>The charity helps fund projects in developing countries.</i>
<b>raise (n)</b>	an increase in the amount that you are paid for work: <i>Why don't you ask for a raise?</i>		
<b>rise (n)</b>	an increase in size, amount, quality or strength: <i>The proposed tax rise was not unexpected.</i>		