LECTURER: Nghia Duong-Trung

# **ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE**

#### **WHOIAM**

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- Senior Researcher @ The German Research Center for Artificial Intelligence
  - BMBF Projects: <a href="https://milki-psy.de/">https://tech4comp.de/</a>
- Freelance Lecturer @ IU
- PostDoc @ Technische Universität Berlin, Germany
  - Project: <a href="https://kiwi-biolab.de/">https://kiwi-biolab.de/</a>
- PhD in Machine Learning at The Information Systems and Machine Learning Lab (ISMLL), University of Hildesheim, Germany
- Profile: <a href="https://sites.google.com/ismll.de/duongtrungnghia/">https://sites.google.com/ismll.de/duongtrungnghia/</a>

#### **IU: NEW FROM Q12023**

- Check attendance
- Attendance or partial attendance
- Excuse note (yes | no)
- Absence reason (yes | no)

- Course book: Artificial Intelligence\_DLMAIAI01, provided by IU, myStudies
- Reading list DLMAIAI01, provided by IU, myStudies
- Additional teaching materials:

https://github.com/duongtrung/IU-AI-DLMAIAI01

History of Artificial Intelligence	1
Early Systems in Artificial Intelligence	2
Neuroscience and Cognitive Science	3
Modern Artificial Intelligence Systems	4
Applications of Artificial Intelligence	5

# HISTORY OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

#### **STUDY GOALS**



# On completion of this unit, you will have learned ...

- ... how artificial intelligence has developed as a scientific discipline.
- ... what paradigms have dominated public perception of the field at different times.
- ... which notable advances are still relevant today.
- ... what the history of artificial intelligence means for you in terms
  of learning new skills and contributing to society.



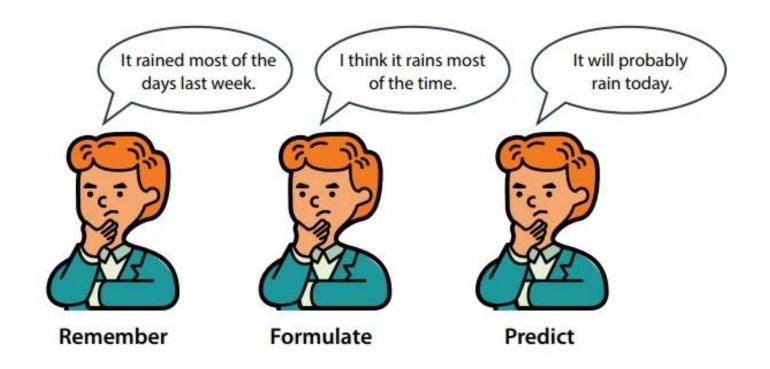
- 1. Explain the term of AI winter using your own words.
- 2. Name relevant considerations of AI. Why are they relevant?
- 3. Describe key trends in Artificial Intelligence.

#### WHAT IS ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE?

- The set of all tasks in which a computer can make decisions
- A computer makes these decisions by mimicking the ways a human makes decisions
  - by using logic and reasoning
  - by using our experience
- The set of all tasks in which a computer can make decisions based on **data**

#### **MAKING DECISIONS WITH DATA**

- Remember-formulate-predict framework
  - We **remember** past situations that were similar
  - We **formulate** a general rule
  - We use this rule to predict what may happen in the future



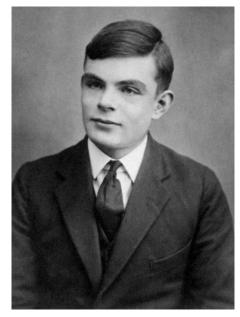
#### **EXCERPT OF HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENTS**

# Ancient artificical intelligence history

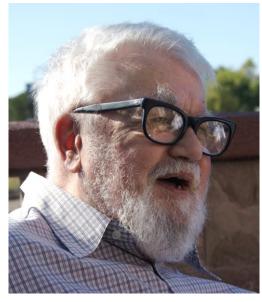
- Aristotle (syllogism)
- David Hume (*learning curve*)

# Recent artificical intelligence history

- Alan Turing (test)
- John McCarthy (Automata)
- OpenAI ChatGPT (conversational interaction)



Alan Turing



John McCarthy

The two words *artificial* and *intelligence* were first put together on **August** 31, 1955, when professor John McCarthy from Dartmouth College, together with M.L Minsky from Harvard University, N. Rochester from IBM, and C. E. Shannon from Bell Telephone Laboratories, asked the Rockefeller Foundation to fund a summer of research on artificial intelligence

"We propose that a 2 month, 10 man study of artificial intelligence be carried out during the summer of 1956 at Dartmouth College in Hanover, New Hampshire. . . . An attempt will be made to find how to make machines use language, form abstractions and concepts, solve kinds of problems now reserved for humans, and improve themselves. We think that a significant advance can be made in one or more of these problems if a carefully selected group of scientists work on it together for a summer.

#### WHAT IS ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE?

### Narrow Al:

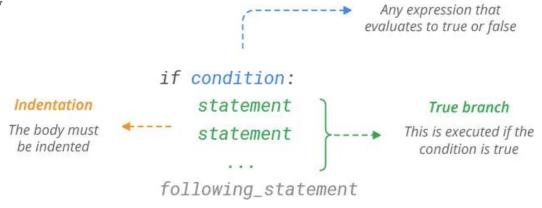
- Solving a single, well defined task
- It can be broad (recognizing objects from pictures) or extremely specific (predicting which customers who bought product A are more likely to purchase product B as well

### General AI:

- Tackling every kind of task it's presented. This is similar to an extremely resourceful human, and you can think of it as the robot from The Terminator
- still far away, researchers don't know when we'll finally get it.

# - The engine of the AI revolution: machine learning

- ML is the field of study that gives computers the ability learn without being explicitly programmed



Condition

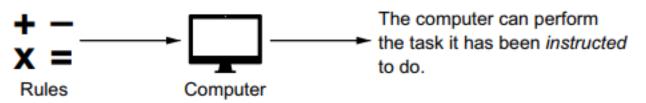
#### WHAT IS MACHINE LEARNING?

- Explicitly programming a computer means defining the rules and instructions it must follow to perform a specific task
  - This is what software engineers do when they write software that handles your everyday tasks
- Unfortunately, things are not always explicit
  - Can you explain the process you make to recognize a cat vs a dog?
  - Can you list all the English grammar rules you apply as you talk?
  - If you can't precisely explain how you do something, there's no chance that you can instruct a computer to do it.

#### WHAT IS MACHINE LEARNING?

- From rules to data
- ML couldn't possibly have Blossomed before the 2000s
- Learning from data doesn't for free, and computers need
   Fast processors to perform
   This task

### **Traditional Programming**



### **Machine Learning**



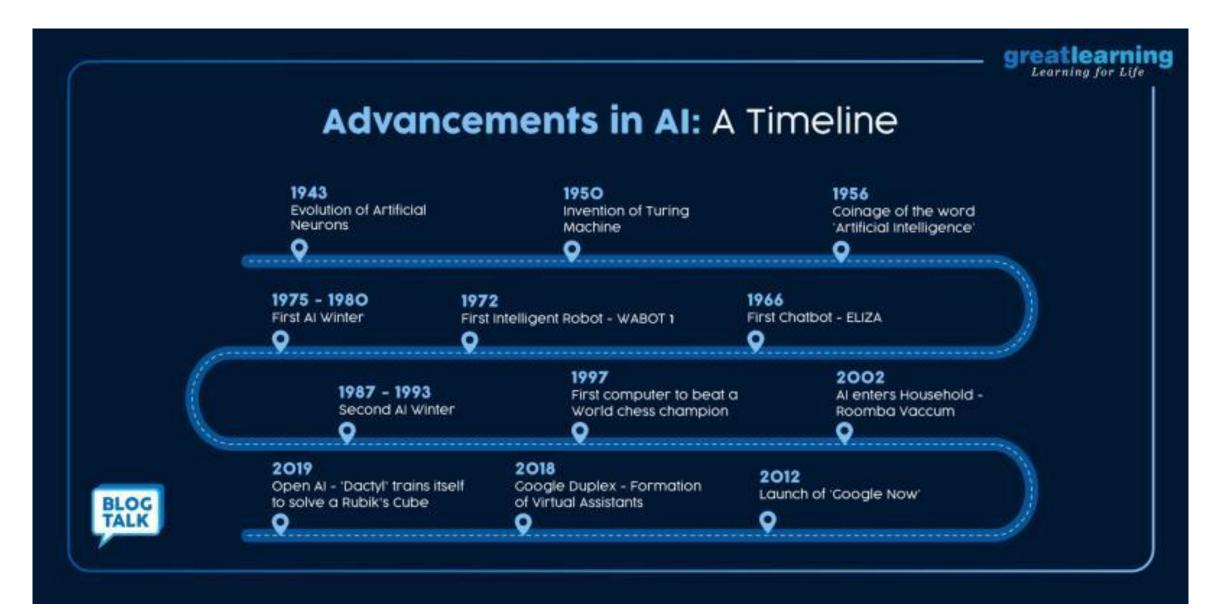
- Availability of data and cheap computing power created the perfect environment for ML to bloom

- Software that solves a problem without explicit human instruction
  - The definition focuses on the outcome of the technology rather than the specific techniques used to build it
  - It's almost equivalent to what we said about ML?
    - Learning is an intelligent trait, while ML is just a tool. It is the tool behind 99% of the successful applications we happen to call AI today.

- Automates tasks or predicts future events based on data
- Is commonly used "live": it continuously elaborates news data and produces answers
- It commonly has the form of software

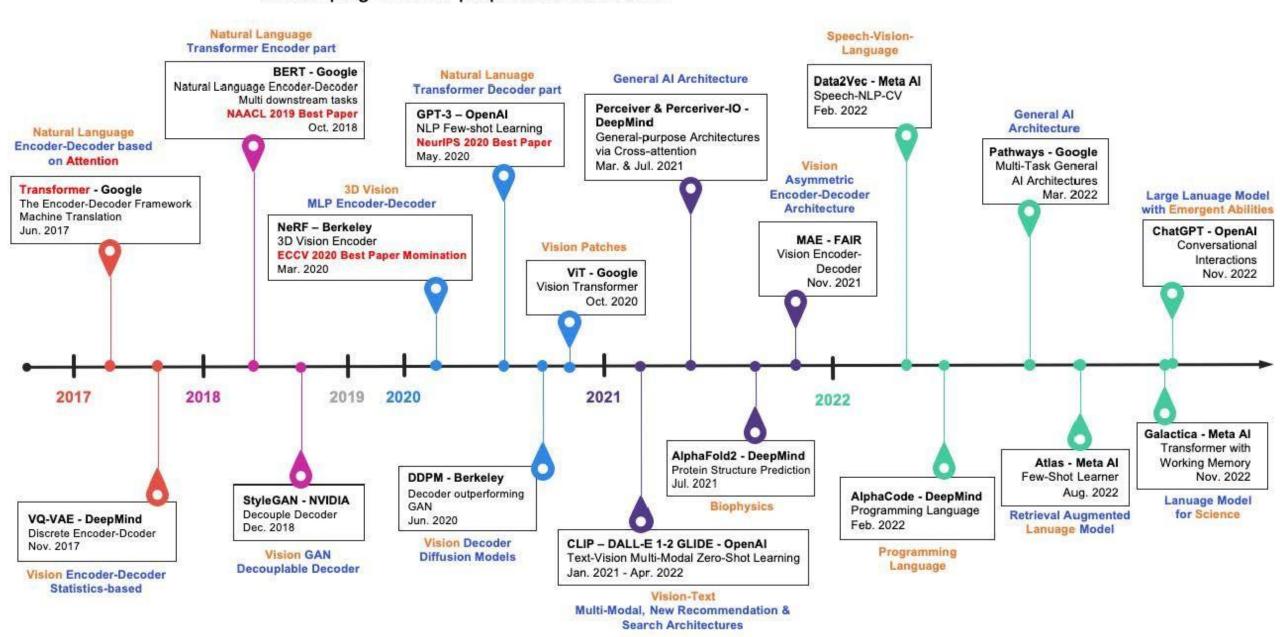
- Produces insights based on data
- Is commonly "one-off": it produces some insights that inform decisions

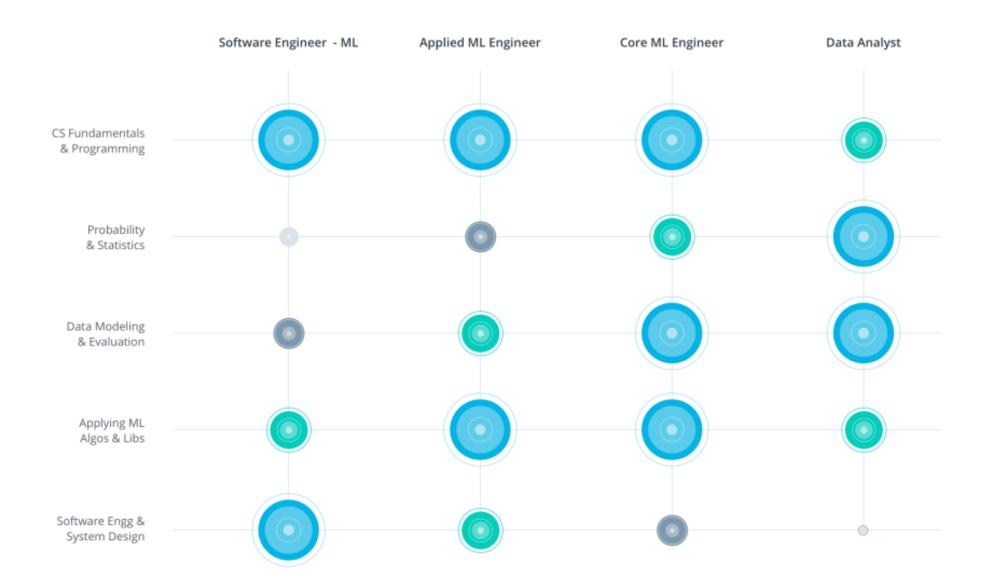
 It commonly has the form of a presentation or report



### The Continuing Trend of Al:

### Developing General-purpose Architectures





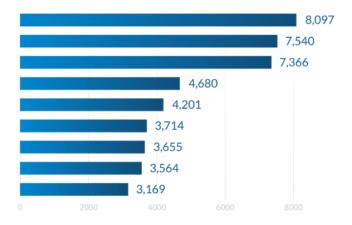
### 3 Key Al Trends You Should Know



1 Global AI revenue forecast by 2025, ranked by use case in millions US dollar



object detection & classification, avoidance, navigation



### Penetration of artificial intelligence skills, by country

Source: Dun & Bradstreet









### 3 Organizations deploying AI, by functional areas

Source: Medium



#### THE GARTNER HYPE CYCLE CURVE

# https://www.gartner.com/en/research/methodologies/gartner-hype-cycle

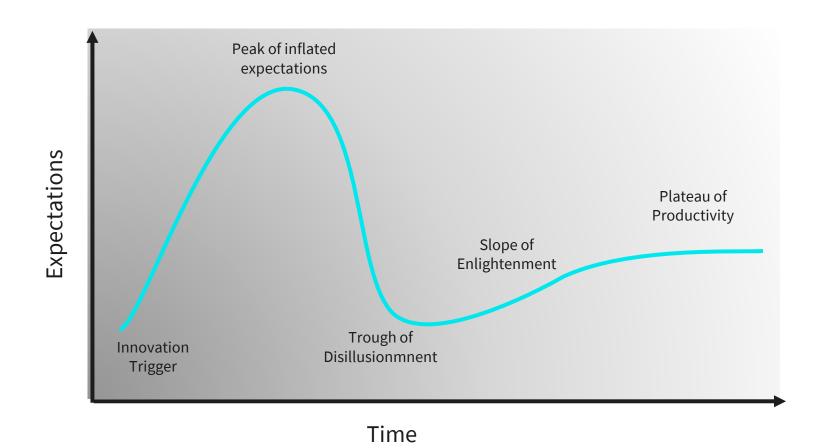
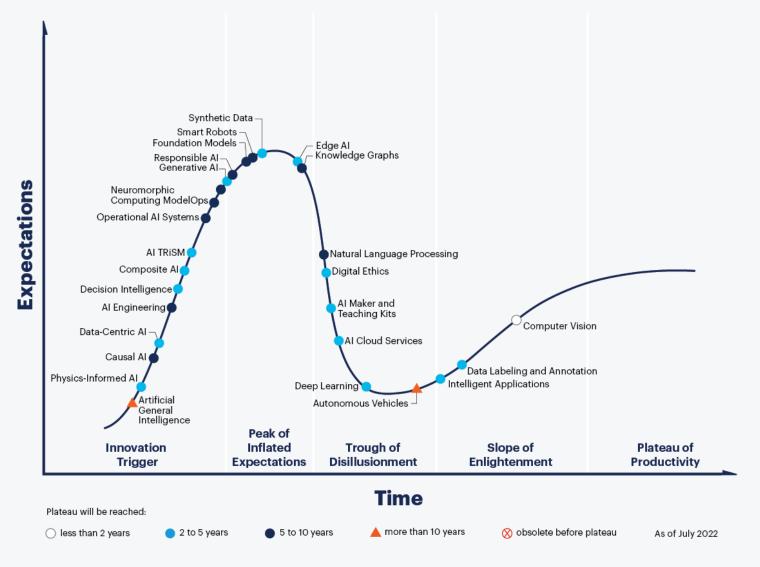


Image Source: Custom Depiction

### **Hype Cycle for Artificial Intelligence, 2022**



gartner.com





- AI is the science of making intelligent machines.
- Early considerations about AI date back to the ancient Greek history.
- Nowadays, AI is an important component of computer science.
- Expert systems emulate decision making by using domain-specific knowledge of an expert.
- The Gartner hype cycle curve evaluates the potential of new technologies.

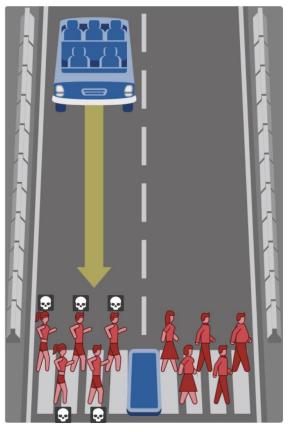
#### **GOVERNANCE AND REGULATORY CONSIDERATIONS**

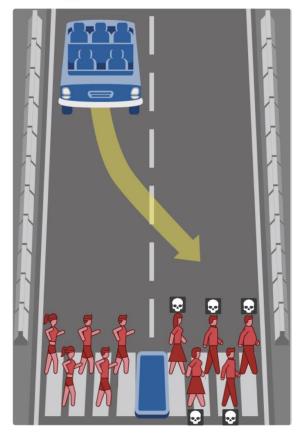
1<sup>st</sup> government-initiated step to regulate data → European Union's General Data Protection Regulation (**GDPR** 2016/679)

### Aspects of considerations:

- ethics (right and wrong conduct)
- unintended outcomes (bias towards, e.g. white male job applicants)

### What should the self-driving car do?





#### **AI WINTER**



Period characterized by a prolonged decrease in interest and funding

#### **NOTABLE ADVANCES**

### Nascent AI (1956-1974)

- Creation of rules of formal logic and logical inference
- Implementation of search strategies
- Initial successes with AI in microworld approaches

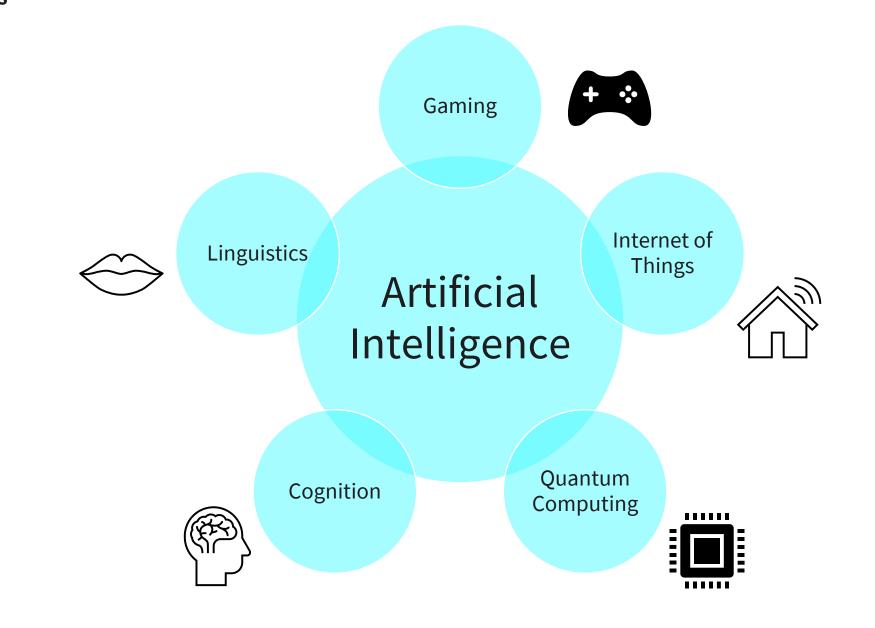
### Knowledge Representation (1980-1987)

- Appearance of expert systems as intelligent behaviour in day-today situations rely on common sense knowledge
- Noticeable upturn in government funding
- Backpropagation as an effective training evolved

# **Learning from Data** (1993 - Today)

- First computer system beat the world-champion in chess
- Intelligent agent paradigm results in AI being understood as study of intelligent agents, freeing it from human intelligence imitation
- Advances in computational and data storage capabilities result in further research possibilities

#### **ADJACENT FIELDS**



#### **REVIEW STUDY GOALS**

# You have learned ...

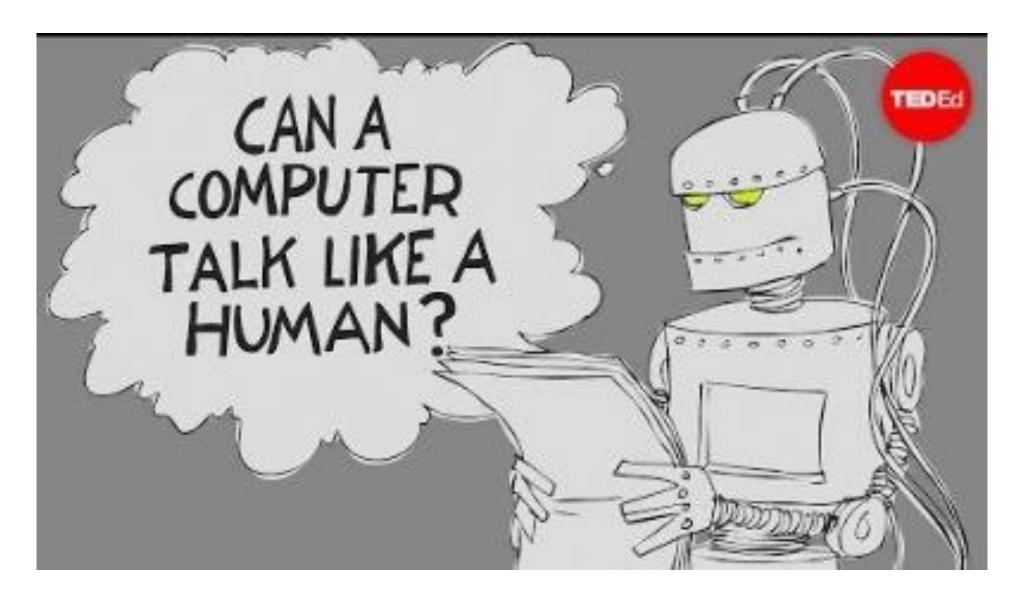


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### SESSION 1

# TRANSFER TASK

#### **TRANSFER TASK**



#### **TRANSFER TASK**

- 1. Discuss the concepts of the Turing Test with your peers.
- 2. Do you think an AI-powered chatbot is "intelligent"?
- 3. Try to challenge the intelligent machine by asking tough questions <a href="here">here</a> and share your results!
- 4. Try using ChatGPT: <a href="https://openai.com/blog/chatgpt/">https://openai.com/blog/chatgpt/</a>

# TRANSFER TASK PRESENTATION OF THE RESULTS

Please present your results.

The results will be discussed in plenary.





## 1. What does the term "Al Winter" mean?

- a) a period of declining research and funding for artificial intelligence.
- b) a period of increased funding for artificial intelligence
- the period of time before artificial intelligence became a concept or industry
- d) a period when artificial intelligence comes to dominate humanity.



- 2. The Gartner Hype Curve for Emerging Technologies tries to measure...
  - a) hypothetical expectations.
  - b) the degree to which technology can be trusted.
  - c) the maturity of technological trends with respect to a schema of five successive phases.
  - d) falsehoods in technological forecasting.



- 3. The mathematician and computer scientist Alan Turing is best known for...
  - a) providing proof that the technological singularity has occurred.
  - b) the invention of cognitive science with McCarthy.
  - c) the notion that the rule of law applies to persons and the state.
  - d) posing a test to determine whether a machine should be considered intelligent.

#### **LIST OF SOURCES**

Gartner. (2018). Gartner Hype Cycle for Emerging Technologies, 2018. Retri	eved from https://www.gartner.com/smarterwithgartner/5-trends-appear-on-the-gartner-hypecycle-for-emerging-technologies-2019/	

