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1 Introduction and functional overview

This specification specifies the functionality, API and the configuration of the AUTOSAR Basic Software module CRC.

The CRC library contains the following routines for CRC calculation:

• CRC8: SAEJ1850

CRC8H2F: CRC8 0x2F polynomial

• CRC16

• CRC32

• CRC32P4: CRC32 0xF4ACFB13 polynomial

• CRC64: CRC-64-ECMA

For all routines (CRC8, CRC8H2F, CRC16, CRC32, CRC32P4 and CRC64), the following calculation methods are possible:

- Table based calculation: Fast execution, but larger code size (ROM table)
- Runtime calculation: Slower execution, but small code size (no ROM table)
- Hardware supported CRC calculation (device specific): Fast execution, less CPU time

All routines are re-entrant and can be used by multiple applications at the same time. Hardware supported CRC calculation may be supported by some devices in the future.



2 Acronyms and Abbreviations

The glossary below includes acronyms and abbreviations relevant to the CRC module that are not included in the [1, AUTOSAR glossary].

Abbreviation / Acronym:	Description:	
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check	
ALU	Arithmetic Logic Unit	



3 Related documentation

3.1 Input documents & related standards and norms

- [1] Glossary
 AUTOSAR_FO_TR_Glossary
- [2] General Specification of Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR CP SWS BSWGeneral
- [3] General Requirements on Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR CP SRS BSWGeneral
- [4] Requirements on Libraries AUTOSAR_CP_SRS_Libraries
- [5] ITU-T Recommendation X.25:Interface between Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) and Data Circuit-terminating Equipment (DCE) for terminals operating in the packet mode and connected to public data networks by dedicated circuit http://www.itu.int/rec/dologin_pub.asp?lang=e&id=T-REC-X.25-199610-I!!PDF-E&type=items
- [6] 32-bit cyclic redundancy codes for Internet applications
- [7] Listing of CRCs, including CRC-64-ECMA https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cyclic redundancy check
- [8] Layered Software Architecture AUTOSAR_CP_EXP_LayeredSoftwareArchitecture
- [9] Specification of ECU Configuration AUTOSAR_CP_TPS_ECUConfiguration
- [10] List of Basic Software Modules
 AUTOSAR CP TR BSWModuleList

3.2 Related specification

AUTOSAR provides a General Specification on Basic Software modules [2, SWS BSW General], which is also valid for CRC.

Thus, the specification SWS BSW General shall be considered as additional and required specification for AUTOSAR CRC Library.



4 Constraints and assumptions

4.1 Limitations

No known limitations.

4.2 Applicability to car domains

No restrictions.



5 Dependencies to other modules

There are no dependencies to other modules.



6 Requirements Tracing

The following tables reference the requirements specified in [3] and [4] and links to the fulfillment of these. Please note that if column "Satisfied by" is empty for a specific requirement this means that this requirement is not fulfilled by this document.

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[SRS_BSW_00402]	Each module shall provide version information	[SWS_Crc_00050]
[SRS_BSW_00407]	Each BSW module shall provide a function to read out the version information of a dedicated module implementation	[SWS_Crc_00011] [SWS_Crc_00017]
[SRS_BSW_00411]	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall apply a naming rule for enabling/disabling the existence of the API	[SWS_Crc_00011] [SWS_Crc_00017]
[SRS_LIBS_00005]	Each library shall provide one header file with its public interface	[SWS_Crc_00019] [SWS_Crc_00020] [SWS_Crc_00021] [SWS_Crc_00031] [SWS_Crc_00043] [SWS_Crc_00058] [SWS_Crc_00061] [SWS_Crc_00071]
[SRS_LIBS_00009]	All library functions shall be re-entrant	[SWS_Crc_00019] [SWS_Crc_00020] [SWS_Crc_00021] [SWS_Crc_00031] [SWS_Crc_00043] [SWS_Crc_00058] [SWS_Crc_00061] [SWS_Crc_00071]
[SRS_LIBS_00011]	All function names and type names shall start with "Library short name_"	[SWS_Crc_00019] [SWS_Crc_00020] [SWS_Crc_00021] [SWS_Crc_00031] [SWS_Crc_00043] [SWS_Crc_00058] [SWS_Crc_00061] [SWS_Crc_00071]
[SRS_LIBS_00018]	A library function may only call library functions	[SWS_Crc_00072]
[SRS_LIBS_08521]	All CRC routines shall allow step-by-step-wise calculation of a large data block	[SWS_Crc_00019] [SWS_Crc_00020] [SWS_Crc_00031] [SWS_Crc_00043] [SWS_Crc_00058] [SWS_Crc_00061] [SWS_Crc_00071]
[SRS_LIBS_08525]	The CRC library shall support the standard generator polynomials	[SWS_Crc_00002] [SWS_Crc_00003] [SWS_Crc_00015] [SWS_Crc_00016] [SWS_Crc_00030] [SWS_Crc_00032] [SWS_Crc_00042] [SWS_Crc_00044] [SWS_Crc_00052] [SWS_Crc_00053] [SWS_Crc_00054] [SWS_Crc_00055] [SWS_Crc_00056] [SWS_Crc_00057] [SWS_Crc_00059] [SWS_Crc_00062] [SWS_Crc_00063] [SWS_Crc_00064] [SWS_Crc_00067] [SWS_Crc_00068] [SWS_Crc_00069] [SWS_Crc_00073] [SWS_Crc_00069] [SWS_Crc_00075] [SWS_Crc_00074] [SWS_Crc_00075] [SWS_Crc_00078] [SWS_Crc_00079] [SWS_Crc_00078] [SWS_Crc_00079] [SWS_Crc_00080] [SWS_Crc_00081] [SWS_Crc_00082] [SWS_Crc_00085] [SWS_Crc_00086]

Table 6.1: RequirementsTracing



7 Functional specification

7.1 Basic Concepts of CRC Codes

7.1.1 Mathematical Description

Let D be a bitwise representation of data with a total number of n bit, i.e.

$$D = (d_{n-1}, d_{n-2}, d_{n-3}, \dots, d_1, d_0),$$

with $d_0, d_1, \ldots = 0b, 1b$. The corresponding Redundant Code C is represented by n + k bit as

$$C = (D, R) = (d_{n-1}, d_{n-2}, d_{n-3}, \dots, d_2, d_1, d_0, r_{k-1}, \dots, r_2, r_1, r_0)$$

with $r_0, r_1, \ldots = 0b, 1b$ and $R = (r_{k-1}, \ldots, r_2, r_1, r_0)$. The code is simply a concatenation of the data and the redundant part. (For our application, we will chose k = 16, 32 and n as a multiple of 16 respectively 32).

CRC-Algorithms are related to *polynomials* with coefficients in the finite *field of two element*, using arithmetic operations \oplus and * according to the following tables.

The \oplus operation is identified as the binary operation *exclusive-or*, that is usually available in the ALU of any CPU.

⊕	0b	1b
0b	0b	1b
1b	1b	0b

*	0b	1b
0b	0b	0 <i>b</i>
1b	0b	1b

For simplicity, we will write ab instead of a * b

We introduce some examples for *polynomials* with coefficients in the *field of two elements* and give the simplified notation of it.

(ex. 1)
$$p_1(X) = 1bX^3 + 0bX^2 + 1bX^1 + 0bX^0 = X^3 + X$$

(ex. 2)
$$p_2(X) = 1bX^2 + 1bX^1 + 1bX^0 = X^2 + X^1 + 1b$$

Any code word, represented by n + k bit can be mapped to a polynomial of order

n+k-1 with coefficients in the field of two elements. We use the intuitive mapping of the bits i.e.

$$C(X) = d_{n-1}X^{k+n-1} + d_{n-2}X^{k+n-2} + \dots + d_2X^{k+2} + d_1X^{k+1} + d_0X^k + r_{k-1}X^{k-1} + r_{k-2}X^{k-2} + \dots + r_1X + r_0$$

$$C(X) = X^{k}(d_{n-1}X^{n-1} + d_{n-2}X^{n-2} + \dots + d_{2}X^{2} + d_{1}X^{1} + d_{0}) + r_{k-1}X^{k-1} + r_{k-2}X^{k-2} + \dots + r_{1}X + r_{0}$$

$$C(X) = X^k D(X) \oplus R(X)$$

This mapping is one-to-one.



A certain space CRC_G of *Cyclic Redundant Code Polynomials* is defined to be a multiple of a given *Generator Polynomial* $G(X) = X^k + g_{k-1}X^{k-1} + g_{k-2}X^{k-2} + \ldots + g_2X^2 + g_1X + g_0$. By definition, for any code polynomial C(X) in CRC_G there is a polynomial M(X) with

$$C(X) = G(X)M(X)$$

For a fixed irreducible (i.e. prime-) polynomial G(X), the mapping $M(X) \to C(X)$ is one-to-one. Now, how are data of a given codeword verified? This is basically a division of polynomials, using the *Euclidian Algorithm*. In practice, we are not interested in M(X), but in the *remainder* of the division, $C(X) \mod G(X)$. For a correct code word C, this remainder has to be zero, $C(X) \mod G(X) = 0$. If this is not the case - there is an error in the codeword. Given G(X) has some additional algebraic properties, one can determine the error-location and correct the codeword.

Calculating the code word from the data can also be done with the *Euclidian Algorithm*. For a given data polynomial $D(x) = d_{n-1}X^{n-1} + d_{n-2}X^{n-2} + \ldots + d_1X^1 + d_0$ and the corresponding code polynomial C(X) we have

$$C(X) = X^k D(X) \oplus R(X) = M(X)G(X)$$

Performing the operation mod G(X) on both sides, one obtains

$$0 = C(X) \bmod G(X) = [X^k D(X)] \bmod G(X) \oplus R(X) \bmod G(X)$$

$$(7.1)$$

We denote that the order of the Polynomial R(X) is less than the order of G(X), so the modulo division gives zero with remainder R(X):

$$R(X) \mod G(X) = R(X)$$

For polynomial R(X) with coefficients in the finite field with two elements we have the remarkable property R(X)+R(X)=0. If we add R(X) on both sides of equation 7.1 we obtain

$$R(X) = X^k D(X) \bmod G(X)$$

The important implication is that the redundant part of the requested code can be determined by using the Euclidian Algorithm for polynomials. At present, any CRC calculation method is a more or less sophisticated variation of this basic algorithm.

Up to this point, the propositions on CRC Codes are summarized as follows:

1. The construction principle of CRC Codes is based on polynomials with coefficients in the finite field of two elements. The \oplus operation of this field is identical to the binary operation "XOR" (exclusive or)



- 2. There is a natural mapping of bit-sequences into this space of polynomials.
- 3. Both calculation and verification of the CRC code polynomial is based on division modulo a given generator polynomial.
- 4. This generator polynomial has to have certain algebraic properties in order to achieve error-detection and eventually error-correction.

7.1.2 Euclidian Algorithm for Binary Polynomials and Bit-Sequences

Given a Polynomial $P_n(X)=p_nX^n+p_{n-1}X^{n-1}+\ldots+p_2X^2+p_1X+p_0$ with coefficients in the finite field of two elements. Let $Q(X)=X^k+q_{k-1}X^{k-1}+q_{k-2}X^{k-2}+\ldots+q_2X^2+q_1X+q_0$ be another polynomial of exact order k>0. Let $R_n(X)$ be the remainder of the polynomial division of maximum order k-1 and $M_n(X)$ corresponding so that

$$R_n(X) \oplus M_n(X)Q(X) = P_n(X)$$

Euclidian Algorithm - Recursive

(Termination of recursion)

If n < k, then choose $R_n(X) = P_n(X)$ and $M_n = 0$.

(Recursion $n+1 \rightarrow n$)

Let $P_{n+1}(X)$ be of maximum order n+1.

If n+1>=k calculate $P_n(X)=P_{n+1}(X)-p_{n+1}Q(X)X^{n-k+1}$. This polynomial is of maximum order n. Then

$$P_{n+1}(X) \bmod Q(X) = P_n(X) \bmod Q(X)$$

Proof of recursion

Choose $R_{n+1}(X) = P_{n+1}(X) \mod Q(X)$ and $M_{n+1}(X)$ so that

$$R_{n+1}(X) \oplus M_{n+1}(X)Q(X) = P_{n+1}(X)$$

Then $R_{n+1}(X) - R_n(X) = P_{n+1}(X) - M_{n+1}(X)Q(X) - P_n(X) \oplus M_n(X)Q(X)$.

With $P_{n+1}(X) - P_n(X) = p_{n+1}Q(X)X^{n-k+1}$ we obtain:

$$R_{n+1}(X) - R_n(X) = p_{n+1}Q(X)X^{n-k+1} + M_n(X)Q(X) - M_{n+1}(X)Q(X)$$

$$R_{n+1}(X) - R_n(X) = Q(X)[p_{n+1}X^{n-k+1} + M_n(X) - M_{n+1}(X)]$$



On the left side, there is a polynomial of maximum order k-1. On the right side Q(X) is of exact order k. This implies that both sides are trivial and equal to zero. One obtains

$$R_{n+1}(X) = R_n(X) \tag{7.2}$$

$$M_{n+1}(X) = M_n(X) + p_{n+1}X^{n-k+1}$$
(7.3)

(end of proof)

Example 7.1

$$P(X) = P^{4}(X) = X^{4} + X^{2} + X + 1b; Q(X) = X^{2} + X + 1b; n = 4; k = 2$$

$$P_{3}(X) = X^{4} + X^{2} + X + 1b - 1b(X^{2} + X + 1b)X^{2} = X^{3} + X + 1b$$

$$P_{2}(X) = X^{3} + X + 1b - 1bX(X^{2} + X + 1b) = X^{2} + 1b$$

$$P_{1}(X) = X^{2} + 1 - 1b(X^{2} + X + 1) = X$$

$$R(X) = P(X) \mod Q(X) = R_{1}(X) = P_{1}(X) = X$$

7.1.3 CRC calculation, Variations and Parameter

Based on the Euclidian Algorithm, some variations have been developed in order to improve the calculation performance. All these variations do not improve the capability to detect or correct errors - the so-called Hamming Distance of the resulting code is determined only by the generator polynomial. Variations simply optimize for different implementing ALUs.

CRC-Calculation methods are characterized as follows:

- 1. Rule for Mapping of Data to a bit sequence $(d_{n-1}, d_{n-2}, d_{n-3}, \dots, d_1, d_0)$ and the corresponding data polynomial D(X) (standard or reflected data).
- 2. Generator polynomial G(X)
- 3. Start value and corresponding Polynomial S(X)
- 4. Appendix A(X), also called XOR-value for modifying the final result.
- 5. Rule for mapping the resulting CRC-remainder ${\cal R}(X)$ to codeword. (Standard or reflected data)

The calculation itself is organized in the following steps

- Map Data to D(X)
- \bullet Perform Euclidian Algorithm on X^k $D(X)+X^{n-k-1}S(X)+A(X)$ and determine $R(X)=[X^kD(X)+X^{n-k-1}S(X)+A(X)] \bmod G(X)$
- Map D(X), R(X) to codeword



7.1.4 Encoding of CRC polynomials

There are three notations for encoding the polynomial, so to clarify, all three notations are shown bellow as examples for the 42'F0'E1'EB'A9'EA'36'93h polynomial:

1	Polynomial as binary	0001'0100'0010'1111'0000'1110'0001'1110'1011'1010'1001' 1110'1010'0011'0110'1001'0011
2	Normal representation with high bit	01'42'F0'E1'EB'A9'EA'36'93h
3	Normal representation	42'F0'E1'EB'A9'EA'36'93h
4	Reversed reciprocal representation (=Koopman representation)	A1'78'70'F5'D4'F5'1B'49h

Notes:

- 1. Normal representation with high bit = hex representation of polynomial as binary
- 2. Normal representation with high bit = Koopman representation * 2 + 1

Within this document (and consistently unless otherwise noted) in AUTOSAR CP the *Normal representation* (without high bit), i.e., notation 3 in the above table, is used.

7.2 Standard parameters

This section gives a rough overview on the standard parameters that are commonly used for 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit CRC calculation.

- CRC result width: Defines the result data width of the CRC calculation.
- Polynomial: Defines the generator polynomial which is used for the CRC algorithm.
- Initial value: Defines the start condition for the CRC algorithm.
- Input data reflected: Defines whether the bits of each input byte are reflected before being processed (see definition below).
- Result data reflected: Similar to "Input data reflected" this parameter defines whether the bits of the CRC result are reflected (see definition below). The result is reflected over 8-bit for a CRC8, over 16-bit for a CRC16 and over 32-bit for a CRC32.
- XOR value: This Value is XORed to the final register value before the value is returned as the official checksum.
- Check: This field is a check value that can be used as a weak validator of implementations of the algorithm. The field contains the checksum obtained when the ASCII values '1' '2' '3' '4' '5' '6' '7' '8' '9' corresponding to values 31h 32h 33h 34h 35h 36h 37h 38h 39h is fed through the specified algorithm.



 Magic check: The CRC checking process calculates the CRC over the entire data block, including the CRC result. An error-free data block will always result in the unique constant polynomial (magic check) - representing the CRC-result XORed with 'XOR value'- regardless of the data block content.

Example 7.2

Magic check calculation of SAE-J1850 CRC8 (see detailed parameters in [SWS_Crc_00030]) over data bytes 00h 00h 00h:

- CRC generation: CRC over 00h 00h 00h, start value FFh:
 - CRC-result = 59h
- CRC check: CRC over 00h 00h 00h 00h 59h, start value FFh:
 - CRC-result = 3Bh
 - Magic check = CRC-result XORed with 'XOR value': C4h = 3Bh xor FFh

Data reflection: It is a reflection on a bit basis where data bits are written in the reverse order. The formula is:

reflect_n(x) =
$$\sum_{i=0}^{n-1} x_i \times 2^{n-i-1}$$

where x is the data and n the number of data bits.

E.g. The reflection₁₆ of $2D_{16}$ (n = 8) (00101101₂) is $B4_{16}$ (10110100₂)

The reflection₁₆ of 12345678_{16} (n = 16) (0001 0010 0011 0100 0101 0110 0111 1000₂) is $1E6A2C48_{16}$ (0001 1110 0110 1010 0010 1100 0100 1000₂).

The reflection₃₂ of 123456789ABCDEF0 (n = 32) (0001 0010 0011 0100 0101 0110 0111 1000 1001 1010 1011 1100 1101 1110 1111 0000₂) is $0F7B3D591E6A2C48_{16}$ (0000 1111 0111 1011 0011 1101 0101 1001 0001 1110 0110 1010 0100 1000₂).

The reflection₈ of 123456789ABCDEF0 (n = 8) (0001 0010 0011 0100 0101 0110 0111 1000 1001 1010 1011 1100 1101 1110 1111 0000₂) is $84C2A6E195D3B7F0_{16}$ (1000 0100 1100 0010 1010 0110 1110 0001 1001 0101 1101 0011 1011 0111 1111 0000₂).

7.2.1 8-bit CRC calculation

7.2.1.1 8-bit SAE J1850 CRC Calculation

[SWS_Crc_00030] [The Crc_CalculateCRC8 function of the CRC module shall implement the CRC8 routine based on the SAE-J1850 CRC8 Standard, according to [SWS_Crc_00073].] (SRS_LIBS_08525)



[SWS Crc 00073]

CRC result width:	8 bits
Polynomial:	1Dh
Initial value:	FFh
Input data reflected:	No
Result data reflected:	No
XOR value:	FFh
Check:	4Bh
Magic check:	C4h

Table 7.1: SAE-J1850 CRC8 Polynomial

(SRS_LIBS_08525)

[SWS_Crc_00052] [The Crc_CalculateCRC8 function of the CRC module shall provide the following CRC results, according to [SWS_Crc_00074].|(SRS_LIBS_08525)

[SWS_Crc_00074] [

Data bytes (hexadecimal)									CRC
00	00	00	00						59
F2	01	83							37
0F	AA	00	55						79
00	FF	55	11						B8
33	22	55	AA	BB	CC	DD	EE	FF	СВ
92	6B	55							8C
FF	FF	FF	FF						74

Table 7.2: Crc_CalculateCRC8 results

(SRS LIBS 08525)

7.2.1.2 8-bit 0x2F polynomial CRC Calculation

[SWS_Crc_00042] [The Crc_CalculateCRC8H2F function of the CRC module shall implement the CRC8 routine based on the generator polynomial 0x2F, according to [SWS_Crc_00075].] (SRS_LIBS_08525)

[SWS_Crc_00075] [

CRC result width:	8 bits
Polynomial:	2Fh
Initial value:	FFh
Input data reflected:	No
Result data reflected:	No
XOR value:	FFh
Check:	DFh
Magic check:	42h

Table 7.3: CRC8 Polynomial

(SRS_LIBS_08525)



[SWS_Crc_00053] [The Crc_CalculateCRC8H2F function of the CRC module shall provide the following CRC results, according to [SWS_Crc_00076].] (SRS_LIBS_-08525)

[SWS_Crc_00076]

Data bytes (hexadecimal)								CRC	
00	00	00	00						12
F2	01	83							C2
0F	AA	00	55						C6
00	FF	55	11						77
33	22	55	AA	BB	CC	DD	EE	FF	11
92	6B	55							33
FF	FF	FF	FF						6C

Table 7.4: Crc CalculateCRC8H2F results

(SRS LIBS 08525)

7.2.2 16-bit CRC calculation

7.2.2.1 16-bit CCITT-FALSE CRC16

[SWS_Crc_00002] [The CRC module shall implement the CRC16 routine based on the CCITT-FALSE CRC16 Standard, according to [SWS_Crc_00077].] (SRS_LIBS_-08525)

Note concerning the standard document [5]:

The computed FCS is equal to CRC16 XOR FFFFh when the frame is built (first complement of the CCITT-FALSE CRC16).

For the verification, the CRC16 (CCITT-FALSE) is computed on the same data + FCS, and the resulting value is always 1D0Fh.

Note that, if during the verification, the check would have been done on data + CRC16 (i.e. FCS XOR FFFFh) the resulting value would have been 0000h that is the CCITT-FALSE magic check.

[SWS Crc 00077]

CRC result width:	16 bits				
Polynomial:	1021h				
Initial value:	FFFFh				
Input data reflected:	No				
Result data reflected:	No				
XOR value:	0000h				





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ĺ	Check:	29B1h
	Magic check:	0000h

Table 7.5: CCITT-FALSE CRC16 Polynomial

(SRS LIBS 08525)

[SWS_Crc_00054] [The Crc_CalculateCRC16 function of the CRC module shall provide the following CRC results, according to [SWS_Crc_00078].] (SRS_LIBS_-08525)

[SWS_Crc_00078] [

Data bytes (hexadecimal)									CRC
00	00	00	00						84C0
F2	01	83							D374
0F	AA	00	55						2023
00	FF	55	11						B8F9
33	22	55	AA	BB	CC	DD	EE	FF	F53F
92	6B	55							0745
FF	FF	FF	FF						1D0F

Table 7.6: Crc_CalculateCRC16 results

(SRS_LIBS_08525)

7.2.2.2 16-bit 0x8005 polynomial CRC calculation

[SWS_Crc_00067] [The CRC module shall implement the CRC16 based on the CRC16/ARC Standard, according to [SWS_Crc_00079].|(SRS_LIBS_08525)

[SWS_Crc_00079]

CRC result width:	16 bits
Polynomial:	8005h
Initial value:	0000h
Input data reflected:	Yes
Result data reflected:	Yes
XOR value:	0000h
Check:	BB3Dh
Magic check:	0000h

Table 7.7: CRC-16/ARC Polynomial

(SRS LIBS 08525)

[SWS_Crc_00068] [The Crc_CalculateCRC16ARC function of the CRC module shall provide the following CRC results, according to [SWS_Crc_00080].] (SRS_LIBS_-08525)





[SWS Crc 00080]

Data bytes (hexadecimal)								CRC	
00	00	00	00						0000
F2	01	83							C2E1
0F	AA	00	55						0BE3
00	FF	55	11						6CCF
33	22	55	AA	BB	CC	DD	EE	FF	AE98
92	6B	55							E24E
FF	FF	FF	FF						9401

Table 7.8: Crc_CalculateCRC16ARC results

(SRS_LIBS_08525)

7.2.3 32-bit CRC calculation

7.2.3.1 32-bit Ethernet CRC Calculation

[SWS_Crc_00003] [The CRC module shall implement the CRC32 routine based on the IEEE-802.3 CRC32 Ethernet Standard, according to [SWS_Crc_00081].] (SRS_-LIBS_08525)

[SWS Crc 00081]

CRC result width:	32 bits			
Polynomial:	04C11DB7h			
Initial value:	FFFFFFFh			
Input data reflected:	Yes			
Result data reflected:	Yes			
XOR value:	FFFFFFFh			
Check:	CBF43926h			
Magic check*:	DEBB20E3h			

Table 7.9: IEEE-802.3 CRC32 Ethernet Polynomial

(SRS_LIBS_08525)

*Important note: To match the magic check value, the CRC must be appended in little endian format, i.e. low significant byte first. This is due to the reflections of the input and the result.

[SWS_Crc_00055] [The Crc_CalculateCRC32 function of the CRC module shall provide the following CRC results, according to $[SWS_Crc_00082] \] (SRS_LIBS_-08525)$

[SWS Crc 00082] [

Data bytes (hexadecimal)									CRC
00	00	00	00						2144DF1C
F2	01	83							24AB9D77
0F	AA	00	55						B6C9B287



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Data bytes (hexadecimal)									CRC
00	FF	55	11						32A06212
33	22	55	AA	BB	CC	DD	EE	FF	B0AE863D
92	6B	55							9CDEA29B
FF	FF	FF	FF						FFFFFFF

Table 7.10: Crc_CalculateCRC32 results

(SRS LIBS 08525)

7.2.3.2 32-bit 0xF4ACFB13 polynomial CRC calculation

This 32-bit CRC function is described in [6]. It has an advantage with respect to the Ethernet CRC - it has a Hamming Distance of 6 up to 4kB.

[SWS_Crc_00056] [The CRC module shall implement the CRC32 routine using the 0xF4'AC'FB'13 polynomial, according to [SWS_Crc_00083].] (SRS_LIBS_08525)

[SWS_Crc_00083] [

CRC result width:	32 bits		
Polynomial:	F4'AC'FB'13h		
Initial value:	FFFFFFFh		
Input data reflected:	Yes		
Result data reflected:	Yes		
XOR value:	FFFFFFFh		
Check:	16'97'D0'6Ah		
Magic check*:	90'4C'DD'BFh		
Hamming distance:	6, up to 4096 bytes (including CRC)		

Table 7.11: 0xF4'AC'FB'13 Polynomial

(SRS_LIBS_08525)

*Important note: To match the magic check value, the CRC must be appended in little endian format, i.e. low significant byte first. This is due to the reflections of the input and the result.

[SWS_Crc_00057] [The Crc_CalculateCRC32P4 function of the CRC module shall provide the following CRC results, according to [SWS_Crc_00084].] (SRS_LIBS_-08525)

[SWS_Crc_00084] [

	Data bytes (hexadecimal)								
00	00	00	00						6FB32240h
F2	01	83							4F721A25h
0F	AA	00	55						20662DF8h
00	FF	55	11						9BD7996Eh
33	22	55	AA	BB	CC	DD	EE	FF	A65A343Dh



Δ

	Data bytes (hexadecimal)								CRC
92	6B	55							EE688A78h
FF	FF	FF	FF						FFFFFFFh

Table 7.12: Crc_CalculateCRC32P4 results

(SRS LIBS 08525)

7.2.4 64-bit CRC calculation

7.2.4.1 64-bit ECMA polynomial CRC calculation

This 64-bit CRC function is described in [7]. It has a good hamming distance of 4, for long data (see below).

[SWS_Crc_00062] [The CRC module shall implement the CRC64 routine using the $0x42^{\circ}F0^{\circ}E1^{\circ}E8^{\circ}A9^{\circ}EA^{\circ}36^{\circ}93$ polynomial, according to [SWS_Crc_00085].] (SRS_-LIBS_08525)

[SWS_Crc_00085] [

CRC result width:	64 bits
Polynomial:	42'F0'E1'EB'A9'EA'36'93h
Initial value:	FFFFFFFFFFFF
Input data reflected:	Yes
Result data reflected:	Yes
XOR value:	FFFFFFFFFFFF
Check:	99'5D'C9'BB'DF'19'39'FAh
Magic check*:	49'95'8C'9A'BD'7D'35'3Fh
Hamming distance:	4, up to almost 8 GB

Table 7.13: 0x42'F0'E1'EB'A9'EA'36'93 Polynomial

(SRS_LIBS_08525)

*Important note: To match the magic check value, the CRC must be appended in little endian format, i.e. low significant byte first. This is due to the reflections of the input and the result.

[SWS_Crc_00063] [The Crc_CalculateCRC64 function of the CRC module shall provide the following CRC results, according to [SWS_Crc_00086].] (SRS_LIBS_-08525)

[SWS Crc 00086]

		CRC					
00	00	00	00				F4A586351E1B9F4Bh
F2	01	83					319C27668164F1C6h
0F	AA	00	55				54C5D0F7667C1575h
00	FF	55	11				A63822BE7E0704E6h



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		CRC							
33	22	55	AA	BB	CC	DD	EE	FF	701ECEB219A8E5D5h
92	6B	55							5FAA96A9B59F3E4Eh
FF	FF	FF	FF						FFFFFFF00000000h

Table 7.14: Crc CalculateCRC64 results

(SRS LIBS 08525)

7.3 General behavior

Data blocks are passed to the CRC routines using the parameters "start address", "size" and "start value". The return value is the CRC result.

7.4 Version check

For details, refer to the chapter 5.1.8 "Version Check" in SWS BSWGeneral.

7.5 Debugging concept

None

7.6 Error Classification

Section 7.2 "Error Handling" of the document "General Specification of Basic Software Modules" describes the error handling of the Basic Software in detail. Above all, it constitutes a classification scheme consisting of five error types which may occur in BSW modules.

Based on this foundation, the following section specifies particular errors arranged in the respective subsections below.

7.6.1 Development Errors

There are no development errors.

7.6.2 Runtime Errors

There are no runtime errors.



7.6.3 Transient Faults

There are no transient faults.

7.6.4 Production Errors

There are no production errors.

7.6.5 Extended Production Errors

There are no extended production errors.



8 API specification

8.1 Imported types

In this chapter, all types included from the following modules are listed:

[SWS_Crc_00018] Definition of imported datatypes of module Crc [

Module	Header File	Imported Type
Std	Std_Types.h	Std_VersionInfoType

10

8.2 Type definitions

None.

8.3 Function definitions

[SWS_Crc_00013] [If CRC routines are to be used as a library, the CRC modules' implementer shall develop the CRC module in a way that only those parts of the CRC code that are used by other modules are linked into the final binary.]

[SWS_Crc_00072] [The CRC library functions shall not call any BSW modules functions (e.g. the DET).] (SRS_LIBS_00018)

[SWS_Crc_00014] [The CRC function (with parameter *Crc_IsFirstCall* = TRUE) shall do the following operations:

1. As 'Initial value' of the CRC computation, uses the attribute 'Initial value' of the polynomial:

$$Crc = PolynomialInitVal$$

2. If the attribute 'Input data reflected' of the polynomial is TRUE, then reflects input data (byte per byte) obtained via parameters *Crc_DataPtr* and *Crc_Length*:

$$Data = reflect_8(Data)$$
 (in the case 'Input data reflected' is TRUE)

3. Compute the CRC over the data, the last CRC and the CRC polynomial:

$$Crc = f(Data, Crc, Polynomial)$$

4. Execute the XOR operation between crc and 'XOR value' of the polynomial:

$$Crc = Crc \oplus PolynomialXORVal$$



5. If the attribute 'Result data reflected' of the polynomial is TRUE, then reflect the CRC (over 8, 16 or 32 bits, depending on the CRC size):

 $Crc = reflect_{Crcsize}(Crc)$ (in the case 'Result data reflected' is TRUE)

6. The CRC is returned:

return Crc

Steps 2 and 3 are performed as long as data are available ()

[SWS_Crc_00041] The CRC function (with parameter *Crc_IsFirstCall* = FALSE) shall do the following operations:

1. As 'Initial value' of the CRC computation, uses the parameter Crc_StartValueX (where X is 8, 8H2F, 16, 32, P4 or 64) that should be the CRC result of the last call. The result is then XORed with 'XOR value' and reflected if 'Result data reflected' of the polynomial is TRUE:

 $Crc = Crc \ StartValueX \oplus PolynomialXORVal$

 $Crc = \text{reflect}_{Crcsize}(Crc)$ (in the case 'Result data reflected' is TRUE)

Steps 2 to 6 are identical to [SWS_Crc_00014]. | ()

Usage of CRC functions:

For the first or the unique call the user of a CRC function shall:

- 1. give a pointer to the data (*Crc DataPtr*)
- 2. give the number of bytes of data (*Crc Length*)
- 3. give the *Crc_StartValueX* parameter a don't care value (the initialization value is known by the chosen algorithm)
- 4. give the *Crc_IsFirstCall* parameter the value TRUE to inform the library that it is the first or unique call
- 5. call the CRC function
- 6. get the CRC

For the subsequent calls the user has to:

- 1. give a pointer to the data (*Crc_DataPtr*)
- 2. give the number of bytes of data (*Crc Length*)
- 3. give the *Crc_StartValueX* parameter (X is 8, 8H2F, 16, 32, P4 or 64) the *CRC result of the previous call*
- 4. give the *Crc_IsFirstCall* parameter the value *FALSE* to inform the library that it is not the first call



- 5. call the CRC function
- 6. get the CRC

Example 8.1

Calculation of CRC8: calculation of CRC8 SAEJ1850, over one of test patterns defined by SAE J1850 specification (00h, FFh, 55h, 11h results with CRC B8h)

If done in one step:

```
1 uint8 Array[4] = {0x00, 0xFF, 0x55, 0x11};
2 uint8 ignored_val = 0x001; /* any value, it is ignored */
3
4 uint8 resultSAE = Crc_CalculateCRC8(&Array[0], 4, ignored_val, TRUE);
```

resultSAE shall be equal to B8h

• If done in several steps:

```
uint8 Array[4] = {0x00, 0xFF, 0x55, 0x11};
uint8 ignored_val = 0x001; /* any value, it is ignored */

uint8 resultSAE = Crc_CalculateCRC8(&Array[0], 2, ignored_val, TRUE);
resultSAE = Crc_CalculateCRC8(&Array[2], 1, resultSAE, FALSE);
resultSAE = Crc_CalculateCRC8(&Array[3], 1, resultSAE, FALSE);
```

resultSAE shall be also equal to B8h

Example 8.2

Calculation of CRC8: calculation of that is not compatible with SAE J1850, but it is compatible with AUTOSAR releases before R4.0:

If done in one step:

```
uint8 Array[4] = {0x00, 0xFF, 0x55, 0x11};

/* The first call also gets IsFirstCall set to FALSE, and 0xFF as start
    value, which is immediately XORed with 0xFF by CalculateCRC8,
    resulting with start value equal to 0x00. */

uint8 resultRel3 = Crc_CalculateCRC8(&Array[0], 4, 0xFF, FALSE);

/* The last XORing must be negated by the caller, to come to 0x00 XOR
    value. */

resultRel3 = resultR3 ^ 0xFF;
```

resultRel3 contains the same value as computed by AUTOSAR R3.2 CRC8.

• If done in several steps:

```
1 uint8 Array[4] = \{0x00, 0xFF, 0x55, 0x11\};
```



resultRel3 contains also the same value as computed by AUTOSAR R3.2 CRC8.

Example 8.3

Calculation of CRC32 Ethernet Standard (see detailed parameters in [SWS_Crc_00003]) over data bytes 01h 02h 03h 04h 05h 06h 07h 08h:

- In one function call, CRC over 01h 02h 03h 04h 05h 06h 07h 08h, start value FFFFFFFh:
 - CRC-result = 3FCA88C5h (final value)
- In two function calls:
 - CRC over 01h 02h 03h 04h, start value FFFFFFFh:
 - * CRC-result of first call = B63CFBCDh (intermediate value)
 - CRC over 05h 06h 07h 08h, start value: B63CFBCDh xor XOR value (FFFFFFFh) = 49C30432h and after reflection: 4C20C392h
 - * CRC-result of final call = **3FCA88C5h** (final value)

The following C-code example shows that the caller modifies the start value by using the previous result (without any rework) and indicates that it is no more the first call:

```
1 InterResult = Crc_CalculateCRC32(&Array12345678[0], 4, 0xFFFFFFFF, TRUE
    );
2 result = Crc_CalculateCRC32(&Array12345678[4], 4, InterResult, FALSE);
```



8.3.1 8-bit CRC Calculation

8.3.1.1 8-bit SAE J1850 CRC Calculation

[SWS_Crc_00031] Definition of API function Crc_CalculateCRC8 [

Service Name	Crc_CalculateCRC8				
Syntax	<pre>uint8 Crc_CalculateCRC8 (const uint8* Crc_DataPtr, uint32 Crc_Length, uint8 Crc_StartValue8, boolean Crc_IsFirstCall)</pre>				
Service ID [hex]	0x01				
Sync/Async	Synchronous				
Reentrancy	Reentrant				
Parameters (in)	Crc_DataPtr	Pointer to start address of data block to be calculated.			
	Crc_Length	Length of data block to be calculated in bytes.			
	Crc_StartValue8	Start value when the algorithm starts.			
	Crc_IsFirstCall	TRUE: First call in a sequence or individual CRC calculation; start from initial value, ignore Crc_StartValue8. FALSE: Subsequent call in a call sequence; Crc_StartValue8 is interpreted to be the return value of the previous function call.			
Parameters (inout)	None				
Parameters (out)	None				
Return value	uint8 8 bit result of CRC calculation.				
Description	This service makes a CRC8	B calculation on Crc_Length data bytes, with SAE J1850 parameters			
Available via	Crc.h				

](SRS_LIBS_00005, SRS_LIBS_00009, SRS_LIBS_00011, SRS_LIBS_08521)

[SWS_Crc_00032] [The function Crc_CalculateCRC8 shall perform a CRC8 calculation using polynomial 0x1D on Crc_Length data bytes, pointed to by Crc_DataPtr, with the starting value of Crc_StartValue8.] (SRS_LIBS_08525)

Note: If large data blocks have to be calculated (>32 bytes, depending on performance of processor platform), the table based calculation method should be configured for the function Crc_CalculateCRC8 in order to decrease the calculation time.

The function Crc_CalculateCRC8 requires specification of configuration parameters defined in Crc8Mode.



8.3.1.2 8-bit 0x2F polynomial CRC Calculation

[SWS_Crc_00043] Definition of API function Crc_CalculateCRC8H2F

Service Name	Crc_CalculateCRC8H2F				
Syntax	<pre>uint8 Crc_CalculateCRC8H2F (const uint8* Crc_DataPtr, uint32 Crc_Length, uint8 Crc_StartValue8H2F, boolean Crc_IsFirstCall)</pre>				
Service ID [hex]	0x05				
Sync/Async	Synchronous				
Reentrancy	Reentrant				
Parameters (in)	Crc_DataPtr	Pointer to start address of data block to be calculated.			
	Crc_Length	Length of data block to be calculated in bytes.			
	Crc_StartValue8H2F	Start value when the algorithm starts.			
	Crc_lsFirstCall	TRUE: First call in a sequence or individual CRC calculation; start from initial value, ignore Crc_StartValue8H2F. FALSE: Subsequent call in a call sequence; Crc_StartValue8H2F is interpreted to be the return value of the previous function call.			
Parameters (inout)	None				
Parameters (out)	None				
Return value	uint8 8 bit result of CRC calculation.				
Description	This service makes a CRC8	calculation with the Polynomial 0x2F on Crc_Length			
Available via	Crc.h				

(SRS_LIBS_00005, SRS_LIBS_00009, SRS_LIBS_00011, SRS_LIBS_08521)

[SWS_Crc_00044] [The function Crc_CalculateCRC8H2F shall perform a CRC8 calculation with the polynomial 0x2F on Crc_Length data bytes, pointed to by Crc_DataPtr, with the starting value of Crc_StartValue8H2F. | (SRS_LIBS_08525)

Note: If large data blocks have to be calculated (>32 bytes, depending on performance of processor platform), the table based calculation method should be configured for the function Crc CalculateCRC8H2F in order to decrease the calculation time.

The function Crc_CalculateCRC8H2F requires specification of configuration parameters defined Crc8H2FMode.



8.3.2 16-bit CRC Calculation

8.3.2.1 16-bit CCITT-FALSE CRC16

[SWS_Crc_00019] Definition of API function Crc_CalculateCRC16

Service Name	Crc_CalculateCRC16					
Syntax	const uint8* Crc uint32 Crc_Lengt uint16 Crc_Start	<pre>uint16 Crc_CalculateCRC16 (const uint8* Crc_DataPtr, uint32 Crc_Length, uint16 Crc_StartValue16, boolean Crc_IsFirstCall)</pre>				
Service ID [hex]	0x02					
Sync/Async	Synchronous	Synchronous				
Reentrancy	Reentrant					
Parameters (in)	Crc_DataPtr	Pointer to start address of data block to be calculated.				
	Crc_Length	Length of data block to be calculated in bytes.				
	Crc_StartValue16	Start value when the algorithm starts.				
	Crc_IsFirstCall	TRUE: First call in a sequence or individual CRC calculation; start from initial value, ignore Crc_StartValue16. FALSE: Subsequent call in a call sequence; Crc_StartValue16 is interpreted to be the return value of the previous function call.				
Parameters (inout)	None					
Parameters (out)	None					
Return value	uint16	16 bit result of CRC calculation.				
Description	This service makes a C	This service makes a CRC16 calculation on Crc_Length data bytes.				
Available via	Crc.h					

(SRS LIBS 00005, SRS LIBS 00009, SRS LIBS 00011, SRS LIBS 08521)

[SWS_Crc_00015] [The function Crc_CalculateCRC16 shall perform a CRC16 calculation using polynomial 0x1021 on Crc_Length data bytes, pointed to by Crc_DataPtr, with the starting value of Crc_StartValue16.] (SRS_LIBS_08525)

Note: If large data blocks have to be calculated (>32 bytes, depending on performance of processor platform), the table based calculation method should be configured for the function Crc_CalculateCRC16 in order to decrease the calculation time.

The function Crc_CalculateCRC16 requires specification of configuration parameters defined in Crc16Mode.



8.3.2.2 16-bit 0x8005 polynomial CRC calculation

[SWS_Crc_00071] Definition of API function Crc_CalculateCRC16ARC

Service Name	Crc_CalculateCRC16ARC				
Syntax	<pre>uint16 Crc_CalculateCRC16ARC (const uint8* Crc_DataPtr, uint32 Crc_Length, uint16 Crc_StartValue16, boolean Crc_IsFirstCall)</pre>				
Service ID [hex]	0x08				
Sync/Async	Synchronous				
Reentrancy	Reentrant				
Parameters (in)	Crc_DataPtr	Pointer to start address of data block to be calculated.			
	Crc_Length	Length of data block to be calculated in bytes.			
	Crc_StartValue16	Start value when the algorithm starts.			
	Crc_lsFirstCall	TRUE: First call in a sequence or individual CRC calculation; start from initial value, ignore Crc_StartValue16. FALSE: Subsequent call in a call sequence; Crc_StartValue16 is interpreted to be the return value of the previous function call.			
Parameters (inout)	None				
Parameters (out)	None				
Return value	uint16	16 bit result of CRC calculation.			
Description	This service makes a CRC1 0x8005.	6 calculation on Crc_Length data bytes, using the polynomial			
Available via	Crc.h				

(SRS LIBS 00005, SRS LIBS 00009, SRS LIBS 00011, SRS LIBS 08521)

[SWS_Crc_00069] [The function Crc_CalculateCRC16ARC shall perform a CRC16 calculation using polynomial 0x8005 on Crc_Length data bytes, pointed to by Crc_DataPtr, with the starting value of Crc_StartValue16.] (SRS_LIBS_08525)

Note: If large data blocks have to be calculated (>32 bytes, depending on performance of processor platform), the table based calculation method should be configured for the function Crc_CalculateCRC16ARC in order to decrease the calculation time.

The function Crc_CalculateCRC16ARC requires specification of configuration parameters defined in Crc16ARCMode.



8.3.3 32-bit CRC Calculation

8.3.3.1 32-bit Ethernet CRC Calculation

[SWS_Crc_00020] Definition of API function Crc_CalculateCRC32

Service Name	Crc_CalculateCRC32	
Syntax	<pre>uint32 Crc_CalculateCRC32 (const uint8* Crc_DataPtr, uint32 Crc_Length, uint32 Crc_StartValue32, boolean Crc_IsFirstCall)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]	0x03	
Sync/Async	Synchronous	
Reentrancy	Reentrant	
Parameters (in)	Crc_DataPtr	Pointer to start address of data block to be calculated.
	Crc_Length	Length of data block to be calculated in bytes.
	Crc_StartValue32	Start value when the algorithm starts.
	Crc_lsFirstCall	TRUE: First call in a sequence or individual CRC calculation; start from initial value, ignore Crc_StartValue32. FALSE: Subsequent call in a call sequence; Crc_StartValue32 is interpreted to be the return value of the previous function call.
Parameters (inout)	None	
Parameters (out)	None	
Return value	uint32	32 bit result of CRC calculation.
Description	This service makes a CRC32 calculation on Crc_Length data bytes.	
Available via	Crc.h	

](SRS_LIBS_00005, SRS_LIBS_00009, SRS_LIBS_00011, SRS_LIBS_08521)

[SWS_Crc_00016] [The function Crc_CalculateCRC32 shall perform a CRC32 calculation using polynomial 0x04C11DB7 on Crc_Length data bytes, pointed to by Crc_DataPtr, with the starting value of Crc_StartValue32.] (SRS_LIBS_08525)

Note: If large data blocks have to be calculated (>32 bytes, depending on performance of processor platform), the table based calculation method should be configured for the function Crc_CalculateCRC32 in order to decrease the calculation time.

The function Crc_CalculateCRC32 requires specification of configuration parameters defined in Crc32Mode.



8.3.3.2 32-bit 0xF4ACFB13 polynomial CRC calculation

[SWS_Crc_00058] Definition of API function Crc_CalculateCRC32P4

Service Name	Crc_CalculateCRC32P4			
Syntax	uint32 Crc_CalculateCRC32P4 (const uint8* Crc_DataPtr, uint32 Crc_Length, uint32 Crc_StartValue32, boolean Crc_IsFirstCall)			
Service ID [hex]	0x06			
Sync/Async	Synchronous			
Reentrancy	Reentrant			
Parameters (in)	Crc_DataPtr Pointer to start address of data block to be calculated.			
	Crc_Length	Length of data block to be calculated in bytes.		
	Crc_StartValue32 Start value when the algorithm starts. Crc_IsFirstCall TRUE: First call in a sequence or individual CRC calculation; start from initial value, ignore Crc_StartValue32. FALSE: Subsequent call in a call sequence; Crc_StartValue32 is interpreted to be the return value of the previous function call.			
Parameters (inout)	None			
Parameters (out)	None			
Return value	uint32 32 bit result of CRC calculation.			
Description	This service makes a CRC32 calculation on Crc_Length data bytes, using the polynomial 0x F4ACFB13. This CRC routine is used by E2E Profile 4.			
Available via	Crc.h			

(SRS LIBS 00005, SRS LIBS 00009, SRS LIBS 00011, SRS LIBS 08521)

[SWS_Crc_00059] [The function Crc_CalculateCRC32P4 shall perform a CRC32 calculation using polynomial 0xF4ACFB13 on Crc_Length data bytes, pointed to by Crc_DataPtr, with the starting value of Crc_StartValue32.|(SRS_LIBS_08525)

Note: If large data blocks have to be calculated (>32 bytes, depending on performance of processor platform), the (1) hardware supported CRC calculation or (2) table based calculation method, should be configured for the function Crc_CalculateCRC32P4 in order to decrease the calculation time.

The function Crc_CalculateCRC32P4 requires specification of configuration parameters defined in Crc32P4Mode.



8.3.4 64-bit CRC Calculation

8.3.4.1 64-bit 0x42F0E1EBA9EA3693 polynomial CRC calculation

[SWS_Crc_00061] Definition of API function Crc_CalculateCRC64

Service Name	Crc_CalculateCRC64			
Syntax	<pre>uint64 Crc_CalculateCRC64 (const uint8* Crc_DataPtr, uint32 Crc_Length, uint64 Crc_StartValue64, boolean Crc_IsFirstCall)</pre>			
Service ID [hex]	0x07			
Sync/Async	Synchronous			
Reentrancy	Reentrant			
Parameters (in)	Crc_DataPtr	Pointer to start address of data block to be calculated.		
	Crc_Length	Length of data block to be calculated in bytes.		
	Crc_StartValue64 Start value when the algorithm starts.			
	Crc_IsFirstCall TRUE: First call in a sequence or individual CRC calculation; start from initial value, ignore Crc_StartValue64. FALSE: Subsequent call in a call sequence; Crc_StartValue64 is interpreted to be the return value of the previous function call.			
Parameters (inout)	None			
Parameters (out)	None			
Return value	uint64 64 bit result of CRC calculation.			
Description	This service makes a CRC64 calculation on Crc_Length data bytes, using the polynomial 0x42F0E1EBA9EA3693.			
	This CRC routine is used by E2E Profile 7.			
Available via	Crc.h			

(SRS LIBS 00005, SRS LIBS 00009, SRS LIBS 00011, SRS LIBS 08521)

[SWS_Crc_00064] [The function Crc_CalculateCRC64 shall perform a CRC64 calculation using polynomial 0x42F0E1EBA9EA3693 on Crc_Length data bytes, pointed to by Crc_DataPtr, with the starting value of Crc_StartValue64.] (SRS_-LIBS 08525)

Note: If large data blocks have to be calculated (>64 bytes, depending on performance of processor platform), the (1) hardware supported CRC calculation or (2) table based calculation method, should be configured for the function Crc_CalculateCRC64 in order to decrease the calculation time.

The function Crc_CalculateCRC64 requires specification of configuration parameters defined in Crc64Mode.



8.3.5 Crc GetVersionInfo

[SWS_Crc_00021] Definition of API function Crc_GetVersionInfo

Service Name	Crc_GetVersionInfo			
Syntax	<pre>void Crc_GetVersionInfo (Std_VersionInfoType* Versioninfo)</pre>			
Service ID [hex]	0x04	0x04		
Sync/Async	Synchronous			
Reentrancy	Reentrant			
Parameters (in)	None			
Parameters (inout)	None			
Parameters (out)	Versioninfo Pointer to where to store the version information of this module.			
Return value	None			
Description	This service returns the version information of this module.			
Available via	Crc.h			

(SRS LIBS 00005, SRS LIBS 00009, SRS LIBS 00011)

[SWS_Crc_00011] [The function Crc_GetVersionInfo shall return the version information of the CRC module. The version information includes:

- Module Id
- Vendor Id
- Vendor specific version numbers (SRS BSW 00407).

(SRS BSW 00407, SRS BSW 00411)

[SWS_Crc_00017] [If source code for caller and callee of the function Crc_GetVersionInfo is available, the CRC module should realize this function as a macro, defined in the modules header file.|(SRS_BSW_00407, SRS_BSW_00411)

8.4 Callback notifications

None.

8.5 Scheduled functions

The Crc module does not have scheduled functions.

8.6 Expected interfaces

In this chapter, all interfaces required from other modules are listed.



8.6.1	Mandatory	interfaces
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None

8.6.2 Optional interfaces

None.

8.6.3 Configurable interfaces

None.

8.7 Service Interfaces

None.



9 Sequence diagrams

9.1 Crc_CalculateCRC8()

The following diagram shows the synchronous function call Crc_CalculateCRC8.

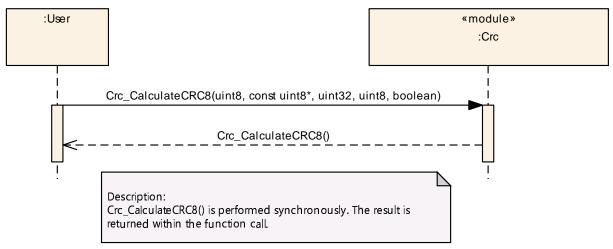


Figure 9.1: Crc_CalculateCRC8

9.2 Crc_CalculateCRC8H2F()

The following diagram shows the synchronous function call Crc_Calculate-CRC8H2F.

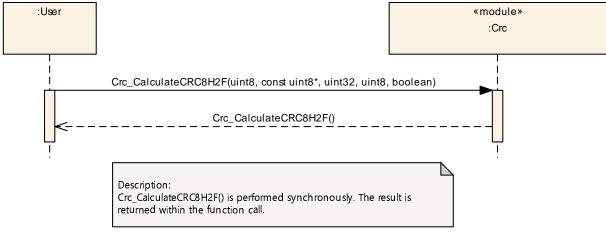


Figure 9.2: Crc_CalculateCRC8H2F



9.3 Crc_CalculateCRC16()

The following diagram shows the synchronous function call Crc_CalculateCRC16.

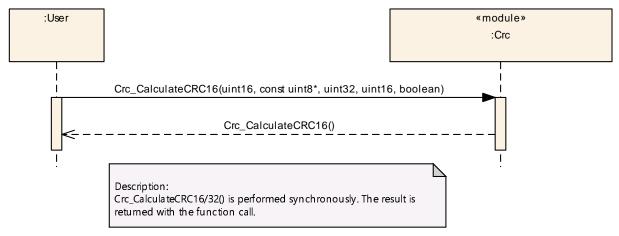


Figure 9.3: Crc_CalculateCRC16

9.4 Crc_CalculateCRC16ARC()

The following diagram shows the synchronous function call Crc_Calculate-CRC16ARC.

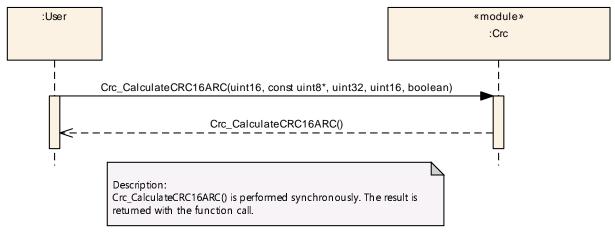


Figure 9.4: Crc_CalculateCRC16ARC



9.5 Crc_CalculateCRC32()

The following diagram shows the synchronous function call Crc_CalculateCRC32.

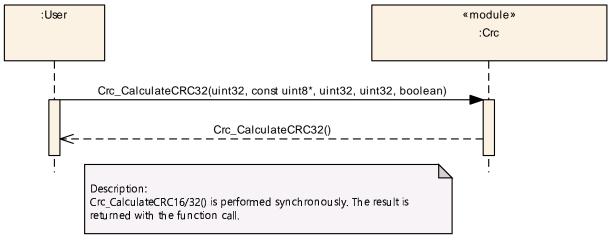


Figure 9.5: Crc_CalculateCRC32

9.6 Crc_CalculateCRC32P4()

The following diagram shows the synchronous function call Crc_Calculate-CRC32P4.

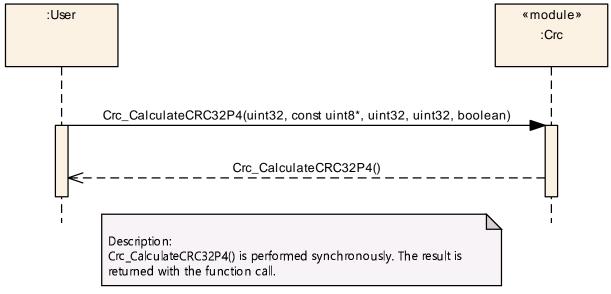


Figure 9.6: Crc CalculateCRC32P4



9.7 Crc_CalculateCRC64()

The following diagram shows the synchronous function call Crc_CalculateCRC64.

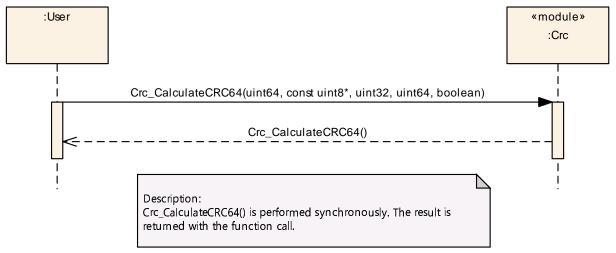


Figure 9.7: Crc_CalculateCRC64



10 Configuration specification

In general, this chapter defines configuration parameters and their clustering into containers. In order to support the specification Chapter 10.1 describes fundamentals. It also specifies a template (table) you shall use for the parameter specification. We intend to leave Chapter 10.1 in the specification to guarantee comprehension.

Chapter 10.2 specifies the structure (containers) and the parameters of the module CRC.

Chapter 10.3 specifies published information of the module CRC.

10.1 How to read this chapter

For details refer to the chapter 10.1 "Introduction to configuration specification" in SWS BSWGeneral.

In addition to this section, it is highly recommended to read the documents:

- AUTOSAR Layered Architecture [8]
- AUTOSAR ECU Configuration Specification [9]:
 This document describes the AUTOSAR configuration methodology and the AUTOSAR configuration metamodel in detail.

The following is only a short survey of the topic and it will not replace the ECU Configuration Specification document.

10.1.1 Configuration and configuration parameters

Configuration parameters define the variability of the generic part(s) of an implementation of a module. This means that only generic or configurable module implementation can be adapted to the environment (software/hardware) in use during system and/or ECU configuration.

The configuration of parameters can be achieved at different times during the software process: before compile time, before link time or after build time. In the following, the term "configuration class" (of a parameter) shall be used in order to refer to a specific configuration point in time.

10.1.2 Containers

Containers structure the set of configuration parameters. This means:

• all configuration parameters are kept in containers.



• (sub-) containers can reference (sub-) containers. It is possible to assign a multiplicity to these references. The multiplicity then defines the possible number of instances of the contained parameters.



10.2 Containers and configuration parameters

The following chapters summarize all configuration parameters. The detailed meanings of the parameters are described in chapters 7 and 8.

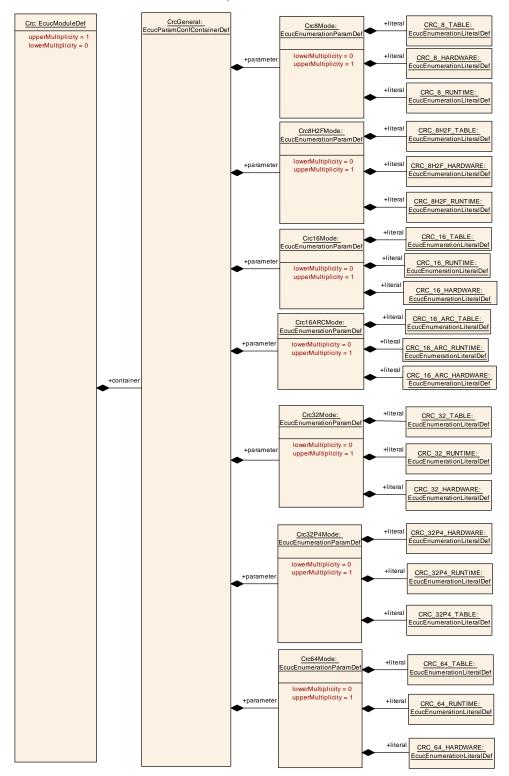


Figure 10.1: CRC



10.2.1 Crc

SWS Item	[ECUC_Crc_00033]	
Module Name	Crc	
Description Configuration of the Crc (Crc routines) module.		
Post-Build Variant Support false		
Supported Config Variants	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
CrcGeneral	1	General configuration of CRC module

SWS Item	[ECUC_Crc_00006]
Container Name	CrcGeneral
Parent Container	Crc
Description	General configuration of CRC module
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	[ECUC_Crc_00035]			
Parameter Name	Crc16ARCMode			
Parent Container	CrcGeneral			
Description	Switch to select one of the available CRC-16/ARC (polynomial 8005) calculation methods			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	CRC_16_ARC_HARDWARE	hardw	are based CRC16 calculation	
	CRC_16_ARC_RUNTIME	runtim	runtime based CRC16 calculation	
	CRC_16_ARC_TABLE	table based CRC16 calculation (default selection)		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants			
	Link time –			
	Post-build time –			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants	
	Link time –			
	Post-build time –			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	[ECUC_Crc_00025]			
Parameter Name	Crc16Mode			
Parent Container	CrcGeneral			
Description	Switch to select one of the available	Switch to select one of the available CRC 16-bit (CCITT) calculation methods		
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	CRC_16_HARDWARE hardware based CRC16 calculation			
	CRC_16_RUNTIME runtime based CRC16 calculation			
	CRC_16_TABLE table based CRC16 calculation (default selection)			





Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants		
	Link time	_	
	Post-build time	_	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants
	Link time	_	
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	[ECUC_Crc_00026]			
Parameter Name	Crc32Mode			
Parent Container	CrcGeneral			
Description	Switch to select one of the available CRC 32-bit (IEEE-802.3 CRC32 Ethernet Standard) calculation methods			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	CRC_32_HARDWARE	CRC_32_HARDWARE hardware based CRC32 calculation		
	CRC_32_RUNTIME	runtime based CRC32 calculation		
	CRC_32_TABLE	table based CRC32 calculation (default selection)		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants			
	Link time	l –		
	Post-build time –			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X All Variants		
	Link time	_		
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	[ECUC_Crc_00032]			
Parameter Name	Crc32P4Mode			
Parent Container	CrcGeneral			
Description	Switch to select one of the available	CRC 32-	-bit E2E Profile 4 calculation methods.	
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	CRC_32P4_HARDWARE	hardware based CRC32P4 calculation		
	CRC_32P4_RUNTIME	runtime based CRC32P4 calculation		
	CRC_32P4_TABLE	table based CRC32P4 calculation (default selection)		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X All Variants		
	Link time	_		
	Post-build time	-		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants	
	Link time	_		





	Post-build time	ı	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	[ECUC_Crc_00034]			
Parameter Name	Crc64Mode			
Parent Container	CrcGeneral			
Description	Switch to select one of the available CRC 64-bit calculation methods.			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	CRC_64_HARDWARE	hardware based CRC64 calculation		
	CRC_64_RUNTIME	runtime based CRC64 calculation		
	CRC_64_TABLE	table based CRC64 calculation (default selection)		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	time X All Variants		
	Link time	_		
	Post-build time	_		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants	
	Link time	_		
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	[ECUC_Crc_00031]		
Parameter Name	Crc8H2FMode		
Parent Container	CrcGeneral		
Description	Switch to select one of the available CRC 8-bit (2Fh polynomial) calculation methods		
Multiplicity	01		
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef		
Range	CRC_8H2F_HARDWARE	hardware based CRC8H2F calculation	
	CRC_8H2F_RUNTIME	runtime based CRC8H2F calculation	
	CRC_8H2F_TABLE	table based CRC8H2F calculation (default selection)	
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X All Variants	
	Link time	-	
	Post-build time	-	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	_	
	Post-build time	_	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	[ECUC_Crc_00030]
Parameter Name	Crc8Mode
Parent Container	CrcGeneral
Description	Switch to select one of the available CRC 8-bit (SAE J1850) calculation methods
Multiplicity	01





Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	CRC_8_HARDWARE	hardware based CRC8 calculation		
	CRC_8_RUNTIME	runtime	runtime based CRC8 calculation	
	CRC_8_TABLE	table based CRC8 calculation (default selection)		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants	
	Link time	_		
	Post-build time	_		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants	
	Link time	_		
	Post-build time	_		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

No Included Containers

10.3 Published Information

For details refer to the chapter 10.3 "Published Information" in SWS BSWGeneral [2].

[SWS_Crc_00050] [The standardized common published parameters as required by

SRS_BSW_00402 in the SRS General on Basic Software Modules [3] shall be published within the header file of this module and need to be provided in the BSW ModuleDescription. The according module abbreviation can be found in the List of Basic Software Modules [10].](SRS_BSW_00402)

Additional module-specific published parameters are listed below if applicable.

[SWS_Crc_00048] [

Information elements				
Information element name	Type / Range	Information element description		
CRC_VENDOR_ID	#define/ uint16	Vendor ID of the dedicated implementation of this module according to the AUTOSAR vendor list		
CRC_MODULE_ID	#define/ uint16	Module ID of this module from Module List		
CRC_AR_RELEASE_MAJOR_VERSION	#define/ uint8	Major version number of AUTOSAR release on which the appropriate implementation is based on.		
CRC_AR_RELEASE_MINOR_VERSION	#define/ uint8	Minor version number of AUTOSAR release on which the appropriate implementation is based on.		





CRC_AR_RELEASE_REVISION_VERSION	#define/ uint8	Patch level version number of AUTOSAR release on which the appropriate implementation is based on.
CRC_SW_MAJOR_VERSION	#define/ uint8	Major version number of the vendor specific implementation of the module. The numbering is vendor specific.
CRC_SW_MINOR_VERSION	#define/ uint8	Minor version number of the vendor specific implementation of the module. The numbering is vendor specific.
CRC_SW_PATCH_VERSION	#define/ uint8	Patch level version number of the vendor specific implementation of the module. The numbering is vendor specific.

]()



A Not applicable requirements

[SWS Crc NA 00051] [These requirements are not applicable to this specification. | (SRS BSW 00344, SRS BSW 00404, SRS BSW 00405, SRS BSW 00170, SRS BSW 00383, SRS BSW 00384, SRS BSW 00388, SRS BSW 00389, SRS -BSW 00395. SRS BSW 00398. SRS BSW 00399. SRS BSW 00400. SRS -BSW 00401, SRS BSW 00375, SRS BSW 00101, SRS BSW 00416, SRS -SRS BSW 00423, BSW 00406, SRS BSW 00168, SRS BSW 00424, SRS -BSW 00425. SRS BSW 00427. SRS BSW 00428. SRS BSW 00429. SRS -BSW 00432. SRS BSW 00433, SRS BSW 00336. SRS BSW 00337. SRS -BSW 00369, SRS BSW 00339, SRS BSW 00422, SRS BSW 00417, SRS -BSW 00323, SRS BSW 00409, SRS BSW 00385, SRS BSW 00386, SRS -BSW 00161. SRS BSW 00162. SRS BSW 00005, SRS BSW 00415. SRS -BSW 00164, SRS BSW 00325, SRS BSW 00342, SRS BSW 00343, SRS -BSW 00160. SRS BSW 00007, SRS BSW 00347, SRS BSW 00305, SRS -BSW 00307. SRS BSW 00373. SRS BSW 00327. SRS BSW 00335. SRS -BSW 00350, SRS BSW 00410, SRS BSW 00314, SRS BSW 00348, SRS -BSW 00353. SRS BSW 00302. SRS BSW 00328. SRS BSW 00312. SRS -BSW 00006, SRS BSW 00304, SRS BSW 00378, SRS BSW 00306, SRS -BSW 00308, SRS BSW 00309, SRS BSW 00358, SRS BSW 00414, SRS -BSW 00359. SRS BSW 00360. SRS BSW 00330. SRS BSW 00331. SRS -BSW 00009, SRS BSW 00172, SRS BSW 00010. SRS BSW 00333, SRS -BSW 00321, SRS BSW 00341, SRS BSW 00334, SRS LIBS 00001, SRS LIBS -00002, SRS LIBS 00003, SRS LIBS 00004, SRS LIBS 00007, SRS LIBS 00008. SRS LIBS 00010, SRS LIBS 00012, SRS LIBS 00013, SRS LIBS 00015, SRS -LIBS 00016, SRS LIBS 00017)



B Change History

Please note that the lists in this chapter also include constraints and specification items that have been removed from the specification in a later version. These constraints and specification items do not appear as hyperlinks in the document.

B.1 Change History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R22-11

B.1.1 Added Specification Items in R22-11

[SWS Crc NA 00051]

B.1.2 Changed Specification Items in R22-11

[SWS_Crc_00002] [SWS_Crc_00003] [SWS_Crc_00018] [SWS_Crc_00019] [SWS_Crc_00020] [SWS_Crc_00021] [SWS_Crc_00030] [SWS_Crc_00031] [SWS_Crc_00042] [SWS_Crc_00043] [SWS_Crc_00052] [SWS_Crc_00053] [SWS_Crc_00054] [SWS_Crc_00055] [SWS_Crc_00056] [SWS_Crc_00057] [SWS_Crc_00058] [SWS_Crc_00061] [SWS_Crc_00062] [SWS_Crc_00063] [SWS_Crc_00067] [SWS_Crc_00068] [SWS_Crc_00071]

B.1.3 Deleted Specification Items in R22-11

[SWS Crc 00051]

B.2 Change History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R23-11

B.2.1 Added Specification Items in R23-11

[SWS_Crc_00073] [SWS_Crc_00074] [SWS_Crc_00075] [SWS_Crc_00076] [SWS_-Crc_00077] [SWS_Crc_00078] [SWS_Crc_00079] [SWS_Crc_00080] [SWS_Crc_00081] [SWS_Crc_00082] [SWS_Crc_00083] [SWS_Crc_00084] [SWS_Crc_00085] [SWS_Crc_00086]

B.2.2 Changed Specification Items in R23-11

none



B.2.3 Deleted Specification Items in R23-11

[SWS_Crc_00009] [SWS_Crc_00010] [SWS_Crc_00033] [SWS_Crc_00045] [SWS_Crc_00060] [SWS_Crc_00065] [SWS_Crc_00070]