

A particle is described by the wave function

$$\Psi(x) = A \exp(-ax^2).$$

i) Normalise $\Psi(x)$, i.e. determine the value of A .

[1 mark]

(Whenever useful you are encouraged to make use Wolfram Alpha <http://www.wolframalpha.com/> e.g. input

`integrate exp(-a x^2) between -infty and infty`

into the box at the Wolfram alpha site and hit return – You should get the answer $\sqrt{\pi/a}$ for the definite integral. In an exam a hint at the end of the question would give you required integrals or information to allow you to transform them into a simple integral.)

ii) Calculate the expectation value of x , $\langle x \rangle$.

[2 marks]

iii) Calculate the expectation value of p , $\langle p \rangle$.

[3 marks]

iv) Calculate the expectation value of p^2 , $\langle p^2 \rangle$.

[3 marks]

v) Hence calculate kinetic energy $\langle T \rangle = \langle p^2 \rangle / 2m$.

[1 mark]