

Thermodynamics – Weekly Problem, Th. 4**Publication: 1st Nov****Completion: 11th Nov**

- a) Two blocks of Nickel, each having mass 15.0 kg and heat capacity $C_p = 6,600 \text{ J K}^{-1}$, are brought into thermal contact and allowed to come to thermal equilibrium, with no heat energy being lost to the environment. If one block is initially at a temperature of 527 °C and the other is at the temperature of the environment, taken to be room temperature at 300 K, determine the following:
- i) The blocks' common final temperature;
 - ii) The entropy change of each block and the entropy change of the Universe overall, commenting on the significance of each of your results;
 - iii) The irreversibility of the above process, defined by $I = T_0 \Delta S_U$.
- [4 marks]
- b) If instead, the two blocks are connected via a reversible heat engine, state the entropy change of the system. Then calculate the new equilibrium temperature attained.
- [3 marks]
- c) The combined block at the equilibrium temperature determined from part (b), is dropped into the River Wear, which has an autumnal temperature of 7 °C. Determine any additional entropy change of the Universe during this process.

[3 marks]