## CM3: Oscillations about stable equilibrium

Two particles of mass  $m_1$  and  $m_2$  are connected by a light, inextensible rod of length l. The particles are constrained to slide on a smooth circular wire hoop of radius a, which is held in a vertical plane in a uniform gravitational field of strength g.  $\theta$  and  $\theta + \alpha$  are the angular coordinates, measured downwards from the horizontal, of  $m_1$  and  $m_2$  with respect to the centre of the hoop ( $\alpha$  is fixed).

1. Find the Lagrangian of the system in terms of the generalised coordinate  $\theta$ , and use the Euler-Lagrange equation,

$$\frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}}\right) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta} = 0,$$

to show that

$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{g[m_1 \cos \theta + m_2 \cos(\theta + \alpha)]}{a(m_1 + m_2)}.$$

- 2. For the case with  $m_1 = m_2 = m$ , what is the equilibrium value of  $\theta$ ?
- 3. Assuming  $m_1 = m_2 = m$ , find the equation of motion for small oscillations about the equilibrium position,  $\theta_{\rm eq}$ , by rewriting the differential equation for  $\ddot{\theta}$  in terms of  $\phi = \theta \theta_{\rm eq}$  and solving for  $\phi(t)$ . Give your answer in terms of  $\phi(0)$  and  $\dot{\phi}(0)$ .
- 4. What is the solution when  $\alpha = \pi$  and what motion does this represent?
- 5. With what frequency does a single particle of mass 2m, confined to the same circular hoop, undergo small oscillations about its equilibrium position?