Diagnosing Kaypro Problems using the Kaypro Emergency Monitor ROM

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Introduction

Throughout this document, examples are shown using underlined text to indicate what the user types, and the token *(CR)* indicates pressing the RETURN or Enter key.

Diagnosing a broken Kaypro can be a complex and overwhelming task. This document attempts to break-down the task into steps, and gives examples of how to use the Emergency Monitor ROM to further diagnose problems.

This document picks up where the Emergency Monitor ROM documentation leaves off. That document should be read first.

The first step for a newly acquired Kaypro in unknown condition is to examine the electronics for signs of physical failure. A common failure is in electrolytic capacitors (as well as the RIFA capacitors). A thorough examination and testing of the power supplies and associated power components is beyond the scope of this document. This document begins once the power has been verified and the machine is safe to power-on and run.

In addition, a working CPU and main memory is required. One basic check for that is to run the Emergency Memory Test ROM. If the memory test is able to run but detects an error in RAM, then RAM should be replaced. If the memory test is unable to even run, that may indicate a bad CPU, which

must be replaced. However, this could also indicate a more-fundamental problem that requires diagnostics at an electronics level.

Be aware that earlier Kaypro models do not have sockets for all ICs. While the major ICs are socketed, many – include RAM – are not. This makes replacement much more difficult, at least the first time (until a socket is installed after desoldering the IC).

Kaypro Model Identification

While there are ways to determine Kaypro features by using input/output commands on the monitor, the best way is to examine the mainboard, specifically noting the boot ROM part number and arrangement of ICs and rear-cabinet connectors. If a part number (81-XXX) can be located on the mainboard, that is the best way. Unfortunately, many boards have an <u>assembly</u> number visible, but not a part number. In addition, Kaypro has been known to re-spin the */84 mainboard with a different rear connector arrangement, also confusing identification. In some cases, the only difference between models is single vs. double sided drives, or whether the mainboard was fully-populated or not.

A valuable source for information on identifying Kaypro models is the Kaypro Technical Manual, available on bitsavers at http://www.bitsavers.org/pdf/kaypro/1484-

<u>F Kaypro Technical Manual Sep85.pdf</u> But note that even this document does not enumerate all the variations actually produced by Kaypro, or that currently exist in the field. This document is also vital for performing in-depth diagnosis, as it contains schematics and other valuable materials.

The */83 models have only two rear connectors (parallel printer and serial data) with the keyboard jack between them. The */83 mainboards have only one Z80A-SIO/0 but two Z80A-PIOs and no 6545 CRT controller chip. The first-generation Kaypro II/83 models will only take a 2716 boot ROM, part number 81-149, while later */83 models can use a 2732 ROM with proper jumper placement and should have the 81-232 boot ROM. It is not known whether Kaypro ever built a */84 mainboard designed to (retro-)fit in a */83 case. If such a system exists, all procedures and software for the */84 models should be used in spite of outward appearances of being a */83. It should also be noted that the */83 video uses a 60Hz video sync, and is not compatible with the */84 and 10 model video boards (and vice versa).

The Kaypro 10, first generation, is an evolutionary step between */83 and */84. It contains most of the same hardware as */84, but does not provide for the modem or RTC circuits. It has two Z80A-SIO/0 and no Z80A-PIO chips, and has the 6545 (sometimes 6845E) CRT controller chip. It also does not have the custom gate arrays (81-189 and 81-194). This board has the 50-pin expansion (harddisk) connector near the middle of the board, and is missing locations for the telephonics (modem) transformer and RTC battery near the right edge. The boot ROM is 3732-only and uses 81-302. The rear connectors include parallel printer and two serial, with the light-pen and keyboard jacks on the far right. Later production Kaypro 10 models used the */84 mainboard, fabricated with the Kaypro 10 rear connector arrangement but replacing the light-pen jack with the modem. The Kaypro 10 (6545 CRTC) video uses 50Hz sync, and is not compatible with the */83 video boards (and vice versa).

The */84 models all have nearly-identical mainboards, with varying amounts populated. First generation 2/84 and 2X boards will have none of the modem, RTC, and harddisk populated (right region of the mainboard). Later production boards were fully populated. The rear connectors are similar to the Kaypro 10, except that the modem and keyboard jacks are on opposite ends of the serial and parallel connectors. These boards contain two Z80A-SIO/0, the 6545 (or 6845E) CRTC, and either space for or one actual Z80A-PIO – as well as circuitry for the modem and RTC. Floppy and harddisk connectors are arranged along the right edge. The original 2/84, 2X, and 4/84 boot ROM was 81-292. This was later changed to the "universal ROM" 81-478, which would automatically adapt to floppy-only, high-density floppy, and harddisk configurations and required CP/M 2.2u. The */84 (6545 CRTC) video uses 50Hz sync, and is not compatible with the */83 video boards (and vice versa).

Memory/CPU Checks

One way to determine if basic CPU, ROM, and RAM are functional is to try the Emergency Memory Test ROM. This ROM will send output on the serial port as well as provide visual indicators that are visible from the front of the Kaypro. If neither the serial output nor the visual indicators are working, it may point to a CPU issue, or an issue addressing the ROM, or multiple failures of the serial port and the visual indicator for the Kaypro model being tested. These will require diagnostic methods not covered in this document.

High-level Analysis

Determining "where to start looking" requires a basic understanding of the sequence of events performed by the boot ROM, combined with the symptoms presented by the machine. While different ROM versions perform steps differently, the basic sequence is:

- 1. Initialize SIO1 (keyboard and serial data)
- 2. Initialize/clear display
- 3. Setup common (BIOS) memory
- 4. Display signon message on screen
- 5. Initialize floppy, and boot if diskette present
- 6. [Kaypro 10] Initialize harddisk, and boot.
- 7. Fallback for failed boot (varies)

A general idea of how far the system gets can be guessed by checking for progress. For example, the video display RAM will power-on with garbage, so if the screen displays garbage characters then one can assume that the clear screen step was not completed. However, */83 machines have a video circuitry that requires no initialization and is always "on", in contrast to the */84 and 10 models that have a CRT controller chip which must be initialized before video will be enabled. If the CRTC has not been initialized and started, there will be no raster scan visible when the brightness is turned up.

Certainly, if the ROM signon message appears on the screen, the system has passed step 4 and it can be assumed that the CRTC and video is working.

Progress on booting from the floppy can be determined by observation. When attempting to boot, the ROM will select drive A and the drive motors will be spinning.

Also be aware that failure to boot could be caused by bad media or media that does not have the matching bootstrap code (or CP/M) for the ROM version.

I/O Port Select Signals

One common question that arises when devices are not functioning is whether the chip-select signal is reaching the device. On the monitor, a simple program can be poked into memory and executed that will continuously pulse the desired chip-select, and then an oscilloscope can be used to confirm that the device is getting the select signal. The following example show the program, where the "XX" value should be replaced by the desire I/O port for the device to test.

```
: <u>S</u> 8000(CR)

8000 00 <u>DB</u>(CR) (INPUT op-code)

8001 00 <u>XX</u>(CR) (replace XX with desired port)

8002 00 <u>C3</u>(CR) (JUMP op-code)

8003 00 <u>00</u>(CR) (low byte of 8000H)

8004 00 <u>80</u>(CR) (high byte of 8000H)

8005 00 <u>.</u>

: <u>G</u> 8000(CR)

GO 8000 ?Y
```

It will be necessary to RESET the Kaypro in order to get back to the monitor prompt.

Following are the I/O ports for the various Kaypro models. Note that some Kaypro 10s are fitted with the */84 mainboard. Also note that some */84 models do not have the PIO, RTC, and Modem electronics.

D (A)	*/	*/83		0	*/84		
Port Adr	Device	Function	Device	Function	Device	Function	
00		baud		baud		baud	
01	WD1943		WD1943		WD1943 Baud Gen. Serial Data		
02	Baud Gen. Serial I/O		Baud Gen. Serial Data				
03	Serial I/O		Serial Data		Serial Data		
04		ch A data		ch A data		ch A data	
05	Z80-SIO	ch B data	Z80-SIO #1	ch B data	Z80-SIO #1	ch B data	
06	Serial I/O Keyboard	ch A ctl	Serial Data Keyboard	ch A ctl	Serial Data Keyboard	ch A ctl	
07	Reyboard	ch B ctl	Reyboard	ch B ctl	Reyboard	ch B ctl	
08		ch A data		baud		baud	
09	Z80-PIO #1	ch B data	WD1943		WD1943		
0A	Printer	ch A ctl	Baud Gen. Serial Printer		Baud Gen. Serial Printer		
0B		ch B ctl	Jeriai i iiitei		Jeriai i illitei		
0C		baud		ch A data		ch A data	
0D	WD1943 Baud Gen. Keyboard		Z80-SIO #2 Serial Printer	ch B data	Z80-SIO #2 Serial Printer Modem	ch B data	
0E				ch A ctl		ch A ctl	
0F	Reyboard		1	ch B ctl	Wiodeiii	ch B ctl	
10		cmd/sts		cmd/sts	WD1793 Floppy Controller	cmd/sts	
11	WD1793	track	WD1793 Floppy Controller	track		track	
12	Floppy Controller	sector		sector		sector	
13	Controller	data	Controller	data	Controller	data	
14				sysprt		sysprt	
15	N/C		CaraDaut		CaraDaut		
16	N/C		SysPort		SysPort		
17							
18				data out		data out	
19	N. (C		Parallel		Parallel		
1A	N/C		Printer		Printer		
1B]				
1C		ch A data		ctl/sts	6545A-1	ctl/sts	
1D	Z80-PIO #2	ch B data	6545A-1	data		data	
1E	SysPort	ch A ctl	CRT Controller		CRT Controller		
1F		ch B ctl		vid RAM		vid RAM	

Dout Adu	*/83		1	0	*/84		
Port Adr	Device	Function	Device	Function	Device	Function	
20						ch A data	
21	NI/C		N/C		Z80-PIO RTC Modem	ch B data	
22	N/C					ch A ctl	
23					iviouciii	ch B ctl	
24						data	
25	N/C		N/C		DTC		
26					RTC		
27							
80				data			
81				error			
82				sec count			
83	NI/C	NI/O	WD1002- HDO Controller	sector	N/C		
84	N/C			cyl low	IN/C		
85				cyl high			
86]	SDH			
87				cmd/sts			

When doing chip-select testing, a specific port should be chosen for the least side-effects. For example, reading from most ports has no serious side-effect, but writing to a port could significantly alter the system behavior.

SysPort Usage

Note that the sysport contains the "bank" control on bit 7. It is imperative that this bit never be set to "0" (unless by a special program running in high memory), as that would make the ROM code disappear and the system would crash.

The general practice with SysPort is to read the current value, modify it, then write the new value. In this environment, there should be no hidden changes to the port and so it is reasonable to just know what the right value is without reading the port.

The main operations needed on the sysport are to turn on/off the motors and select a drive (or deselect all). While the sysport bit numbers involved with these actions are same for all models, the actual values used are not.

Model */83 SysPort

The */83 models use a different system port (Z80-PIO) than the others, and this port must be initialized before it can be used. Do not perform this initialization on a */84 or 10 model, as it will corrupt the

CRTC registers. The Z80-PIO resets to a state where all data lines are inputs, effectively causing them to float "1". This places the lines, especially BANK, is the correct state for the system to run until the sysport is configured and enabled. The safe way to enable the */83 sysport is:

: <u>0 1C CO(CR)</u> (make certain BANK stays on)

: 0 1D CF 08(CR) (init and activate PIO ch A)

:

This sequence leaves motor off and no drive selected. The floppy-related sysport bits (expressed as hexadecimal mask) are:

*/83	Drive A select	01	1=select
(PIO 1CH)	Drive B select	02	1=select
	Side select	04	1=side-1
	DD enable	20	0=DD
	Motor control	40	0=ON

Models */84 and 10 SysPort

On */84 and 10 models, the sysport RESETs (and powers on) to a special state where all outputs are tristate and float high ("1"). The first write to sysport will also turn off this state and enable the sysport outputs. So, the first read of sysport (before any write) will return the tri-state values – not the actual state of the bits in the latch. Also note that the parallel printer "ready" bit will never read as the state of the "A12 CH" output. This bit may initially read "0" or "1" depending on whether there is a printer connected, and powered on, at the parallel printer port. The "A12 CH" output is generally not functional ("don't care"), unless a special character generator ROM has been install for the CRTC.

Here are the disk-related sysport bits (expressed as hexadecimal mask) for the two families:

Kaypro 10	Drive A select	01	0=select
(port 14H)	WD1002 reset	02	1=reset
	Side select	04	0=side-1
	Motor control	10	1=ON
	DD enable	20	0=DD
*/84	Drive A select	01	0=select
(port 14H)	Drive B select	02	0=select
	Side select	04	0=side-1
	Motor control		1=ON
	DD enable	20	0=DD

Note that the main difference between models 10 and */84 is the re-assignment of Drive B select to WD1002 RESET.

Display Diagnosis

Model */83 Display

The model */83 video display is made using discrete logic (there is no controller chip). The system powers on with video enabled, and should be producing a raster on the CRT immediately. Diagnosing the video circuitry (no raster, or malformed raster) is beyond the scope of this document. If the display does start up correctly, probably the most likely issue would be video RAM and should be noticeable by incorrect characters on the screen. With the monitor ROM installed, the video RAM is not cleared on power-up or RESET and so will contain garbage (or the previous contents after RESET). The video RAM may be accessed directly from the monitor at addresses 3000H-3BFFH, and so various patterns can be written to video RAM and the effects can be viewed on the display. Each display line begins on a 128B boundary, but only 80 characters of RAM are used. Addresses in the latter part of the 128B region are mapped over the 80 character display line, but otherwise cause no problem. Typically, the F(ill), S(ubstitute), and M(ove) commands are useful for exploring video RAM, in addition to D(ump) for verifying contents. For example, the command "F 3000 3BFF 20" will clear the display.

Model */84 and 10 Display

The model */84 and 10 systems use a 6545A-1 CRT Controller chip. This chip powers-up with video disabled, and no raster will be present on the screen until the CRTC is programmed. The video RAM is not directly accessible from the monitor, but will be filled with garbage after power-on. Note that the 6845E is sometimes used as a replacement for the 6545, but beware that without the "E" suffix the part is not compatible and won't work.

The first test is to program the CRTC and see whether the screen lights up with garbage characters.

```
: N CRTC(CR) (display should light up)
```

If the display does not light up after this command, then the CRTC will need to be further tested to determine where the problem might be. The first test is to check if the CRTC "Update" status working correctly. This is used by the Kaypro ROMs to read or write video RAM without disrupting the display refresh. This command checks whether the Update status is seen to toggle through three update cycles:

```
: <u>T CRTC(CR)</u>
Wait... Update Update Update
```

This command will "hang" if an update does not occur, but may be interrupted by pressing any key.

The next step would be to check that the vertical retrace is occurring, and at the correct rate. This generally confirms that all other timing is correct.

: <u>T_VRT</u>(CR)

80 001C

A0 064B

80 06AF

A0 OCDE

80 0D42

A0 1371

80 13D5

A0 1A03 80 1A68

A0 2096

This command does not normally run the full cycle (iteration count FFFF), instead stopping after 10 status register changes. If it does reach the FFFF count, it probably indicates a problem in the CRTC. Vertical retrace is in bit 5 (20 hex) of the status register. The above data shows that we see retrace at 064B and 0CDE (among other times). Subtracting those gives 0693 hex or 1683 decimal. That computes to approximately 20 mS which matches the desired 50Hz vertical retrace rate.

If all these tests pass and the display is still not working, there may be problems outboard of the CRTC, possibly on the video board. Beware of high voltage.

There is a command that will fill video RAM with a character, and also set the attributes. This can be used to do some testing of the video RAM, by setting certain values and observing whether the display looks correct. The general command syntax is:

T CRTF [char [attr]]

Where char is the hexadecimal value to put in all character locations and attr is the hexadecimal attributes value to apply to all locations. Attribute bits are: 01=reverse, 02=dim, 04=blink, 08=underline. The defaults are the blank space character and 00 attributes, effectively a clear screen.

Floppy Diagnosis

If floppy drive select and motor control seem to be working, the next step would be to confirm that the controller chip is functioning at a basic level. This can be done by performing the FLPY test command, which will issue a FORCE INTERRUPT command to the controller and watch for the expected results.

At this point, an overview of the WD1793 status register bits is in order. The status registers bits may have one of two possible meanings depending on the command that was last run. After head-movement commands, and force-interrupt, the status register bits are:

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NRDY	WP	HLD	SEEK ERR	CRC ERR	TRK00	INDEX	BUSY

For read/write commands, the status register bits are:

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NRDY	WP	FAULT*	RNF	CRC ERR	LOST DAT	DRQ	BUSY

Note that the Kaypro hard-wires the READY and HLD signals, so NRDY should always be "0".

Here are the expected results of running the FLPY command when no drive is selected:

```
: <u>T FLPY(CR)</u>
01 0002
00 0003
00 FFFF
```

The expected results, above, show that the BUSY bit went on briefly in response to the command, and then stayed off. The key result is that the BUSY bit is still off when the iteration count FFFF is reached.

If this controller is handling the FORCE INTERRUPT command correctly, there may some issue with signals from the drives reaching, and passing through, the controller. The first of these is the TRK00 signal, which indicates that the selected drive's heads are on track 0. This will require that a drive be selected, but no diskette need be in the drive (the head protectors should be removed, though). The test involves performing a RESTORE command and confirming that the TRK00 signal shows up in the status register, then stepping in and confirming that TRK00 goes off, then RESTORE again and confirming TRK00 is back on:

```
: <u>0 10 03(CR)</u>
                      (RESTORE - make sure drive is at track 0)
: I 10(CR)
Input 10 = 46
                      (confirm TRK00 bit (04) is on)
: <u>T FLPY 53(CR)</u>
                      (send STEP IN command)
47 0002
                      (BUSY on, TRK00 on)
43 00A4
                      (TRK00 goes off as head steps away)
42 09A8
                      (command done)
42 FFFF
: <u>T FLPY 03(CR)</u>
                      (send RESTORE command)
43 0002
                      (BUSY on)
47 28C4
                      (TRK00 on)
46 30FD
                      (command done)
46 FFFF
```

Note that the INDEX signal (02) and WP (40) are always on in this case, because there is no diskette in the drive and the sensors are not obstructed.

If the TRK00 signal is not working correctly, it will be necessary to trace that signal to the WD1793 pin 34 from the drive (pin 26 on the drive connector)

The next check is for the INDEX signal from a spinning diskette. The Kaypro boot ROMs check this signal before deciding to boot. Insert a diskette into the drive and close the door. The diskette need not be formatted.

The following command watches the status register and records any changes, which should only involve the INDEX signal.

```
: T FLPY(CR)
                    (issue default command, FORCE INTR)
05 0002
                    (BUSY on for command)
04 0003
                    (BUSY off)
06 1441
                    (INDEX (02) on)
04 159D
                    (INDEX off)
06 5572
                    (INDEX on)
04 56CE
06 96A3
04 97FF
06 D7D4
04 D930
04 FFFF
```

If the output shows the INDEX signal working, a further test is to measure the time between INDEX pulses. In this case, we see INDEX start at 1441 and 5572. We subtract those to get 4131 hex, or 16689 decimal. This computes out to 200.268 mS (4MHz Z80), which is plenty close enough to 5 RPM.

The next step is to try and read the boot sector off the diskette. With the heads at track 0, set the side and double-density bits correctly (typically double-density, always side 0). This diskette must be bootable in order to see a valid boot sector, and (of course) must be formatted at the very least.

For drive A on a model */84 or 10, the sysport value would be DE. For drive A on model */83, the sysport value would be 81.

The following commands read and dump the boot sector. The exact contents of this sector will vary between CP/M versions, but should look similar.

```
: T FDRD 00(CR)
            (perform READ of sector 0)
00
            (no error detected)
: D8000 81FF(CR) (dump sector buffer)
8000 18 FE 00 E4 00 FA 30 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                       . . . . . . 0 . . . . . . . . .
8060 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                       00 00 00 00 00 00 00
8070 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                       00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                        . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
8080 C3 5C E7 C3 58 E7 7F 01 44
                       00 20 20 20 20 20 20
                                        .\..X...D.
8090 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 43 4F 50 59 52 49 47 48
                                             COPYRIGH
80A0 54 20 28 43 29 20 31 39 37 39 2C 20 44 49 47 49
                                       T (C) 1979, DIGI
```

```
80B0 54 41 4C 20 52 45 53 45 41 52 43 48 20 20
                                                   00 00
                                                             TAL RESEARCH
8000 00 00 00
               00
                  00 00 00 00 00
                                   00 00 00
                                            00
                                                00
                                                    00
                                                       00
80D0 00 00 00 00
                  00 00 00 00 00
                                   00
                                                       00
                                      00 00 00 00
                                                    00
80E0 00
        00 00
               00
                  00
                      00 00 00
                                00
                                   00
                                      00 00 00
                                                00
                                                    00
                                                       00
80F0 00
        00 00 00
                  00
                     00 00 00
                                00
                                   00
                                      00 00 00
                                                00
                                                    00
                                                       00
                            00
8100 00
        00 00
               00
                  00
                     00 00
                                98
                                   E4
                                      00 00
                                            5F
                                                ΘE
                                                    02 C3
8110 05
        00 C5
               CD
                  8C E4 C1 C9
                                3E
                                   0D CD 92
                                             E4
                                                3E
                                                    0A C3
                                                             . . . . . . . . > . . . . > . .
8120 92 E4 3E
               20
                  C3 92 E4 C5
                                CD
                                   98 E4 E1 7E
                                                В7
                                                    C8
                                                       23
                                                             ..> ..........#
8130 E5 CD 8C E4
                  E1 C3 AC E4
                                0E 0D C3 05
                                             00
                                                5F
                                                    0E 0E
8140 C3 05 00 CD 05 00 32 EE EB 3C C9 0E
                                                    C3 E4
                                            0F C3
                                                             . . . . . . . 2 . . < . . . . . .
8150 AF 32 ED EB
                  11 CD EB C3 CB E4 0E
                                                             .2..............
8160 11 C3 C3 E4 0E 12 C3 C3 E4 11 CD EB C3
                                                   E4 0E
                                                             . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
8170 13 C3 05 00 CD 05 00 B7 C9 0E 14 C3 F4 E4
                                                    11 CD
                                                             . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                     15 C3 F4
                                   ΘE
                                      16 C3
                                                    0E 17
8180 EB C3 F9 E4
                  0E
                                E4
                                             C3
                                                E4
                                                             . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
8190 C3 05 00 1E FF
                      0E 20 C3 05
                                   00 CD 13
                                                             . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                            E5
                                                87
                                                    87
                                                       87
81A0 87 21 EF EB B6 32 04 00 C9
                                   3A EF EB 32 04
                                                    00 C9
                                                             .!...2...:..2...
81B0 FE 61 D8 FE 7B D0 E6 5F C9 3A AB EB B7 CA 96 E5
                                                             .a..{.._.:....
81C0 3A EF EB B7
                  3E 00 C4 BD E4
                                   11 AC EB CD CB
                                                             :...>.........
                                                   E4 CA
81D0 96 E5 3A BB EB 3D 32 CC EB 11 AC EB CD
                                                             ..:..=2.......
                                                F9
                                                   E4 C2
                  E4 21 80 00 06 80 CD 42 E8
                                                21 BA EB
                                                             .....!....B.!..
81E0 96 E5 11 07
81F0 36 00 23 35 11 AC EB CD DA E4 CA 96 E5 3A EF EB
                                                             6.#5...........
```

If no problem has been found, one last thing to check here is that side 1 is also readable (and returns different data). Here we will read the first directory sector of the drive. This requires changing the sysport value to select side 1. For model */84 and 10, the value should be DA. For */83, it should be 85. The sector number also changes to 0A.

```
T FDRD OA(CR)
00
: D8000 81FF(CR)
8000 00 4D 4F 56 43 50 4D 20 20 43 4F 4D 00 00 00 4C
                                                              . MOVCPM
                                                                        COM...L
8010 02 03 04 05 06 00 00 00 00
                                   00 00 00
                                             00
                                                 00
                                                    00 00
8020 00 50 49 50 20 20 20 20 20 43 4F 4D 00 00
                                                    00 3A
                                                              .PIP
                                                                        COM...:
8030 07 08 09 0A 00 00 00 00 00
                                   00 00 00 00
                                                 00
                                                    00
                                                        00
                                                              . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
8040 00 53 55 42 4D 49 54 20
                                20 43 4F 4D 00
                                                 00
                                                    00
                                                        0Α
                                                              .SUBMIT COM....
8050 OB 00 00 00
                   00 00 00 00 00
                                   00 00 00
                                             00
                                                 00
                                                     00 00
                                                              . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
8060 00 58 53 55
                  42 20 20 20 20
                                   43
                                      4F 4D
                                             00
                                                 00
                                                     00
                                                       06
                                                              .XSUB
                                                                        COM....
8070 OC 00 00 00
                   00 00 00 00 00
                                   00 00 00 00
                                                 00
                                                    00
                                                        00
8080 00 45 44 20
                   20
                      20 20 20
                                20
                                   43 4F 4D
                                             00
                                                 00
                                                    00
                                                        34
                                                              .ED
                                                                        COM...4
8090 OD OE OF 10
                   00 00 00 00
                                00
                                   00 00 00
                                             00
                                                 00
                                                    00
                                                        00
                                                                       . . . . . . . .
80A0 00 41 53 4D
                   20
                      20 20
                             20
                                20
                                   43 4F 4D
                                             00
                                                 00
                                                    00
                                                        40
                                                              .ASM
                                                                        COM...@
80B0 11 12 13 14
                   00 00 00
                             00
                                   00 00 00
                                                                       . . . . . . . .
                                00
                                             00
                                                 00
                                                    00
                                                        00
                                                              . . . . . . . .
80C0 00 44 44 54
                   20 20 20
                            20
                                20
                                   43 4F 4D
                                             00
                                                     00
                                                 00
                                                        26
                                                              . DDT
                                                                        COM...&
80D0 15 16 17 00
                   00 00 00 00
                                00
                                   00 00 00
                                             00
                                                 00
                                                     00
                                                        00
80E0 00 53 54 41
                   54 20 20 20
                                20
                                   43 4F 4D 00
                                                 00
                                                    00
                                                        29
                                                              .STAT
                                                                        COM...)
80F0 18
        19 1A 00
                   00
                     00 00 00
                                00
                                   00
                                       00 00
                                             00
                                                 00
                                                    00
                                                              . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
8100 00 53 59 53
                   47 45 4E 20
                                20
                                   43 4F 4D
                                             00
                                                 00
                                                     00
                                                        08
                                                              .SYSGEN COM....
8110 1B 00 00 00
                   00 00 00 00
                                00
                                   00 00 00
                                             00
                                                 00
                                                     00
                                                        00
                                                              . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
8120 00 44 55
               4D
                   50
                      20 20
                             20
                                20
                                   41
                                       53 4D
                                              00
                                                 00
                                                     00
                                                        21
                                                              . DUMP
                                                                        ASM...!
8130 1C 1D 1E
                   00 00 00 00
                                00
                                   00 00 00 00
               00
                                                 00
                                                    00 00
                                                              . . . . . . . .
                                                                       . . . . . . . .
                   59
                                                              .COPY
8140 00 43 4F
               50
                     20 20 20
                                20
                                   43
                                       4F 4D
                                             00
                                                 00
                                                    00 3C
                                                                        COM...<
                                                              . !"..........
8150 1F 20 21 22 00
                                   00 00 00
                                                    00 00
                      00 00 00
                                00
                                             00
                                                 00
8160 00 53 53 43 4F 50 59 20
                                20 43 4F 4D
                                             00
                                                 00
                                                    00 3C
                                                              .SSCOPY COM...<
```

```
#$%&.........
8180 00 54 45 52 4D 20 20 20 20 43 4F 4D 00 00 00 06
                                               .TERM
                                                      COM....
' . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
81A0 00 53 42 41 53 49 43 20 20 43 4F 4D 01 00 00 4C
                                               .SBASIC COM...L
81B0 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F 30 31 32 33 34 00 00 00
                                               ()*+,-./01234...
81C0 00 4F 56 45 52 4C 41 59 42 43 4F 4D 00 00 00 36
                                               .OVERLAYBCOM...6
81D0 35 36 37 38 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                               5678........
81E0 00 42 41 53 49 43 4C 49 42 52 45 4C 01 00 00 80
                                               .BASICLIBREL....
81F0 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48
                                               9:;<=>?@ABCDEFGH
```

The exact data returned will depend on the contents of the directory, and may not contain any file names at all if the diskette is empty. But, the data should be different than the boot sector. Since sectors are numbered differently between side 0 and side 1, it should not be possible to read the wrong side (e.g. if the side-select signal were broken or shorted). The error from the FDRD command in that case would normally be 10 (record not found).

Failure to read media could be caused by many things, but perhaps the most common is a failure of the WD9216 data separator. If a drive is selected, motor on, and diskette inserted there should be a continuous stream of read data transmitted. It should be possible to probe along the read data path with an oscilloscope and perhaps determine where things are going wrong. A signal integrity problem may be more difficult to track down.

Harddisk Diagnosis

The first test is to see if the Kaypro can communicate with the WD1002 controller, and whether the controller can pass it's self test. The controller is reset, which causes it to run the self test. The result will tell whether the reset was affective and whether the self test passed.

```
    N HDD(CR) (reset WD1002, starts self test)
    0000
    0737
    073C
    (expected error code)
```

Because the WD1002 in the Kaypro 10 has no floppy support, the self test will always end with code 01. This code means that the WD2797 failed to pass the tests, which is expected since it is not installed.

According to the WD1002-05/HDO documentation, these are the possible error codes from the self test:

05	WD1015 Error				
04	WD1014 or Bus Error				
03	Sector Buffer Error				
02	WD1010 Error				
01	WD2797 Error				
00	Pass – WD1002 is functional				

If the self test passes, then a test of reading the media is in order. To read the boot sector (cylinder 0, head 0, sector 0), perform the following

```
: 0 86 A8(CR)
                    (SDH: CRC, 512B, drv 2, head 0)
: 0 82 01(CR)
                    (sector count 1)
 0 83 00(CR)
                    (sector 0)
 0 84 00(CR)
                    (cylinder XX00)
 0 85 00(CR)
                    (cylinder 00XX)
                    (issue READ command)
: <u>T HDD 20(CR)</u>
DO 0000
58 02B8
                    (DRQ, waiting for xfer)
00
                    (no errors yet)
: T HDRD(CR)
                    (perform xfer)
8200
  D 8000 81FF(CR) (dump the data)
8000 18 FE 00 D8 00 EE 37 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                                              . . . . . . 7 . . . . . . . . .
8010 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                                 00
                                                    00 00
                                              00
8020 00 00 00 00
                   00
                      00 00 00 00
                                    00
                                       00 00
                                             00
                                                 00
                                                    00
                                                        00
8030
        00 00
               00
                      00 00 00
                                00
                                    00
     00
                   00
                                       00 00
                                             00
                                                 00
                                                    00
                                                        00
8040 00
               00
                   00
                      00 00
                            00
                                00
                                    00
                                       00 00
        00 00
                                             00
                                                 00
                                                    00
                                                        00
8050
                                    00
     00
        00 00
               00
                   00
                      00
                         00
                             00
                                00
                                       00
                                          00
                                              00
                                                 00
                                                     00
                                                        00
8060
     00
        00
            00
               00
                   00
                      00
                         00
                             00
                                00
                                    00
                                       00
                                          00
                                              00
                                                 00
                                                     00
8070 00
        00 00
               00
                   00
                      00 00
                             00
                                00
                                    00
                                       00
                                          00
                                              00
                                                 00
                                                     13
                                                        03
8080 C3 5C DB C3
                   58
                      DB 7F
                             00
                                20
                                    20
                                       20
                                          20
                                              20
                                                     20
                                                 20
                                                        00
                                                              .\..X...
8090 20 4D 41 53
                  4D 45 4E
                            55
                                00
                                    43
                                       4F
                                          50
                                              59
                                                 52
                                                    49
                                                        47
                                                               MASMENU.COPYRIG
80A0 48 54 20 28 43 29 20 31
                                    37
                                39
                                       39 2C
                                             20
                                                 44
                                                    49 47
                                                              HT (C) 1979, DIG
                  20 52 45 53 45
80B0 49 54 41 4C
                                   41 52 43
                                             48 20
                                                    00
                                                        00
                                                              ITAL RESEARCH ...
80C0 00
        00 00
               00
                   00 00 00
                             00
                                00
                                    00
                                       00
                                          00
                                              00
                                                 00
                                                     00
                                                        00
80D0
     00 00 00 00
                   00
                      00 00 00
                                00
                                    00
                                       00 00
                                              00
                                                 00
                                                     00
                                                        00
80E0 00 00 00
               00
                   00
                      00 00 00
                                00
                                    00
                                       00 00
                                              00
                                                 00
                                                     00
                                                        00
80F0 00 00 00 00
                   00
                      00 00
                            00
                                00
                                    00
                                       00 00
                                              00
                                                 00
                                                    00
                                                        00
8100 00
        00 00
               00
                   00
                      00 00
                            00
                                98
                                    D8
                                       00
                                          00
                                              5F
                                                 ΘE
                                                    02
8110 05
        00 C5
               CD
                   8C D8 C1 C9
                                3E
                                    0D
                                             D8
                                                 3F
                                                    ΘA
                                       CD 92
                                                        C3
                                                              . . . . . . . .>. . . .>. .
8120 92 D8 3E 20
                  C3 92 D8 C5
                                CD
                                    98 D8 E1
                                              7E
                                                 В7
                                                    C8
                                                        23
                                                              ..> .......~..#
8130 E5
        CD
           8C
               D8
                   E1
                      C3 AC
                             D8
                                0Ε
                                    0D
                                       C3
                                          05
                                              00
                                                 5F
                                                     ΘE
8140 C3 05
            00
               CD
                   05
                      00 32
                            EE
                                DF
                                    3C
                                       C9
                                          0Ε
                                              0F
                                                 C3
                                                    C3
                                                        D8
                                                              ......2..<.....
8150 AF 32 ED DF
                   11 CD DF C3
                                3F
                                    EE 0E 10
                                              C3
                                                 C3
                                                    D8
                                                        ΘE
8160 11 C3 C3 D8
                   0E 12 C3 C3 D8
                                    11 CD DF
                                             C3 DF
                                                    D8 0E
8170 13 C3 05 00
                  CD 05 00 B7
                                C9
                                    0E 14 C3
                                             F4 D8
8180 DF C3 F9
                   0E 15 C3 F4 D8
                                    0E
                                       16 C3
                                             C3
               D8
                                                 D8
                                                    0E
                                                        17
                             C3
8190 C3 05
           00
               1E
                   FF
                      0E 20
                                05
                                    00
                                       CD
                                          13
                                              D9
                                                    87
                                                        87
                                                 87
                                                              . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
81A0 87
        21
            EF
               DF
                   B6
                      32 04
                             00
                                C9
                                    3A EF
                                          DF
                                              32
                                                 04
                                                     00 C9
                                                              .!...2...:..2...
81B0 FE 61
            D8 FE
                   7B
                      D0 E6 5F
                                C9
                                    3A AB DF
                                              В7
                                                 CA
                                                    96 D9
                                                              .a..{.._.:....
81C0 3A EF DF B7
                   3E
                      00 C4
                             BD
                                D8
                                    11 AC DF
                                             CD CB
                                                    D8 CA
                                                              :...>.........
81D0 96 D9 3A BB
                  DF
                      3D 32 CC
                                DF
                                   11 AC DF
                                             CD
                                                 F9
                                                    D8 C2
                                                              ..:..=2.......
81E0 96 D9 11 07
                   D8 21 80 00 06 80 CD 42 DC 21 BA DF
                                                              . . . . . ! . . . . . B. ! . .
```

```
81F0 36 00 23 35 11 AC DF CD DA D8 CA 96 D9 3A EF DF 6.#5.........
```

The exact data will depend on the version of CP/M, and whether the drive was even SYSGEN'ed. If the drive is not even formatted, the read will not succeed. Of course, the media could be bad (or heads crashed) such that nothing can be read.

WARNING: This is a destructive test, but one can issue the WD1002 format command for a track, and then see if the new sector(s) can be read.

Data layout differs depending on the ROM version that created it. Data stored on an HDD using ROM 81-302 cannot be accessed from ROM 81-478. This monitor does not care about the layout, but one must know which sectors to access when looking for specific data.

ROM 81-302 HDD Layout

TBD

ROM 81-478 HDD Layout

TBD

Keyboard Diagnosis

The keyboard is attached by a serial port, using 300 baud. This port must be initialized before the keyboard can be tested. Initialization is slightly different for */83 models compared to later models, so there are two different commands. Choose the command for the model being tested. In this example, the system under test is a */84 or 10.

```
: N KB84(CR) (initialize keyboard port on */84 and 10 models)
or for */83 models:
: N KB83(CR) (initialize keyboard port on */83 models)
```

The communication path from Kaypro to the keyboard (only used to sound the "beep") can be tested by send a Ctrl-D character out the serial port. This should cause the keyboard to "beep".

```
: <u>0 05 04(CR)</u> (keyboard beeps)
```

The following test will receive keycodes from the keyboard as you type them (press the keys). The keycodes are printed in hexadecimal. You may end the test by pressing any key on the monitor console.

```
: \underline{\text{T KBD}}(\textit{CR}) (start keyboard test, press keys on keyboard) Wait... 61 73 64 66 77 65 65 72 F3 F4 (CR)Abort :
```

Since the monitor console runs on channel A of the same SIO, it may be less likely that channel B would be bad independent of channel A. One check to be done is to confirm that the baud clock is working. The signal on the SIO pin 27 should be 4800Hz (16x300 baud). On */83 models, this signal comes from the WD1943 "transmit" channel. On */84 models, it is hardwired to a 4800Hz source coming from the memory controller chip, the 81-194. On Kaypro 10/83 models, it is generated by counters from the CPU clock. Testing the SIO channel is complicated (TBD). Note that replacing the Sio requires that the correct variation be used. The Kaypro uses only the Z80A-SIO/0 variation.