Divisibility Rules (1 to 11)

Rule for 1: Every number is divisible by 1. Rule for 2: A number is divisible by 2 if its last digit is even (0, 2, 4, 6, or 8). Rule for 3: A number is divisible by 3 if the sum of its digits is divisible by 3. Rule for 4: A number is divisible by 4 if the last two digits form a number divisible by 4. Rule for 5: A number is divisible by 5 if it ends in 0 or 5. Rule for 6: A number is divisible by 6 if it is divisible by both 2 and 3. Rule for 7: Take the last digit, double it, and subtract it from the rest of the number. If the result is divisible by 7, then the original number is too. Rule for 8: A number is divisible by 8 if the last three digits form a number divisible by 8. Rule for 9: A number is divisible by 9 if the sum of its digits is divisible by 9. Rule for 10:

Rule for 11:

A number is divisible by 10 if it ends in 0.

Alternate digit sum rule: Subtract and add digits in alternating order. If the result is divisible by 11

(including 0), the number is divisible by 11.