

# Wipro Technical / Computer Fundamentals Real Company Questions By – Mr. Durgesh

StudyHub

1. Reverse an array without using extra space.

**Input:** [1,2,3,4,5]

**Output:** [5,4,3,2,1]

**Concept:** Two-pointer swap in-place.

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2. Find the largest subarray with sum 0.

**Input:** [1,2,-3,3,1]

**Output:** [1,2,-3] or [-3,3]

**Concept:** Use prefix sum + hashmap.

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3. Count all substrings of a binary string that start and end with 1.

**Input:** "10101"

**Output:** 4

**Concept:** Count number of 1s = n → result = n\*(n-1)/2

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4. Rotate array by k steps to the right.

**Input:** [1,2,3,4,5], k=2

**Output:** [4,5,1,2,3]

**Concept:** Reverse whole array, reverse first k, reverse remaining.

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5. Detect a loop in a linked list.

**Concept:** Use **Floyd's cycle detection (slow + fast pointers)**

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6. Merge two sorted linked lists.

**Concept:** Maintain dummy head, merge nodes by comparing values.

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7. Find middle element of linked list in one pass.

**Concept:** Use **slow and fast pointer**

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8. Level order traversal of binary tree.

**Concept:** Use **queue**.

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9. Check if a binary tree is height-balanced.

**Concept:** Recursively check left/right height difference  $\leq 1$

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10. Find shortest path in unweighted graph.

**Concept:** Use **BFS** starting from source node

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## 11. Fibonacci using DP.

**Input:** n = 6

**Output:** 0,1,1,2,3,5

**Concept:** Bottom-up tabulation or memoization

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## 12. Minimum path sum in a 2D grid.

**Input:** grid = [[1,3,1],[1,5,1],[4,2,1]]

**Output:** 7 (1→3→1→1→1)

**Concept:** DP:  $dp[i][j] = grid[i][j] + \min(dp[i-1][j], dp[i][j-1])$

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## 13. Subset sum problem: Check if a sum exists.

**Input:** arr=[3,34,4,12,5,2], sum=9

**Output:** True

**Concept:** DP:  $dp[i][j] = dp[i-1][j] \parallel dp[i-1][j-arr[i]]$

---

## 14. Implement “Two Sum” problem.

**Input:** nums=[2,7,11,15], target=9

**Output:** [0,1]

**Concept:** Use HashMap to store seen values

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## 15. Reverse words in a string.

**Input:** "Hello World"

**Output:** "World Hello"

**Concept:** Split string, reverse array, join

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## 16. Count distinct elements in an array.

**Input:** [1,2,2,3,4,1]

**Output:** 4

**Concept:** Use set

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## 17. Stack using Queues.

**Concept:** Push costly or pop costly approach

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## 18. Implement LRU cache.

**Concept:** Use **HashMap + Doubly Linked List**

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## 19. Max product of two numbers in array.

**Input:** [3,5,1,7,9]

**Output:** 63 (9\*7)

**Concept:** Find largest and second largest element

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## 20. Remove duplicates from a sorted linked list.

**Concept:** Traverse and remove consecutive duplicates

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## 21. Check if a string is palindrome.

**Input:** "racecar"

**Output:** True

**Concept:** Two-pointer check from both ends

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## 22. Find all prime numbers less than n.

**Input:** n=10

**Output:** [2,3,5,7]

**Concept:** Sieve of Eratosthenes

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## *23. Find duplicate elements in an array.*

**Input:** [1,2,3,2,4,3]

**Output:** [2,3]

**Concept:** Use HashMap or count array

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## *24. Longest increasing subsequence.*

**Input:** [10,9,2,5,3,7,101,18]

**Output:** 4 ([2,3,7,101])

**Concept:** DP:  $dp[i] = \max(dp[j]) + 1$  if  $arr[i] > arr[j]$

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## *25. Move all zeros to the end.*

**Input:** [0,1,0,3,12]

**Output:** [1,3,12,0,0]

**Concept:** Two-pointer swap or overwrite

## *26. Find the first missing positive integer in an unsorted array.*

**Input:** [3,4,-1,1]

**Output:** 2

**Concept:** Place each number at its index (index = number-1) and find the first mismatch.

---

## *27. Median of two sorted arrays of same size.*

**Input:** arr1=[1,12,15,26,38], arr2=[2,13,17,30,45]

**Output:** 16

**Concept:** Merge method or binary search on smaller array.

---

## 28. Find maximum subarray sum (Kadane's Algorithm).

**Input:** [-2,1,-3,4,-1,2,1,-5,4]

**Output:** 6 ([4,-1,2,1])

**Concept:** Maintain max\_ending\_here and max\_so\_far

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## 29. Serialize and deserialize a binary tree.

**Concept:** Use preorder traversal + NULL markers

**Note:** Wipro sometimes asks implementation logic in interviews.

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## 30. Count number of ways to reach nth stair (1 or 2 steps).

**Input:** n=4

**Output:** 5

**Concept:** DP / Fibonacci sequence

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## 31. Find length of longest substring without repeating characters.

**Input:** "abcabcbb"

**Output:** 3 ("abc")

**Concept:** Sliding window + HashSet

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## 32. Minimum number of coins to make a sum.

**Input:** coins=[1,2,5], amount=11

**Output:** 3 (5+5+1)

**Concept:** DP:  $dp[i] = \min(dp[i], dp[i-coin]+1)$

---

## 33. Maximum sum rectangle in a 2D matrix.

**Input:** [[1,2,-1,-4,-20], [-8,-3,4,2,1],[3,8,10,1,3],[-4,-1,1,7,-6]]

**Output:** 29

**Concept:** Kadane's Algorithm on 2D array

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### *34. Trapping Rain Water problem.*

**Input:** [0,1,0,2,1,0,1,3,2,1,2,1]

**Output:** 6

**Concept:** Precompute left\_max and right\_max arrays

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### *35. Check if a graph is bipartite.*

**Concept:** Use BFS coloring or DFS coloring

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### *36. Implement a Priority Queue from scratch.*

**Concept:** Use Heap (MinHeap/MaxHeap)

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### *37. Rotate a matrix 90° clockwise in-place.*

**Input:** [[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,9]]

**Output:** [[7,4,1],[8,5,2],[9,6,3]]

**Concept:** Transpose + reverse rows

---

### *38. Word Break Problem.*

**Input:** s="leetcode", dict=["leet","code"]

**Output:** True

**Concept:** DP:  $dp[i] = \text{True}$  if  $s[0..i]$  can be segmented

---

### *39. Longest common subsequence of two strings.*

**Input:** "AGGTAB", "GXTXAYB"

**Output:** 4 ("GTAB")

**Concept:** DP:  $dp[i][j] = dp[i-1][j-1] + 1$  if chars match else  $\max(dp[i-1][j], dp[i][j-1])$

---

40. Count ways to reach a target score using given moves.

**Input:** moves=[3,5,10], target=20

**Output:** Number of combinations

**Concept:** DP: coin change style

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41. Find maximum sum path in two arrays (intersection allowed).

**Concept:** Use two pointers + sum at intersections

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42. Serialize a graph.

**Concept:** Adjacency list to string or JSON format

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43. Implement Trie for a dictionary.

**Concept:** Insert/search words efficiently

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44. Design a HashMap from scratch.

**Concept:** Array of linked lists + hash function

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45. Median of a data stream.

**Concept:** Use **two heaps** (maxHeap for lower half, minHeap for upper half)

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## 46. Sliding Window Maximum.

**Input:** nums=[1,3,-1,-3,5,3,6,7], k=3

**Output:** [3,3,5,5,6,7]

**Concept:** Deque to store indices of maximums

---

## 47. Count inversions in an array.

**Input:** [2,4,1,3,5]

**Output:** 3

**Concept:** Modified merge sort

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## 48. Check if a number is power of 2.

**Input:** 16

**Output:** True

**Concept:**  $n > 0$  and  $(n \& (n-1)) == 0$

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## 49. Find the celebrity in a party (knows/no knows).

**Concept:** Matrix logic or two-pointer elimination

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## 50. Minimum number of platforms required for trains.

**Input:** arrival=[9:00,9:40], departure=[9:10,12:00]

**Output:** 1

**Concept:** Sort arrival & departure, use two pointers

## 51. Implement Min Stack (support push, pop, top, getMin in $O(1)$ ).

**Concept:** Maintain another stack to track minimum values.

---

52. Find next greater element for each element in an array.

**Input:** [4,5,2,25]

**Output:** [5,25,25,-1]

**Concept:** Use stack to keep track of next greater element.

---

53. Find all permutations of a string.

**Input:** "ABC"

**Output:** ["ABC","ACB","BAC","BCA","CAB","CBA"]

**Concept:** Backtracking recursion.

---

54. Implement Kth largest element in an array.

**Input:** [3,2,1,5,6,4], k=2

**Output:** 5

**Concept:** Use MinHeap of size k or QuickSelect.

---

55. Detect cycle in a directed graph.

**Concept:** Use DFS + recursion stack.

---

56. Find all pairs with given sum in an array.

**Input:** arr=[1,4,2,3,5], sum=5

**Output:** [(1,4),(2,3)]

**Concept:** HashMap to track complements.

---

57. Implement Merge Sort and explain time complexity.

**Concept:** Divide & conquer,  $O(n \log n)$  time,  $O(n)$  space.

---

## 58. Minimum swaps to sort an array.

**Input:** [4,3,2,1]

**Output:** 2

**Concept:** Cycle detection in permutation array.

---

## 59. Maximum length chain of pairs.

**Input:** [(5,24),(15,25),(27,40),(50,60)]

**Output:** 3

**Concept:** Sort by second element → DP/Greedy.

---

## 60. Longest Palindromic Substring.

**Input:** "babad"

**Output:** "bab" or "aba"

**Concept:** Expand around center or DP.

---

## 61. Word Ladder problem.

**Input:** begin="hit", end="cog", dict=["hot","dot","dog","lot","log"]

**Output:** 5 ("hit"→"hot"→"dot"→"dog"→"cog")

**Concept:** BFS shortest path.

---

## 62. Find number of islands in a 2D grid.

**Input:** [[1,1,0,0],[1,1,0,0],[0,0,1,0],[0,0,0,1]]

**Output:** 3

**Concept:** DFS/BFS to mark visited land.

---

## 63. Implement Queue using two stacks.

**Concept:** Push costly / Pop costly approach.

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## 64. Largest rectangle in histogram.

**Input:** [2,1,5,6,2,3]

**Output:** 10

**Concept:** Use stack to track bars and compute areas.

---

## 65. Sliding Window Median.

**Input:** nums=[1,3,-1,-3,5,3,6,7], k=3

**Output:** [1,-1,-1,3,5,6]

**Concept:** Two heaps to maintain lower and upper halves.

---

## 66. Implement AVL tree insertion.

**Concept:** Maintain balance factor -1,0,1; perform rotations.

---

## 67. Maximum sum increasing subsequence.

**Input:** [1,101,2,3,100,4,5]

**Output:** 106 ([1,2,3,100])

**Concept:** DP:  $dp[i] = \max(dp[j]+arr[i])$  if  $arr[i]>arr[j]$

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## 68. Count number of BSTs with n nodes.

**Input:** n=3

**Output:** 5

**Concept:** Catalan number:  $C_n = (2n)!/(n!(n+1)!)$

---

## 69. Implement Graph DFS & BFS traversal.

**Concept:** Use recursion/stack for DFS, queue for BFS.

---

70. Minimum cost to reach last cell in matrix.

**Input:** matrix=[[1,2,3],[4,8,2],[1,5,3]]

**Output:** 8 (1→2→2→3)

**Concept:** DP:  $dp[i][j] = \text{matrix}[i][j] + \min(dp[i-1][j], dp[i][j-1])$

---

71. Job Scheduling problem (maximize profit).

**Input:** jobs=[{id:1,deadline:2,profit:100},{id:2,deadline:1,profit:19},...]

**Concept:** Sort by profit descending, assign latest free slot.

---

72. Count total ways to decode a numeric string (like "226").

**Concept:** DP:  $dp[i] = dp[i-1] + dp[i-2]$  if valid two-digit number

---

73. Serialize and deserialize a DAG.

**Concept:** Use adjacency list representation with JSON or string format.

---

74. Maximum sum path in triangle.

**Input:** triangle=[[2],[3,4],[6,5,7],[4,1,8,3]]

**Output:** 2+4+7+8=21

**Concept:** Bottom-up DP.

---

75. Implement Topological Sort.

**Concept:** Use DFS post-order or Kahn's algorithm with queue.

## *76. Find k smallest elements in an array.*

**Input:** [7,10,4,3,20,15], k=3

**Output:** [3,4,7]

**Concept:** Use MinHeap of size n or MaxHeap of size k for efficiency.

---

## *77. Median of a sliding window.*

**Input:** nums=[1,3,-1,-3,5,3,6,7], k=3

**Output:** [1,-1,-1,3,5,6]

**Concept:** Two heaps to maintain lower and upper halves.

---

## *78. Kth smallest element in a BST.*

**Concept:** Inorder traversal of BST → sorted order → pick kth element.

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## *79. Implement Dijkstra's shortest path algorithm.*

**Concept:** Use MinHeap (priority queue) and adjacency list/matrix.

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## *80. Implement Bellman-Ford algorithm.*

**Concept:** Handles negative weights, relax edges repeatedly.

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## *81. Detect cycle in undirected graph using Union-Find.*

**Concept:** Use parent array and union by rank.

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82. Check if a string matches regex pattern (simplified).

**Input:** s="aab", pattern="cab"

**Output:** True

**Concept:** DP-based regex matching.

---

83. Find maximum product subarray.

**Input:** [2,3,-2,4]

**Output:** 6

**Concept:** Maintain maxProd and minProd at each step.

---

84. Implement Trie with prefix search.

**Concept:** Each node stores children + end-of-word flag.

---

85. Find minimum window substring containing all characters of another string.

**Input:** s="ADOBECODEBANC", t="ABC"

**Output:** "BANC"

**Concept:** Sliding window + character count hashmap.

---

86. Implement Union-Find / Disjoint Set Union with path compression.

**Concept:** Efficient for connectivity problems,  $O(\alpha(n))$  amortized.

---

87. Count number of unique BSTs with n nodes.

**Input:** n=3

**Output:** 5

**Concept:** Catalan numbers.

---

## 88. Minimum steps to convert string A to B (Edit Distance).

**Input:** "horse", "ros"

**Output:** 3

**Concept:** DP: insertion, deletion, replacement cost.

---

## 89. Word Ladder II — all shortest transformation sequences.

**Input:** begin="hit", end="cog", dict=["hot","dot","dog","lot","log"]

**Concept:** BFS + backtracking.

---

## 90. Maximum rectangle of 1s in a binary matrix.

**Input:** [[0,1,1,0],[1,1,1,1],[1,1,1,0]]

**Output:** 6

**Concept:** Apply Largest Rectangle in Histogram row by row.

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## 91. Implement KMP string matching algorithm.

**Concept:** Precompute LPS array, then pattern matching in O(n) time.

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## 92. Find shortest superstring from given strings.

**Concept:** DP + bitmask or greedy approximation.

---

## 93. Find maximum XOR of two numbers in array.

**Input:** [3,10,5,25,2,8]

**Output:** 28

**Concept:** Use Trie of binary representations.

---

## 94. Longest Palindromic Subsequence.

**Input:** "bbbab"

**Output:** 4 ("bbbb")

**Concept:** DP:  $dp[i][j] = dp[i+1][j-1] + 2$  if ends match else  $\max(dp[i+1][j], dp[i][j-1])$

---

## 95. Implement LFU Cache.

**Concept:** HashMap + Doubly Linked List + frequency count.

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## 96. Minimum cost to connect ropes.

**Input:** [4,3,2,6]

**Output:** 29

**Concept:** MinHeap: always combine two smallest ropes.

---

## 97. Find maximum sum of non-adjacent elements.

**Input:** [3,2,5,10,7]

**Output:** 15 (3+5+7)

**Concept:** DP: incl/excl pattern.

---

## 98. Implement Floyd-Warshall algorithm for all-pairs shortest path.

**Concept:** DP over adjacency matrix.

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## 99. Serialize and deserialize a N-ary tree.

**Concept:** Use preorder + children count or JSON style representation.

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*100. Minimum cost path with obstacles in a grid.*

**Input:** -1 indicates obstacle

**Concept:** DP with obstacle check:  $dp[i][j] = \min(dp[i-1][j], dp[i][j-1]) + grid[i][j]$

---

*101. Implement Rotten Oranges problem (minimum time to rot all oranges).*

**Input:** 2D grid of 0(empty)/1(fresh)/2(rotten)

**Output:** Minimum time to rot all oranges or -1 if impossible

**Concept:** BFS from rotten oranges

---

*102. Find maximum path sum in a binary tree (any node to any node).*

**Concept:** Recursive DFS, maintain max sum at each node

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*103. Design Autocomplete System.*

**Concept:** Trie + priority queue to suggest top-k completions

---

*104. Implement LRU Cache with expiration time.*

**Concept:** HashMap + Doubly Linked List + timestamp

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**105.** Number of ways to paint a fence with  $k$  colors and  $n$  posts, no more than 2 adjacent same.

**Concept:** DP: same/ diff pattern

---

**106.** Count all palindromic substrings in a string.

**Input:** "aaa"

**Output:** 6

**Concept:** Expand around center

---

**107.** Find all unique triplets that sum to zero (3Sum).

**Input:** [-1,0,1,2,-1,-4]

**Output:** [[-1,-1,2],[-1,0,1]]

**Concept:** Sort + two pointers

---

**108.** Maximum sum submatrix of size  $k \times k$ .

**Concept:** Prefix sum for  $O(n^2)$  solution

---

**109.** Minimum insertions to make string palindrome.

**Concept:**  $n -$  length of longest palindromic subsequence

---

**110.** Shortest path in weighted grid with obstacles.

**Concept:** Dijkstra or BFS with priority queue

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111. Implement Flood Fill algorithm.

**Concept:** DFS/BFS for changing connected region color

---

112. Count number of distinct subsequences of string  $s$  that equals  $t$ .

**Concept:** DP:  $dp[i][j] = dp[i-1][j-1] + dp[i-1][j]$

---

113. Find maximum area of island in binary matrix.

**Concept:** DFS/BFS to calculate connected 1s

---

114. Implement Segment Tree for range sum query.

**Concept:** Build tree, query in  $O(\log n)$ , update in  $O(\log n)$

---

115. Implement Fenwick Tree (Binary Indexed Tree).

**Concept:** For prefix sums and updates in  $O(\log n)$

---

116. Count all paths from top-left to bottom-right in grid (with obstacles).

**Concept:** DP:  $dp[i][j] = dp[i-1][j] + dp[i][j-1]$

---

117. Find largest rectangle containing only 1s in a binary matrix.

**Concept:** Treat each row as histogram, apply largest rectangle algorithm

---

118. Implement Trie with delete operation.

**Concept:** Recursive delete and prune empty nodes

---

119. Serialize and deserialize binary search tree efficiently.

**Concept:** Preorder traversal, exploit BST property

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120. Minimum jumps to reach end of array.

**Input:** [2,3,1,1,4]

**Output:** 2 (2→3→end)

**Concept:** Greedy / DP

---

121. Find duplicate number in array 1...n (n+1 elements).

**Input:** [1,3,4,2,2]

**Output:** 2

**Concept:** Floyd's cycle detection in array

---

122. Find subarray with given sum (positive numbers).

**Input:** [1,2,3,7,5], sum=12

**Output:** [2,3,7]

**Concept:** Sliding window

---

123. Minimum cost to reach last cell in matrix with diagonal moves allowed.

**Concept:** DP with  $\min(dp[i-1][j], dp[i][j-1], dp[i-1][j-1])$

---

124. Maximum sum of rectangle in matrix using Kadane's Algorithm.

**Concept:** Fix left & right columns, apply 1D max subarray on rows

---

125. Implement Word Search II (find all words from dictionary in board).

**Concept:** Trie + DFS

---

126. Maximum sum circular subarray.

**Input:** [5,-3,5]

**Output:** 10

**Concept:** Max(standard Kadane, total sum - min subarray sum)

---

127. Find minimum cost path in weighted DAG.

**Concept:** Topological sort + relax edges

---

128. Longest consecutive sequence in array.

**Input:** [100,4,200,1,3,2]

**Output:** 4 ([1,2,3,4])

**Concept:** HashSet O(n) solution

---

129. Count number of subarrays with sum divisible by k.

**Concept:** Prefix sum mod k + hashmap

---

130. Implement Max Stack (support push, pop, top, getMax in  $O(1)$ ).

**Concept:** Stack + auxiliary stack for max

---

131. Find minimum window substring containing all distinct characters.

**Concept:** Sliding window + character frequency map

---

132. Find k closest elements to x in sorted array.

**Concept:** Binary search + two pointers

---

133. Find median of two sorted arrays (different sizes).

**Concept:** Binary search on smaller array,  $O(\log(\min(n,m)))$

---

134. Maximum sum bitonic subsequence.

**Concept:** DP: LIS from left, LDS from right

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135. Count distinct islands in a 2D grid.

**Concept:** DFS + normalize island shape

---

136. Minimum insertions/deletions to convert string A to B.

**Concept:** Edit distance, DP

---

137. Find minimum operations to make all array elements equal (allowed +1 or -1).

**Concept:** Median minimizes sum of absolute differences

---

138. Maximum sum path from leaf to leaf in binary tree.

**Concept:** Recursive DFS, maintain max sum globally

---

139. Implement Trie autocomplete with frequency (top-k suggestions).

**Concept:** Trie + priority queue

---

140. Count number of islands in 3D grid.

**Concept:** DFS/BFS in 3D space

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141. Maximum product of increasing subsequence.

**Concept:** DP: track max product ending at i

---

142. Find shortest path in weighted graph with exactly k edges.

**Concept:** DP on vertices + edges

---

143. Implement Kahn's algorithm for topological sorting.

**Concept:** Queue + indegree array

---

144. Maximum sum of non-overlapping subarrays of size k.

**Concept:** Sliding window + prefix sum

---

145. Maximum profit buy/sell stock at most twice.

**Concept:** DP: track local & global max

---

146. Count number of binary strings without consecutive 1s of length n.

**Concept:** DP:  $f(n) = f(n-1) + f(n-2)$

---

147. Find maximum sum rectangle in 2D array containing at least one positive number.

**Concept:** Kadane's 2D + check for all negative case

---

148. Longest substring with at most k distinct characters.

**Concept:** Sliding window + hashmap

---

149. Minimum number of refueling stops to reach destination.

**Concept:** Greedy + max heap for fuel stations

---

**150. Implement Suffix Trie / Suffix Tree for string pattern matching.**

**Concept:** Each path represents a suffix; efficient for substring queries

**151. Implement Minimum Window Subsequence.**

**Input:** s="abcdebbde", t="bde"

**Output:** "bcde"

**Concept:** Two pointers + DP

---

**152. Count number of paths from source to destination in DAG.**

**Concept:** DP on DAG using topological order

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**153. Find maximum sum path in a matrix from top-left to bottom-right.**

**Concept:** DP:  $dp[i][j] = \max(dp[i-1][j], dp[i][j-1]) + \text{matrix}[i][j]$

---

*154. Maximum sum submatrix no larger than k.*

**Concept:** Kadane + prefix sum + BST for  $\leq k$

---

*155. Implement Median Finder for data stream.*

**Concept:** Two heaps (maxHeap for lower half, minHeap for upper half)

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*156. Maximum number of points on a line.*

**Concept:** Use hashmap to track slopes

---

*157. Find minimum number of swaps required to sort array.*

**Concept:** Count cycles in permutation

---

*158. Maximum sum of non-overlapping intervals.*

**Concept:** Sort intervals by end → DP/Greedy

---

*159. Find longest substring with at most k replacements to make all chars same.*

**Concept:** Sliding window + hashmap

---

*160. Minimum number of steps to make array non-decreasing.*

**Concept:** Greedy / DP

---

161. Longest mountain in array.

**Input:** [2,1,4,7,3,2,5]

**Output:** 5 ([1,4,7,3,2])

**Concept:** Two-pass DP: left[i]=length of increasing, right[i]=length of decreasing

---

162. Maximum profit from stock transactions with cooldown.

**Concept:** DP: track buy/sell/cooldown state

---

163. Minimum cost to paint houses with k colors (no two adjacent same).

**Concept:** DP:  $dp[i][color] = \min(dp[i-1][other\ colors] + cost[i][color])$

---

164. Find length of longest subarray with at most k distinct integers.

**Concept:** Sliding window + hashmap

---

165. Maximum sum path in binary tree with alternating even/odd nodes.

**Concept:** Recursive DFS with parity check

---

166. Find shortest bridge to connect two islands in binary matrix.

**Concept:** BFS + DFS to mark one island, then expand

---

167. Implement Min Stack supporting push, pop, getMin, getSecondMin in  $O(1)$ .

**Concept:** Stack + auxiliary stack for min and second min

---

168. Maximum number of envelopes Russian doll problem.

**Concept:** Sort width ascending, height descending → LIS on height

---

169. Maximum sum path in N-ary tree from leaf to leaf.

**Concept:** DFS recursion, maintain max globally

---

170. Find kth largest sum of contiguous subarray.

**Concept:** MinHeap of size k while traversing all subarrays

---

171. Minimum steps to convert one word to another (Word Ladder II).

**Concept:** BFS + backtracking for all shortest sequences

---

172. Maximum sum of subarray after at most one reversal.

**Concept:** Kadane + prefix/suffix sum

---

173. Maximum number of points you can earn in matrix picking non-adjacent rows.

**Concept:** DP: track max for previous row options

---

174. Find longest palindromic substring with at most k modifications.

**Concept:** Expand around center + track allowed changes

---

175. Implement Trie with wildcard search.

**Concept:** DFS on children nodes for '.' wildcard

---

176. Maximum profit from job scheduling with deadlines.

**Concept:** Sort by profit descending → assign latest available slot

---

177. Count number of paths with given sum in binary tree.

**Concept:** Prefix sum hashmap during DFS

---

178. Find minimum operations to make array elements equal with increment/decrement by 1/2.

**Concept:** Greedy / median-based approach

---

179. Maximum sum of k non-overlapping subarrays of size m.

**Concept:** Sliding window + DP

---

*180. Maximum XOR path in a tree.*

**Concept:** DFS + Trie of XOR prefixes

---

*181. Count number of ways to tile a  $3 \times n$  board with  $2 \times 1$  dominos.*

**Concept:** DP with states representing current row configuration

---

*182. Maximum sum of weighted path in DAG.*

**Concept:** Topological sort + relax edges

---

*183. Find maximum sum rectangle in 2D array with at least one positive number.*

**Concept:** Kadane 2D + check for all negative

---

*184. Implement Suffix Array construction and substring search.*

**Concept:** Sort all suffixes or use efficient algorithms  $O(n \log n)$

---

*185. Maximum profit from stock with transaction fee.*

**Concept:** DP: track cash & hold states

---

*186. Count distinct subsequences modulo large prime.*

**Concept:** DP: track count of each character

---

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187. Maximum sum circular subarray with at most one deletion.

**Concept:** Kadane + prefix/suffix sum

---

188. Implement Interval Tree for overlapping interval queries.

**Concept:** BST storing intervals with max endpoint

---

189. Minimum number of swaps to make binary string alternate.

**Concept:** Count misplaced 0s and 1s, check parity

---

190. Maximum sum subsequence with no two elements adjacent in array.

**Concept:** DP: incl/excl pattern

---

191. Maximum number of envelopes nested (Russian doll) with duplicate widths.

**Concept:** Sort width ascending, height descending → LIS

---

192. Implement LFU cache with  $O(1)$  operations.

**Concept:** HashMap + frequency list

---

193. Find number of subarrays with sum equal to k.

**Concept:** Prefix sum + hashmap

---

194. Count number of distinct palindromic substrings.

**Concept:** DP or Palindromic Tree (Eertree)

---

195. Maximum sum of subsequence with alternating sign.

**Concept:** DP: max positive / negative sum ending at i

---

196. Minimum cost to reach end in a weighted grid with diagonal moves.

**Concept:** DP:  $\min(dp[i-1][j], dp[i][j-1], dp[i-1][j-1])$

---

197. Find longest arithmetic subsequence.

**Concept:** DP with hashmap storing difference  $\rightarrow O(n^2)$

---

198. Maximum sum submatrix with size constraint (at most  $k \times k$ ).

**Concept:** Prefix sum + iterate all possible windows

---

199. Count number of subarrays where product is less than k.

**Concept:** Sliding window, maintain product

---

200. Implement Suffix Automaton for fast substring queries.

**Concept:** Build state machine representing all substrings,  $O(n)$

