

Name:

Function 1. Fill in the blanks to form a function that prints the contents of an array.

```
void PrintArray( _____, int nA )
{
    _____( _____ i = 0 ; i < _____ ; i++ )
    {
        cout << A[i];
    }
}
```

Function 2. Fill in the blanks to form a function that reads values from a file and stores them in an array.

```
_____ ReadArray( _____ fIn, _____ A[], _____ int maxA )
{
    _____ iTmp;

    int i = _____;          // _____

    _____ ( fIn >> _____ && i < _____ )
    {
        _____ = _____;
        i++;
    }

    _____ i;          // _____
}
```

Function 3. Fill in the blanks to form a function that finds the minimum value in an array of integers.

```
_____ MinArray( _____ A[], _____ nA )
{
    _____ min = _____; // assume first value

    _____ ( int i = _____ ; i < _____ ; i++ )
    {
        if( _____ < _____ )
            _____ = _____;
    }

    return _____;
}
```

Function 4. Fill in the blanks to form a function that calculates the sum and average of an array of real numbers.

```

----- CalcSumAverageArray( ----- A[], ---- nA, double& sum, double& avg )
{
    sum ----- // sum of -----
    int i = ----- ;

    ----- ( i < nA ) // -----
    {
        sum -----;

        ----- // -----
    }

    avg = -----;
}

```

Function 5. Fill in the blanks to form a function that calculates the geometric mean of an array of real numbers. Note: `fpow(x,y)` is used for  $x^y$  to calculate the  $n$ th root. The geometric mean is defined as:

$$x_{gm} = (x_1 \cdot x_2 \cdot \dots \cdot x_n)^{1/n}$$

```

----- GeometricMean( double A[], int nA )
{
    double prod ----- // Product of ___, start at -----

    -----( ---- i = 0 ; i < ----- ; i++ )
    {
        prod *= -----;
    }

    double gm = fpow( prod, ----- );

    return -----;
}

```