Name:	Student ID:	
Test #1		CS 120
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Answer questions as indicated. Closed book/Closed Notes. NO PDAs (calculators, handheld, cell phones, etc.) allowed.

## 1 Basic Concepts—20 points

Circle the correct answer. If you are using pen and change your answer, write your answer to the right. All T/F problems are worth 2 points each.

Problem 1.	C++ is a compiled language.	True	False
Problem 2.	C++ is a subset of C.	True	False
Problem 3.	C++ is case sensitive.	True	False
Problem 4.	if is a valid variable name.	True	False
Problem 5.	4_r is a valid variable name.	True	False
Problem 6.	e4R7h is a valid variable name.	True	False
Problem 7.	Variables must be declared before they are used.	True	False
Problem 8.	Variables must be initialized before they can be used.	True	False
Problem 9.	int x; declares x to be a real variable.	True	False
Problem 10.	double a; declares a to be an real variable.	True	False

## 2 Arithmetic Operations—20 points

Fill in the blank. What is the value of k in the following statements using *integer* arithmetic. Each problem in this section is worth 4 points.

Problem 11. k = 4 % 5 \* 8 - 6;

Problem 12. k = 5 / 3 + 2 \* 2;

Problem 13. k = 4 % 5 \* 2 / 7;

Problem 14. k = (3 / 2) > (5 / 4);

Problem 15. k = ('7' - '4') / (8 - 4);

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### 3 Program Statements—15 points

Show any/all additional variable names and types that you choose to use.

Problem 16. (3 points) Write a C++ statement to convert x pounds to y kilograms (recall: 1 kg = 2.2 lb).

Problem 17. (4 points) Write a C++ statement to convert x miles/hour to y km/sec (recall: 1 mile = 1.609 km).

Problem 18. (4 points) Write a C++ statement that can be used to calculate the volume of a hollow sphere  $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi(O^3 - I^3)$ , where O is the outer radius and I is the inner radius.

Problem 19. (4 points) Write a C++ statement to calculate the gravitational force F between two celestial bodies with masses  $m_1$  and  $m_2$ . Recall that the force is proportional to the product of the two masses and inversely proportional to the square of the distance between them:

$$F = G \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$$

where, F is the force between the masses, G is the gravitational constant,  $m_1$  is the first mass,  $m_2$  is the second mass and r is the distance between the centers of the masses.

#### 4 Program Analysis—20 points

Fill in the blanks. Two points each. Problem 21 refers back to problem 20.

```
Problem 20. double r = 1.25; declares that r is a ______variable.
```

```
Problem 21. cout << "j: " << r*3.1; will write: ______.
```

```
Problem 22. char c = 'R'; declares that c is a ______variable.
```

Problem 23. long t = 4; declares that t is a \_\_\_\_\_\_variable.

```
Problem 24. int z; z = 2.3*3.17; cout << "z: " << 'z'; will write: ______.
```

Problem 25. There are at least **five** syntax errors in the program below, at most one per line. **Circle five** and only five of them. Each error is worth two points.

```
// test1.cpp
#include <iostream>
use namespace std;
int Main()
    int
           i, j;
    double x, y;
       /*/* read values */*/
    cout << "Enter two numbers: ";</pre>
    cin >> x, y;
    cout << "Enter two more numbers: ";</pre>
    cin >> i, k;
    real
            a = x * y;
    double b = i + j;
    if (a >= b);
        cout << "product is less than sum" << endl;</pre>
        cout << "product is greater than sum" << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
}
```

# 5 Programming—20 points

Problem 26 (**20 points**). Write a *complete* program that reads three (3) numbers and prints the average value and the largest number entered (read). Note: Arrays may not be used to solve this problem.

Part A (5 points): **Design** (Describe how your program will work):

Part B (5 points): **Test** (Describe how you will test your program):

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Part B (10 points): <b>Implement</b> (Write the program):	

**Bonus Problem:** Two points. Write a code *fragment* that will convert a lower case letter to upper case.