Birds: Game Design

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Game Overview

- Game Rules
 - Birds pursue and eat food
 - Hawks pursue and eat Birds
 - Birds flee Hawks
 - Player strategically places food to guide Birds to the Nest
- Scoring
 - Some number of birds reach the nest
 - Birds eat some number of food items
- Al Mechanism
 - Decisive Pathfinding
 - Allow Birds to find Food
 - Allow Hawks to find Birds
 - Allow Birds to flee Hawks

AI Overview

- Extension of Collaborative Diffusion
- Model reality by diffusing metrics about pursued agents throughout environment
- Agents can affect different metric layers
- Agents make decisions based on metrics in their immediate neighborhood
 - Agents compute a weighted summation of various metric layers
 - Agents of different types can weight metrics differently (including negative weights)
 - Agents move to the maximum valued cell after weighted summation

Diffusion Algorithm

Sum of Neighbors Operator:

$$S(X): S_{i,j} = X_{i+1,j} + X_{i,j+1} + X_{i-1,j} + X_{i,j-1}$$

- Input for game map of size m × n:
 - $\blacktriangleright \quad \text{Metric Seed: } M_{m \times n} : M_{i,j} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 0 & \text{if no metric seed exists at cell } (i,j) \\ 1 & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right.$
 - The originating metric values to be diffused

 Obstacle Mask: $O_{m \times n} : O_{i,j} \in \{0,1\} \forall i < m, j < n$

A mask to hide obstacles. Has value of 0 where obstacles exist, 1 everywhere else

▶ Diffusion Matrix: $D \in \mathbb{R}_{m \times n}$

Existing diffusion array to be further diffused. Initially all zeros

- ▶ Diffusion Rate: $d: d \in \mathbb{R}, d < 1$
 - Diffusion rate scalar, controls how much one cell bleeds into another
- Iteration count: i : i ∈ Z, i > 0
 Numer of diffusion iterations to apply. Controls rate at which metric diffuses through environment
- Return Value: Diffusion Matrix: $\hat{D} \in \mathbb{R}_{m \times n}$: Metric seed values diffused
- Precomputed Values:
 - Metric Mask: $\bar{M}_{m \times n}$: $\bar{M}_{i,j} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } M_{i,j} = 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

Need only be computed when M changes a 0 valued cell to non-zero value.

Has value of 0 where metric seeds exist, 1 everywhere else

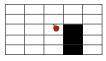
- Neighbor coefficient matrix: $\hat{N} \in \mathbb{R}_{m \times n}$ Coefficients to compute the average of neighboring cells, has value of 0 for obstacles
- Diffusion Algorithm (⊙ deonotes element-wise matrix multiplication):

$$\hat{D} \leftarrow D$$

FOR $j = 1: i$
 $\hat{D} \leftarrow \hat{D} + d(S(\hat{D}) \odot \bar{M} \odot \hat{N}) + M$
RETURN \hat{D}

Diffusion Example

Environment	:



Simple environment depicting a food item placed on a non-wrapping game map with obstacles

Metric Seed Matrix: M =

	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
-	0	0	0	0	0

A numeric matrix with 0 at empty cells and 1 at cells containing food

Metric Mask:

A mask to prevent modifying values in food containing cells. Helps ensure that values of diffusion array are bounded

Diffusion Example

Neighbor Count:
$$N = S(O) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 & 3 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mbox{O/N Coefficient:} \quad \hat{N}_{i,j} = \frac{O_{i,j}}{N_{i,j}} = \left[\begin{array}{ccccc} 0.5 & 0.33 & 0.33 & 0.33 & 0.5 \\ 0.33 & 0.25 & 0.25 & 0.33 & 0.33 \\ 0.33 & 0.25 & 0.33 & 0 & 0.5 \\ 0.33 & 0.25 & 0.33 & 0 & 0.5 \\ 0.5 & 0.33 & 0.5 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

A mask to prevent diffusion through obstacle cells

Agent Utilization of Metrics

Game Representation

Extensions and Enhancements