

Technical Report



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GitHub Link:

https://github.com/dushGitHub/Calculator.git

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Data Structures

Name, type and purpose of each variable

Name	Туре	Purpose
numTot	double	store the total value of calculation
nextNum	double	store the second value for the calculation
plusButtonClicked	boolean	make it true if the user clicked the plus button
minusButtonClicked	boolean	make it true if the user clicked the minus button
divideButtonClicked	boolean	make it true if the user clicked the divide button
multiplyButtonClicked	boolean	make it true if the user clicked the multiply button
TempNum	double	a temporary variable to store the text field value to check whether the value is zero
ch	char	store the keyboard entering character
lenDis	integer	Store the length of the display text
lenF	integer	Store the length of the formula label

Algorithms

Pseudo code for each method

private void btnZero_Click()

Append the 0 to the text already in the text field

Append and display in the label

private void btnOne Click()

Append the 0 to the text already in the text field

Append and display in the label

private void btnTwo_Click()

Append the 0 to the text already in the text field

Append and display in the label

private void btnThree Click()

Append the 0 to the text already in the text field

Append and display in the label

private void btnFour_Click()

Append the 0 to the text already in the text field $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

Append and display in the label

private void btnFive_Click()

Append the 0 to the text already in the text field

Append and display in the label

private void btnSix Click()

Append the 0 to the text already in the text field

Append and display in the label

private void btnSeven Click()

Append the 0 to the text already in the text field

Append and display in the label

private void btnEight_Click()

Append the 0 to the text already in the text field

Append and display in the label

private void btnNine_Click()

Append the 0 to the text already in the text field

Append and display in the label

private void btnTen Click()

Append the 0 to the text already in the text field

Append and display in the label

private void btnDot_Click()

check the text has a dot

append the dot to the text if not

private void btnClear Click()

clear the text field and lable

clear numTot, NextNum

make the sate to false all the Boolean variables

private void txtDisplay_KeyPress()

avoid entering other than numbers

allow backspace and dot to work

private void btnEqual Click()

check each Boolean variable,

if Add is true, do the addition

if Minus is true, do the subtraction

if Division is true, do the division

if multiply is true, do the multiplication

display the values in the text field

clear formula label and numTot variable

private void btnPlus_Click()

if the display text is not empty

if the formula label is empty add the display text
If the numTot is greater than 0, do the addition
else put the text value to the numTot
make plus boolean true and leave the rest false
add the plus button caption to the formula label

private void btnMinus_Click()

if the display text is not empty

if the formula label is empty add the display text
If the numTot is greater than 0, do the subtraction
else put the text value to the numTot
make Minus boolean true and leave the rest false
add the Minus button caption to the formula label

private void btnDevision_Click()

if the display text is not empty

if the formula label is empty add the display text
If the numTot is greater than 0, do the Devision
else put the text value to the numTot
make Devision boolean true and leave the rest false
add the Devision button caption to the formula label

private void btnMulti Click()

if the display text is not empty

if the formula label is empty add the display text
If the numTot is greater than 0, do the multiplication
else put the text value to the numTot
make Multi boolean true and leave the rest false
add the Multi button caption to the formula label

private void btnSqrt_Click()

If the display text is not empty

Convert the text box value to double and pass it to the numTot variable Check the value greater than or equal to 0

If it is calculate square root not and error message

private void btnCubeRT_Click()

If the display text is not empty

Convert the text box value to double and pass it to the numTot variable Check the value greater than or equal to 0

If it is calculate square root not and error message

private void btbInv Click()

If the display text is not empty

Convert the text box value to double and pass it to the numTot variable Check the value equal to 0

If it is so an error message, not calculate inverse

private void btnTan_Click()

If the display text is not empty

Convert the text box value to double and pass it to the numTot variable If input is 90_{\circ} , error message

If input is 180 or 360, display 0 as the output

Else, calculate tan value of the given number

Make the numTot to 0

private void btnSin Click()

If the display text is not empty

Convert the text box value to double and pass it to the numTot variable Calculate Sine value of the given number

Make the numTot to 0

private void btnCos_Click()

If the display text is not empty

Convert the text box value to double and pass it to the numTot variable If entered value is 90, display 0 as the output

Else Calculate Cosine value of the given number

Make the numTot to 0

private void btnPlusMinus Click()

Create a new variable called lengthOfdisplay, assign the length of display to it Create a new variable called length of formula and assign it to 0 If the label formula is not empty, assign the length of formula label to it If the text display contain minus sign, remove it Else, add the minus sign

Error handing techniques

- 1. Beginning of each method check the text field is not empty, before continue to do calculations
- 2. Check the label is empty or not when necessary
- 3. Check the input value for obvious incorrect input and throw an error message
- 4. At the end of each method make the input to 0
- 5. Always pass the textbox value as a double value to overcome runtime errors

Recommended testing procedure

How this software should be tested before commercial release

Software testing is a thorough examination conducted on the created software product to provide stakeholders with information about the quality of the software product. This testing techniques include the process of executing the program with the intent of finding errors or other defects and verifying that the software product is fit for use.

In the calculator project following testing techniques are been used;

- 1. meets the requirements that guided its design and development
- 2. responds correctly to usual inputs, shows in the test table
- 3. responds correctly to ambiguous inputs marked in red in following test table
- 4. performs its functions within an acceptable time
- 5. it is sufficiently usable

Test	Expected	Actual	Comment
Addition			
-5 + -5	-10	-10	Successful
-5 + 0	-5	-5	Successful
0 + 5	5	5	Successful
5 + 5	10	10	Successful
Subtraction			
-55	0	0	Successful
5 - 0	5	5	Successful
0 - 5	-5	-5	Successful
10 - 15	-5	-5	Successful
Multiplication			
5 * 5	10	10	Successful
5 * 0	0	0	Successful
0 * 5	0	0	Successful
5 * -5	-25	-25	Successful
Division			
10/5	2	2	Successful
10/3	3.33333	3.33333	Successful

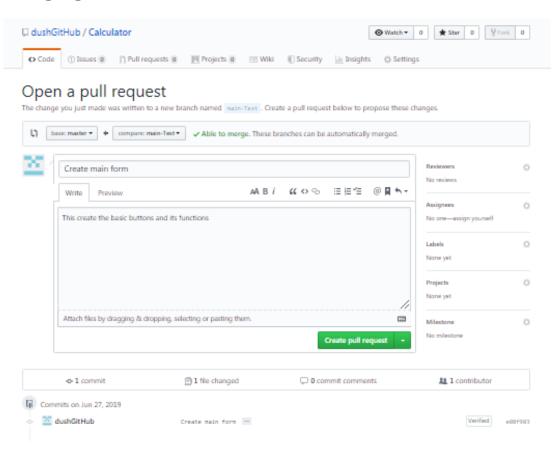
10/0	Cannot divide by	Cannot divide by	Successful
	zero	zero	
0 / 10	0	0	Successful
10 / -2	-5	-5	Successful
Tan			
00	0	0	Successful
30 ₀	0.57735	.57735	Successful
45 ₀	1	1	Successful
60₀	1.73205	1.73205	Successful
900	Invalid Value	Invalid input	Successful
Sin			
00	0	0	Successful
30 ₀	0.5	0.5	Successful
45 ₀	0.70710	0.70710	Successful
60₀	0.86602	0.86602	Successful
90₀	1	1	Successful
Cos			
00	1	1	Successful
30 ₀	0.86602	0.86602	Successful
45 ₀	0.70710	0.70710	Successful
60₀	0.5	0.5	Successful
90₀	0	0	Successful
Square Root			
0	0	0	Successful
1	1	1	Successful
2	1.41421	1.41421	Successful
-1	Invalid value	Invalid input	Successful
Cube Root			
0	0	0	Successful
1	1	1	Successful
2	1.259921	1.259921	Successful
-1	Invalid input	Invalid input	Successful
Inverse			
0	Math Error	Invalid input	Successful
1	1	1	Successful
2	0.5	0.5	Successful
-1	-1	-1	Successful

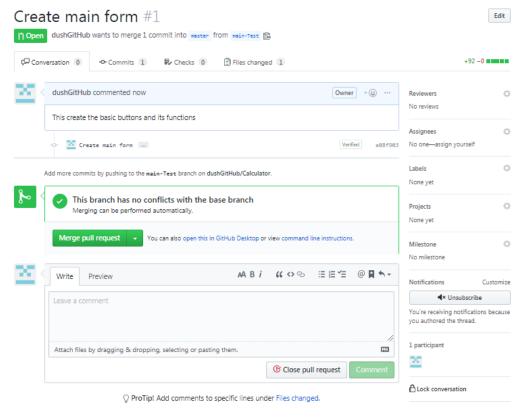
Recommendations on upgrades and future enhancement

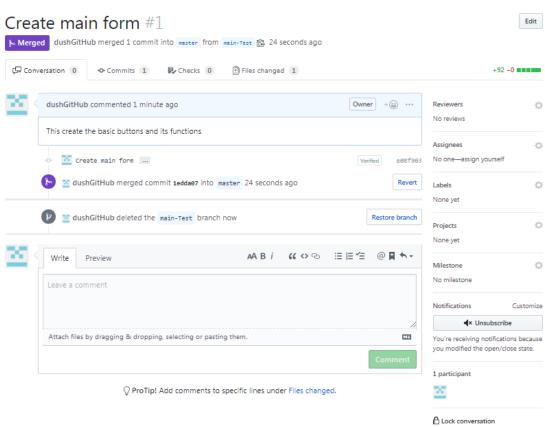
- 1. Add more functionalities to suit it as a programmer calculator
- 2. Add more functionalities to suit it as a statistic calculator
- 3. Narrow down the calculator as the scientific calculator and a basic calculator
- 4. Create a menu to be able to select either options mentioned above
- Create new functionality to be able to store calculation with formula and output as user's interest.

GitHub

Screen captures of creating a repository, making branches and merging them to the main branch:







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References

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Software testing