

**BBA-II**  
**202- Business Legislation for management**

**UNIT-I**

1. What do you understand by capacity to contract? Who are the various persons declared as incompetent by law to enter into contract? Discuss.
2. Define contract of indemnity and guarantee? Differentiate between them.
3. "All contracts are agreements but all agreements are not contracts". Comment with suitable arguments.
4. Define bailment and state the duties of bailor and bailee.
5. What do you understand by pledge? Explain the rights and duties of pawner and pawnee.
6. State the rights and duties of an agent towards his principal.
7. State briefly the law relating to Quasi Contract.
8. "A contract without consideration is void", Explain.
9. Write short notes on:-
  - a- Coercion
  - b- Misrepresentation
  - c- Mistake
  - d- Undue Influence
  - e- Fraud
10. Distinguish between void and voidable contract?

**UNIT-II**

1. What is contract of sale? Discuss its essential features. How 'agreement to sell' is different from sale.
2. "Right of stoppage in transit in an extension of the right of lien", Explain.
3. Explain Doctrine of 'caveat emptor'. What are its exceptions. Explain.
4. Distinguish between condition and warranty in a contract of sale. When can a buyer of goods treat the breach of condition as a breach of warranty.
5. Who is 'unpaid seller'? Explain the rights of an unpaid seller.
6. What is an arbitration agreement? Discuss the powers of an arbitrator.

**UNIT-III**

1. What is a negotiable instrument? Describe the essential characteristics of a negotiable instrument?
2. What do you mean by crossing of cheque? Discuss different kinds of crossing with suitable examples.
3. Define the term 'Endorsement'. What are the various classes of endorsement?
4. Differentiate between:-
  - a- Promissory note and bill of exchange
  - b- Bill of exchange and cheque
5. Who is considered as holder and holder in due course in a negotiable instrument? Distinguish between a holder and a holder in due course.

**UNIT-IV**

1. Define partnership? Discuss the main features of partnership.
2. Explain the various ways in which a firm may be dissolved.
3. 'The registration of partnership firm is not compulsory but essential'. Comment. In What circumstances alteration after registration can be made? What are the rights which are not affected by non-registration?

4. Can a minor be admitted to partnership? If so, what will be his rights and liabilities during his minority and after he has attained majority.
5. Discuss the rights and duties of partners.

#### **UNIT-V**

1. What is meant by consumer? Explain the rights of a consumer?
2. State the provisions of consumer protection act, 1986 with regard to the state and central consumer protection council.
3. What is a district consumer forum? Describe the procedure adopted for the redressal of consumer complaints by this form.
4. How do electronic signature acquire legal recognition?
5. What is meant by 'Hacking' with computer systems?

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