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Assignment

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Question:Consider the probability space (Ω, \mathcal{G}, P) , where $\Omega = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $\mathcal{G} = \{\emptyset, \Omega, \{1\}, \{4\}, \{2, 3\}, \{1, 4\}, \{1, 2, 3\}, \{2, 3, 4\}\}$, $P(\{1\}) = \frac{1}{4}$. Let X be the random variable defined on the above probability space as X(1) = 1, X(2) = X(3) = 2, X(4) = 3. If $P(X \le 2) = \frac{3}{4}$, then find $P(\{1, 4\})$ (rounded off to two decimal places). (GATE ST 2023)

Solution:

TABLE 1: Probablity space

Probablity space	Value
Ω	{1, 2, 3, 4}
\mathcal{G}	$\{\emptyset, \Omega, \{1\}, \{4\}, \{2,3\}, \{1,4\}, \{1,2,3\}, \{2,3,4\}\}$
P({1})	$\frac{1}{4}$
$P(X \le 2)$	3 4

TABLE 2: Random variable

$X(\Omega)$	Ω
{1}	1
{2, 3}	2
{4}	3

$$Pr(\{1,4\}) = Pr(X = 1 \text{ or } X = 3)$$
 (1)

We know

$$Pr(X = 1) + Pr(X = 2) + Pr(X = 3) = 1$$
(2)

We can express $Pr(X \le 2)$ as:

$$Pr(X \le 2) = Pr(X = 1) + Pr(X = 2) \tag{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = Pr(X=2) + \frac{1}{4} \tag{4}$$

$$Pr(X=2) = \frac{1}{2} {5}$$

Using

$$Pr(X = 1) + Pr(X = 2) + Pr(X = 3) = 1$$
 (6)

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} + Pr(X = 3) = 1 \tag{7}$$

$$Pr(X=3) = \frac{1}{4} (8)$$

Finally

$$Pr(\{1,4\}) = Pr(X=1) + Pr(X=3)$$
(9)

$$Pr(\{1,4\}) = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \tag{10}$$

$$Pr(\{1,4\}) = 0.5 \tag{11}$$