CE 3105 – Fluid Mechanics Laboratory Final Exam

- Please read through the entire exam before you begin notice there are blank pages to show your work, so make it legible and follow a logical problem solving protocol.
- Write your name on **each** sheet before beginning to work the exam.

Question 1

What are the names of your laboratory team members:

1.	TEAM MEMBER 0	(YOU):
2.	TEAM MEMBER 1:	
3.	TEAM MEMBER 2:	
4.	TEAM MEMBER 3:	
5.	TEAM MEMBER 4:	
6.	TEAM MEMBER 5:	

Question 2

Before eac	h laboratory	you	received	a sa	fety	briefing.	What	were	three	safety	reminder	ß.
before eac	h laboratory?	•										

1.	REMINDER 1:	
2.	REMINDER 2:	
3	BEMINDER 3.	

Question 3

A metal sphere measured using a dial-caliper (in inches) is pictured. The same sphere is weighed using a digital scale (in grams).



Figure 1: Sphere in dial-caliper instrument reading diameter in inches



Figure 2: Sphere on scale reading mass in grams

Determine:

- 1. The volume of the sphere in milliliters
- 2. The density of the sphere in $\frac{g}{ml}$

Question 4

The sphere (color coated for visibility) is used to estimate viscosity for an unknown liquid as depicted in the photographs below. A 50 ml sample of the light amber liquid has a mass of 69.5 grams at 20°C. The time required for the sphere to traverse 127 mm was observed to be 2.3 seconds. Determine:







(a) Dropping sphere

(b) Time = 0 sec.

(c) Time = 2.3 sec.

Figure 3: Spherical object for viscosity measurement by Stokes Law (Laboratory 1)

- 1. The density of the unknown liquid (in $\frac{g}{ml}$)
- 2. The viscosity of the unknown liquid (in Pa·s)

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Question 5

The following discharge data and head change were obtained using the apparatus in the photograph below:

Volume (mL)	Time (s)	Δh (m)
122	8.36	1.34
138	6.67	2.56
180	7.9	3.09
205	8.03	3.98

3.92

8.26

Table 1: Pipe head loss apparatus (Laboratory 4)



Figure 1: Experimental Setup of Friction Loss in a Pipe

Figure 4: Pipe head loss apparatus (Laboratory 4)

Determine:

- 1. The discharge rate for each of the 5 measurements.
- 2. The flow velocity in the 3-mm brass tube for each of the 5 measurements.
- 3. The Reynolds number for each of the 5 measurements.
- 4. The Darcy-Weisbach friction factor for each of the 5 measurements.
- 5. The flow regime (laminar, transitional, or turbulent) in each experiment?
- 6. Plot (sketch) the friction factor versus Reynolds number for these data.