

es5-ws4

August 4, 2025

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[15]: # Somewhere USA
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
time = [0.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0, 7.0, 8.0, 9.0, 10.0, 11.0]
runoff = [0.0, 70.0, 160.0, 110.0, 80.0, 60.0, 45.0, 30.0, 20.0, 12.0, 5.0, 0.0]
# Excess precip == runoff (in watershed inches)
area = 100 #acres given
excess = 12.0 * (sum(runoff) * 3600) / (area * 43560) #excess in inches
print(f"Excess precipitation: {excess:.2f} inches")
```

Excess precipitation: 5.87 inches

Here is the data in the Excel worksheet - we will have to assume the response is to a single hour of precipitation (or experiment a bit, we will need unit weights greater than zero)

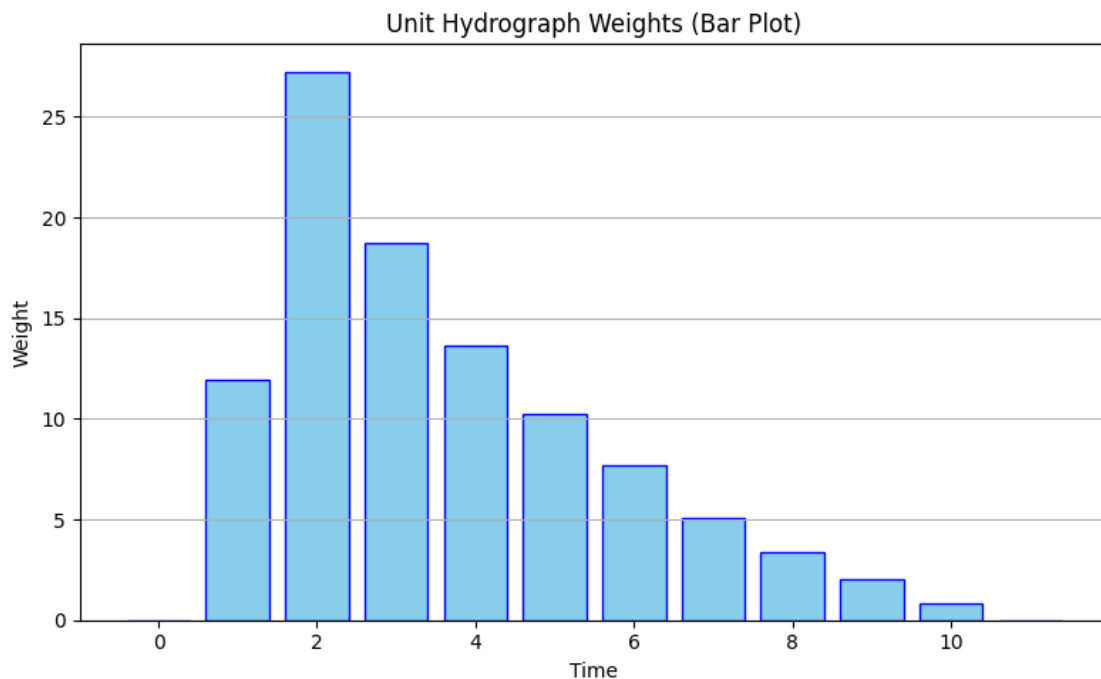
Chart 5																						
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	
1	Unit Hydrograph (Least Squares Example)																					
2	Observations					[P]														[U]	[Q*]	
							=MMULT(MINVERSE(MMULT(G18:Q28,G4:Q14)),MMULT(G18:Q28,D4:D14))															
3	Time (hrs)	Time (Increment)	Excess Rain (in)	Direct Runoff (cfs)			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		Model		
4	0	1	5.871	0	1	5.87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
5	1	2	0	70	2	0	5.87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11.923	70		
6	2	3	0	160	3	0	0	5.87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27.2526	160		
7	3	4	0	110	4	0	0	0	5.87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18.7362	110		
8	4	5	0	80	5	0	0	0	0	5.87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13.6263	80		
9	5	6	0	60	6	0	0	0	0	0	5.87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10.2197	60		
10	6	7	0	45	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.87	0	0	0	0	0	0	7.66479	45		
11	7	8	0	30	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.87	0	0	0	0	0	5.10986	30		
12	8	9	0	20	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.87	0	0	0	0	3.40657	20		
13	9	10	0	12	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.87	0	0	0	2.04394	12		
14	10	11	0	5	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.87	0	0	0.85164	5		
15	11	12	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.87	0	0	0		
16	Totals			5.871	5.871		[P]-transpose															
17																						
18					1	5.87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
19					2	0	5.87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
20					3	0	0	5.87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
21					4	0	0	0	5.87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
22					5	0	0	0	0	5.87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
23					6	0	0	0	0	0	5.87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
24					7	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.87	0	0	0	0	0	0				
25					8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.87	0	0	0	0	0				
26					9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.87	0	0	0	0				
27					10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.87	0	0	0				
28					11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.87	0	0				
29					12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.87	0				
30																						
31																						
32																						
33																						
34																						

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[16]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
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```
uh_weights = [0.0, 11.923, 27.2526, 18.7362, 13.6263, 10.2197, 7.66479,
              5.10986, 3.40657, 2.04394, 0.85164, 0.0]
time = list(range(len(uh_weights)))

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
plt.bar(time, uh_weights, color='skyblue', edgecolor='blue')

plt.title("Unit Hydrograph Weights (Bar Plot)")
plt.xlabel("Time")
plt.ylabel("Weight")
plt.grid(True, axis='y')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
[17]: # After Modeling using the Excel sheet - rendering results
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# === Data Lists ===
excess_rain = [5.871, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
direct_runoff = [0, 70, 160, 110, 80, 60, 45, 30, 20, 12, 5, 0]
model_runoff = [0, 70, 160, 110, 80, 60, 45, 30, 20, 12, 5, 0]
time = list(range(len(excess_rain)))

# === Create figure and axes ===
fig, ax1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 6))
```

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# --- Left Y-axis: Rainfall ---
ax1.set_xlabel("Time Step")
ax1.set_ylabel("Excess Rain (in)", color='blue')
rain_line = ax1.step(time, excess_rain, where='post', color='blue',
    ↪linewidth=2, label="Excess Rain")[0]
ax1.tick_params(axis='y', labelcolor='blue')

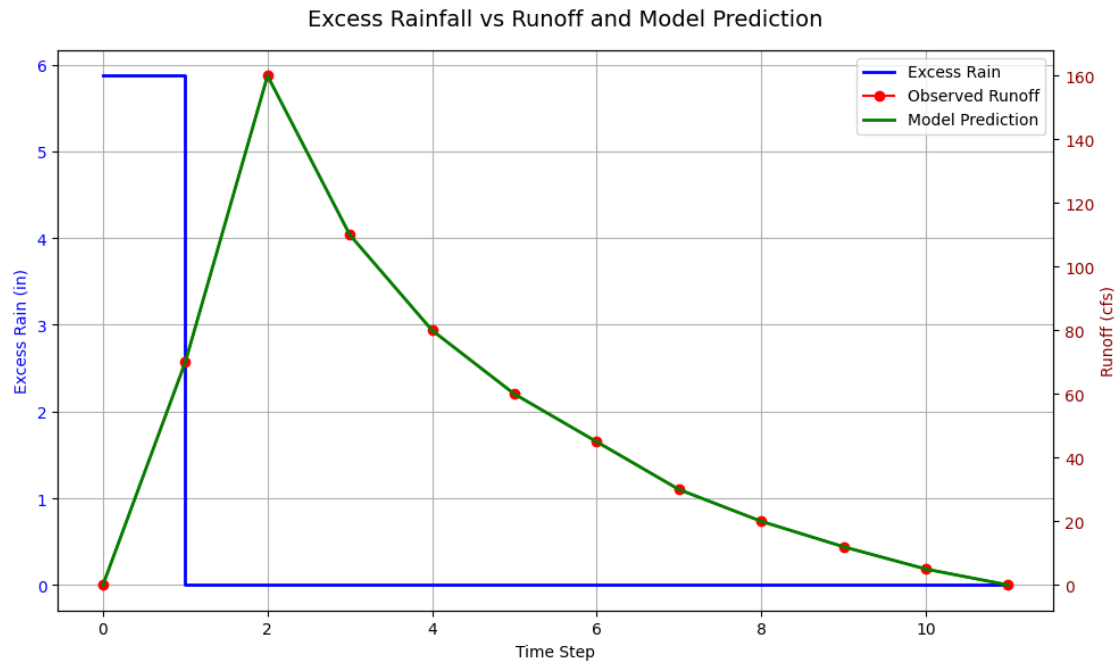
# --- Right Y-axis: Runoff and Model ---
ax2 = ax1.twinx()
ax2.set_ylabel("Runoff (cfs)", color='darkred')
runoff_line, = ax2.plot(time, direct_runoff, 'ro-', label="Observed Runoff",
    ↪linewidth=1.5)
model_line, = ax2.plot(time, model_runoff, 'g-', label="Model Prediction",
    ↪linewidth=2)
ax2.tick_params(axis='y', labelcolor='darkred')

# --- Title and Grid ---
fig.suptitle("Excess Rainfall vs Runoff and Model Prediction", fontsize=14)
fig.tight_layout()
ax1.grid(True)

# --- Combined Legend ---
lines = [rain_line, runoff_line, model_line]
labels = [line.get_label() for line in lines]
ax1.legend(lines, labels, loc='upper right')

plt.show()

```



[]: