CE 5364 Groundwater Transport Phenomena Exercise Set 3

Exercises

1. Figure ?? depicts the general area where the *Spill-O-Rama* industrial manufacturing plant operates. The golf course is about 4000 meters west of the plant boundary. The golf course opened about 1980, around the same time as the plant began operations.

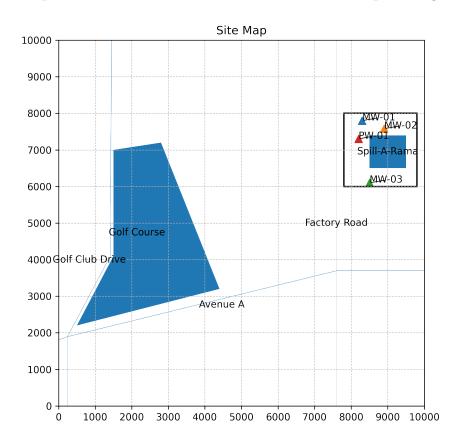


Figure 1: Overview map of the Spill-O-Rama plant and adjacent areas

Determine:

- (a) CInh for residents that are children 1-6 years of age and adults.
- (b) The cancer risk due to these CInh values for the children and adults.

Show all calculations and identify all parameter values used.

2. The same site also caused off-site lead concentrations that can cause non-cancer effects on the residents. The RfD for lead is 6.90×10^{-4} ($\frac{mg}{kgd}$)⁻¹. We will consider dermal

ES2 Page 1 of ??

exposures in this problem, with a lead concentration of 260 $\frac{mg}{kg}$ in the soil, and an absorption factor of 10 percent for the young children and 5 percent for adults.

Determine:

- (a) The NCDEX for residents that are children 1-6 years of age and adults.
- (b) The hazard quotients due to these NCDEX values for the children and adults.

Show all calculations and identify all parameter values used.

3. A contaminated groundwater that is a potential drinking water source has a manganese concentration of 0.36 $\frac{mg}{L}$. The RfD for manganese is 0.10 $\frac{mg}{kg \cdot d}$. We will consider effects on children 6-12 (drinking 1 L/d) and adults (2 L/d).

Determine:

- (a) The NCIng for children 6-12 and adults drinking this water.
- (b) The hazard quotients due to these NCIng values for the children and adults.

Show all calculations and identify all parameter values used.

ES2 Page 2 of ??

4. An animal exposure study was performed to determine an acceptable drinking water concentration for a chemical that causes liver disease in rats and is assumed to have a nonzero threshold. The following results were obtained.

Control Group

Comparison to historical records: no evidence of premature deaths Time of sacrifice: all surviving rats were sacrificed at 18 months Initial number: 100 Number of rats with liver disease: 3

Test Group Exposure conditions (lowest observed effect): 140 mg/L, 30 mL/d for a median of 12 months Time of sacrifice: all surviving rats were sacrificed at 18 months Comparison of weight and survival curves: no differences between test and control rats Median adult weight: 0.4 kg Initial number exposed: 100 Number of rats with liver disease: 12

Determine:

- (a) The LOAEL for the rats based on this study.
- (b) The RfD for humans by adjusting for uncertainty. This result is subchronic animal data with no human exposure data available.
- (c) Convert the RfD to an acceptable drinking water concentration.
- 5. Visit the EPA's IRIS system website (http://www.epa.gov/iriswebp/iris/index.html)

Determine:

(a) Your favorite toxic or carcinogenic substance and print (or screen capture) the Quick View page for your choice.

ES2 Page 3 of ??