PAPER-III

| COMPUTER SCIENCE | AND APPLICATIONS |
|--|--|
| Signature and Name of Invigilator | |
| 1. (Signature) | OMR Sheet No.: |
| (Name) | (To be filled by the Candidate) |
| 2. (Signature) | Roll No. |
| (Name) | (In figures as per admission card) |
| | Roll No |
| J | (In words) |
| Time : $2^{1}/_{2}$ hours] | [Maximum Marks : 150 |
| Number of Pages in this Booklet : 12 | Number of Questions in this Booklet: 75 |
| Instructions for the Candidates | परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश |
| 1. Write your roll number in the space provided on the top of | 1. पहले पृष्ठ के ऊपर नियत स्थान पर अपना रोल नम्बर लिखिए । |
| this page. | 2. इस प्रश्न-पत्र में पचहत्तर बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्न हैं। |
| 2. This paper consists of seventy five multiple-choice type of questions. | परीक्षा प्रारम्भ होने पर, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका आपको दे दी जायेगी । पहले पाँच मिनट आपको प्रश्न-पुस्तिका खोलने तथा उसकी निम्निलिखित |
| 3. At the commencement of examination, the question booklet | जाँच के लिए दिये जायेंगे, जिसकी जाँच आपको अवश्य करनी है : |
| will be given to you. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested | (i) प्रश्न-पुस्तिका खोलने के लिए उसके कवर पेज पर लगी कागज |
| to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as below: (i) To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the | की सील को फाड़ लें । खुली हुई या बिना स्टीकर-सील की |
| paper seal on the edge of this cover page. Do not accept | पुस्तिका स्वीकार न करें। |
| a booklet without sticker-seal and do not accept an | (ii) कंवर पृष्ठ पर छपे निर्देशानुसार प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के पृष्ठ तथा प्रश्नों की संख्या को अच्छी तरह चैक कर लें कि ये पूरे |
| open booklet. | हैं । दोषपूर्ण पुस्तिका जिनमें पृष्ठ/प्रश्न कम हों या दुबारा आ |
| (ii) Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the | गये हों या सीरियल में न हों अर्थात् किसी भी प्रकार की |
| cover page. Faulty booklets due to pages/questions | त्रुटिपूर्ण पुस्तिका स्वीकार न करें तथा उसी समय उसे |
| missing or duplicate or not in serial order or any | लौटाकर उसके स्थान पर दूसरी सही प्रश्न-पुस्तिका ले लें । |
| other discrepancy should be got replaced immediately by a correct booklet from the invigilator within the | इसके लिए आपको पाँच मिनट दिये जायेंगे । उसके बाद न तो आपकी प्रश्न-पुस्तिका वापस ली जायेगी और न ही आपको |
| period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the | अतिरिक्त समय दिया जायेगा । |
| Question Booklet will be replaced nor any extra | (iii) इस जाँच के बाद OMR पत्रक की क्रम संख्या इस प्रश्न-पुस्तिका |
| time will be given. | पर अंकित कर दें । |
| (iii) After this verification is over, the OMR Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet. | 4. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिए चार उत्तर विकल्प (A), (B), (C) तथा (D) दिये |
| 4. Each item has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), | गये हैं । आपको सही उत्तर के वृत्त को पेन से भरकर काला करना है जैसा कि नीचे दिखाया गया है । |
| (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below | उदाहरण :(A) (B) (D) |
| on the correct response against each item. Example: (A) (B) (D) | जबिक (C) सही उत्तर है । |
| where (C) is the correct response. | प्रश्नों के उत्तर केवल प्रश्न पुस्तिका के अन्दर दिये गये OMR पत्रक पर |
| 5. Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the OMR | ही अंकित करने हैं । यदि आप OMR पत्रक पर दिये गये वृत्त के अलावा किसी अन्य स्थान पर उत्तर चिह्नांकित करते हैं, तो उसका मूल्यांकन |
| Sheet given inside the Booklet only. If you mark at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be | । कसा अन्य स्थान पर उत्तर । यहना।कत करत ह, ता उसका मूल्याकन नहीं होगा । |
| evaluated. | 6. अन्दर दिये गये निर्देशों को ध्यानपूर्वक पहें । |
| 6. Read instructions given inside carefully. | 7. कृच्चा काम (Rough Work) इस पुस्तिका के अन्तिम पृष्ट पर करें। |
| Rough Work is to be done in the end of this booklet. If you write your Name, Roll Number, Phone Number or | 8. यदि आप OMR पत्रक पर नियत स्थान के अलावा अपना नाम, रोल |
| put any mark on any part of the OMR Sheet, except for the | नम्बर, फोन नम्बर या कोई भी ऐसा चिह्न जिससे आपकी पहचान हो सके, अंकित करते हैं अथवा अभद्र भाषा का प्रयोग करते हैं, या कोई |
| space allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose | अन्य अनुचित साधन का प्रयोग करते हैं, तो परीक्षा के लिये अयोग्य |
| your identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, you will render yourself liable to | घोषित् किये जा सकते हैं । |
| disqualification. | 9. आपको परीक्षा समाप्त होने पर प्रश्न-पुस्तिका एवं मूल OMR पत्रक |
| 9. You have to return the test question booklet and Original | निरीक्षक महोदय को लौटाना आवश्यक है और परीक्षा समाप्ति के बाद उसे अपने साथ परीक्षा भवन से बाहर न लेकर जायें । हालांकि आप |
| OMR Sheet to the invigilators at the end of the examination | परीक्षा समाप्ति पर OMR पत्रक की डुप्लीकेट प्रति अपने साथ ले जा |
| compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. You are, however, allowed to carry | सकते हैं । |
| duplicate copy of OMR Sheet on conclusion of examination. | 10. केवल नीले/काले बाल प्वाईंट पेन का ही इस्तेमाल करें। |
| 10. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen. | 11. किसी भी प्रकार का संगणक (कैलकुलेटर) या लाग टेबल आदि का प्रयोग वर्जित है । |
| 11. Use of any calculator or log table etc., is prohibited. 12. There is no negative marks for incorrect answers. | प्रयोग वाजत हूं । 12. गलत उत्तरों के लिए कोई अंक काटे नहीं जाएँगे । |
| | 1 |

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND APPLICATIONS Paper – III

Note: This paper contains seventy five (75) objective type questions of two (2) marks each. All questions are compulsory.

1. Consider the following pseudocode segment:

K := 0for $i_1 := 1$ to n for $i_2 = 1$ to i_1 for $i_m := 1$ to i_{m-1}

K := K + 1The value of K after the execution of this code shall be

- (A) C(n + m 1, m)
- (B) C(n-m+1, m)
- (C) C(n + m 1, n)
- (D) C(n-m+1, n)
- 2. In Delta Rule for error minimization
 - (A) weights are adjusted w.r.to change in the output
 - (B) weights are adjusted w.r.to difference between desired output and actual output
 - weights are adjusted w.r.to difference between input and output
 - none of the above (D)
- **3.** The concept of pipelining is most effective in improving performance if the tasks being performed in different stages:
 - (A) require different amount of time
 - require about the same amount of
 - (C) require different amount of time with time difference between any two tasks being same
 - (D) require different amount with time difference between any two tasks being different

4. What is Granularity?

- (A) The size of database
- (B) The size of data item
- (C) The size of record
- (D) The size of file
- 5. Suppose that a given application is run on a 64-processor machine and that 70 percent of the application can be parallelized. Then the expected performance improvement using Amdahl's law is
 - (A) 4.22
- (B) 3.22
- (C) 3.32
- (D) 3.52
- If two fuzzy sets A and B are given with membership functions

$$\mu_{A}(x) = \{0.2, 0.4, 0.8, 0.5, 0.1\}$$

$$\mu_{\rm B}(x) = \{0.1, 0.3, 0.6, 0.3, 0.2\}$$

Then the value of μ will be

- (A) $\{0.9, 0.7, 0.4, 0.8, 0.9\}$
- (B) $\{0.2, 0.4, 0.8, 0.5, 0.2\}$
- (C) $\{0.1, 0.3, 0.6, 0.3, 0.1\}$
- (D) {0.7, 0.3, 0.4, 0.2, 0.7}
- 7. Match the following:
 - (i) OLAP
- (a) Regression
- (ii) OLTP
- (b) Data Warehouse
- (iii) Decision
- (c) RDBMS

Tree

- (iv) Neural (d) Classification Network
 - (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (A) (b) (c) (d) (a)
- (B) (b) (c) (d) (a)
- (C) (c) (b) (a) (d)
- (D) (c) (b) (d) (a)

Paper-III 2 J-87-12

| Which level of Abstraction describes what data are stored in the Database? (A) Physical level (B) View level (C) Abstraction level (D) Logical level | |
|--|---|
| The problem that occurs when one transaction updates a database item and then the transaction fails for some reason is (A) Temporary Select Problem | |
| | what data are stored in the Database? (A) Physical level (B) View level (C) Abstraction level (D) Logical level The problem that occurs when one transaction updates a database item and then the transaction fails for some reason is |

- (B) Temporary Modify Problem
- (C) Dirty Read Problem
- (D) None
- 10. In an image compression system 16384 bits are used to represent 256×256 image with 256 gray levels. What is the compression ratio for this system?
 - (A) 1
- (B) 2
- (C) 4
- (D) 8
- **11.** X.25 is _____ Network.
 - (A) Connection Oriented Network
 - (B) Connection Less Network
 - (C) Either Connection Oriented or Connection Less
 - (D) Neither Connection Oriented nor Connection Less
- **12.** Which of the following can be used for clustering of data?
 - (A) Single layer perception
 - (B) Multilayer perception
 - (C) Self organizing map
 - (D) Radial basis function
- **13.** Which of the following is scheme to deal with deadlock?
 - (A) Time out
 - (B) Time in
 - (C) Both (A) & (B)
 - (D) None of the above

- **14.** If the pixels of an image are shuffled then the parameter that may change is
 - (A) Histogram
- (B) Mean
- (C) Entropy
- (D) Covariance
- **15.** The common property of functional language and logical programming language:
 - (A) Both are declarative
 - (B) Both are based on λ -calculus
 - (C) Both are procedural
 - (D) Both are functional
- **16.** Given the following statements :
 - (i) The power of deterministic finite state machine and nondeterministic finite state machine are same.
 - (ii) The power of deterministic pushdown automaton and non-deterministic pushdown automaton are same.

Which of the above is the correct statement(s)?

- (A) Both (i) and (ii)
- (B) Only (i)
- (C) Only (ii)
- (D) Neither (i) nor (ii)
- 17. Let Q(x, y) denote "x + y = 0" and let there be two quantifications given as
 - (i) $\exists y \forall x Q(x, y)$
 - (ii) $\forall x \exists y \ Q(x, y)$

where x & y are real numbers. Then which of the following is valid?

- (A) (i) is true & (ii) is false.
- (B) (i) is false & (ii) is true.
- (C) (i) is false & (ii) is also false.
- (D) both (i) & (ii) are true.

J-87-12 3 Paper-III

- 18. Consider a schema R(A, B, C, D) and functional dependencies $A \rightarrow B$ and $C \rightarrow D$. Then the decomposition $R_1(A, B)$ and $R_2(C, D)$ is
 - (A) Dependency preserving but not lossless join
 - (B) Dependency preserving and lossless join
 - (C) Lossless Join but not dependency preserving
 - (D) Lossless Join
- **19.** The quantiser in an image-compression system is a
 - (A) lossy element which exploits the psychovisual redundancy
 - (B) lossless element which exploits the psychovisual redundancy
 - (C) lossy element which exploits the statistical redundancy
 - (D) lossless element which exploits the statistical redundancy
- **20.** Data Warehouse provides
 - (A) Transaction Responsiveness
 - (B) Storage, Functionality Responsiveness to queries
 - (C) Demand and Supply Responsiveness
 - (D) None of the above
- 21. A* algorithm uses f' = g + h' to estimate the cost of getting from the initial state to the goal state, where g is a measure of the cost of getting from initial state to the current node and the function h' is an estimate of the cost of getting from the current node to the goal state. To find a path involving the fewest number of steps, we should set
 - (A) g = 1
- (B) g = 0
- (C) h' = 0
- (D) h' = 1

Paper-III

- **22.** The transform which possesses the highest 'energy compaction' property is
 - (A) Slant transform
 - (B) Cosine transform
 - (C) Fourier transform
 - (D) Karhunen-Loeve transform
- 23. Which one of the following prolog programs correctly implement "if G succeeds then execute goal P else execute goal θ ?"
 - (A) if-else (G, P, θ) :-!, call(G), call(P). if-else (G, P, θ) :- call (θ) .
 - (B) if-else (G, P, θ) :- call(G), !, call(P). if-else (G, P, θ) :- call (θ) .
 - (C) if-else (G, P, θ) :- call(G), call(P), !. if-else (G, P, θ) :- call (θ) .
 - (D) All of the above
- **24.** The _____ memory allocation function modifies the previous allocated space.
 - (A) calloc()
- (B) free()
- (C) malloc()
- (D) realloc()
- **25.** Which is not the correct statement(s)?
 - (i) Every context sensitive language is recursive.
 - (ii) There is a recursive language that is not context sensitive.
 - (A) (i) is true, (ii) is false.
 - (B) (i) is true and (ii) is true.
 - (C) (i) is false, (ii) is false.
 - (D) (i) is false and (ii) is true.
- **26.** The mechanism that binds code and data together and keeps them secure from outside world is known as
 - (A) Abstraction
 - (B) Inheritance
 - (C) Encapsulation
 - (D) Polymorphism

J-87-12

- **27.** Identify the addressing modes of below instructions and match them :
 - (a) ADI (1) Immediate addressing
 - (b) STA (2) Direct addressing
 - (c) CMA (3) Implied addressing
 - (d) SUB (4) Register addressing
 - (A) a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4
 - (B) a-2, b-1, c-4, d-3
 - (C) a-3, b-2, c-1, d-4
 - (D) a-4, b-3, c-2, d-1
- **28.** Which one of the following is not a Greibach Normal form grammar?
 - (i) $S \rightarrow a \mid bA \mid aA \mid bB$
 - $A \rightarrow a$
 - $B \rightarrow b$
 - (ii) $S \rightarrow a \mid aA \mid AB$
 - $A \rightarrow a$
 - $B \rightarrow b$
 - (iii) $S \rightarrow a \mid A \mid aA$
 - $A \rightarrow a$
 - (A) (i) and (ii)
 - (B) (i) and (iii)
 - (C) (ii) and (iii)
 - (D) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- **29.** Which of the following IP address class is a multicast address?
 - (A) Class A
- (B) Class B
- (C) Class C
- (D) Class D
- 30. While unit testing a module, it is found that for a set of test data, maximum 90% of the code alone were tested with a probability of success 0.9. The reliability of the module is
 - (A) at least greater than 0.9
 - (B) equal to 0.9
 - (C) atmost 0.81
 - (D) at least 1/0.81
- **31.** The upper bound of computing time of m coloring decision problem is
 - (A) O(nm)
- (B) $O(n^m)$
- (C) $O(nm^n)$
- (D) $O(n^m m^n)$

J-87-12

- 32. The equivalent grammar corresponding to the grammar $G: S \rightarrow aA, A \rightarrow BB, B \rightarrow aBb \mid \in is$
 - (A) $S \rightarrow aA, A \rightarrow BB, B \rightarrow aBb$
 - (B) $S \rightarrow alaA, A \rightarrow BB, B \rightarrow aBb \mid ab$
 - (C) $S \rightarrow a \mid aA, A \rightarrow BB \mid B, B \rightarrow aBb$
 - (D) $S \rightarrow a \mid aA, A \rightarrow BB \mid B, B \rightarrow aBb \mid ab$
- **33.** Which one of the following statements is incorrect?
 - (A) The number of regions corresponds to the cyclomatic complexity.
 - (B) Cyclometric complexity for a flow graph G is V(G) = N E + 2, where E is the number of edges and N is the number of nodes in the flow graph.
 - (C) Cyclometric complexity for a flow graph G is V(G) = E N + 2, where E is the number of edges & N is the number of nodes in the flow graph.
 - (D) Cyclometric complexity for a flow graph G is V(G) = P + 1, where P is the number of predicate nodes contained in the flow graph G.
- 34. Consider a weighted undirected graph with positive edge weights and let (u, v) be an edge in the graph. It is known that the shortest path from source vertex s to u has weight 53 and shortest path from s to v has weight 65. Which statement is always true?
 - (A) Weight $(u, v) \le 12$
 - (B) Weight (u, v) = 12
 - (C) Weight $(u, v) \ge 12$
 - (D) Weight (u, v) > 12
- 35. Consider the regular expression (a + b) (a + b) ... (a + b) (n-times). The minimum number of states in finite automaton that recognizes the language represented by this regular expression contains
 - (A) n states
- (B) n + 1 states
- (C) n + 2 states
- (D) 2^n states

Paper-III

- **36.** Number of binary trees formed with 5 nodes are
 - (A) 32
- (B) 36
- (C) 120
- (D) 42
- **37.** Are we building the right product? This statement refers to
 - (A) Verification
 - (B) Validation
 - (C) Testing
 - (D) Software quality assurance
- **38.** The following postfix expression is evaluated using a stack

The top two elements of the stack after first * is evaluated

- (A) 6, 1
- (B) 5, 7
- (C) 3, 2
- (D) 1, 5
- **39.** The following CFG

 $S \rightarrow aB \mid bA, A \rightarrow a \mid as \mid bAA,$

 $B \rightarrow b \mid bs \mid aBB$

generates strings of terminals that have

- (A) odd number of a's and odd number of b's
- (B) even number of a's and even number of b's
- (C) equal number of a's and b's
- (D) not equal number of a's and b's
- **40.** Consider the following pseudo-code : If (A > B) and (C > D) then

$$A = A + 1$$

$$B = B + 1$$

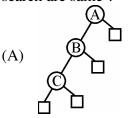
Endif

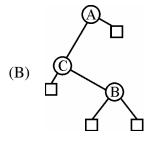
The cyclomatic complexity of the pseudo-code is

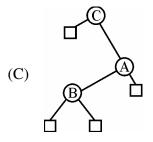
- (A) 2
- (B) 3
- (C) 4
- (D) 5
- **41.** Which layer of OSI reference model uses the ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol)?
 - (A) Transport layer
 - (B) Data link layer
 - (C) Network layer
 - (D) Application layer

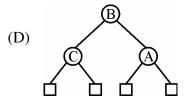
Paper-III

42. Which one of the following binary search tree is optimal, if probabilities of successful search and unsuccessful search are same?

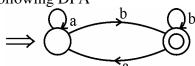








43. The regular expression for the following DFA



is

- (A) ab*(b + aa*b)*
- (B) a*b(b + aa*b)*
- (C) a*b(b* + aa*b)
- (D) a*b(b*+aa*b)*

J-87-12

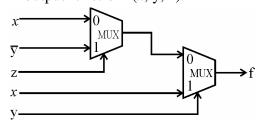
- **44.** Which diagram provides a formal graphic notation for modelling objects, classes and their relationships to one another?
 - (A) Object diagram
 - (B) Class diagram
 - (C) Instance diagram
 - (D) Analysis diagram
- 45. A computer system supports 32 bit virtual address as well as 32 bit physical addresses. Since the virtual address space is of same size as that of physical address space, if we want to get rid of virtual memory, which one of the following is true?
 - (A) Efficient implementation of multiuser support is no longer possible.
 - (B) The processor cache can be made more efficient.
 - (C) Hardware support for memory management is not needed.
 - (D) CPU scheduling can be made more efficient.
- **46.** The feasible region represented by the constraints $x_1 x_2 \le 1$, $x_1 + x_2 \ge 3$, $x_1 \ge 0$, $x_2 \ge 0$ of the objective function Max $Z = 3x_1 + 2x_2$ is
 - (A) A polygon
 - (B) Unbounded feasible region
 - (C) A point
 - (D) None of these
- 47. The colour of an object is largely determined by its diffuse reflection coefficient. If $K_d = (0.8, 0.4, 0)$, then what shall be the colour of the object, if the light used is blue and magenta?
 - (A) White and Red
 - (B) Red and Blue
 - (C) Black and White
 - (D) Black and Red
- J-87-12

- 48. If an instruction takes 'i' microseconds and a page fault takes an additional 'j' microseconds. The effective instruction time, if on the average a page fault occurs every k instructions, is
 - (A) i + j/k
- (B) i + j * k
- (C) (i + j)/k
- (D) (i + j) * k
- 49. In any simplex table, if corresponding to any negative Δj , all elements of the column are negative or zero, the solution under the test is
 - (A) degenerate solution
 - (B) unbounded solution
 - (C) alternative solution
 - (D) non-existing solution
- **50.** How many relations are there on a set with n elements that are symmetric and a set with n elements that are reflexive and symmetric?
 - (A) $2^{n(n+1)/2}$ and $2^n . 3^{n(n-1)/2}$
 - (B) $3^{n(n-1)/2}$ and $2^{n(n-1)}$
 - (C) $2^{n(n+1)/2}$ and $3^{n(n-1)/2}$
 - (D) $2^{n(n+1)/2}$ and $2^{n(n-1)/2}$
- **51.** The strategy used to reduce the number of tree branches and the number of static evaluations applied in case of a game tree is
 - (A) Minmax strategy
 - (B) Alpha-beta pruning strategy
 - (C) Constraint satisfaction strategy
 - (D) Static max strategy
- **52.** Match the following :
 - (i) Regular Grammar
- (a) Pushdown automaton
- (ii) Context free (b) Grammar
 - b) Linear bounded automaton
- (iii) Unrestricted Grammar
- (c) Deterministic finite automaton
- (iv) Context Sensitive Grammar

7

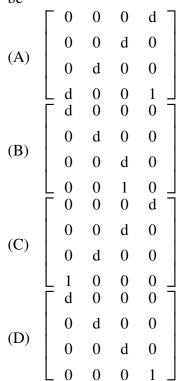
- (d) Turing machine
- (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (A) (c) (a) (b) (d) (B) (c) (a) (d) (b)
- (B) (c) (a) (d) (b) (C) (c) (b) (a) (d)
- (D) (c) (b) (d) (a)
- Paper-III

53. Consider the below circuit and find the output function f(x, y, z).



- (A) $x\overline{z} + xy + \overline{y}z$
- (B) $x\overline{z} + xy + \overline{y}\overline{z}$
- (C) $xz + xy + \overline{y}\overline{z}$
- (D) $xz + x\overline{y} + \overline{y}z$
- **54.** What is the size (in terms of bits) of Header length field in IPV4 header?
 - (A) 2
- (B) 4
- (C) 8
- (D) 16
- **55.** Match the following with respect to java.util.* class methods:
 - (a) Bit Set (i) Time zone getTimezone()
 - (b) Calendar (ii) int hashcode()
 - (c) Time zone (iii) int nextInt()
 - (d) Random (iv) Void setID(String tzName)
 - (a) (b) (c) (d)
 - (A) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
 - (B) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
 - (C) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
 - (D) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv)
- oriented, because the only way to manipulate kernel objects is by invoking methods on their handles.
 - (A) Windows NT
 - (B) Windows XP
 - (C) Windows VISTA
 - (D) Windows 95/98

- 57. A user level process in Unix traps the signal sent on a Ctrl + C input and has a signal handling routine that saves appropriate files before terminating the process. When a Ctrl + C input is given to this process, what is the mode in which the signal handling routine executes?
 - (A) User mode
 - (B) Kernel mode
 - (C) Superuser mode
 - (D) Privileged mode
- **58.** A CPU generally handles an interrupt by executing an interrupt service routine
 - (A) as soon as an interrupt is raised
 - (B) by checking the interrupt register at the end of fetch cycle
 - (C) by checking the interrupt register after finishing the executing the current instruction
 - (D) by checking the interrupt register at fixed time intervals
- 59. The perspective projection matrix, on the view plane z = d where the centre of projection is the origin (0, 0, 0) shall be



| 60. | Radio | signals | generally | y propagate |
|------------|---------|---------|-----------|-------------|
| | accordi | ng to | o the | following |
| | mechar | nisms: | | |

| (A) | Modulation, | Amplification | |
|-----|-------------|---------------|--|
| | Scattering | | |

- (B) Reflection, Diffraction, Scattering
- (C) Amplification, Diffraction, Modulation
- (D) Reflection, Amplification, Diffraction

61. Identify the devices given below with their IC numbers :

- (i) USART
- (a) 8251
- (ii) Micro controller
- (b) 8051
- (iii) Interrupt controller
- (c) 8259
- (iv) DMA controller
- (d) 8257

3 //

- (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (A) (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (B) (b) (a) (d) (c)
- (C) (c) (d) (a) (b)
- (D) (d) (a) (b) (c)
- **62.** The optimal solution of the following assignment problem using Hungarian method is

| | | $I_{\frac{3}{2}}$ | II | Ш | IV |
|---|---|-------------------|----|----|----|
| | A | 8 | 26 | 17 | 11 |
| ł | В | 13 | 28 | 4 | 26 |
| | С | 38 | 19 | 18 | 15 |
| | D | 19 | 26 | 24 | 10 |

- (A) (B) (C) (D)
- (A) (I) (II) (III) (IV)
- (B) (I) (III) (II) (IV)
- (C) (I) (III) (IV) (II)
- (D) (I) (IV) (II) (III)

J-87-12 9

- **63.** If a and b are the end points of a line, then which one of the following is true?
 - (A) If both end points are left, right, above or below the window, the line is invisible.
 - (B) If both end points are left, right, above or below the window, the line is completely visible.
 - (C) If both end points are left, right, above or below the window, the line is trivially visible.
 - (D) If both end points are left, right, above or below the window, the line is trivially invisible.

64. Match the following with link quality measurement and handoff initiation:

- (a) Networked- (i) MS connect to Controlled BS Handoff (NCHO)
- (b) Mobile- (ii) Process via
 Assisted channel the
 Handoff target BS
 (MAHO)
- (c) Forward (iii) First Generation Handoff Analog Cellular System
- (d) Hard (iv) Second Genera-Handoff tion Digital Cellular System
 - (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (B) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)
- (C) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (D) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)

Paper-III

65. Consider the methods used by processes P₁ and P₂ for accessing their critical sections. The initial values of shared Boolean variables S₁ and S₂ are randomly assigned,

 P_1 P_2 while $(S_1 = = S_2)$; while $(S_1 = = S_2)$; critical section $S_1 = S_2$; $S_1 = S_2$;

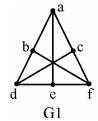
Which one of the following statements describes the properties achieved ?

- (A) Mutual exclusion but not progress
- (B) Progress but not mutual exclusion
- (C) Neither mutual exclusion nor progress
- (D) Both mutual exclusion and progress
- **66.** If the period of a signal is 1000 ms, then what is its frequency in kilohertz?
 - (A) 10^{-3} KHz
- (B) 10^{-2} KHz
- (C) 10^{-1} KHz
- (D) 1 KHz
- **67.** Let a * H and b * H be two cosets of H.
 - (i) Either a * H and b * H are disjoint
 - (ii) a * H and b * H are identical Then,
 - (A) only (i) is true
 - (B) only (ii) is true
 - (C) (i) or (ii) is true
 - (D) (i) and (ii) is false

- 68. HTML is defined using SGML an standard, information processing-text and office systems (SGML) for text information processing.
 - (A) ISO 8878
 - (B) ISO 8879
 - (C) ISO 8880
 - (D) ISO 8881
- **69.** What is the meaning of 'Hibernate' in Windows XP/Windows 7?
 - (A) Restart the computers in safe mode.
 - (B) Restart the computers in normal mode.
 - (C) Shutdown the computer terminating all the running applications.
 - (D) Shutdown the computer without closing the running applications.
- **70.** Assume that we have constructor functions for both base class and derived class. Now consider the declaration in main(). Base * P = New Derived; in what sequence will the constructor be called?
 - (A) Derived class constructor followed by Base class constructor.
 - (B) Base class constructor followed by derived class constructor.
 - (C) Base class constructor will not be called.
 - (D) Derived class constructor will not be called.

- **71.** Which one of the following options is not a shell in UNIX system?
 - (A) Bourne Shell
 - (B) C Shell
 - (C) Net Shell
 - (D) Korn Shell

72.





G1 and G2 are two graphs as shown:

- (A) Both G1 and G2 are planar graphs.
- (B) Both G1 and G2 are not planar graphs.
- (C) G1 is planar and G2 is not planar graph.
- (D) G1 is not planar and G2 is planar graph.
- **73.** In which file the compiler manage the various objects, which are used in windows programming?
 - (A) Control File
 - (B) Binary File
 - (C) Text File
 - (D) Obj File

74. On a disk with 1000 cylinders (0 to 999) find the number of tracks, the disk arm must move to satisfy all the requests in the disk queue. Assume the last request service was at track 345 and the head is moving toward track 0. The queue in FIFO order contains requests for the following tracks:

123, 874, 692, 475, 105, 376

(Assume SCAN algorithm)

- (A) 2013
- (B) 1219
- (C) 1967
- (D) 1507
- **75.** Halftoning is defined as
 - (A) a technique to obtain increased visual resolution using multiple intensity levels.
 - (B) a technique for using minimum number of intensity levels to obtain increased visual resolution.
 - (C) a technique to obtain increased visual resolution using maximum number of intensity levels.
 - (D) a technique for using appropriate number intensity levels to obtain increased visual resolution.

J-87-12

Space For Rough Work

