

## **ASSIGNMENT-7**

1. Read n number of values in an array and display it in reverse order.

### **PROGRAM:**

```
#include<stdio.h>

void main()
{
    int n, i;

    printf("Enter the value of n: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int a[n];

    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        printf("Enter a number: ");
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
    printf("The numbers in reverse order are:\n");
    for(i=n-1; i>=0; i--)
    {
        printf("%d\n", a[i]);
    }
}
```

### **OUTPUT:**

Enter the value of n: 5

Enter a number: 2

Enter a number: 4

Enter a number: 6

Enter a number: 8

Enter a number: 10

The numbers in reverse order are:

10

8

6

4

2

2. Find the sum of all elements of the array.

**PROGRAM:**

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int a[5], i, sum=0;
```

```
    for(i=0; i<5; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("Enter a number: ");
```

```
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
```

```
    }
```

```
    for(i=0; i<5; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        sum = sum + a[i];
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("The sum is: %d", sum);  
}
```

### **OUTPUT:**

Enter a number: 5

Enter a number: 10

Enter a number: 15

Enter a number: 20

Enter a number: 25

The sum is: 75

3. Copy the elements of one array into another array.

### **PROGRAM:**

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int a[5], b[5], i;
```

```
    for(i=0; i<5; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("Enter a number: ");
```

```
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("The elements after coping are:\n");
```

```
    for(i=0; i<5; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        b[i] = a[i];
```

```
        printf("%d\n", b[i]);
    }
}
```

### **OUTPUT:**

Enter a number: 2

Enter a number: 4

Enter a number: 6

Enter a number: 8

Enter a number: 10

The elements after coping are:

2

4

6

8

10

4. Count a total number of duplicate elements in an array.

### **PROGRAM:**

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int a[10], i, j, c=0;
```

```
    for(i=0; i<10; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("Enter a number: ");
```

```
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
```

```

    }
    for(i=0; i<10; i++)
    {
        for(j=i+1; j<10; j++)
        {
            if(a[i] == a[j])
            {
                c = c + 1;
                break;
            }
        }
    }

    printf("Total number of duplicate elements in the array are: %d\n", c);
}

```

### **OUTPUT:**

Enter a number: 2

Enter a number: 10

Enter a number: 20

Enter a number: 40

Enter a number: 2

Enter a number: 10

Enter a number: 50

Enter a number: 20

Enter a number: 40

Enter a number: 65

Total number of duplicate elements in the array are: 4

5. Find the maximum and minimum element in an array.

**PROGRAM:**

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int a[5], i, max, min;
```

```
    for(i=0; i<5; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("Enter a number: ");
```

```
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
```

```
    }
```

```
    max = a[0];
```

```
    min = a[0];
```

```
    for(i=1; i<5; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        if(max > a[i])
```

```
        max = a[i];
```

```
        if(min < a[i])
```

```
        min = a[i];
```

```
    }
```

```
printf("The maximum element in the array is:%d\n", max);  
printf("The minimum element in the array is:%d\n", min)    }
```

### **OUTPUT:**

Enter a number: 2

Enter a number: 4

Enter a number: 6

Enter a number: 8

Enter a number: 10

The maximum element in the array is:2

The minimum element in the array is:10

6. Separate odd and even integers in separate arrays.

### **PROGRAM:**

```
#include <stdio.h>  
  
void main()  
{  
    int n,i,j=0,k=0,c=0;  
    printf("Enter size of array: ");  
    scanf("%d",&n);  
    int arr[n],odd[n],even[n];  
  
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)  
    {  
        printf("Input number in array: ");  
        scanf("%d",&arr[i]);  
    }
```

```
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    if(arr[i] % 2 == 0)
    {
        even[j] = arr[i];
        j ++;
        c ++;
    }
    else
    {
        odd[k] = arr[i];
        k++;
    }
}

printf("Even numbers: ");
for(i=0;i<c;i++)
{
    printf("%d ",even[i]);
}

printf("Odd numbers: ");
for(i=0;i<n-c;i++)
{
    printf("%d ",odd[i]);
}
}
```



### **OUTPUT:**

Enter size of array: 5

Input number in array: 2

Input number in array: 3

Input number in array: 5

Input number in array: 4

Input number in array: 1

Even numbers: 2 4

Odd numbers: 3 5 1

7. Insert New value in the array.

### **PROGRAM:**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int location, i, n, value;
```

```
    printf("Enter number of elements in array\n");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
    int arr[n];
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("Enter a number: ");
```

```
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("Enter the location where you wish to insert an element\n");
```

```
scanf("%d", &location);

printf("Enter the value to insert\n");
scanf("%d", &value);

for (i = n - 1; i >= location - 1; i--)
    arr[i+1] = arr[i];

arr[location-1] = value;

printf("Resultant array is\n");

for (i = 0; i <= n; i++)
    printf("%d\n", arr[i]);

return 0;
}
```

### **OUTPUT:**

Enter number of elements in array

5

Enter a number: 2

Enter a number: 4

Enter a number: 6

Enter a number: 8

Enter a number: 10

Enter the location where you wish to insert an element

4

Enter the value to insert

9

Resultant array is

2

4

6

9

8

10

8. Delete an element at desired position from an array.

**PROGRAM:**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int position, i, n;
```

```
    printf("Enter number of elements in array\n");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
    int arr[n];
```

```
    for (i= 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("Enter a number: ");
```

```
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("Enter the location where you wish to delete element\n");
```

```
scanf("%d", &position);

if (position >= n+1)
    printf("Deletion not possible.\n");
else
{
    for (i = position - 1; i < n - 1; i++)
        arr[i] = arr[i+1];

    printf("Resultant array:\n");

    for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
        printf("%d\n", arr[i]);
}

return 0;
}
```

### **OUTPUT:**

Enter number of elements in array

5

Enter a number: 2

Enter a number: 4

Enter a number: 6

Enter a number: 8

Enter a number: 10

Enter the location where you wish to delete element

4

Resultant array:

2

4

6

10

9. Find the second largest element in an array.

**PROGRAM:**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main(){
```

```
int n,i,j,temp=0;
```

```
printf("enter size of array :: ");
```

```
scanf("%d",&n);
```

```
int arr[n];
```

```
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
```

```
    printf("Input number in array :: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
```

```
    for(j=0;j<n;j++){
```

```
        if(arr[i] < arr[j]){
```

```
            temp = arr[i];
```

```
            arr[i] = arr[j];
```

```
            arr[j] = temp;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```

}
printf("Second largest value = %d",arr[n-2]);
return 0;
}

```

### **OUTPUT:**

```

enter size of array :: 6
Input number in array :: 3
Input number in array :: 4
Input number in array :: 8
Input number in array :: 9
Input number in array :: 7
Input number in array :: 2
Second largest value = 8

```

### 10.Multiplication of two square Matrices.

#### **PROGRAM:**

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
int n,i=0,j=0,k;
printf("enter size of array :: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
int arr1[n][n],arr2[n][n],mul[n][n];

printf("Enter elements in first array -->\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    for(j=0;j<n;j++){
        printf("Enter a number :: ");

```

```

scanf("%d",&arr1[i][j]);

}

}

printf("Enter elements in second array -->\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    for(j=0;j<n;j++){
        printf("Enter a number :: ");
        scanf("%d",&arr2[i][j]);

    }
}

for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    for(j=0;j<n;j++){
        mul[i][j]=0;
        for(k=0;k<n;k++){
            mul[i][j] += arr1[i][k] * arr2[k][j] ;
        }

    }
}

printf("Multiplication of the given matrix --> \n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    for(j=0;j<n;j++){
        printf("%d ",mul[i][j]);

```

```

    }
    printf("\n");
}
return 0;
}

```

### **OUTPUT:**

```

enter size of array :: 2
Enter elements in first array -->
Enter a number :: 4
Enter a number :: 2
Enter a number :: 2
Enter a number :: 4
Enter elements in second array -->
Enter a number :: 2
Enter a number :: 2
Enter a number :: 2
Enter a number :: 2
Multiplication of the given matrix -->
12 12
    12 2

```

12.Find transpose of a given matrix.

### **PROGRAM:**

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int n,i=0,j=0,k;

```



```
printf("enter size of array :: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
int arr1[n][n],arr2[n][n];

for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    for(j=0;j<n;j++){
        printf("Enter a number :: ");
        scanf("%d",&arr1[i][j]);

    }
}
```

```
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    for(j=0;j<n;j++){
        arr2[i][j] = arr1[j][i];
    }
}
```

```
printf("Inserted matrix -->\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    for(j=0;j<n;j++){
        printf("%d ",arr1[i][j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
```

```
printf("Transpose of this given matrix is -->\n");
```

```
for(i=0;i<n;i++){  
    for(j=0;j<n;j++){  
        printf("%d ",arr2[i][j]);  
    }  
    printf("\n");  
}  
return 0;  
}
```

### **OUTPUT:**

enter size of array :: 3

Enter a number :: 1

Enter a number :: 2

Enter a number :: 3

Enter a number :: 4

Enter a number :: 5

Enter a number :: 6

Enter a number :: 7

Enter a number :: 8

Enter a number :: 9

Inserted matrix -->

1 2 3

4 5 6

7 8 9

Transpose of this given matrix is -->

1 4 7

2 5 8

13. Find the sum of left diagonals of a matrix.

**PROGRAM:**

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int n,i,j,sum=0;
    printf("enter size of array :: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    int arr[n][n];

    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        for(j=0;j<n;j++){
            printf("Enter a number :: ");
            scanf("%d",&arr[i][j]);

        }
    }

    printf("Inserted matrix -->\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        for(j=0;j<n;j++){
            printf("%d ",arr[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }

    printf("sum of left diagonals ");
```

```
for(i=0;i<n;i++){  
    j=i;  
    printf("%d ",arr[i][j]);  
}  
printf("is :: ");
```

```
for(i=0;i<n;i++){  
    j=i;  
    sum += arr[i][j];  
}  
printf("%d",sum);
```

```
return 0;  
}
```

### **OUTPUT:**

enter size of array :: 3

Enter a number :: 1

Enter a number :: 2

Enter a number :: 3

Enter a number :: 4

Enter a number :: 5

Enter a number :: 6

Enter a number :: 7

Enter a number :: 8

Enter a number :: 9

Inserted matrix -->

1 2 3

4 5 6

7 8 9

sum of left diagonals 1 5 9 is :: 15

14. Check whether a given matrix is an identity matrix.

**PROGRAM:**

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int i, j, rows, columns, a[10][10], Flag = 1;
```

```
    printf("\n enter the Number of rows and columns : ");
```

```
    scanf("%d %d", &i, &j);
```

```
    printf("\n enter the Matrix Elements \n");
```

```
    for(rows = 0; rows < i; rows++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        for(columns = 0; columns < j; columns++)
```

```
        {
```

```
            scanf("%d", &a[rows][columns]);
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    for(rows = 0; rows < i; rows++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        for(columns = 0; columns < j; columns++)
```

```
        {
```

```

        if(a[rows][columns] != 1 && a[columns][rows] != 0)
        {
            Flag = 0;
            break;
        }
    }
}

if(Flag == 1)
{
    printf("\n the matrix that you entered is an Identity Matrix ");
}
else
{
    printf("\n the matrix that you entered is Not an Identity Matrix ");
}

return 0;
}

```

### **OUTPUT:**

Output:-

enter the Number of rows and columns : 2

2

enter the Matrix Elements

1

2

3

4

the matrix that you entered is Not an Identity Matrix

enter the Number of rows and columns : 2

2

enter the Matrix Elements

1

0

0

1

the matrix that you entered is an Identity Matrix