roll_dir

A little project of demos / exercises writing the same simple program in a variety of different languages. For this, I've taken some inspiration from TTRPGs like Pathfinder and chosen to write a program called roll that simulates a specified number of rolls for a regular-polyhedral die with a specified number of sides and then adds an optionally-specified bonus. Syntax varies by language; but the general idea is to call either roll N for a single roll, or roll K N B for multiple rolls with optional bonus.

For example, in the lingo:

- To roll 1d20, simply call roll 20.
- To roll 3d6 with a bonus of 4, call roll 3 6 4.

Setup & usage instructions for each one are described below. Required arguments are indicated by angled brackets <>, and optional arguments are indicated by square brackets []. Output in most cases is printed according to the following format:

$$KdN + \{B\} ==> roll1 + roll2 + ... + \{B\} = TOTAL$$

NOTE: The instructions here generally assume you are running these commands in the same directory as the indicated *roll* file(s). If not, simply add the path in front of the filename as required. For example, if the files are located in ~/useful_bash_stuff/bin/roll_dir and you are at a shell prompt in your home directory, you would call roll.sh by typing useful bash stuff/bin/roll dir/roll.sh, etc.

Enjoy!

~ duvall3

Shell Script ~ roll.sh

Usage, at shell prompt:

roll.sh <N>

roll.sh < K > < N > [B]

Setup: Simply place the file in a directory belonging to your \$PATH (or, alternately, add the relevent directory to your \$PATH — my personal favorite method for this is export PATH=\$(pwd):\$PATH); and if necessary, run chmod +x roll.sh.

 $C++ \sim roll.cpp, \ roll$

Usage, at shell prompt:

roll <N>

roll <K> <N> [B]

Setup: The program should be ready to compile and should not require any special options. For example, using G++:

```
g++ -o roll roll.cpp
```

Then follow the same instructions for chmod and PATH as in roll.sh above.

$ROOT \sim roll.cxx$

```
Usage, at ROOT/CINT prompt:
roll(<N>);
roll(<K>, <N>, [B]);
```

Setup: Place the file (or a link to the file) in a directory where your ROOT installation can find it — \$ROOTSYS/macros is usually a safe bet. Then at the CINT prompt, simply load the macro with the command .L roll.cxx, then call the function as indicated above. Alternatively, you can add the following line to your ROOT logon script (sometimes called rootlogon.C), and it will load automatically for you whenever you start ROOT:

```
gROOT->LoadMacro("roll.cxx");
```

Python ~ roll.py

Usage, at *Python* prompt:

roll(<N>)

roll(<K>, <N>, [B])

Setup: Place roll.py in a directory where your *Python* installation can find it (try echo \$PYTHONPATH at the shell prompt if you need some places to look). Then start *Python* and either import the "roll" module or just the "roll" function. To make usage match the above, make your import line as follows:

```
from roll import roll as roll
```

Octave / MATLAB

Usage, at Octave prompt:

```
roll(<N>);
```

```
roll(<K>, <N>, [B]);
```

Setup: Simply place the file somewhere that *Octave* can find. Within *Octave*, you can either: 1) check the current path by running the path function; or 2) add the directory containing roll.m to *Octave*'s path using the addpath function. (See doc path and doc addpath for more information).

$VIM \sim roll.vim, roll_script.vim$

As Script $\sim roll_script.vim$

```
Usage, at shell prompt:
```

```
roll_script.vim <N>
```

```
roll_script.vim <K> <N> [B]
```

Setup: Same as for roll.sh above.

As VIM Function ~ roll.vim

Usage, in VIM Normal mode:

```
:echo Roll(<N>)
```

```
:echo Roll(<K>, <N>, [B])
```

Setup: In VIM Normal mode, source the file using <code>:source roll.vim</code>. Then, call the function within VIM as you would any other VIM function, as indicated above.

AWK ~ roll.awk, roll.txt

Operating on Keyboard Input (stdin)

This will effectively start AWK in a sort of "roll-command" mode, where each line you type will interpreted as an argument or set of arguments to roll.

Usage, from shell prompt:

```
awk -f roll.awk, then
```

<N> or <K> <N> [B]

Setup: None!

Operating on Input File (roll_args.txt)

This will instruct AWK to read a set of roll inputs from a text file. AWK will read each line of the input file as a set of arguments to the roll function. This could be used to quickly run (and re-run) a given set of rolls. An example file, roll_args.txt, is provided. The example file will roll 1d20, 2d6, and 3d4 with a bonus of 5.

Usage, from shell prompt:

```
awk -f roll.awk roll_args.txt
```

Setup: None!

Happy Hacking! ~ duvall3