

ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN THI HỌC KỲ I

TIẾNG ANH THCS

Theo chương trình Tiếng Anh lớp 6-7-8-9 của Bộ GD

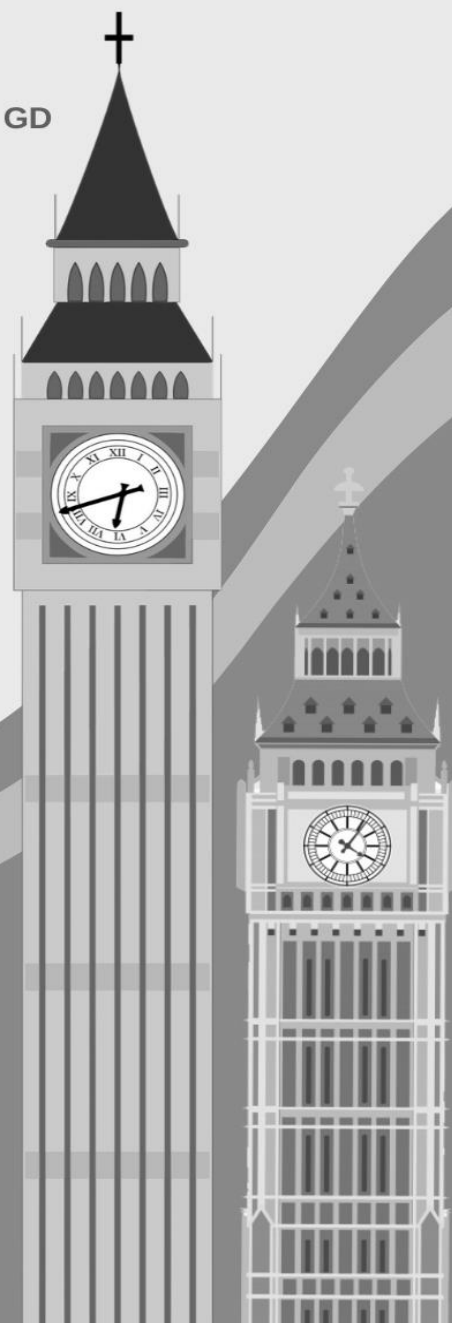
With Keys



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ĐỀ ÔN HỌC KÌ 1

TIẾNG ANH 6

TEST 1

I. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. c <u>o</u> me | B. m <u>o</u> nth | C. m <u>o</u> ther | D. <u>o</u> pen |
| 2. A. h <u>o</u> pe | B. h <u>o</u> me <u>w</u> ork | C. <u>o</u> ne | D. p <u>o</u> st |
| 3. A. br <u>o</u> ther | B. ju <u>d</u> o | C. g <u>o</u> ing | D. r <u>o</u> de |
| 4. A. cit <u>i</u> es | B. wat <u>c</u> hes | C. dish <u>e</u> s | D. hous <u>e</u> s |
| 5. A. grandparent <u>s</u> | B. brother <u>s</u> | C. uncl <u>e</u> s | D. father <u>s</u> |
| 6. A. book <u>s</u> | B. wall <u>s</u> | C. room <u>s</u> | D. pillow <u>s</u> |
| 7. A. finger | B. l <u>e</u> g | C. n <u>e</u> ck | D. <u>e</u> lbow |
| 8. A. writ <u>e</u> s | B. mak <u>e</u> s | C. tak <u>e</u> s | D. driv <u>e</u> s |
| 9. A. requ <u>e</u> st | B. proj <u>e</u> ct | C. n <u>e</u> ck | D. <u>e</u> xciting |
| 10. A. <u>T</u> hursday | B. <u>th</u> anks | C. <u>th</u> ese | D. birth <u>d</u> ay |

II. Find which word does not belong to each group.

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1. A. toilet | B. library | C. kitchen | D. bedroom |
| 2. A. sofa | B. dishwasher | C. cupboard | D. sink |
| 3. A. apartment | B. villa | C. silt house | D. hotel |
| 4. A. attic | B. apartment | C. kitchen | D. living room |
| 5. A. television | B. cook | C. fridge | D. cooker |

III. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D).

1. There are two lights _____ the ceiling.
A. in B. at C. on D. between
2. There _____ four chairs and a table _____ the middle of the room.
A. are – in B. are – at C. is – on D. is – in
3. They are moving _____ a new apartment _____ the city centre soon.

A. at – at B. from – in C. to – in D. to – from

4. There are some dirty dishes_____the floor.

A. on B. with C. in D. for

5. My bedroom is_____the bathroom.

A. under B. in C. on D. next to

6. There aren't any pillows_____the bed

A. in B. on C. behind D. in front of

7. Can you_____me the book, please?

A. move B. pass C. have D. turn

8. Nga is_____the phone, chatting_____friends.

A. on – to B. on – on C. to – with D. to – to

9. My best friend is kind and_____. He often makes me laugh.

A. funny B. nice C. shy D. boring

10. The film is very_____and we can't see all of it.

A. wonderful B. easy C. exciting D. boring

11. The summer camp is for students_____between 10 and 15.

A. age B. aged C. aging D. ages

12. Mary has_____hair and big_____eyes.

A. blonde, small B. a black, blue C. blonde, blue D. black, long

13. Next summer I am working as a_____teacher in a village near Hoa Binh city.

A. volunteer B. nice C. good D. favourite

14. She is always_____at school and helps other students with their homework.

A. hard B. hardly C. hard-working D. work hard

15. Our class is going to_____a picnic at the zoo on Saturday. Would you like to come with us?

A. have B. take C. pass D. go

16. It's_____to go home. It's so late.

A. now B. sure C. time D. like

17. Please turn_____the lights. The room is so dark.

A. in B. on C. off D. at

18. At break time, I go to the library and_____books.

A. go B. read C. play D. listen

19. Listen! Someone_____at the door.
 A. knock B. knocks C. is knocking D. are knocking
20. Nam_____football now. He's tired.
 A. doesn't play B. plays C. is playing D. isn't playing
21. We are excited_____the first day of school.
 A. at B. with C. about D. in
22. My parents often help me_____my homework.
 A. at B. with C. about D. in
23. I am having a math lesson but I forgot my_____. I have some difficulty.
 A. calculator B. bike C. pencil case D. pencil sharpener
24. In the afternoon, students_____many interesting clubs.
 A. join B. do C. play D. read
25. School _____at 4.30 p.m every day.
 A. finish B. finishes C. go D. have

IV. Complete the sentences with the Present simple or the Present continuous form of the verbs.

1. They often (visit)_____their parents in the holidays.
2. We (speak)_____French at the moment.
3. I (watch)_____TV about 3 hours a day.
4. My family usually (go)_____to the movies on Sunday.
5. Look at the girl! She (ride)_____a horse.
6. We (play)_____tennis now.
7. Minh sometimes (practice)_____the guitar in his room.
8. _____you (like)_____chocolate ice cream?
9. I really (like)_____cooking.
10. Hung can't answer the phone because he (take)_____a shower.

V. Fill in each blank with a suitable verb.

1. She_____an oval face.
2. - _____Mai's hair long or short?
 - It_____short.
3. He_____tall and thin.
4. Toan_____an athlete. He_____very strong.
5. Ngan_____short black hair.
6. What color_____those bikes?
7. What color_____Nam's eyes?
8. What_____those?

IV. Complete the passage with a suitable preposition.

We have English lessons (1)_____ Room 12. There are 24 tables for students and one desk for the teacher. (2)_____ the walls, there are a lots of posters of England. There's a cupboard at the front of the room and (3)_____ the cupboard, there is a TV and DVD player. Sometimes we watch films. There are some bookshelves (4)_____ the classroom. (5)_____ the shelves, there are a lot of English books. Our books are (6)_____ the teacher's desk. He wants to look at our homework. Our school bags are (7)_____ the floor, and there is some food (8)_____ the school bags. It's now 5.30 pm. We are (9)___home, but our teacher is (10) _____ school. He often stays late to prepare for tomorrow's lessons.

VII. Reorder the words and write the meaning sentences.

1. city / beautiful / a / Ho Chi Minh / is.
.....
2. green fields / there / are.
.....
3. dog / it's / friendly / a.
.....
4. student / Minh / new / a / is.
.....
5. television / big / a / there's.
.....
6. new / four / there / cars / are.
.....
7. are / two / pizza / there / big.
.....
8. ten / are / desks / small / there.
.....

TEST 2

I. Choose the best answer.

1. the spring. I love all the flowers.
A. I like B. I'd like C. I need D. I'd want
2. Jack often goes..... He likes winter.
A. skiing B. to ski C. ski D. skies
3. What is the of that river?
A. long B. wide C. length D. heavy
4. There are girls in his class.
A. not B. no C. none D. any
5. she plays the piano!
A. How beautiful B. How beautifully C. What good D. What well
6. Who is that old man _____ the big nose?
A. of B. by C. with D. from
7. I don't want much sugar in coffee. Just....., please.
A. little B. a little C. few D. a few
8. The weather is today than yesterday.

- A. much better B. very better C. too better D. so better
9. The teacher wants _____ stay here after school.
A. that you B. for you C. you to D. you
10. There is too much noise in this room now. I can't understand what _____.
A. is the teacher saying B. the teacher is saying
C. the teacher says D. does the teacher say

II. Rewrite sentences as directed.

- Whose book is this?
Who
- How much is that pen?
How much does..... ?
- How heavy are you?
How much
- Lam is Mrs. Hoa's son
Mrs. Hoa.....
- Mr. Ba is the owner of this house.
This house.....

III. Supply the correct form of the words in parentheses.

- What is the (high) of that mountain? – About 2000 meters.
- Lan is the (small) of the three girls.
- Jane is the (young) of the two girls.
- The country is (quiet) than the city.
- Which color do you like (good)..... ?
- We must (take)an umbrella. It (rain).....
- The weather is becoming (cold).....
- He (stay) there for two days when he comes there.
- My best friend (write)to me every week.
- You can borrow my umbrella. I (not need)..... it at the moment.

IV. Each sentence has a mistake. Find and correct it.

- One of my brothers have two eggs and some bread for breakfast.....
- Our teacher gives us much homeworks today.....
- My family is traveling to Ho Chi Minh City by a bus at present.....
- Most people doesn't go to work on Sunday.....
- Our classroom is on the two floor.....
- His sister often goes to school with an orange small bag.....
- Mai always helps her mother in the housework.....
- Would you like an apple or any orange juice?.....
- A lot of my friends play soccer, but not much of them play tennis.....
- Vy is a very good tennis play. She plays for the school team.....

V. Complete the passage with the suitable words.

I have a very close friend. His name is Phong. He is eleven years old (1) _____ he is in grade six. He (2) _____ speak English. He has English (3) _____ Tuesday, Thursday and

Friday. He can also (4)_____the piano. In his room, (5)_____is a piano and some books. Every day he gets up at six. He (6)_____breakfast at six thirty and goes to school at a (7)_____to seven. He has his (8)_____from seven fifteen to eleven thirty. Then he (9)_____back home and has lunch at twelve o'clock. It's three o'clock in the afternoon now and Phong is in his room. He (10)_____doing his homework.

VI. Rewrite the following sentences without changing the meaning.

Ex: My family has four people.

-> There **are four people in my family.**

1. Is there a colorful picture in your room?

Does ?

2. Peter is the best at English in his class.

Nobody

3. Let's have a picnic in the park on the weekend.

Why

4. My house is near the supermarket.

My house is not

5. How much are these red notebooks?

What.....?

6. Many people walk to work for their health.

Many people travel

VII. Make sentences

1. John / always feel happy / when / come home.

.....

2. The party / start / seven ?

.....

3. She / buy / food / drink / the party.

.....

4. She / standing / the right / her house / now.

.....

5. That apartment / most suitable / their family.

.....

VIII. Make meaningful sentences using the following cues.

1. What time / Nga / get / morning?

.....

2. You / can / games / afternoon / but / must / homework / evening.

.....

3. Lan / walk / ride / bike / school?

.....

4. When / it / hot / we / often / go / swim.

.....

5. What / there / front / your house?

.....

6. If / you / not feel / well / should / see / doctor.

.....
7. What color / your baby / eyes?
.....

8. Hoa / learn / languages / bad.
.....

IX. Give the correct words.

- | | | |
|---|--------------------------|----------|
| 1. You must be | when you cross the road. | CARE |
| 2. The most popular after-school | in our country | ACT |
| are football, badminton and basketball | | |
| 3. September is the | month of the year. | NINE |
| 4. Today we have literature, | education and history. | PHYSICS |
| 5. Minh is | at English than I am. | GOOD |
| 6. English is an | and important subject. | INTEREST |
| 7. The library in our city has over 50..... | | EMPLOY |
| 8. My birthday is on the_____ | of September. | TWENTY |
| 9. My parents work at a Secondary School. They are_____ | of English. | TEACH |
| 10. I go to visit my grandparents _____ | a month. | ONE |

TEST 3

I. Circle the odd one out.

- | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|
| 2. A. Friday | B. Monday | C. Tuesday | D. today |
| 3. A. do | B. homework | C. watch | D. listen |
| 4. A. dinner | B. shower | C. breakfast | D. lunch |
| 5. A. lake | B. river | C. factory | D. well |
| 6. A. near | B. opposite | C. between | D. temple |

II. Choose the word whose underlined part pronounced is differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. A. ph <u>o</u> to | B. mot <u>o</u> rbike | C. h <u>o</u> me | D. w <u>o</u> rk |
| 2. A. d <u>a</u> ngerous | B. tr <u>a</u> vel | C. m <u>a</u> n | D. tr <u>a</u> ffic |
| 3. A. h <u>e</u> lp | B. l <u>e</u> ft | C. m <u>a</u> rket | D. int <u>e</u> rse <u>c</u> tion |
| 4. A. tr <u>u</u> ck | B. <u>u</u> nload | C. t <u>u</u> rn | D. l <u>u</u> rch |
| 5. A. pol <u>i</u> ceman | B. s <u>i</u> gn | C. b <u>i</u> ke | D. sp <u>i</u> der |

III. Choose the best answer

- | | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1. How many windows_____in your class ? | | | |
| A. are there | B. there are | C. there isn't | D. there aren't |
| 2. They often play soccer in the_____. | | | |
| A. school gate | B. schoolyard | C. schoolmate | D. schoolwork |
| 3. Which word has three syllables? | | | |
| A. table | B. telephone | C. window | D. bench |
| 4. Those _____pens and pencils. | | | |
| A. is | B. are | C. has | D. have |
| 5. _____meadows on the way. | | | |
| A. There is | B. There are | C. There has | D. There have |
| 6. Is this your favorite class? _____ | | | |
| A. Yes, this is. | B. No, there isn't. | C. Yes, I think so. | D. No, it doesn't. |
| 7. There are five people in_____ family. | | | |

- | | | | | |
|--|---------|----------|---------|-----------|
| | A. they | B. their | C. them | D. theirs |
|--|---------|----------|---------|-----------|
8. Tell me something _____ your family.
- | | | | | |
|--|----------|------|---------|-------|
| | A. about | B. _ | C. over | D. on |
|--|----------|------|---------|-------|
9. Go and _____ a bath!
- | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|-------|---------|
| | A. wash | B. make | C. do | D. have |
|--|---------|---------|-------|---------|
10. Close the door _____; it's cold in here.
- | | | | | |
|--|------|-------|-------|---------|
| | A. _ | B. up | C. to | D. have |
|--|------|-------|-------|---------|
11. My house is opposite _____ the park.
- | | | | | |
|--|---------|-------|------|-------|
| | A. from | B. of | C. _ | D. to |
|--|---------|-------|------|-------|
12. Which word has four syllables?
- | | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| | A. literature | B. chemistry | C. history | D. physics |
|--|---------------|--------------|------------|------------|
13. How _____ money do you want?
- | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|-----------|-------------|
| | A. many | B. much | C. little | D. a lot of |
|--|---------|---------|-----------|-------------|
14. _____ they work? - They work in a big hospital.
- | | | | | |
|--|--------|---------|---------|----------|
| | A. Who | B. When | C. What | D. Where |
|--|--------|---------|---------|----------|
15. What are those? _____ CDs.
- | | | | | |
|--|------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| | A. This is | B. These are | C. They are | D. That is |
|--|------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
16. What's the date today? - It is _____ June.
- | | | | | |
|--|-----------|------------|--------------|-------------------|
| | A. twelve | B. twelfth | C. twelve of | D. the twelfth of |
|--|-----------|------------|--------------|-------------------|
17. How many windows are there in your house? - _____ six.
- | | | | | |
|--|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| | A. There is | B. There are | C. There has | D. There have |
|--|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
18. _____ is Phong? - He's in the living room.
- | | | | | |
|--|---------|----------|--------|---------|
| | A. When | B. Where | C. Who | D. What |
|--|---------|----------|--------|---------|
19. Which verb adds *_es* in the third person?
- | | | | | |
|--|-------|----------|----------|---------|
| | A. go | B. write | C. sleep | D. tell |
|--|-------|----------|----------|---------|
20. _____ a clock in your room?
- | | | | | |
|--|--------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| | A. Are there | B. Is there | C. Have there | D. Has there |
|--|--------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|

IV. Complete the sentences with *There is* or *There are*.

- _____ thirty-five students in my class.
- _____ nice posters in our classroom.
- _____ green curtains in his room.
- _____ six children in the room.
- _____ a sofa in the living room.
- _____ dishes on the floor.
- _____ a ceiling fan in the bedroom.
- _____ some pictures in my room.
- _____ a big window in the living room.
- _____ two sinks in my bathroom.

V. Fill in the blanks with *in*, *on*, *at*, *behind*, *in front of*, *from ... to*

Ex: I play games in the afternoon.

- They often go swimming _____ Sunday.
- The meeting will last _____ 7 a.m. _____ 5 p.m.
- She will be 13 _____ her next birthday.

4. We are playing chess_____the moment.
5. It's often rain_____July.
6. My birthday is_____September 3rd.
7. The party will start_____seven o'clock_____ the evening.
8. He was born_____April 2002.
9. The dog is_____the shelf.
10. Our teacher is_____ the blackboard.

VI. Fill in the blanks with is, are, isn't, aren't, do, does, where.

1. We _____staying at my cousin's house in Vung Tau.
2. _____they have the right things for the kitchen?
3. Where_____you live, Phong?
4. _____does your uncle live?
5. How many rooms_____there in the hotel?
6. There_____any chairs in the kitchen. We need five chairs.
7. Which house_____you want to live in? A town house or a country house?
8. There_____any furniture in my bedroom. I need many things.
9. In my house, there_____four bedrooms.
10. What_____Mrs. Brown need for the living room?

VII. Read the passage carefully and answer the questions below.

Hoa's family lives in a beautiful house in the country. There are many flowers in front of her house. Behind the house, there is a well. To the right of the house, there is a rice-paddy and to the left of the house, there are tall trees. It's very quiet here and Hoa loves her house very much.

Hoa's father is a worker. He works in a big factory. Every day he travels to work by motorbike. He works in his factory from Monday to Friday. He doesn't work on Saturday and Sunday.

Questions:

1. Does Hoa live in town?
.....
2. What are there in front of her house?
.....
3. Is there a paddy field to the right of the house?
.....
4. What does Hoa's father do?
.....
5. How does he travel to work?
.....
6. When does he work in the factory?
.....

VIII. Read and choose the best answer.

I live in a house near the sea. It is ...(1)... old house, about 100 years old and...(2)... very small. There are two bed rooms upstairs...(3)... no bathroom. The bathroom is down stairs ... (4)... the kitchen and there is a living room where there is a lovely old fire place. There is a garden...(5)... the house. The garden...(6)... down to the beach and in spring and summer...(7)... flowers every where. I like alone...(8)... my dog, Rack, but we have a lot of visitors. My city friends often stay with...(9)...I love

my house for... (10)... reasons: the garden, the flowers in summer, the fee in winter, but the best thing is the view from my bedroom window.

- | | | | | |
|-----|--------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. | A. a | B. an | C. the | D. any |
| 2. | A. It's | B. It | C. there's | D. They're |
| 3. | A. and | B. or | C. but | D. too |
| 4. | A. between | B. next | C. near to | D. next to |
| 5. | A. in front | B. front of | C. of front in | D. in front of |
| 6. | A. go | B. going | C. goes | D. in goes |
| 7. | A. these are | B. they are | C. there are | D. those are |
| 8. | A. for | B. of | C. on | D. with |
| 9. | A. me | B. I | C. my | D. I'm |
| 10. | A. a | B. any | C. many | D. a lot |

IX. Add “is, are, a, an, some, any” to make a correct sentence:

Ex: *There/pencil/ in/ the/ box.*

=> *There is a pencil in the box.*

There/ bananas/ in/ the fridge.

=> *There are some bananas in the fridge.*

1. *There/ book/ on/ the table.*

=>

2. *There/ shoes/ under/ the chair.*

=>

3. *There/ not/ TV/ in/ his room.*

=>

4. *There/ not/ pens/ on/ my desk.*

=>

5. *There/ boy/ behind/ that tree.*

=>

6. *There/ girls/ in front of/ the house.*

=>

7. *There/ not/ telephone/ in her office.*

=>

8. *There/ not/ chairs/ downstairs.*

=>

X. Rewrite the correct sentences

1. *house/ a/ Minh/ lake/ a/ lives/ in/ near.*

.....

2. *yard/ front/ school/There/ big/ of/ is/ our/ in/ a.*

.....

3. *many/ right/ the/ museum/ Are/ flowers/ the/ there/ to/ of/?*

.....

4. *next/ photocopy/ What/ store/ there/ the/ is/ to /?*

.....

5. *hospital/ father/ in/ the/ city/ My/ a/ works/ in.*

.....

6. *there/ family/ many/ in/ are/ How/ Linh's/ people/ ?*

.....
7. his/ friend/ in/ family/ My/ Hanoi/ doesn't/ with/ live.
.....

8. brushes/ six/ gets/ her/ o'clock/ Hoa/ at/ up/ teeth/ and.
.....

9. on/ floor/ classroom/ the/ is/ Our/ first.
.....

10. Minh's/ six/ There/ in/ rooms/ house/ are.
.....

TEST 4

I. Circle the odd one out.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1. A. tree | B. restaurant | C. grass | D. flower |
| 2. A. store | B. museum | C. friend | D. hospital |
| 3. A. beautiful | B. bakery | C. drugstore | D. bookstore |
| 4. A. town | B. city | C. country | D. house |
| 5. A. travel | B. bike | C. bus | D. car |

II. Choose the word whose underlined part pronounced is differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. A. <u>g</u> irl | B. <u>h</u> istory | C. <u>t</u> ele <u>v</u> ision | D. <u>l</u> isten |
| 2. A. <u>h</u> ome | B. <u>h</u> ow | C. <u>g</u> o | D. <u>o</u> ld |
| 3. A. <u>e</u> at | B. <u>b</u> reakfast | C. <u>r</u> ead | D. <u>t</u> eacher |
| 4. A. <u>s</u> chool | B. <u>d</u> oor | C. <u>s</u> to <u>o</u> l | D. <u>r</u> oo <u>m</u> |
| 5. A. <u>s</u> it | B. <u>e</u> ngineer | C. <u>t</u> hir <u>y</u> | D. <u>w</u> indo <u>w</u> |

III. Choose the best answer.

- I like to read "Muc Tim" very much. It's my _____ magazine.
A. nice B. quick C. funny D. favourite
- My close friend, Mai, has a _____ face and _____ hair.
A. big – black B. small – short C. round – black D. short – long
- My best friend is kind and _____. He often makes me laugh.
A. funny B. nice C. shy D. boring
- My brother has _____ short _____ hair.
A. a – straight B. Ø - long C. Ø - curly D. a – black
- On Sunday Nam _____ his parents in the field as usual.
A. helps B. help C. is helping D. helping
- Can you _____ me the apple, please?
A. move B. pass C. have D. turn
- Mai is _____ the phone, chatting _____ friends.
A. on – to B. on – on C. to – with D. to – to
- She is always _____ at school, and helps other students with their homework.
A. hard B. hardly C. hard-working D. work hard
- Diana is in the art club. She likes to paint pictures, and everyone enjoys them. She is very _____.
A. shy B. kind C. funny D. creative
- On Saturday Tom's parents _____ him _____ London to see the new film.
A. are taking – to B. taking – to C. are going – to D. are going – in

11. Next summer I am working as a _____ teacher in a village near Hoa Binh City.
A. good B. nice C. favourite D. volunteer
12. The Summer Camp is for students _____ between 10 and 15.
A. age B. aged C. aging D. ages
13. We are visiting a milk farm to see _____ they _____ milk, cheese, and butter.
A. why – do B. Ø - do C. how – make D. how – do
14. Linda has _____ hair and big _____ eyes.
A. blonde – small B. a black – blue C. blonde – blue D. black – long
15. The film is very _____, and we can't see all of it.
A. exciting B. boring C. wonderful D. easy
16. Our class is going to _____ a picnic at the zoo on Saturday. Would you like to come with us?
A. have B. take C. pass D. go
17. It's _____ to go home. It's so late.
A. now B. sure C. time D. like
18. Please turn _____ the lights. The room is so dark.
A. with B. at C. in D. on
19. Can you _____ the tables and chairs _____ the next room? There are some more students.
A. move – to B. take – in C. move – in D. take – on
20. Daisy is very _____ to take the rest. She is a very good student.
A. kind B. confident C. friendly D. talkative

IV. Fill in each blank with a suitable verb.

1. What color _____ Nam's eyes?
2. What _____ those?
3. She _____ an oval face.
4. - _____ Mai's hair long or short?
- It _____ short.
5. Ngan _____ short black hair.
6. What color _____ those bikes?
7. He _____ tall and thin.
8. Toan _____ an athlete. He _____ very strong.

V. Give the correct form of verb at the simple tense and the continuous tense.

1. Sit down! A strange dog... (run) to you.
2. My mom often (buy) meat from the butcher's.
3. My brothers..... (not/ drink) coffee at the moment.
4. Look! Those people (climb) the mountain so fast.
5. That girl..... (cry) loudly in the party now.
6. These students always..... (wear) warm clothes in summer.
7. What..... (you/ do) in the kitchen?
8. I never (eat) potatoes.
9. The 203 bus..... (set off) every fifteen minutes.
10. Tonight we (not/ go) to our teacher's wedding party.

VI. Fill in each blank with the correct adjective from the box.

kind	boring	shy	funny	clever
friendly	talkative	creative	confident	hard-working

1. He's a little bit _____. He likes to talk a lot.
2. She always has a _____ smile with everyone.
3. Everyone is _____ to me. They often help me when I need.
4. It is _____ to sit on the plane with nothing to read.
5. She is very _____. She writes poetry and paints.
6. It's a really _____ film; everyone laughs a lot.
7. Children are often _____ of people they don't know.
8. He is often _____ at school and he always gets good marks.
9. The teacher wants the students to feel _____ about asking questions when they don't understand.
10. I'm not very _____ at Math. I often make mistakes in calculations.

VII. Read the text then give the correct form of verb.

It (0. be) is Sunday evening and my friends and I (1. be) at Jane's birthday party. Jane (2. wear) a beautiful long dress and (3. stand) next to her boyfriend. Some guests (4. drink) wine or beer in the corner of the room. Some of her relatives (5. dance) in the middle of the room. Most people (6. sit) on chairs, (7. enjoy) foods and (8. chat) with one another. We often (9. go) to our friends' birthday parties. We always (10. dress) well and (11. travel) by taxi. Parties never (12. make) us bored because we like

VIII. Read the passage carefully.

Nga is a good student. She is eleven. She is in grade 6. Every day, she gets up at six o'clock. After getting up, she washes her face, brushes her teeth. Then, she has breakfast with her family (her father, her mother and her brother). Her father is a doctor. He is forty- two years old. Her mother is a nurse. She is thirty- nine. Tam is her brother. He is a student. She goes to school after she gets dressed at 6.30. Her school is big. It has third floor and her classroom is on the second floor.

A. Choose True (T) or False (F) (2ms) Hãy chọn phương án True (T) or False (F)

Statements	True (T)	False (F)
1. Nga's father is a doctor.		
2. Nga goes to school at 6 o'clock.		
3. Her mother is a teacher.		
4. Tam is a student.		

B. Answer the questions. Hãy trả lời các câu sau

1. Which grade is Nga in?
.....
2. What time does she get up?

-
3. Is her school big?
-
4. Where is her classroom?
-

IX. Read the text carefully then answer the following questions.

Loan is twelve years old. She is in grade 6. She lives in a house in the city with her mother, father and sister. Their house is next to a bookstore. In the neighborhood, there is a restaurant, a market and a stadium. Loan's father works in the restaurant. Her mother works in the market. Loan goes to school at six fifteen in the morning. She has classes from six forty-five to eleven.

- 1) How many people are there in Loan's house?
→
- 2) What is next to her house?
→
- 3) What time do her classes start?
→
- 4) What time do you go to school everyday?
→

X. Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning to the first.

Ex: There are twenty classes in our school.

→ *Our school **has** twenty classes.*

- 1/ Our school has forty-two classrooms
⑦ There
- 2/ The bakery is to the left of my house
⑦ My house
- 3/ Mr Minh has a son, Trung.
⑦ Mr Minh
- 4/ Trang is riding her bike to school.
⑦ Trang is going
- 5/ Huyen walks to school every afternoon.
⑦ Huyen goes
- 6/ Does your class have forty students?
⑦ Are ?
- 7/ That motorbike belongs to Mr Trung.
⑦ That is
- 8/ Does your father cycle to work?
⑦ Does your father get ?
- 9/ He goes to work at seven fifteen.
⑦ He goes to work at a
- 10/ This exercise is very difficult and he can't do it
⑦ This exercise is too

XI. Write the correct sentence using the cue words.

1.He/ often/ have/ breakfast/ late.

2.You/ do/ the housework/ at the moment?

3.I/ not/ go/ to school/ on weekends.

4.John's girlfriend/ wear/ a red T-shirt/ now.

5.They/ like/ beer or wine?

6.What/ he/ usually/ do/ at night?

7.The teacher/ never/ lose/ his temper.

8.Why/ you/ listen/ to music/ loudly now?

TEST 5

I. Circle the odd one out.

- | | | | |
|---------------|-----------|----------------|--------------|
| 1. A. weight | B. height | C. width | D. heavy |
| 2. A. nurse | B. scales | C. doctor | D. student |
| 3. A. measure | B. weigh | C. temperature | D. take |
| 4. A. starts | B. stops | C. protects | D. needs |
| 5. A. painful | B. tall | C. record | D. difficult |

II. Which one is different?

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. <u>l</u> ove | B. <u>h</u> otel | C. <u>m</u> other | D. <u>b</u> rother |
| 2. A. <u>l</u> ake | B. <u>p</u> lace | C. <u>p</u> addy | D. <u>s</u> tadium |
| 3. A. <u>s</u> ore | B. <u>s</u> ister | C. <u>f</u> actory | D. <u>p</u> icture |
| 4. A. <u>r</u> ice | B. <u>r</u> iver | C. <u>c</u> ity | D. <u>v</u> illage |
| 5. A. sing | B. mine | C. read | D. sit |

III. Choose the best option to complete the following sentences:

1. No one else in the class plays the guitar _____ John.
A. as well B. as far as C. so well as D. as soon as
2. The town was nearer _____ we thought it would be.
A. then B. that C. as D. than
3. The economic conditions today are _____ they were in the past.
A. much more good B. much better than
C. much better D. the best than
4. Jane is not _____ her brother.
A. more intelligent as B. intelligent as
C. so intelligent as D. so intelligent that
5. He drives as _____ his father does.
A. careful as B. more carefully C. the most careful D. carefully as
6. I'll be there _____ I can.
A. sooner as B. no sooner as C. as soon as D. soonest as
7. Mr. Lam cannot earn _____ his wife.

- A. as many money as B. as much money as
C. as many money than D. as much money than
8. I like English_____French.
A. than B. more C. less D. better than
9. My car is _____yours.
A. more fast and economical than B. more fast and more economical than
C. faster and economical as D. faster and more economical than
10. Of the two sisters, Linda_____.
A. is beautiful B. the most beautiful
C. is more beautiful D. is so beautiful as
11. The lab is_____from the bus stop than the library.
A. far B. farther C. furthur D. B and C
12. _____me to Bo Ly Pagoda with you?
A. Do you take B. Are you take C. You take D. Will you take
13. _____nice the weather is!
A. What B. How C. Which D. Who
14. This book_____to me. It's his.
A. is not belonged B. belongs not C. not belongs D. doesn't belong
15. You had better_____if you want to catch the bus.
A. to run B. running C. run D. ran.
16. Father likes swimming and_____we.
A. so do B. so did C. so can D. nor do
17. When we are free, we always help our Mum_____the housework.
A. for B. about C. doing D. with
18. Mai is_____thanher sister.
A. pretty B. prettier C. prettiest D. more prettier.
19. "How about_____me a hand?" - "Sure, I'd be glad to help".
A. giving B. give C. to give D. you giving
20. I don't feel very_____. I think I'll have to see the doctor.
A. well B. healthy C. good D. strong

IV. Supply the correct comparative form of adjective in brackets

Ex: He is (intelligent) more intelligent than his brother

- I have never had a (delicious)_____ meal than that.
- This shirt is too small. I need a (large)_____size.
- It's (cheap)_____to go by car than to go by train.
- A new house is (expensive)_____than an old one.
- His job is (important) _____ than mine.
- Nobody is (happy)_____than Miss. Snow.
- John is much (strong) _____than I thought.
- Benches are (comfortable)_____than arm-chairs.
- Bill is (good)_____than you thought.
- Sam's conduct is (bad)_____than Paul's.

V. Complete the following questions with the comparative form of the adjectives in brackets.

- Which river is_____, the Red River or the Mekong River?

- (long)
2. Which city is _____, London or Rome? (old)
 3. Which city is _____, New York or Paris? (big)
 4. Which mountain is _____, Mount Everest or Mount Fuji? (high)
 5. Which language is _____, Chinese or English? (difficult)
 6. Which animals are _____, cats or horse? (fast)
 7. Which month in Vietnam is _____, October or December? (cold)
 8. Which animals are _____, dogs or dolphins? (intelligent)

VI. Read the passage carefully then answer the questions below.

Hi, my name is Linh. I'm eleven years old. I'm a student. I get up at half past five. I take a shower and get dressed. I have my breakfast, then I leave the house at half past six. The school is near my house, so I walk. Classes start at seven and end at half past eleven. I walk home and have lunch at twelve o'clock.

Questions:

1. How old is Linh?

.....

2. What does he do?

.....

3. Does he get up at five thirty?

.....

4. What time does he go to school?

.....

5. Does he go to school by bike?

.....

6. Do classes start at seven?

.....

7. What time do classes end?

.....

VII. Read the passage carefully.

A new shopping mall is opening in Nam's neighborhood today. It is very different from the present shopping area. All the shops are under one roof. That will be very convenient, especially during the hot and humid summer months. Customers will shop in comfort and won't notice the weather.

Some people in the neighborhood, however, are not happy about the changes. The owners of the small stores on Tran Phu Street think the mall will take their business. Some of the goods in the new stores will be the same as the ones in the small shops, but the stores in the mall will offer a wider selection of products, some at cheaper prices.

The residents and store owners have been concerned about the new mall for a few months. They have organized a community meetine in order to discuss die situation.

1. True or False? Check (✓) the boxes. Then correct the false sentences and write them in your exercise book.

T F

- a) The mall is open six days a week.
- b) There are more than 50 stores in the mall.
- c) Everyone in the neighborhood is pleased about the new mall.
- d) It will be more comfortable to shop in the mall than in the present shopping area.
- e) Some of the stores on Tran Phu Street may have to close.

2. Answer.

- a) What is special about the new shopping mall?
->.....
- b) What facilities are available in the shopping mall?
->.....
- c) What do the small store owners think about the new shopping mall?
->.....
- d) What kinds of goods will the stores in the mall offer?
->.....

VIII. Write the comparative sentence using the clue.

Ex: My house/ small/ her house

->My house is smaller than her house.

1. Lan/ tall/ Hoa
2. _____
This book/ thick/ that book
3. _____
The chair/ short/ the table
4. _____
These boxes/ big/ those boxes
5. _____
Miss Trang/ young/ her sister
6. _____
These buildings/ high/ those buildings
7. _____
The boys/ strong/ the girls
8. _____
I/ old/ my brother

IX. Make question with How and write the answer using suggestion.

Ex: Hoa/ go/ the museum// bike

-How does Hoa go to the museum?

->She goes to the museum by bike.

1. Nam/ go/ the post office// bike
2. _____
Nga and lan/ go school//school bus
3. _____
your father/ travel/ Ha Noi// plane

4. the children/ go/ the zoo// bus
5. you and your friends/ go/ the stadium// foot
6. Mrs. Lien/ go/ the market// motorbike

TEST 6

I. Choose the word whose underlined part pronounced is differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. A. <u>f</u> inger | B. <u>l</u> ip | C. <u>l</u> ight | D. <u>th</u> in |
| 2. A. <u>ea</u> n | B. <u>pea</u> | C. <u>mea</u> t | D. <u>hea</u> vy |
| 3. A. <u>de</u> sert | B. <u>me</u> ter | C. <u>te</u> nt | D. <u>ne</u> ver |
| 4. A. <u>do</u> zen | B. <u>bo</u> x | C. <u>bo</u> ttle | D. <u>bo</u> dy |
| 5. A. <u>f</u> arm | B. <u>ba</u> r | C. <u>ta</u> ll | D. <u>ca</u> r |

II. Circle the odd one out.

- | | | | |
|--------------|------------|--------------|----------|
| 1. A. sit | B. book | C. open | D. close |
| 2. A. live | B. open | C. twelve | D. come |
| 3. A. pencil | B. teacher | C. eraser | D. pen |
| 4. A. where | B. what | C. this | D. how |
| 5. A. desk | B. table | C. classroom | D. board |

III. Choose the best answer

1. Sarah is _____ at chemistry than Susan.
A. good B. well C. better D. best
2. I don't work so hard _____ my father.
A. so B. as C. than D. more
3. Sam is the _____ student in my class.
A. tall B. most tall C. taller D. tallest
4. No one in my class is _____ beautiful _____ her.
A. as/as B. more/as C. as/than D. the/more
5. Going by train isn't _____ convenient as going by car.
A. so B. as C. more D. A & B are correct.
6. The test is not _____ difficult _____ it was last month.
A. as / as B. so / as C. more / as D. A & B are correct.
7. Peter usually drives _____ Mary
A. more fast B. fast than C. faster than D. B & C are correct.
8. She cooked _____ than you.
A. well B. more good C. better D. more well
9. This film is _____ interesting than that film.
A. most B. less C. as D. so
10. My salary is _____ his salary.
A. high B. more high C. higher than D. more higher than
11. He works _____ we do.

- A. harder B. as hard as C. harder D. so hard as
12. No one in this class is_____Jimmy.
A. so tall as B. tall than C. the tallest D. more tall than
13. Apples are usually_____oranges.
A. cheap than B. more cheap C. the cheapest D. cheaper than
14. I know him_____than you do.
A. better B. more well C. good D. the best
15. Marie is not _____intelligent _____her sister.
A. more/as B. so/so C. so/as D. the/of
16. The Sears Tower is_____building in Chicago.
A. taller B. the more tall C. the tallest D. taller and taller
17. Your bike is 3times _____
A. As fastly as mine B. As fast as me C. As fast as mine D. Faster than mine
18. The fatter I become, the... .. I run.
A. quicker B. more slowly C. slower D. more fast
19. he learns English... .. than we do.
A. badly B. badlier C. more badly D. worse
20. Their house is... .. beautiful than mine
A. as B. more C. much D. so

VI. True or False. Tick the correct box.

1. You must close the door before going out.
2. You mustn't do your homework.
3. You mustn't obey your parents.
4. You must go to school on time.
5. You must walk on the glass.
6. You mustn't shout at me.
7. You must brush your teeth before going to bed.
8. You mustn't eat fruit and vegetables.

True False

VI. Complete the sentences with must or mustn't

1. You... ..help your mother with the heavy box.
2. It's very cold. You... ..go out.
3. You... ..look after the house when your parents are away.
4. You... ..wash your face in the morning.
5. You... ..take your umbrella because it's raining.
6. You... ..drink that milk, it's very hot.
7. You... ..make noise in the class.
8. It's dangerous, you... ..touch that wire.
9. You... ..be rude to your teacher.
10. In the class, you... ..study hard.

VI. Give the correct form of superlative.

- VI. Choose the word (A, B, C, or D) that best fits each of the blank spaces.**

1. A. noisy	B. noisily	C. quiet	D. quietly
2. A. much	B. many	C. more	D. a lot of
3. A. not	B. nothing	C. none	D. no
4. A. Has	B. Having	C. There is	D. There are
5. A. little	B. less	C. many	D. lots of
6. A. to live	B. living	C. to living	D. a & b

My neighborhood is very convenient - it's near the shopping center and the bus station. It is also safe. But those are the only good things about living downtown. It is very noisy - the streets are always full of people! The traffic is terrible, and parking is a big problem! I can never park on my own street. I'd like to live in the suburbs.

1. What does the word ‘convenient’ in line 1 mean?
A. close to something
B. beautiful
C. far from other places
D. noisy
2. What does the word ‘it’ in line 2 refer to?

- A. the author's neighborhood
C. bus station
3. It's easy to _____.
A. find a place to park
C. move to another place
4. The author _____.
A. likes to live in the suburbs
B. thinks that his/ her neighborhood is too quiet
C. thinks that living in the suburbs is very convenient
D. feels that his/her neighborhood is not safe
5. Which of the following is true?
A. The author's neighborhood is inconvenient.
B. The author doesn't want to move to anywhere.
C. It's too difficult for the author to find a place to park his/her car.
D. Living downtown is better than living in the suburbs.

IX. Choose the word (A, B, C, or D) that best fits each of the blank spaces.

James: Excuse (1)____, I'm your new (2)____, Jack. I just moved in.

Mrs. Jones: Oh. Yes?

James: I m looking for a grocery store. Are there (3)____ around here?

Mrs. Jones: Yes, there are some (4)____ Pine Street.

James: OK. And is there a Laundromat near here?

Mrs. Jones: Well, I think there's one across from the shopping center.

James: (5) _____

Mrs. Jones: By the way, there's a barber shop in the shopping center, (6) _____

James: A barber shop?

Laundromat (n) : hiệu giặt tự động barber shop (n) : hiệu cắt tóc

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1. A. I | B. me | C. my | D. myself |
| 2. A. neighbor | B. neighborhood | C. nextdoor | D. newcomer |
| 3. A. any | B. anywhere | C. some | D. somewhere |
| 4. A. of | B. at | C. on | D. beside |
| 5. A. You're welcome. | B. Thank you. | C. Excuse me. | D. Never mind. |
| 6. A. neither | B. either | C. too | D. b & c |

X. Use the structure "What + (a/ an) + adj + noun!" to make exclamative sentences.

Ex: - The girl is very beautiful. → What a beautiful girl.

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------|
| 1. The weather is very awful. | → | _____ |
| 2. The meal is very delicious. | → | _____ |
| 3. The boy is very clever. | → | _____ |
| 4. The picture are very colorful. | → | _____ |
| 5. The dress is very expensive. | → | _____ |
| 6. The milk is sour. | → | _____ |

IX. Give the correct form of comparison.

0. He is (intelligent) student I have ever met.
→ *He is **the most intelligent** student I have ever met*
1. It's (difficult) decision I've ever made in years.
→
2. Mr. Bush is (delightful) person I have ever known.
→
3. Dick is (careful) of the three workers.
→
4. Peter is (tall) student in my class.
→
5. What's (good) film you have ever seen?
→
6. She is (old) child in the family.
→
7. He is (intelligent) student in my class.
→
8. Of the two sisters, Linda is (beautiful).
→
9. It is (interesting) book I have ever read.
→
10. This is (big) house I have ever seen.
→

TEST 7

I. Choose the word whose underlined part pronounced is differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. <u>br</u> ead | B. <u>co</u> ffee | C. <u>me</u> at | D. <u>tea</u> |
| 2. A. <u>ba</u> th | B. <u>ba</u> the | C. <u>gr</u> eat | D. <u>ma</u> ke |
| 3. A. <u>le</u> ave | B. <u>re</u> ad | C. <u>re</u> ady | D. <u>we</u> ek |
| 4. A. <u>hun</u> gry | B. <u>pup</u> il | C. <u>Sun</u> day | D. <u>up</u> |
| 5. A. <u>bu</u> t | B. <u>co</u> me | C. <u>so</u> | D. <u>mu</u> ch |

II. Choose the word that is different from the rest in each group. (5p) -by circling A, B, C or D

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|
| 1. A. ill | B. sick | C. sad | D. unwell |
| 2. A. doctor | B. nurse | C. dentist | D. teacher |
| 3. A. tablet | B. chocolate | C. medicine | D. pill |
| 4. A. virus | B. flu | C. headache | D. stomachache |
| 5. A. coughing | B. sneezing | C. disease | D. runny nose |

III. Choose the best answer.

1. Hoa doesn't have. friends in Ha Noi.
A. much B. lots C. a lot D. any
2. How..... is it from your house to school?
A. often B. many C. far D. distance
3. How old will you. on your next birthday?
A. be B. are C. am D. is
4. What..... lovely living room !
A. a B. an C. the D. -

5. The apartment at number 79 isof the 3 ones.
 A. good B. the best C. best D. better
6. American students take part different activities at recess.
 A. at B. on C. to D. in
7. do you study in the library after school? ~ Once a week.
 A. How often B. How far C. How many D. How long
8. Many young people enjoycommunity service.
 A. do B. to do C. doing D. does
9. ____is your telephone number?
 A. When B. Which C. What D. How
10. Her birthday is ____Friday, August 20th.
 A. at B. on C. in D. of
11. ____you have a test tomorrow morning?
 A. Will B. Do C. Are D. does
12. She will have a party ____her birthday.
 A. for B. on C. in D. to
13. What's your ____?
 A. birthday B. day of birth C. date of birth D. birth of day
14. Will he be free? - ____
 A. No, he won't B. No, he doesn't C. No, he isn't D. No, he will
15. We will ____our old friends next Sunday.
 A. to meet B. meet C. meeting D. meets
16. ____you like a cup of tea?
 A. Would B. Will C. What D. does
17. He looks different ____his father.
 A. at B. with C. from D. to
18. Students have two ____each day.
 A. 20 – minutes breaks C. 20 – minute breaks
 B. 20 – minute break D. 20 minutes break
19. The United States' Library of Congress is one of the ____libraries in the world.
 A. larger B. largest C. larger than D. large
20. ____novels are very interesting.
 A. These B. This C. That D. It

IV. Use "should + verb" to make the sentences.

Ex: I have a stomachache. (go to the doctor)

→ You should go to the doctor.

1. I feel very tired. (take a short rest)

2. Hoa has a bad cold. (stay in bed)

3. Minh's room is very dirty. (clean it every day)

4. We'll have an English test tomorrow. (learn your lessons carefully)

5. Nga has a headache. (take an aspirin)

-
6. My teeth aren't strong and white. (brush them regularly)
-

V. Give the correct form of the verbs.

1. They _____ (do) it for you tomorrow.
2. My father _____ (call) you in 5 minutes.
3. We believe that she _____ (recover) from her illness soon.
4. I promise I _____ (return) school on time.
5. If it rains, he _____ (stay) at home.
6. You _____ (take) me to the zoo this weekend?
7. I think he _____ (not come) back his hometown.

VI. Using "should" or "shouldn't" to make the correct sentences.

- Ex: - You shouldn't study (You/study) so hard. Have a holiday.
- I enjoyed that play. We should go (We/go) to the theatre more often.

1. _____ (You/park) here. It's not allowed.
2. What _____ (I/cook) for breakfast this morning?
3. _____ (You/wear) a raincoat. It's raining outside.
4. _____ (You/smoke). It's bad for you.
5. _____ (We/arrive) at the airport two hours before the flight.
6. _____ (I/send) now or later?
7. Do you think _____ (I/apply) for this post?
8. What do you think _____ (I/write) in this space on the form?
9. _____ (I/eat) any more cake. I've already eaten too much.
10. This food is awful. _____ (We/complain) to the manager.

VII. Fill in the blank with a suitable word.

I think Tet holiday is the (1).....important celebration in Vietnam because it is an occasion for family-reunion, for human love and for better hope. All of (2)..... seem to forget the hatred, bad lucks and then try to be nice (3)others. Everyone is eager to take (4)..... in many special activities, which are expected to bring (5)luck and success in the New Year. Tet is also the time for us to relax and enjoy our special foods, (6)..... family atmosphere (7) a hard-working year.

VIII. Frank is cooking. Give the useful advice using "you should" or "you shouldn't" and notes in the box.

Don't leave the beef in the oven for more than one hour.
Cut the onions as thin as possible.
Use fresh herbs and fresh vegetables.
Don't put in too much salt and chilies.
Wait until the water boils before you put the vegetables into it.
Heat the oven before you put the beef in.
Cut the beef into a lot of equal slices.

1. You shouldn't leave the beef in the oven for more than one hour.
2. _____ the onions as thin as possible.
3. _____ fresh herbs and fresh vegetables.
4. _____ in too much salt and chilies.
5. _____ until the water boils before you put the vegetables into it.
6. _____ the oven before you put the beef in.
7. _____ the beef into a lot of equal slices.

IX. Make the correct sentences using suggestion.

1. She/ hope/ that/ Mary/ come/ party/ tonight.
.....
2. I/ finish/ my report/ 2 days.
.....
3. If/ you/ not/ study/ hard/,/ you/ not/ pass/ final/ exam.
.....
4. You/ look/ tired,/, so/ I/ bring/ you/ something/ eat.
.....
5. you/ please/ give/ me/ lift/ station?
.....

X. Make questions with the underlined words.

1. Our school year starts on September 5th.
2. _____
Summer vacation lasts for three months.
3. _____
The longest vacation is summer vacation.
4. _____
I usually visit my grandparents during my vacation.
5. _____
My mother works eight hours a day.
6. _____
Mr. Robinson is an English teacher.

TEST 1

I.

1. D 2. C 3. A 4. A 5. A 6. A 7. A 8. D 9. D 10. C

II.

1. B. 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. B

III.

1. C 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. D 6. A 7. D 8. A 9. A 10. D
11. B 12. C 13. A 14. C 15. A 16. C 17. B 18. B 19. C 20. D
21. C 22. B 23. A 24. A 25. B

IV.

1. often 2. are speaking 3. watch 4. goes 5. is riding
6. are playing 7. practice 8. Do...like 9. like 10. is taking

V.

1. has 2. Is/ is 3. is 4. is/is
5. has 6. are 7. are 8. are

VI.

1. in 2. On 3. on 4. in 5. On
6. at 7. on 8. in 9. at 10. at

VII.

1. Ho Chi Minh is a beautiful city.
2. There are green fields.
3. It's a friendly dog.
4. Minh is a new student.
5. There's a big television.
6. There are four new cars.
7. There are two big bizza.
8. There are ten small desks.

TEST 2

I.

1. A 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. B
6. C 7. B 8. A 9. C 10. B

II.

1. Who does this book belong to?
2. How much does that pen cost?
3. How much do you weigh?
4. Mrs Hoa is Lam's mother.
5. This house belongs to Mr. Ba.

III.

1. highest 2. smallest 3. youngest 4. quieter 5. Best 6. take, is raining
7. colder and colder 8. will stay 9. writes 10. don't need

IV.

1. have -> has 2. homeworks -> homework 3. Bỏ "a" 4. doesn't -> don't
5. two -> second 6. orange small -> small orange 7. in -> with 8. any -> some
9. much -> many 10. play -> player

V.

1. and 2. can 3. on 4. play 5. There

6. has 7. quarter 8. class 9. comes 10. is

VI.

1. Does your room have a colorful picture.
2. Nobody in the class is as good as Peter.
3. Why don't we have a picnic in the park on the weekend?
4. My house is not far from the supermarket.
5. What is the price of these red notebooks?
6. Many people travel to work for their health.

VII.

1. John always feels happy when he comes home.
2. Will the party start at seven?
3. She buys some food and drink for the party.
4. She is standing to the right of the house now.
5. That apartment is the most suitable for their family.

VIII.

1. What time does Nga get up in the morning?
2. You can play games in the afternoon but you must do homework in the evening.
3. Does Lan walk or ride her bike to school?
4. When it is hot, we often go swimming.
5. What is there in front of your house?
6. If you don't feel well, you should see the doctor.
7. What color are your baby's eyes?
8. Hoa learns languages badly.

IX.

1. careful 2. activities 3. ninth 4. physical 5. better
6. interesting 7. employees 8. twentieth 9. teacher 10. once

TEST 3

I.

1. D 2. B 3. B 4. D 5. D

II.

1. D 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. A

III.

- | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. A | 2. B | 3. B | 4. B | 5. B |
| 6. C | 7. B | 8. A | 9. D | 10. A |
| 11. C | 12. A | 13. B | 14. D | 15. C |
| 16. D | 17. B | 18. B | 19. A | 20. B |

IV.

- | | | | |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1. There are | 2. There are | 3. There are | 4. There are |
| 5. There is | 6. There are | 7. There is | 8. There are |
| 9. There is | 10. There are | | |

V.

- | | | | | |
|-------|---------------|-------|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. on | 2. from....to | 3. on | 4. at | 5. In |
| 6. on | 7. at...in | 8. in | 9. behind | 10. in front of |

VI.

- | | | | | |
|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| 1. are | 2. Do | 3. do | 4. where | 5. Are |
|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|

6. aren't 7. do 8. isn't 9. are 10. does

VII.

1. No, she doesn't
2. There are many flowers in front of her house.
3. Yes, there is.
4. He is a worker.
5. He travels to work by motorbike.
6. He works in his factory from Monday to Friday.

VIII.

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|-------|
| 1. B | 2. A | 3. C | 4. D | 5. D |
| 6. C | 7. C | 8. D | 9. A | 10. C |

IX.

1. There is a book on the table.
2. There are some shoes under the chair.
3. There isn't a TV in his room.
4. There aren't any pens on my desk.
5. There is a boy behind that tree.
6. There are some girls in front of the house.
7. There isn't a telephone in her office.
8. There aren't any chairs downstairs.

X.

1. Minh lives in a house near a lake.
2. There is a big yard in front of our school.
3. Are there many flowers to the right of the museum?
4. What is there next to the photocopy store?
5. My father works in a hospital in the city.
6. How many people are there in Linh's family?
7. My friend doesn't live with his family in Ha Noi.
8. Hoa gets up at six o'clock and brushes her teeth.
9. Our class is on the first floor.
10. There are six rooms in Minh's house.

TEST 4

I.

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1. B | 2. C | 3. A | 4. C | 5. A |
|------|------|------|------|------|

II

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1. A | 2. B | 3. B | 4. B | 5. C |
|------|------|------|------|------|

III.

- | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. D | 2. C | 3. A | 4. D | 5. A |
| 6. D | 7. A | 8. C | 9. D | 10. A |
| 11. D | 12. B | 13. C | 14. C | 15. B |
| 16. A | 17. C | 18. D | 19. A | 20. B |

IV

- | | | | |
|--------|--------|--------|-----------|
| 1. is | 2. are | 3. has | 4. is |
| 5. has | 6. are | 7. is | 8. is/ is |

V.

- | | | | |
|---------------|---------|--------------------|-----------------|
| 1. is running | 2. buys | 3. aren't drinking | 4. are climbing |
|---------------|---------|--------------------|-----------------|

5. is crying 6. Wear 7. are you doing 8. Eat
9. sets 10. aren't going

VI.

1. talkative 2. friendly 3. kind 4. boring
5. creative 6. funny 7. shy 8. hard-working
9. confident 10. clever

VII.

1. are 2. is wearing 3. standing 4. are drinking
5. are dancing 6. Are sitting 7. enjoying 8. chatting
9. go 10. dress 11. Travel 12. make

VIII.

A. Choose True (T) or False (F)

1	2	3	4
T	F	F	T

B. Answer the questions

1. She is in grade 6.
2. She gets up at six o'clock.
3. Yes, it is.
4. Her classroom is on the second floor

IX.

1. There are 4 people.
2. Their house is next to a bookstore.
3. Her classes start from six forty-five to eleven.
4. I often go to school at six fifteen every day.

X.

1. There are forty-two classrooms in our school.
2. My house is to the right of the bakery.
3. Mr Minh is Trung's father.
4. Trang is going to school by bike.
5. Huyen goes to school on foot every afternoon.
6. Are there forty students in your class?
7. That is Trung's motorbike.
8. Does your father get to work by bike?
9. He goes to work at a quarter past seven.
10. This exercise is too difficult for him to do.

XI.

1. He often has breakfast late.
2. Are you doing the housework at the moment?
3. I do not go to school on weekends. | I don't go to school on weekends.
4. John's girlfriend is wearing a red T-shirt now.
5. Do they like beer or wine?
6. What does he usually do at night?
7. The teacher never loses his temper.
8. Why are you listening to music loudly now?

I.

1. D 2. B 3. C 4. D 5. C

II.

1. B 2. C 3. D 4. A 5. B

III.

1. C 2. D 3. B 4. C 5. D
 6. C 7. B 8. A 9. D 10. C
 11. B 12. D 13. B 14. D 15. C
 16. A 17. D 18. B 19. A 20. A

IV.

1. more delicious 2. larger
 3. cheaper 4. more expensive
 5. more important 6. happier
 7. stronger 8. more comfortable
 9. better 10. worse

V.

1. longer 2. older 3. bigger 4. higher
 5. more difficult 6. faster 7. colder 8. more intelligent

VI.

1. She is eleven years old.
 2. She is a student.
 3. No, she doesn't.
 4. She goes to school at half past six.
 5. No, she doesn't.
 6. Yes, it does.
 7. Classes end at half past eleven.

VII.**1.**

	T	F
a. The mall is open six days a week. -> The mall is open seven days a week.		(✓)
b. There are more than 50 stores in the mall. -> There are 50 stores in the mall.		(✓)
c. Everyone in the neighborhood is pleased about the new mall. -> Not everyone is pleased with the mall.		(✓)
d. It will be more comfortable to shop in the mall than in the present shopping area.	(✓)	
e. Some of the stores on Tran Phu Street may have to close.	(✓)	

2.

- a. All the shops are under one roof.

- b. The facilities such as air-conditioners, movie theatres, restaurants and children's play area are available in the shopping mall.
- c. They think that the new shopping mall will take their business.
- d. The stores in the mall offer a wider selection of products, some of which are sold at cheaper prices.

VIII.

1. Lan is taller than Hoa.
2. This book is thicker than that book.
3. The chair is shorter than the table.
4. These boxes are bigger than those boxes.
5. Miss Trang is younger than her sister.
6. These buildings are higher than those buildings.
7. The boys are stronger than the girls.
8. I am older than my brother.

IX.

1. How does Nam go to the post office?
→ He goes to the post office by bike.
2. How do Nga and Lan go to school?
→ They go to school by bus.
3. How do your father travel to Ha Noi?
→ He travels to Ha Noi by plane.
4. How do the children go to the zoo?
→ They go to the zoo by bus.
5. How do you and your friends go to the stadium?
→ We go to the stadium on foot.
6. How does Mrs. Lien go to the market?
→ She goes to the market by motorbike.

TEST 6

I.

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1. C | 2. D | 3. B | 4. A | 5. C |
|------|------|------|------|------|

II.

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1. B | 2. C | 3. B | 4. C | 5. C |
|------|------|------|------|------|

III.

- | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. C | 2. B | 3. D | 4. A | 5. D |
| 6. D | 7. C | 8. C | 9. B | 10. C |
| 11. B | 12. A | 13. D | 14. A | 15. C |
| 16. C | 17. C | 18. C | 19. D | 20. B |

IV.

- | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|
| 1. T | 2. F | 3. F | 4. T |
| 5. F | 6. T | 7. T | 8. F |

V.

- | | | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|----------|
| 1. must | 2. mustn't | 3. must | 4. must | 5. must |
| 6. mustn't | 7. mustn't | 8. mustn't | 9. mustn't | 10. must |

VI.

1. This is the highest school in London.
2. That was the easiest exercise of the test.
3. This is the most comfortable armchair in this shop.

4. This is the biggest cheese burger of the McDonald's Company.
5. That was the worst conversation I have had.
6. That was the most difficult exercise of the test.
7. He's got the best pen of the class.
8. This is the most indifferent pupil of my class.
9. He is the funniest boy in the world.
10. He is the least young of my class.

VII.

- | | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1. C | 2. B | 3. D | 4. D | 5. B | 6. A |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|

VIII.

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1. A | 2. A | 3. D | 4. A | 5. A |
|------|------|------|------|------|

IX.

- | | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1. B | 2. B | 3. A | 4. C | 5. B | 6. D |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|

X.

1. What a nice girl!
2. What a dirty room!
3. What intelligent boys!
4. What a lovely garden!
5. What an old house!
6. What naughty children!

XI.

1. It's the most difficult decision I've ever made in years.
2. Mr. Bush is the most delightful person I've ever known.
3. Dich is the most careful of the three workers.
4. Peter is the tallest student in my class.
5. What's the best film you have ever seen?
6. She is the oldest child in the family.
7. He is the most intelligent student in my class.
8. Of the two sisters, Linda is the most beautiful.
9. It's the most interesting book I have ever read.
10. This is the biggest house I have ever seen.

TEST 7

I.

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1. A | 2. A | 3. C | 4. B | 5. C |
|------|------|------|------|------|

II.

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1. C | 2. D | 3. B | 4. A | 5. C |
|------|------|------|------|------|

III.

- | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. D | 2. C | 3. A | 4. A | 5. B |
| 6. D | 7. A | 8. C | 9. C | 10. B |
| 11. A | 12. B | 13. C | 14. A | 15. B |
| 16. A | 17. B | 18. C | 19. B | 20. A |

IV.

1. You should take a short rest.
2. She should stay in bed.
3. He should clean it every day.
4. You should learn your lessons carefully.

5. She should take an aspirin.

6. You should brush them regularly.

V.

- | | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| 1. will do | 2. will call |
| 3. will recover | 4. will return |
| 5. will stay | 6. Will you take |
| 7. won't come | |

VI.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 1. shouldn't park | 2. should I cook | 3. should wear | 4. shouldn't smoke |
| 5. should arrive | 6. should I send | 7. should apply | 8. Should write |
| 9. shouldn't eat | 10. should complaint | | |

VII.

- | | | | | | | |
|---------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| 1. most | 2. us | 3. with | 4. part | 5. good | 6. warm | 7. after |
|---------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|

VIII.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| 1. shouldn't leave | 2. should cut | 3. should use | 4. shouldn't put |
| 5. should wait | 6. should heat | 7. should cut | |

IX.

1. She hopes that Mary will come to the party tonight.
2. I will finish my report in two days.
3. If you don't study hard, you won't pass the final exam.
4. You look tired, so I will bring you something to eat.
5. Will you please give me a lift to the station?

X.

1. When does your school year start?
2. How long does summer vacation last?
3. Which vacation is the longest?
4. What do you do during your vacation?
5. How many hours a day does your mother work?
6. What does Mr. Robinson do?

ĐỀ ÔN HỌC KÌ 1

TIẾNG ANH 7

A. PHONETICS

I. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

- | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|--------------|------------|
| 1. A. prefer | B. better | C. teacher | D. worker |
| 2. A. bear | B. hear | C. dear | D. near |
| 3. A. collect | B. concern | C. concert | D. combine |
| 4. A. absent | B. government | C. dependent | D. enjoy |
| 5. A. future | B. return | C. picture | D. culture |

II. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| 1. A. bird | B. girl | C. first | D. sister |
| 2. A. burn | B. sun | C. hurt | D. turn |
| 3. A. nurse | B. picture | C. surf | D. return |
| 4. A. neighbor | B. favorite | C. culture | D. tourist |
| 5. A. hobby | B. hour | C. hotel | D. hot |

III. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. A. collection | B. tradition | C. exhibition | D. question |
| 2. A. usually | B. leisure | C. version | D. composer |
| 3. A. closure | B. leisure | C. pleasure | D. sure |
| 4. A. essential | B. traditional | C. picture | D. audition |
| 5. A. discussion | B. vision | C. treasure | D. decision |
| 6. A. painter | B. prefer | C. concert | D. perform |
| 7. A. music | B. so | C. saxophone | D. expensive |
| 8. A. actor | B. guitarist | C. attract | D. gallery |
| 9. A. hard | B. talent | C. happy | D. Similarity |
| 10. A. musical | B. delicious | C. special | D. physician |

B. GRAMMAR

I. TENSES

Exercise 1: Put the verbs in the brackets into correct tense or form:

1. Keep silent, please. Our teacher (explain) _____ the lesson.
2. We (be) _____ students for four years.
3. I will send him the message as soon as he (return) _____
4. Thanks for (invite) _____ me to the birthday party.
5. Peter couldn't read until he (be) _____ eight years old.
6. What _____ your father usually _____ (do) in the evenings?
7. I can (see) _____ the children. They (play) _____ in the yard.
8. Would you like (listen) _____ to music?
9. No, thanks. I like (read) _____ books.
10. Don't worry. I (give) _____ him your message when I (see) _____ him.
11. You (think) _____ collecting stamps costs much money?
12. My father thinks mountain climbing (be) _____ more dangerous than skating.
13. Every year, my mother (give) _____ me a nice doll on my birthday.
14. My brother (not like) _____ collecting stamps, he likes collecting glass bottles.
15. My sister likes (cook) _____ very much. She can cook many good foods.

Exercise 2: Put the verbs in the brackets into correct tense or form:

16. Does your brother like (listen) _____ to music in his free time?
17. I think in the future, more people (enjoy) _____ going out by bicycles.
18. My father says when he's retired, he (go) _____ back to his village to do the gardening.
19. We are planting trees around our school now. Our school (be) _____ surrounded by a lot of green trees.

20. Lan says she loves collecting pens but she (not/continue) _____ this hobby from next year.
21. When I was a child, I used (dream) _____ of being an astronaut.
22. I'm terribly nervous. I'm not used (speak) _____ to a large audience.
23. It took us ages to get used (live) _____ in an apartment house.
24. Lots of trains used (stop) _____ here, but not many do now.
25. Didn't Nick use (work) _____ on a building site?
26. She may be late if she (not hurry) _____.
27. If you are kind to me, I (be) _____ good to you.
28. If he (give) _____ up smoking, as his doctor orders, he will be soon well again.
29. You (not pass) _____ your driving test unless you drive more carefully.
30. He'll be ill if he (not stop) _____ worrying so much.

II. Too, So, Neither, Either.

Exercise 1: Fill in the gaps with "so, too, either, neither"

1. He is planting some trees, and I am,
2. She speaks English fluently, and does Lien.
3. He can't write letters in English, andcan his younger brother.
4. I'm not hungry and you aren't,
5. Mr.Nam doesn't like to eat fish anddoes his wife.
6. He likes pineapples anddo I.
7. You can do this exercise well and I can,
8. They don't drink wine and we don't

Exercise 2: Combine into sentence, using "so, too, either, neither"

1. We won't stay here. They won't stay here.
.....
2. She is studying her lesson. I am studying my lesson.
.....
3. He can't swim. His sister can't swim.
.....
4. My son likes to drink milk. I like to drink milk.
.....
5. She doesn't like candy. He doesn't like candy.
.....
6. You should brush your teeth after meals. They should brush their teeth after meals.
.....

Exercise 3: Combine into sentence, using "so, too, either, neither"

1. My dog never barks, and (YOUR DOGS)

2. You have to take a bath right away, and (SHE)

3. She's like to join in the army, and (HE)

4. We'd rather go to school on time, and (TOM)

5. Every thing is not OK, and (THIS PROBLEM)

6. Nothing can prevent him from going there, and (YOU)

7. Everyone knows him, and (I)

8. Nobody knew why he was absent, and (I)

9. The workers must be working very hard, and (YOU)

10. You'd have come, and (I)

III. ADVERB CLAUSES OF RESULT AND PURPOSE

1. ADVERB CLAUSES OF RESULTS

Là mệnh đề trạng ngữ chỉ kết quả bắt đầu các liên từ: **so (vì vậy), so ... that (quá ... đến nỗi)**

S +V+ SO + S + V

E.g.: He works hard, so he earns a lot of money.

Cậu ấy làm việc chăm vì vậy cậu ấy kiếm nhiều tiền.

S +V+ SO + ADJ/ ADV THAT + S + V

E.g.: He is so sleepy that he cannot watch T.V.

Cậu ấy quá buồn ngủ đến nỗi cậu ấy không thể xem T.V.

2. ADVERB CLAUSES OF PURPOSE:

Là mệnh đề trạng ngữ chỉ mục đích bắt đầu các liên từ: **so that, in order that (để mà)**

S +V+ SO THAT + S + (can/ could/will/ would/ may/ might) + V₁

E.g.:He works hard so that he can have enough money to buy a new house.

Cậu ấy làm vi chăm để có thể có đủ tiền mua nhà mới.

Exercise 1: Join two sentences into one using "so, so ... that":

1. Lan and Ba don't have a tent. They never go camping

.....

2. I have to stay at home. I can finish all my exercises.

.....

3. Tan is very slow. He is late for school.

.....

4. The weather is fine. We have a picnic on the mountain.

.....

5. I don't have a bike. I walk.

.....

6. Nhan is tired. He can't fly his kites.

.....

7. The book is very interesting. I read it twice.

.....

8. Jane looks sick. The nurse tells her to go back home to rest.

.....

9. The lesson is very difficult. No one can understand it.

.....

10. The work is very hard. I can't finish it on time.

.....

Exercise 2: Join two sentences into one, use SO THAT/ IN ORDER THAT:

1. The boy stands on the benches. He wants to see the view better.

→The boy stands on the benches so that he can see the view better.

2. I'll write to you. I want you to know my decision.

3. The man speaks loudly. He wants every one to hear him clearly.

4. You should walk slowly. Your sister can follow you.

5. John gets up early. he doesn't want to be late for the class.

6. I wish to have enough money. I want to buy a new house.

7. She needs a job. She wants to support her old parents.

8. She puts on her warm clothes. She doesn't want to catch cold.

9. It was so dark. I couldn't see anything.

III. GENERAL STRUCTURES

A. Structures	Examples
I. V-bare	
1. S + used to/ would rather/ had better/can ...+ V _o .	He'd <i>rather stay</i> at home than go out.
2. S + keep/ make/ let/ have + O + V _o . (active)	Tom <i>has</i> his father <i>fix</i> the ball for him.
3. S + see/ hear/ notice/ watch + O + V _o .	I <i>saw</i> the girl <i>sing</i> a song.
II. To-V	
4. S+ V+ adj/ adv + enough + (for O) + to V Ai đủ làm gì / (Điều gì) đủ cho ai để làm gì.	Tom isn't old enough to go to school. Tom không đủ tuổi để đi học.
5. S+ V+ too +adj / adv + (for O) + to V Ai quá làm gì / (Điều gì) quá ... cho ai để làm gì.	The test is too difficult for the pupils to finish in time. Bài KTra thì quá khó đối với HS để làm đúng giờ.
6. It takes/ took + O + time + to V Ai mất bao nhiêu thời gian để làm gì.	It has taken me 3 hours to copy this document. Tôi đã mất 3 giờ để chép xong tài liệu này.
7. a. S / It (be) + adj + (of/ for O) + to V Thật là như thế nào đối với ai để làm gì. b. It's very kind/ nice/ polite/ good of+ O + to V Ai thật là như thế nào đối với ai khi làm gì.	It's interesting/ easy/ difficult/ easy for me to join. Thật là thú vị/d ễ/ khó đối với tôi để tham gia. It's very kind/ nice/ polite/ good of you to say so Bạn thật là tử tế/ tốt / lịch sự khi nói như vậy
8. S+ know/ understand/ ask...+ O + WH_ + to V Ai biết /hiểu/ yêu cầu....ai cách phải làm / điều phải làm / làm gì ở đâu/ khi nào thực hiện.	They explain us what to do. Họ giải thích cho chúng tôi điều phải làm
9.S+ ask/ tell/ beg/ advice/ request/ would like + O + to V Ai yêu cầu/ bảo/ cầu xin/ yêu cầu / thíchai.. làm gì.	He told me to keep the news secret. Cậu ấy yêu cầu tôi phải giữ tin đó bí mật.
10.S+ ask/ want/ hope/ decide/ intend/ plan/ refuse.. + to V Ai yêu cầu/ muốn/ hy vọng/ quyết định / dự định/ lập kế	He plans to attend this club. Cậu ấy có kế hoạch tham gia câu lạc bộ này.

hoạch/ từ chối ... làm gì.	
III. V-ing	
11. S+ enjoy/ mind/ spend/ practice/ avoid/ keep/ like/ suggest/ finish/ stop/ hate/ dislike/ + V_{ing} Ai thích/ phiền/ trải qua/ thực hành/ tránh/ giữ/ thích/ đề nghị/ hoàn thành/ ghét/ không thích.... làm gì.	I enjoy singing very much. Tôi thích hát rất nhiều. He doesn't mind opening the door. Cậu ấy không phiền mở cửa ra.
12. S + be(get) used to/ look forward to/ be worth/ have difficulty/ waste time/ (be) no use/ busy + V_{ing} Ai quen với việc/ mong chờ/ xứng đáng/ gặp khó khăn/ lãng phí thời gian / vô ích/ bận việc... làm gì.	I am used to getting up early. Tôi quen với việc thức dậy sớm. My mother busy cooking in the kitchen. Mẹ tôi đang bận nấu ăn trong nhà bếp.

Exercise 1: Choose and underline the best answers:

1. He is not (enough old to/ old enough to/ enough old for/ old enough for) get married.
2. Would you like (to leave/ leave/ leaving/ left) a message?
3. I used to (watch - watching - watches – watched) that film when I was ten.
4. The weather is warm enough for us (going out- to go out- go out- goes out)
5. They always help their mother (do –to do - doing – done) the house work.
6. You should (wash – to wash – washing – washed) your hands before meals. .
7. Would you like (saw – to see – seeing – see) a movie?
8. What about (have – to have – having – had) fruits?
9. You ought (wash – to wash – washing – washed) your hands before meals.
10. The test is too difficult for the pupils (finishing- finish – finished- to finish) in time.
11. It has taken me 3 hours (to copy- copy – copying- copied) this document.
12. It's interesting/ possible/ difficult/ easy for us (to join – joins – join – joining).
13. It's very kind/ nice/ polite/ good of you (to say- say – saying – said) so.
14. She is said (to have – has – having – have) a computer.
15. They explain us how (to get – get- getting – got) to the market.
16. He told me (to keep – keep – kept – keeping) the news secret.
17. I enjoy (singing –sing – sang – to sing) very much.
18. I am used to (getting – get – to get – got) up early.
19. Would/Do you mind (open – to open – opening – opened) the door?
20. After (come – came – to come – coming) home, tom reads the morning newspaper.
21. He'd rather (stay - to stay – staying – stayed) at home than go out.
22. I look forward to (see – seeing – saw – seen) your reply.
23. We go to school in order (to prepare – prepared – preparing – prepare) our future.
24. He refused (go/ to go/ going/goes) to the dentist.
25. We suggest (go – going – to go – went) on a picnic.
26. The sad movie made me (cry – to cry – crying – cried).
27. We decided (to stay – stay – staying – stayed) at home because of the heavy rain.

Exercise 2: Complete the form of the verbs in parentheses:

1. They want (buy) some meat.
2. You must (wash) your hands before meals.

3. I am used to (stay) up late.
4. It takes him 2 hours (finish) this exercise.
5. The test is too difficult for the pupils (finish) in time.
6. He asked me (go) with him.
7. They let him (play) here.
8. It's no use (tell) him (tell) the truth.
9. You had better (be) there on time.
10. The man shows us how (get) to the railway station.
11. I used to (visit)..... Nha Trang.
12. Mai is busy (cook) in the kitchen.
13. It's very kind of you (help)me.
14. This film is interesting enough for me (see) it again.
15. Mai isn't old enough (see) horror films.

Exercise 3: Finish the following sentences in such a way that it's as similar in meaning to the original sentences.

1. I love to read books very much.
→ I **enjoy**
2. The children couldn't go swimming because it was very cold.
→ The sea was **too**.....
3. I often went to the cinema at weekends.
→ I **used**.....
4. Peter is **too young** to see the horror film.
→ Peter is **not**
5. I do this exercise in three and a half hours.
→ It **takes**.....
6. To see that film is interesting.
→ It's interesting.....
7. The test is so difficult that the pupils can not finish it in time
→ The test is too

IV. COMPARISONS

A/ Equality (so sánh bằng):

S + V + AS ADJ/ ADV AS + S

B./ Inequality (so sánh không bằng):

S + (NOT V) + AS ADJ/ ADV AS + S

S + V + LESS ADJ/ ADV THAN + S

C/ Comparatives (So sánh hơn):

Tính từ ngắn: S + V + ADJ/ADV- ER + THAN + S2

Tính từ dài: S + V + MORE + ADJ/ ADV + THAN + S2

D/ Superlatives (So sánh nhất):

Tính từ ngắn: S + V + THE ADJ -EST + N + in + Place

Tính từ dài: S + V + THE MOST + ADJ + N + of + people/ things

Note:

- So sánh của các tính từ đặc biệt:

good → better/ the best;

bad → worse/ the worst;

little → less/ the least;

many → more/ the most;

far → farther/ further/

the farthest/ further

- Tính từ phủ định:

good ≠ bad, interesting ≠ boring

easy ≠ difficult, young ≠ old

happy ≠ sad, expensive ≠ cheap

big ≠ small, ...

Exercise 1: Complete the sentences using the correct comparative, superlative form or "as ...as" of the adjectives given.

1. Some people think that Music isn't (important) Maths or Science. I don't agree.
2. The guitar is one of the (popular) instruments among young people.
3. It's (easy) to play an instrument after you've been practising for a while.
4. I play the piano (good) than I play the violin.

5. Guitars aren't (expensive) _____ many other instruments.
6. Saxophones are (heavy) _____ than a lot of instruments.
7. Traditional pianos are (suitable) _____ than keyboards for beginners.
8. Mai is (good) _____ singer in our class.

Exercise 2: Complete the sentences by using *as ... as*; *not ... as*; *different ... from*.

1. Her daughter _____ her. (beautiful)
2. That dog _____ it looks. (not dangerous)
3. Schools in Viet Nam _____ schools in the USA. (different)
4. These trees _____ those. (same)
5. His appearance _____ what I have expected. (different)

Exercise 3: Choose the correct options.

Breaking Records

Avril Lavigne is one of the ¹ *most famous/ more famous* musicians to come from Canada. She became ² *younger/ the youngest* female to go to the top of the UK album charts in January 2013. She was aged 18 years and 106 days.

But Avril wasn't ³ *more young/ as young as* singer Stevie Wonder. He was only 13 years old when he reached the top of the US chart in 1963.

In 1998, Rebel XD beat the record to become ⁴ *faster/ the fastest* rapper. In June 2005, he tried again and was given ⁵ *the quickest/ quicker* than before! He rapped 683 syllables in 54 seconds.

Britney Spears became ⁶ *bigger/ the biggest* selling teenager in December 2001 when her sales reached 37 million records.

Exercise 4: Rewrite these sentences, keeping the original meaning:

1. My house is bigger than your house.
→ Your house is.
2. The black car is cheaper than the red car.
→ The red car
3. This film is more interesting than that one.
→ That film is.
4. My kitchen is smaller than yours.
→ Your kitchen.
5. My grandmother is older than every one in my family.
→ My grandmother is the.
6. No one in my class is as tall as Tam.
→ Tam is the.
7. I can't cook as well as my mother.
→ My mother can cook.
8. He does not play tennis as well as Jack.
→ Jack can.
9. I did not spend as much money as you.
→ You spent.
10. I don't think this book is expensive as it is.
→ This book is.
11. He is the tallest boy in his class.
→ No one in.
12. This is the most interesting film of all.
→ No other films are
13. No cars in the world are more expensive than Japanese ones.
→ Japanese cars
14. This exercise is easier than that one.
→ That exercise is not
15. He drives more carefully than Jack does.
→ Jack

16. No one in the group plays better than he.
→ He can.....
17. No hotel in the city is as comfortable as this.
→ This hotel is the
18. Other oceans in the world aren't as large as the Pacific one.
→ The Pacific Ocean is

C. STRUCTURES AND VOCABULARY

Exercise 1. Give the correct form of the word given to complete sentence.

- | | |
|---|----------------|
| 1. He is a famous..... | (Act) |
| 2. He for his wrongdoings. | (Apology) |
| 3. He plays soccer | (Beauty) |
| 4. This is the biggest.....in the city. | (Build) |
| 5. Bill Gates is a famous | (Busy) |
| 6. Hoa has a fine of stamp. | (Collect) |
| 7. You must the answer you choose. | (Dark) |
| 8. She welcomes us..... | (Deep) |
| 9. There is no between my answer and his. | (Differ) |
| 10. We have a lot of in learning English. | (Difficult) |
| 11. Nam is very..... and heavy. | (Economically) |
| 12. I felt very when I was a member of our school team. | (Excite) |
| 13. There is an..... football match this afternoon. | (Excite) |
| 14. Her smile is very | (Fascinate) |
| 15. He speaks English | (Fluency) |
| 16. We are very proud of our..... | (Friend) |
| 17. He turns out to be the.....student in his class. | (Good) |
| 18. He leads his life | (Happy) |
| 19. If you smoke, it is to you. | (Harm) |
| 20. He does exercise every morning, so he is very..... | (Health) |
| 21. Smoking is bad for your..... | (Healthily) |
| 22. Her parents' makes her very sad. | (Ill) |
| 23. News on TV is very | (Inform) |
| 24. He gets bad grades because of his..... | (Lazily) |
| 25. What is his? | (Nation) |
| 26. Every man loves beauty. | (Nature) |
| 27. She had a lot of for Tet. | (Prepare) |
| 28. He run very..... | (Quick) |
| 29. It is cloudy and toay. | (Rain) |
| 30. We are interested in books. | (Read) |
| 31. Ha Long Bay is one of the of the world. | (Wonderfully) |
| 32. This.....has written many stories for children. | (Write) |
| 33. Water is | (Color) |
| 34. A large number of comes to Nha Trang every year. | (Visit) |

Exercise 2: Choose the correct answer.

1. You can avoid some diseases by _____ yourself clean.
A. keeping B. taking C. looking D. bringing
2. The Japanese eat a lot of fish instead of meat _____ they are more healthy.
A. but B. because C. although D. so
3. Rob eats a lot of fast food and he _____ on a lot of weight

- A. takes B. puts C. spends D. brings
4. We need to spend less time _____ computer games.
A. play B. to play C. playing D. to playing
5. Do more exercise _____ eat more fruit and vegetables.
A. but B. or C. and D. so
6. After working in computers for long hours, you should _____ your eyes and relax.
A. sleep B. sleep in C. wake D. rest
7. Watching too much television is not good _____ you or your eyes.
A. with B. to C. at D. for
8. When you have flu, you may have a cough and a _____ nose.
A. runny B. running C. following D. noisy
9. When you have a temperature, you should drink more water and rest _____.
A. most B. more C. most D. less
10. I forgot to wear a sun hat today and I got a _____.
A. stomachache B. earache C. backache D. headache
11. We should play sports or do exercise in order to stay in _____.
A. look B. shape C. fit D. health
12. Don't eat that type of fish: you may have a/an _____.
A. sick B. sore C. energy D. allergy
13. Do you believe that eating _____ carrots helps you see at night?
A. much more B. less C. most D. the most
14. We should try to keep everything around us clean and then flu it _____ to spread.
A. difficult B. difficulty C. difficultly D. difficulties
15. Be careful with _____ you eat and drink.
A. what B. that C. who D. this
16. Eating a lot of junk food may lead to your _____.
A. obesity B. fitness C. pain D. stomachache
17. We should follow the advice from doctors and health _____ in order to keep fit
A. people B. workers C. managers D. experts
18. Have a healthy _____ and you can enjoy your life.
A. lives B. lifestyle C. lifeline D. lively
19. The health _____ from that diet expert is that you should eat less junk food and count your calories if you are becoming fat.
A. tip B. tips C. advices D. ideas
20. The seafood I ate this morning makes me feel _____ all over.
A. running B. well C. itchy D. weak

Exercise 3: Choose the best one (A, B, C or D) to complete the sentence.

1. They repaired the furniture in our village school and also _____ the houses for elderly people.
A. fixed B. removed C. renewed D. regenerated
2. Care _____ the young and the old is a public responsibility.
A. with B. for C. to D. about
3. They had found ways to _____ funds to support their activities.
A. rise B. collect C. gather D. raise
4. They _____ a lot of flowers in their garden and around their house.
A. place B. plant C. put D. pick down
5. She has only to _____ the meals, look after the children, and keep the house in order.
A. take B. cook C. do D. make
6. Girls may also be made to do chores when they could be learning, and not be allowed to take _____ sports.

- A. part in B. one in C. into D. take for
7. They want prosperity but they also want a _____ environment, good health, social protection.
- A. cleaning B. cleaned C. clean D. cleanness
8. He _____ thousands of pounds to charity.
- A. put B. donated C. transmitted D. took
9. At Tet, my mother and her close friends often go to the hospitals to donate cakes, sweets and toys for the sick children there. She _____ it for many years.
- A. is doing B. have done C. has done D. did
10. The volunteers have raised funds to _____ homeless people.
- A. bring B. help C. rescue D. bear
11. The last aim is to _____ fresh drinking water at the lowest cost possible.
- A. do B. make C. provide D. give
12. Mr. Brown and some _____ are on a very dirty beach now to _____ the beach a clean and beautiful place again.
- A. volunteers - make B. volunteering - get C. voluntary - do D. volunteer - change
13. It is very positive for children to study hard if they're _____ to do so.
- A. exciting B. interesting C. eager D. bored
14. Vietnamese people have had the _____ of helping one another since the early days of the country.
- A. custom B. legend C. tradition D. religion
15. A volunteer always helps other people willingly and _____ payment.
- A. for B. within C. about D. without
16. They save people money as well as having health _____.
- A. benefits B. forces C. problems D. events
17. They volunteer by _____ children from poor families in their community.
- A. talking B. singing C. encouraging D. tutoring
18. All the members have to collect glass, waste paper and empty cans and send them for _____.
- A. recycling B. reusing C. producing D. reselling

Exercise 4: Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that needs correction.

1. Frank has done his homework and then listened to music.
- A. has done B. homework C. then D. listened
2. The children have put away their toys but they didn't make their beds yet.
- A. have put B. toys C. but D. didn't make
3. Jim learned a lot since he started the language course.
- A. learned B. a lot C. started D. course
4. My sister wants to rise funds for street children so she has made hundreds of postcards to sell them.
- A. to rise B. for C. has made D. hundreds
5. They haven't seen each other since September when they have met at Mary's party.
- A. haven't seen B. other C. have met D. at
6. Peter has bought a new MP3 player yesterday but I haven't seen it already.
- A. has bought B. player C. haven't D. already
7. The hockey player hit his head on Friday and he was in hospital since then.
- A. hit B. was C. in hospital D. then
8. He gave lectures to foreign tourists about traditional food and games recently.
- A. gave B. to C. about D. traditional

D. READING

Exercise 1. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

- (1) _____ January 17th, 1995, a powerful earthquake (2) _____ hit the city of Kobe, Japan. Many buildings (3) _____ or collapsed.
- Soon after the earthquake, people in Kobe (4) _____ working together to (5) _____ their city. Neighbours

pulled each other out (6) _____ collapsed buildings. Ordinary people (7) _____ out fires even before the fire trucks arrived. Volunteers in Kobe organized themselves into (8) _____. They worked out a system to send (9) _____ to where it was needed. Some people (10) _____ food, water, clothes to different part of the city. Some volunteers took (11) _____ of children who had lost their parents. Teams of volunteers from outside Japan helped, too.

Today, Kobe has been built. But people there still remember the outpouring of support they (12) _____ from all over the world back in 1995.

- | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------|
| 1. A. in | B. at | C. on | D. from |
| 2. A. broke | B. destroyed | C. banged | D. hit |
| 3. A. is burning | B. burned | C. burning | D. burn |
| 4. A. to begin | B. are beginning | C. begin | D. began |
| 5. A. run | B. save | C. operate | D. build |
| 6. A. into | B. of | C. on | D. with |
| 7. A. to put | B. putting | C. puts | D. put |
| 8. A. teams | B. pair | C. group | D. friends |
| 9. A. helped | B. helping | C. help | D. to help |
| 10. A. brought | B. bringing | C. brings | D. brought |
| 11. A. part | B. care | C. caring | D. note |
| 12. A. received | B. is receiving | C. have received | D. receiving |

Exercise 2: Read the passage, and then choose the best answer.

Scouting began in England in 1907. The Boy Scouts of America started three years later. Today, there are Boy Scouts programmes in more than 140 countries. In the United States alone, there are over 4 million Scouts. Boy Scouts learn useful skills while having fun. Scouts swim and play sports, go camping and hiking, and learn how to service in the outdoors. They also learn how to protect the environment. Other Scouts activities include making arts and crafts, learning first aid, and learning how to use computers or fix cars. Scouts often do community service and volunteer work. Scouts learn teamwork by working together.

- Scouts began in the United States in _____.
 A. 1907 B. 1910 C. 1917 D. 1920
- There are over 4 million Scouts in _____.
 A. England B. the USA C. the world D. North America
- Scouts learn many skills except _____.
 A. swimming B. collecting things
 C. going camping D. playing sports
- Scouts activities include many except _____.
 A. learning how to make car B. making arts and crafts
 C. learning first aid D. learning how to use computers
- Scouts learn teamwork by _____.
 A. working one by one B. working alone
 C. working all year round D. working in group

E. WRITING

Exercise 1. Rewrite the sentences using "not as ... as".

- The hotel in New York was better than the hotel in California.

- French is easier than German.

- Rick is friendlier than Glenn.

- Indonesia is hotter than Viet Nam.

5. Football is more exciting than volleyball.

Exercise 2: Rewrite the sentences in a way that is has similar meaning to the original sentences:

1. I find collecting glass bottles interesting (HOBBY)

→

2. Van's brother usually goes to work by motorbike (RIDE)

→

3. What hobby do you like best, Elina? (FAVOURITE)

→

4. Linh finds playing board games boring (LIKE)

→

5. My sister enjoys arranging flowers (FINDS)

→

Exercise 3. Rewrite the sentences in a way that is has similar meaning to the original sentences:

1. My kitchen is smaller than yours.

→ Your kitchen.....

2. The children liked to walk in the rain.

→ The children enjoyed

3. My grandmother is very old. She can't work now.

→ My grandmother is too

4. The children couldn't go swimming because the sea was rough.

→ The sea was so.....

5. Hung is taller than Ba.

→ Ba.....

6. We learned this after a long time.

→ It took.....

7. Peter is too young to see the horror film.

→ Peter is not.....

8. What's your date of birth?

→ When.....?

Exercise 4. Rewrite the sentences in a way that is has similar meaning to the original sentences:

1. Tan is very slow. He is late for school.

→ Tom is so

2. The man speaks loudly. He wants every one to hear him clearly.

→ The man speaks loudly so that

3. This exercise is easier than that one.

→ That exercise is not

4. We wrote this letter for two hours.

→ It took

5. I spend a day painting this house.

→ It takes.....

6. Dogs are difficult to train.

→ It's.....

7. They think that learning English are not easy.

→ They think that it

8. The weather is too cold for us to go out.

→ The weather is so

9. The weather is too cold for us to go out.

→ The weather isn't.....

10. The film isn't interesting for us to see.
→ The film is too.....
11. Nhan is tired. He can't fly his kites.
→ Nhan is so
12. I wish to have enough money. I want to buy a new house
→ I wish to have enough money so that.....
13. I don't think this book is expensive as it is.
→ This book is.....
14. Doing this test is very difficult.
→ It's.....
15. He said something. I didn't understand.
→ I didn't understand.....
16. He likes to read very much.
→ He enjoys.....
17. The bag is very heavy. I can't carry it.
→ This bag is too
18. We'll go out. The rain will stop
→ When.....

Exercise 5. Make correct sentences from the words and phrases given.

1. You/ not/ play/ more/ computer games/ free time.

2. Doctor/ asking/ Mai/ questions/ about/ health problems.

3. Vitamins/ play/ important/ role/ our diet.

4. We/ keep/ our bodies/ warm/ avoid/ flu/ a cold.

5. Getting/ enough/ rest/ help/ you/ concentrate/ school.

6. I / not / know / why / she / collect / pens /.

7. In / future / I / travel / around / Viet Nam /.

8. Minh / think / skating / more / interesting / playing / board games /.

9. Listen / music / in / free / time / is / my / favourite / hobby /.

10. My/ sister/ and/ I/ share/ same/ hobby/. We/ often/ go/ fish/ weekends/.

ĐỀ ÔN HỌC KÌ 1

TIẾNG ANH 8

A. PHONETICS

I. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. look <u>ed</u> | B. watch <u>ed</u> | C. carri <u>ed</u> | D. stopp <u>ed</u> |
| 2. A. <u>s</u> tudy | B. <u>s</u> uccess | C. <u>s</u> urprise | D. <u>s</u> ugar |
| 3. A. <u>u</u> nite | B. <u>u</u> nderline | C. <u>u</u> niversity | D. <u>u</u> niform |
| 4. A. d <u>a</u> nger | B. <u>a</u> ngry | C. l <u>a</u> nguage | D. p <u>a</u> ssage |
| 5. A. <u>ch</u> aracter | B. <u>ch</u> ildren | C. tea <u>ch</u> er | D. <u>ch</u> ange |

II. Choose a word in each line that has different stress pattern.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1. A. realize | B. improve | C. possible | D. comfortable |
| 2. A. important | B. especially | C. prefer | D. influence |
| 3. A. general | B. opinion | C. abroad | D. surprise |
| 4. A. comfort | B. nation | C. apply | D. moment |
| 5. A. medical | B. advise | C. vegetables | D. physical |

III. Find the word which has different sound in the part underlined.

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. l <u>e</u> isure | B. <u>e</u> ight | C. c <u>e</u> lebrate | D. p <u>e</u> nalty |
| 2. A. f <u>u</u> n | B. s <u>u</u> n | C. s <u>u</u> rf | D. c <u>u</u> t |
| 3. A. br <u>a</u> celet | B. c <u>a</u> ke | C. c <u>a</u> ke | D. h <u>a</u> t |
| 4. A. alth <u>o</u> ugh | B. la <u>u</u> gh | C. par <u>a</u> graph | D. en <u>o</u> ugh |
| 5. A. com <u>e</u> dy | B. nov <u>e</u> l | C. princ <u>e</u> ss | D. cin <u>e</u> ma |

IV. Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1. A. harmful | B. slowly | C. cloudy | D. unique |
| 2. A. worship | B. belong | C. enjoy | D. behave |
| 3. A. alternative | B. entertain | C. symbolize | D. cultivate |
| 4. A. heritage | B. museum | C. decorate | D. blackberry |
| 5. A. minorities | B. populated | C. activity | D. experience |

V. From each number, pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1. A. <u>ou</u> t | B. r <u>ou</u> nd | C. ab <u>ou</u> t | D. w <u>ou</u> ld |
| 2. A. chair | B. check | C. machine | D. child |
| 3. A. <u>oo</u> | B. s <u>oo</u> n | C. g <u>oo</u> d | D. f <u>oo</u> d |
| 4. A. th <u>ough</u> | B. en <u>ough</u> | C. cou <u>gh</u> | D. rou <u>gh</u> |
| 5. A. <u>h</u> appy | B. <u>h</u> our | C. <u>h</u> igh | D. <u>h</u> otel |

B. GRAMMAR

I. Use the adjective in brackets in their correct forms of comparison to complete the sentences.

1. Tea is _____ coffee. (cheap)
2. The new harvest machine is _____ than the old one. (effective)
3. The countryside is _____ the town. (beautiful)
4. A tractor is _____ a buffalo. (powerful)
5. My sister is _____ me. (tall)
6. Blue whales are _____ elephants. (heavy)
7. The Mekong River is _____ the Red River. (long)
8. Do you think English is _____ French in grammar? (easy)
9. My new bed is _____ my old bed. (comfortable)
10. The film about my village town is _____ than the book. (interesting)

II. Complete the sentences with suitable forms of the adverbs given in the brackets.

1. I am a faster worker than Tom is. (fast)
I work _____.
2. Mai's singing is more beautiful than Mi's. (beautiful)
Mai sings _____.

3. We were earlier at the party than the Smiths last night. (early)

We arrived _____.

4. Phong's voice is louder than Nick's. (loudly)

Phong speaks _____.

5. My English is more fluent than my sister's. (fluently)

I speak English _____.

III. Complete the sentences, using the comparative form of the adverbs from the correspondent adjectives in the brackets.

1. It usually rains _____ in Central Viet Nam than in other regions. (heavy)

2. I will have to try a bit _____ than this. (hard)

3. The hall was lighted _____ than the corridors. (bright)

4. Time goes by _____ when we are busy. (quick)

5. Our family has lived _____ in the country than in the tower since last year. (happy)

6. The boys were playing the game _____ than the girls. (noisy)

7. This task can be completed _____ than that one. (easy)

8. A tractor can plough _____ than a buffalo or a horse. (good)

IV. Complete the sentences with suitable forms of the adverbs given in the brackets.

1. Nick is a careful writer than Phuc. (carefully)

Nick writes essays _____.

2. A snail is slower than a crab. (slowly)

A snail moves _____.

3. My father's explanation about the subject was clearer than my brother's. (clearly)

My father explained the subject _____.

4. My cousin is a better singer than I am. (well)

My cousin sings _____.

5. Phong is faster swimmer than Phuc. (fast)

Phong swims _____.

V. Complete the sentences, using the comparative form of the adverbs from the correspondent adjective in the box.

generous	bad	optimistic	healthy
traditional	quick	sound	good

1. A baby can sleep _____ than an adult.

2. People in the country eat _____ than people in the city.

3. Our grandparents got dressed _____ than we do nowadays.

4. Nick speaks English _____ then I do.

5. That old lady donates _____ than her family members.

6. City people seem to apply modern techniques _____ than country people.

7. The scientist talked _____ about the future of young people in the country than local people.

8. The paddy fields in my village were _____ affected by the floods than the next village.

VI. Fill each blank with a, an or the to complete the following passage.

Vietnam is (1) _____ multi-nationality country with 54 ethnic groups. The Viet (Kinh) people account for 87% of (2) _____ country's population and mainly inhabit (3) _____ Red River Delta, (4) _____ central coastal delta, (5) _____ Mekong Delta and major cities. (6) _____ other 53 ethnic minority groups, totalling over 8 million people, are scattered over mountain areas spreading from the North to the South.

(7) _____ number of ethnic minorities had master some farming techniques. They grew rice plants in swamped paddy fields and carried out irrigation. Others went hunting, fishing, collecting and lived (8) _____ semi-nomadic life. Each group has its own culture, diverse and special.

However, (9) _____ evident gap in the material and moral has indeed still existed between peoples living in the deltas and those living in mountain areas as well as among ethnic minorities themselves. (10) _____ Vietnamese

government has worked out specific politics and special treatments in order to help mountainous people catching up with lowland people, and made great efforts to develop and preserve traditional cultural identities of each ethnic minority group.

VII. Fill each blank with a, an or the to complete the following passage.

(1) _____ Lo Lo ethnic group can be divided into Flower Lo Lo and Black Lo Lo. Living in Lung Cu since ancient times, the Lo Lo people have made efforts in making (2) _____ homeland suitable for farming. (3) _____ Lo Lo folkloric culture is very rich and unique, demonstrated with dances, songs, legends. (4) _____ Lo Lo calendar divides a year into 11 months, each corresponding (5) _____ animal's name. decorations on their turbans, shirts, skirts and trousers are particularly colourful.

(6) _____ ancient bronze drums are very important. (7) _____ head of each family is entitled to keep the drums which are used only during funerals of festivals to maintain rhythms for dances. The Lo Lo people are among (8) _____ few ethnic groups in Vietnam who still use bronze drums, (9) _____ traditional musical instrument closely associated with (10) _____ legend about the Flood.

VIII. Complete the sentences with a form of "have to" or "should". Make the verbs negative when necessary.

1. Your hair's too long. I think you _____ get it cut.
2. Your clothes are dirty. You _____ wash them.
3. I'm going to bed. I _____ get up early tomorrow.
4. I'd like to meet your best friend. You _____ invite him/ her round.
5. I _____ tell my parents where I am, then they don't worry.
6. You _____ come with me if you don't want to. I'll go on my own.
7. If you need some help with your homework, you _____ go to the library.
8. If you have a ticket, you _____ queue. You can go straight in.
9. You _____ tell lies. It's wrong.
10. Nick works too much. I think he _____ take it easy.

C. STRUCTURES AND VOCABULARY

I. Fill in each blank with the appropriate form of the word in brackets.

1. Iceland is considered the most _____ country in the world. (peace)
2. A _____ lifestyle has its advantages and disadvantages. (nomad)
3. My brother has been a stamp _____ for several years. (collect)
4. It is a/ an _____ place to hold a picnic because it is too far from the road. (convenience)
5. Drinking water in some areas may be _____. (safe)
6. During my stay in the village, I was _____ with several local farmers. (friend)
7. Encouraging children to eat and drink _____ is very important. (health)
8. Local people in the village often wear their _____ costumer during the festivals. (tradition)
9. Please give _____ to that charity to help the homeless after the flood. (generous)
10. The baby slept very _____ because the bed was really comfortable. (sound)

II. Use the correct form of the words in brackets to finish the sentences.

1. Terraced rice fields in Sa Pa are slopes claimed for cultivation in hilly or _____ areas. (mountain)
2. For the Muong, rice is also the main _____ crop. (agriculture)
3. The Muong call their _____ calendar "sach doi", which is made from 12 bamboo sticks that represent the 12 months. (tradition)
4. Viet Nam is a country of tremendous _____ with 54 ethnic groups. (diverse)
5. The ethnic minority groups in Viet Nam have been living in _____ co-existence. (peace)
6. Some regions in Central Highlands in Viet Nam are not _____. (populate)
7. He spoke _____ about the life in the countryside in Viet Nam. (optimistic)
8. All of us can realize the _____ atmosphere in the countryside life. (peace)
9. Some of the _____ have lived here all their lives. (village)
10. Having to wait for ten minutes was a minor _____. (convenient)

III. Choose the best answer.

1. Are you interested.....playing badminton after class?
A. in B. with C. on D. for
2. " What.....going to Hanoi tomorrow? "
A. to B. in C. about D. for
3. Hoa works very.....so she always gets good marks.
A. badly B. good C. hardly D. hard
4. The building was built1962 and 1969.
A. between B. from C. since D. for
5. This school.in 1997
A. built B. is built C. was built D. has built
6. Of all my friends, Hoa is.
A. the tallest B. the most tallest C. taller D. more taller
7. Would you mind if I.....a photo ?
A. take B. took C. would take D. am going to take
8. Last week Imy children to the biggest zoo in town.
A. got B. brought C. fetch D. took
9. Are you proud.....your country and its tradition ?
A. about B. on C. of D. for
10. Do you collect stamps or other things ? - Yes, I am a stamp.....
A. collecting B. collector C. collect D. collection
11. It is very dangerous in the polluted environment.
A. to live B. lives C. living D. live
12. Our resources are limited so we should recycle all used things.
A. nature B. natural C. naturing D. naturally
13. His car is the same color my uncle's.
A. alike B. as C. like D. to
14. This ruler of plastic.
A. make B. made C. is making D. is made
15. I take part most youth activities of my school.
A. in B. of C. on D. at

IV. Choose the best answer.

- 1.Yoga helps us learn _____ to co-ordinate breathing and movement.
A. what B. when C. why D. how
- 2.Teenagers enjoy _____ to music and _____ out with friends.
A. listen – hang B. to listen – to hang C. listening – hang D. listening-hanging
- 3._____ should children do yoga too?
A. Why B. When C. What D. How
- 4.Don't worry. It is _____ to travel to that village even at night.
A. safe B. unsafe C. difficult D. inconvenient
- 5.Life in a small town is _____ than that in a big city.
A. peaceful B. much peaceful C. less peaceful D. much more peaceful
- 6.The boys often help their parents to _____ water from the village well.
A. gather B. collect C. give D. find
- 7.In the Central Highlands, the biggest and tallest house in the village is the _____ house.
A. communication B. community C. communal D. commune
- 8.The Viet people have many _____ customs and crafts.
A. tradition B. traditional C. culture D. customary
- 9._____ month is the Hoa Ban Festival of the Thai people held in?

- A. When B. Which C. How many D. How often
10. The _____ on display in Da Nang Museum of Cham Sculpture are very interesting.
- A. items B. goods C. products D. shows

V. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

- The Gong Festival is held _____ in the Central Highlands.
A. year B. yearly C. annual D. annually
- _____ does Hoa Ban Festival take place? – In Lai Chau.
A. What B. Where C. When D. How
- It is typical of the cultural life of _____ Thai people.
A. some B. a C. the D. Ø
- _____ do the cattle provide for the nomads? – Dairy products, meat, and clothing.
A. What B. Where C. Why D. How
- The crops _____ on the weather.
A. depend heavy B. depend heavily C. affect heavy D. affect heavily
- Mai studies Maths a little bit _____.
A. bad B. badly C. good D. smartly
- During the festival, they fly many _____ kites in different shapes and sizes.
A. colour B. colourless C. colourful D. colouring
- An old woman was _____ the goats up the mountainside.
A. riding B. taking C. herding D. running
- _____ is the festival celebrated? – Every year.
A. When B. How often C. How D. What
- There are no high buildings to block _____ in our village.
A. view B. a view C. some view D. the view

VI. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

- The wai is the traditional _____ of people in Thailand.
A. goodbye B. hello C. greeting D. greetings
- When two Maori people meet, they _____ each other's noses.
A. touch B. feel C. take D. kiss
- Do you know the _____ way to welcome people in Tibet?
A. custom B. customer C. customary D. tradition
- The xoe dance is a spiritual _____ of Thai ethnic people.
A. customs B. tradition C. habit D. dance
- In Viet Nam you shouldn't use only the first name to _____ people older than you.
A. speak B. talk C. say D. address
- We are going to prepare _____ sticky rice served with grilled chicken for the celebration.
A. five colours B. five-colours C. five-colour D. five-coloured
- A tradition is something special that is _____ through the generations.
A. passed B. passed to C. passed down D. passed out
- According to the _____ in England, we have to use a knife and fork at dinner.
A. table ways B. table manners C. behaviours D. differences
- We have to _____ our shoes when we go inside a pagoda.
A. take off B. give off C. turn off D. put on
- _____ In Australia, you shouldn't _____ on a person's accent.
A. comment B. criticize C. hate D. dislike

VII. Complete the following sentences with proper prepositions:

- Could I help you _____ your bag?
- Na got up late this morning because her alarm clock didn't go _____.

3. I'm looking forward _____ seeing you in June.
4. In the competition, everyone fell _____ the deep and dangerous water.
5. Ha Long Bay is recognized _____ UNESCO as a World Heritage Site.
6. They have a meeting _____ 6.30 and 9.30.
7. My mother often picks me _____ from the school.
8. I'm going to invite my friends to come over _____ dinner tonight.
9. Next summer, my family will have a vacation _____ Thailand and stay there _____ one week.

VIII. Complete the following sentences with proper prepositions:

1. We'll buy a smaller house when the children have grown _____ and left home.
2. The computer isn't working. It broke _____ this morning.
3. My headaches have been much better since I gave _____ drinking coffee.
4. I turned _____ their offer because they weren't going to pay me enough money.
5. It was not a problem. We looked _____ his number in the telephone book.
6. Helen takes _____ her mother in many ways.
7. We need to set _____ early tomorrow.
8. The plane took _____ very quickly.
9. Anne's leaving _____ London tomorrow morning.
10. Your friend is always complaining _____ her job.

IX. Complete the following sentences with proper prepositions:

11. If there was a technical failure, Gagarin might never get _____ to the Earth.
12. Courses like shoemaking or glass engraving provide people _____ practical skills they can do with their hands.
13. She is famous _____ her beautiful face and sweet voice.
14. We are all aware _____ the importance of the environment protection.
15. His opinion is different _____ mine.
16. If you don't pay attention _____ the teacher, you won't understand the lesson.
17. I'm not familiar _____ his name, but his face seems familiar _____ me.
18. We were very grateful _____ our friends for all of their assistance.
19. No one knew precisely what would happen _____ a human being in space.
20. How would the mind deal _____ the psychological tension?

X: Choose the underlined words or phrases that are not correct in standard written English.

1. I feel really tired. I wish I didn't go to the party last night.
A B C D
2. I have broken my pencil. May I borrow one of your?
A B C D
3. When I was on holiday last summer, I was going to the beach everyday.
A B C D
4. Tom used to going to school by bus. Now he goes by bike.
A B C D
5. Mary is used to do her homework by herself.
A B C D
6. On winter day, we all used to sit around the fire and told stories.
A B C D
7. The Chinese build the Great Wall over two thousand years ago.
A B C D
8. We get used to live in the countryside before we moved to Ho Chi Minh City.
A B C D
9. In the modern world, people can easily communicate with telephone, radio, and computer.
A B C D
10. The package containing books and records were delivered last week.
A B C D

XI: Each line has a mistake, find and correct it.

1. Thank you for inviting me to the party. I wish I can but I can't.
2. He is used to drink coffee for breakfast but now he drinks milk.
3. The kitchen is not very big but there's a lot of cupboards.

4. Lukas can play the piano when he was two and now he practices it.
5. We were very poor when we were first in America, we can't buy anything.
6. They are going on a sightsee tour of New York.
7. We have lived in Vietnam for a long time, so we used to the hot.
8. Liverpool is an industry city in the North of England.
9. Primary school children can learn three language at school in Malaysia.
10. The West and the East Malaysia are separate by about 640 km of the sea.

D. READING

I. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

The country and the city have advantages and (1) _____. People in the country live in more beautiful surroundings. They enjoy (2) _____ and quietness, and can do their work at their (3) _____ pace because no one is in a (4) _____. They live in larger, more comfortable houses, and their neighbours are more friendly, and ready to help them (5) _____ they need it. their life. However, can be (6) _____ and they may be isolated, which is a serious problem (7) _____ they are ill or want to take children to school.

The city has all the services that the country lacks, but it (8) _____ has a lot of disadvantages. Cities are often polluted. They not (9) _____ have polluted air bit also have noisy streets. Everyone is always in a hurry and this (10) _____ that people have no time to get to know each other and make friends.

1. A. joy B. enjoyment C. happiness D. disadvantages
2. A. quiet B. quietly C. peace D. peaceful
3. A. less B. own C. just D. only
4. A. hurry B. hurried C. hurriedly D. hurrying
5. A. when B. which C. what D. that
6. A. bore B. bored C. boring D. bores
7. A. unless B. because C. although D. if
8. A. also B. yet C. already D. so
9. A. never B. ever C. hardly D. also
10. A. aims B. means C. asks D. said

II. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

The country and the city have advantages and (1) _____. People in the country live in more beautiful surroundings. They enjoy (2) _____ and quietness, and can do their work at their (3) _____ pace because no one is in a (4) _____. They live in larger, more comfortable houses, and their neighbours are more friendly, and ready to help them (5) _____ they need it. their life. However, can be (6) _____ and they may be isolated, which is a serious problem (7) _____ they are ill or want to take children to school.

The city has all the services that the country lacks, but it (8) _____ has a lot of disadvantages. Cities are often polluted. They not (9) _____ have polluted air bit also have noisy streets. Everyone is always in a hurry and this (10) _____ that people have no time to get to know each other and make friends.

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5. A. when B. which C. what D. that
6. A. bore B. bored C. boring D. bores
7. A. unless B. because C. although D. if
8. A. also B. yet C. already D. so
9. A. never B. ever C. hardly D. also
10. A. aims B. means C. asks D. said

III. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

Communal House (*Rong House*)

The *Rong House* can only be (1) _____ in villages to the north of the Central Highlands, especially in Gia Lai and Kon Tum provinces. It is a large, imposing, beautifully decorated stilt house built (2) _____ the middle of the village. It is where

community activities (3) _____, meetings, wedding ceremonies, or playing ceremonies. It is also the place for reception of guests. The *Rong* house of each ethnic group has its own architectural style, design, and decor. Yet there are shared (4) _____. In the village, it is often (5) _____ house roofed with yellow-dried thatch leaves and having 8 big wood columns. The rafters are decorated with patterns of bright colour, depicting religious scenes, legendary stories about ancient heroes, stylized animals, and other familiar things of the village life. The most distinction of the decor of the *Rong* House is the (6) _____ of the brilliant God of Sun. The *Rong* House is a (7) _____ of the culture of Central Highlanders, an age-old and stable culture. The bigger the house, the wealthier the village is. It is a (8) _____ of the whole village.

1. A. find B. found C. to find D. finding
2. A. on B. at C. in D. under
3. A. take place B. take on C. happens D. occurs
4. A. designs B. cultures C. customs D. features
5. A. a big B. a bigger C. the biggest D. biggest
6. A. painting B. photo C. image D. portrait
7. A. signal B. symbol C. sign D. scene
8. A. design B. respect C. proud D. pride

IV. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank in the following passage.

My village is about 50 kilometers from the city center. It is a very (1) _____ place where people (2) _____ flowers and vegetables only. It is very famous for its pretty roses and picturesque scenes. The air is quite fresh, however, the smell of the roses makes people (3) _____ cool. In spring, my village looks (4) _____ a carpet with plenty of colors. Tourists come to visit it so often. Nowadays, with electricity, it doesn't take the villagers much time (5) _____ the roses.

1. A. beauty B. beautiful C. beautify D. beautifully
2. A. plant B. plants C. grow up D. grows up
3. A. feel B. feeling C. felt D. to feel
4. A. as B. like C. alike D. same
5. A. water B. watering C. to water D. watered

V. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank in the following passage.

I live in a small village called Northville. There are about 2000 people here. I love the village (6) _____ it is very quiet and life is slow and easy. The village is always clean; people look (7) _____ it with great care. The air is always clean, too. People are much more friendly here than in a city because everyone (8) _____ the others, and if someone has a problem, there are always people who can help.

There are only a few that I don't like about Northville. One thing is that we have not got many things to do in the evening; we haven't got (9) _____ cinemas or theaters. The other thing is that people always talk about (10) _____, and everyone knows what everyone is doing. But I still prefer village life to life in a big city.

6. A. so B. although C. because D. but
7. A. for B. at C. up D. after
8. A. knows B. know C. is knowing D. knew
9. A. little B. some C. any D. few
10. A. others B. other C. another D. one other

VI. Read the following passages, and answer the questions below.

Duong Lam: An ancient Vietnamese village

Duong Lam Village is located in Duong Lam Commune at a 45 km distance from Ha Noi. It is the birthplace of two kings in the history of Vietnam, Phung Hung (or Bo Cai Dai Vuong) and Ngo Quyen, who opened up the long-term self-control and independence period of Viet Nam after Bach Dang Victory in the year 938.

All houses, gates, village gates and wells are built of laterite creating an architectural complex, a unique village that is typical for villages in the midlands in the North of Vietnam.

At present, there are still nearly old 200 houses and many other historical monuments such as Phung Hung Temple, Ngo Quyen Royal Tomb, Mong Phu Communal House, Ho Gam Hill at which Phung Hung killed tigers to rescue villagers and the temple at which the diplomat Giang Van Minh is worshiped.

1. Where is Duong Lam Village?
2. Who were the two kings whose birthplace is Duong Lam Village?
3. What is Duong Lam typical for?
4. How many old houses are there in Duong Lam?
5. What are the famous historical monuments there?

E. WRITING

I. Make question for the underlined words of these answers.

1. _____ ?
The Ha Nhi ethnic group has about 12,500 inhabitants.
2. _____ ?
They live in the provinces of Lai Chau and Lao Cai.
3. _____ ?
The Ha Nhi mainly worship their ancestors.
4. _____ ?
They live on rice cultivation of burnt-over land or terraced fields.
5. _____ ?
They use ploughs and harrows pulled by oxen and buffaloed to work in the fields.
6. _____ ?
The gardens are often close to their house.

II. Combine the two sentences into one.

1. Minh does morning exercises regularly. He wants to be healthy (so as to)
.....
2. I'm learning English. I want to read book in English. (in order to)
.....
3. She said nothing . She didn't want to make him angry (so as to)
.....
4. The man was taken to the local hospital. He was injured in the accident. (past participle)
.....
5. The musician is internationally famous. He appeared in the concert last night. (present participle)
.....

III. Rewrite the following sentences.

1. Keeping the environment clean is very important.
- It's
2. They will show the time machine to the public when they finish it.
- The time machine
3. He was delighted to receive his aunt's letter.
- He was delighted that
4. Old car tires are recycled to make shoes and sandals.
- People

5. I'm very sad that I wasn't accepted in that group.
- I'm very sad not
6. It's three years since I last spoke to her.
- I haven't
7. Tam doesn't type as fast as she used to.
- Tam used
8. " Please turn down the radio for me", said my father.
- My father asked
9. Lan will be fifteen next week.
- It is Lan's
10. How long is it since you used the pen?
- When?

IV: Rewrite sentences, using "I wish....."

1. I *don't know* many English words.
→ I wish
2. My friend *can not stay* with me longer.
→ I wish
3. I *don't have* time to go around the city.
→ I wish.....
4. We *don't have* a computer therefore we cannot get access to the Internet.
→ I wish
5. I *can not go* to the car show at the city show ground
→ I wish.....

V: Rewrite sentences, using the provided word keep meaning as that of the root one

1. Thousands of people have to build that castle for him for years.
→ That castle
2. She has never read this book before.
→ It is
3. He failed in the examination last year.
→ He did not
4. I haven't eaten this kind of food before.
→ This is the first
5. His parents made him study for his exam.
→ He was made
6. I don't really want to go to the museum.
→ I'd rather.....
7. The fire has destroyed many houses.
→ Many houses
8. May I borrow your pen?
→ Would you mind?
9. I started work for the company a year ago.
→ I've
10. She didn't say a word as she left the room.
→ She left

ĐỀ ÔN HỌC KÌ 1

TIẾNG ANH 9

A. PHONETICS

I. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. A. surface | B. artisan | C. lacquer | D. asset |
| 2. A. authentic | B. thread | C. thereby | D. theory |
| 3. A. craftsman | B. factor | C. indicator | D. concentrate |
| 4. A. sculpture | B. failure | C. closure | D. structure |
| 5. A. wandered | B. embroidered | C. preserved | D. embarrassed |

II. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. A. forbidden | B. metropolitan | C. polluted | D. affordable |
| 2. A. playgrounds | B. crowded | C. mountain | D. countryside |
| 3. A. institutes | B. feature | C. tradition | D. statue |
| 4. A. multicultural | B. surface | C. conduct | D. stuck |
| 5. A. combine | B. tiring | C. hiking | D. promise |

III. Choose a word in each line that has different stress pattern.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 1. A. convenience | B. resident | C. vehicle | D. skyscraper |
| 2. A. metropolitan | B. university | C. organization | D. multicultural |
| 3. A. affordable | B. environment | C. variety | D. indicator |
| 4. A. development | B. intelligence | C. facility | D. education |
| 5. A. expensive | B. fascinate | C. restaurant | D. difference |

IV. Choose a word in each line that has different stress pattern

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. A. medicine | B. graduate | C. confident | D. encourage |
| 2. A. expect | B. depress | C. manage | D. assure |
| 3. A. cognitive | B. abandon | C. emotion | D. important |
| 4. A. disappointed | B. preparation | C. adolescence | D. communicate |
| 5. A. pressure | B. convince | C. friendship | D. guidance |

V. Choose a word in each line that has different stress pattern.

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| 1. A. surprise | B. event | C. behave | D. damage |
| 2. A. develop | B. understand | C. imagine | D. consider |
| 3. A. illiterate | B. communicate | C. entertainment | D. traditional |
| 4. A. programme | B. downtown | C. postman | D. custom |
| 5. A. importance | B. violence | C. buffalo | D. grandparent |

B. GRAMMAR

I. Complete each of the following sentences with comparatives or superlatives. Add 'the' where necessary.

1. I think this is (noisy) _____ part of the city.
2. This place was (dangerous) _____ than we thought.
3. Could you show me the way to (near) _____ bus stop?
4. The trip to Ho Chi Minh City was (interesting) _____ for us.
5. This is (good) _____ food I've ever eaten in this country.
6. David's new haircut is (trendy) _____ than the previous one.
7. The building looks much (nice) _____ in green than the previous white.
8. I had to drive my car along (narrow) _____ road in the region.
9. Quan's house is (far) _____ from the city centre than my house.
10. In my opinion, living in the city is (hard) _____ than living in the country.

II. Rewrite the following sentences using questions words + to-infinitives.

1. We don't know where we should put the sofa.
2. The rules didn't specify who I should speak to in case of an emergency.

3. Mai wondered how she could ride the scooter.
4. Let us decide when we should start the project.
5. Could you tell me where I can find a good hotel?
6. We must find out what we are to do next.
7. A good dictionary tells you how you should pronounce the words.
8. We are not sure who we will meet at the entrance.
9. I can't remember when I have to turn off the oven.
10. Do you know what you should look for?

III. Rewrite the sentences using questions words and to-infinitives.

1. I don't know what I should review first for the coming test.
2. Marry can't decide whether she should go to the school library or stay at home to do her homework.
3. Please tell me how I can get to the bus station.
4. Jim told us where we could find that atlas.
5. He told me when I should come to the meeting.
6. The plumber told me how I could fix the leak in the sink.
7. Please tell me where I should meet you tomorrow morning.
8. Jim found two shirts he liked, but he had trouble deciding which one he should buy.

IV. Read the situations and write wishes you want to make for them.

1. Many schools are overcrowded because there are so many children in Viet Nam.
I wish
2. My school has no playground equipment or extra activities.
I wish
3. In the Mekong Delta, small children go through some foot bridges in order to get to school.
I wish
4. Kindergarten teachers don't have training courses in making handmade teaching materials.
I wish
5. Children from poor families can't go to school because they have to earn money to support their families.
I wish

C. STRUCTURES AND VOCABULARY

I. Fill in each blank in the sentences with the correct word from the box.

helpline

frustrated

tense

confident

adolescence

<i>concentrate</i>	<i>independent</i>	<i>cognitive</i>	<i>sites</i>	<i>resolve</i>
--------------------	--------------------	------------------	--------------	----------------

- _____ is a time when they're becoming more independent.
- By age 16, most teens have had _____ development, and they have the ability to think abstractly.
- It's important for students to _____ and avoid distractions when the teacher is presenting the lessons.
- Most shy people wish they were more _____.
- Adolescents can learn to _____ conflicts peacefully.
- I was told I was shy as a child, which led me to feel _____ and anxious during social situations.
- Children from northern provinces, especially mountainous areas, made the highest number of calls to the _____.
- I have tried many advice _____ for teenagers.
- Kids with low motivation get _____ easily, so teachers or parents should be good listeners.
- Give students a little bit of freedom, and this will help them feel _____.

II: Complete each of the following sentences using the correct form of a phrasal verb from the box.

<i>close down</i>	<i>come back</i>	<i>deal with</i>	<i>get up</i>	<i>keep up with</i>
<i>live on</i>	<i>look through</i>	<i>pass down</i>	<i>set off</i>	<i>turn down</i>

- My sister is an early bird. She _____ at 7 o'clock every day of the week.
- We'll _____ for Tay Ho village at 9 o'clock and arrive at 10 o'clock.
- When I was a student, I _____ small allowances from my parents.
- The government must now _____ the preservation of traditional craft villages.
- The banks have _____ a lot of branches in villages over the last few years.
- Many foreign tourists decided to _____ Viet Nam for another holiday.
- They offered her a trip to Europe but she _____ it _____.
- He has _____ the report and found nothing interesting.
- Phong walks too fast and it's really hard to _____ him.
- These traditional stories have been _____ from parents to children over many generations.

III. Complete each of the following sentences with a phrasal verb from the box. Change the form of the verbs if necessary.

<i>apply for</i>	<i>cheer up</i>	<i>dress up</i>	<i>find out</i>	<i>get over</i>
<i>go on</i>	<i>pull down</i>	<i>set up</i>	<i>take off</i>	<i>turn back</i>

- We've _____ a really good restaurant near the central station.
- You don't need to _____ to go to the mail – jeans and a T-shirt are fine.
- Professor Colin Evers _____ a job at a famous university in Sydney.
- We really can't _____ living like this – we'll have to find a bigger house.
- Mary was very unhappy last week, but she has _____ now.
- You need to _____ your shoes before going inside the house.
- They _____ the old cinema to build a new shopping mall.
- A committee has been _____ to organize social events for the students.
- It took me a few days to _____ my flu.
- The mountain climbers has to _____ because they were exhausted.

IV. Fill in the correct particles to complete the following sentences.

- I've thought it _____ and have made up my mind; I'm going to take the job in New York.
- Can you put your name, telephone number and email address _____ in the book, please?
- Mark was born in the East End, but he grew _____ in the West End.
- Phong turned the TV _____ and went to bed because it was quite late.
- The guide showed us _____ the historic parts of the city.
- David is very friendly. He gets _____ most of my friends.
- I don't know why they turned _____ our invitation to the party.
- Nam didn't know the correct spelling so he had to look it _____ in the dictionary.

9. We are all looking _____ seeing our grandparents again.
 10. Our hotel was amazing and it lived _____ all our expectations.

V: Give the correct form of the word in CAPITALS to complete each of the following sentences.

- | | |
|---|-----------|
| 1. There are a lot of silk _____ such as scarves, ties and dresses in our shop. | PRODUCE |
| 2. Bat Trang is one of the most famous _____ craft villages in Ha Noi. | TRADITION |
| 3. We should read this leaflet to see what _____ are organized during the festival. | ACT |
| 4. They showed me a marble sculpture which was _____ made by hand. | KILL |
| 5. Last week we had a _____ trip to an ancient village on the outskirts of Ha Noi. | MEMORY |
| 6. Obviously, our handicrafts are in _____ with those of other villages. | COMPETE |
| 7. Do you know that _____ have to follow 15 stages to make a conical hat. | ART |
| 8. My grandfather has devoted himself to many _____ events in our community. | CULTURE |
| 9. You should spend at least one week to visit the tourist _____ in this city. | ATTRACT |
| 10. We are impressed by a wide _____ of lacquer wares in the showroom. | RANGE |

VI: Choose the best answer.

1. Pressure _____ children to get into top schools has reached a crisis point.
 A. at B. under C. on D. with
2. Perhaps what you're reading or hearing is boring, which makes it hard to _____ on the book or the conversation.
 A. concentrate B. rely C. depend D. notice
3. A great way to improve _____ skills is to keep trying new things.
 A. reason B. reasoned C. reasoning D. reasons'
4. As children move toward _____, they are less likely to ask for advice.
 A. dependent B. dependence C. independent D. independence
5. Taking good notes _____ students to evaluate, organize and summarize information.
 A. requests B. requires C. allows D. offers
6. Susan needs someone to show her how to _____ her anxiety and depression.
 A. empathise B. try C. succeed D. manage
7. Craft village are becoming popular _____ in Viet Nam.
 A. tourism attractions B. tourist attraction C. tour attractiveness D. physical attraction
8. Vietnamese traditional _____ is done with a simple hammer and chisel.
 A. sculpture pieces B. sculpture C. Sculptured feature D. sculptor
9. Now, at the age of over 80, the artisans is leaving the craft to his descendants with the desire to _____ this ancient craft.
 A. preserve B. reserve C. change D. consider
10. For that artisans, making the paintings is a career _____ it supports the life of many generations of the family.
 A. so that B. because C. because of D. although
11. The Van Phuc silk producers have expended their silk garment goods _____ they can satisfy the varied demand for their silk.
 A. in order to B. despite C. because D. so that
12. Weaving mats in Dinh Yen, Dong Thap used to be sold in the "ghost" markets set up at night and operate up to early morning _____ the government built a new market five years ago.
 A. when B. until C. after D. as soon as
13. The traditional craft has _____ from generation to generation.
 A. passed down B. passed C. been passed down D. been passed by
14. Craftsmen have to _____ the domestic and international markets so that they needn't depend on the middlemen for their sales.
 A. find B. find about C. find out D. find out about
15. The four-ton statue of hero Tran Vu, _____ in 1667, still stands in Quan Thanh Temple.
 A. cast B. casting C. to cast D. to be cast
16. In 1990, due to the change of the economic situation, Dong Ho paintings were difficult to sell and many _____ quit their

job.

- A. craftsmanship B. craft unions c. craftsmen D. crafts
17. Making rice paper _____ jobs and income for many locals, help many families out of poverty and become well-off.
- A. keeps B. gets c. applies for D. creates
18. Since changing the way of production, many craftsmen have voluntarily joined together to form _____.
- A. cooperates B. cooperation c. cooperatives D. cooperative
19. The artisan is delighted to _____ to you the craft of creating prints in an old-age style.
- A. demonstrate B. explain c. express D. provide
20. _____ a majority of Vietnamese small and medium enterprises do not have in-house designers or specialized design staff, they have to hire freelance designers.
- A. While B. Since c. Due to D. Despite the fact
21. Nowadays, Tan Chau artisans can produce silk of multiple colours _____ they can meet customers' demands.
- A. so B. so that c. but D. in order
22. The bronze casting craft in Viet Nam dated back from the age of King An Duong Vuong _____ ancient bronze arrowheads were made.
- A. because B. although c. so D. when
23. In 1990, due to the change of the economic situation, many Dong Ho cooperatives had to _____.
- A. close B. close in c. close down D. shut

VII. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

1. While many teachers spend some class time teaching _____ skills, students often need more social skills.
- A. study B. studied C. study's D. studies
2. By the age of 15, teenagers are better able to _____ a more demanding curriculum.
- A. solve B. operate C. handle D. deal
3. Tom told us that sometimes he had difficulty _____ his feelings.
- A. expressing B. communicating C. sending D. talking
4. My closest friend is not very _____ and she likes having a small friend group but I like talking with a lot of people and hanging out.
- A. society B. sociable C. social D. socialist
5. Ann was raised very _____ on her parents, and she was _____ that she wouldn't live on her own afterwards.
- A. dependent – worry B. dependent – worried C. independent – worry D. independent – worried
6. The advice columnist said, "It sounds like the problem is not your appearance but the _____ you see yourself."
- A. route B. distance C. way D. behaviour
7. I suffer from depression and anxiety, but I don't know _____ to get over my problems.
- A. what B. how C. where D. which
8. Miss Hoa said that unsuccessful test takers didn't know _____ the questions came from.
- A. when B. where C. what D. why
9. I want to talk to my teacher about my problems, but I have no idea _____ to start, or _____ to talk to him.
- A. what – where B. where – who C. why – whom D. where – how

VIII. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

1. Lacquering is a uniquely-performed _____ in Viet Nam.
- A. tradition B. production C. culture D. craft
2. The drawing and printing techniques have been _____ and inherited over many generations.
- A. preserved B. stored C. prevented D. treated
3. There is a _____ of employment opportunities in a city.
- A. type B. variety C. group D. change
4. Skillful hand-weaving techniques of the local _____ make Dinh An sedge mats a wonderful souvenir for visitors.

A. artists B. actors C. artefacts D. artisans

5. Maybe we are worried about something so our _____ keeps wandering over a particular issue.

A. brain B. impression C. feeling D. mind

6. The bamboo used to make conical hats must be split into very thin strings and then put into water _____ they can avoid tearing and any breakage.

A. because B. although C. so that D. therefore

7. To consider an idea or a suggestion before deciding to accept it is to _____.

A. look it up B. go it over C. face up to D. take it up

8. "Do you _____ your new classmate, or do you two argue?"

A. get on with B. look forward to C. face up to D. keep up with

9. All of my teachers, friends and relatives are asking me continually what careers I am interested in and I'm struggling to _____ a decision.

A. do B. make C. take D. offer

10. I am unsure as to _____ fashion designing is the right career for me.

A. whether B. what C. where D. how

IX. Choose the best one (A, B, C or D) to complete the sentence

1. Mary was very unhappy last week, but she has _____ now.

A. cheered up B. made out C. believed in D. came up

2. Dubai's Palm Islands in the blue ocean is the _____ of a good and sunny life.

A. indicator **B.** view C. signal D. sign

3. This place is so _____ with the non-stop flow of customers to come and enjoy *pho*.

A. delicious **B.** convenient C. popular **D.** exciting

4. You don't need to _____ to go to the mall – jeans and a T-shirt are fine.

A. dress in B. go over C. dress up D. turn up

5. Ha Noi also offers a nightlife as exciting as _____ in Ho Chi Minh City.

A. it B. which C. what D. that

6. Let me know when you come to Hoi An and I'll _____.

A. take you out B. bring you around C. show you around D. cheer you up

7. We expected her at nine but she finally _____ at eleven.

A. tuned up B. tuned out C. came over D. grew up

8. Linda is taking extra lessons _____ to what she missed while she was sick.

A. take back B. keep up with C. get on well with D. look forward to

9. Visitors can take a free boat from Manhattan to Staten Island for a great _____ of the Statue of Liberty and the Manhattan skyline.

A. view B. sight C. scene D. landscape

10. We've _____ a really good restaurant near the central station.

A. tuned out B. tuned up C. came over D. grew up

11. Professor Colin Evers _____ a job at a famous university in Sydney.

A. applied for B. found out C. made up D. stand up

12. We really can't _____ living like this – we'll have to find a bigger house.

A. go out B. go over C. go up D. go on

13. When you want to relax, you'll have one of the world's _____ cities at your feet, with more than 40% green space and open water to enjoy.

A. greener B. greenest C. mostly green D. green mostly

14. It is considered that life in a City is wonderful and _____ .

A. funny **B.** boring C. enjoyable D. helpful

15. Opened in 1937, the Golden Gate Bridge in San Francisco still ranks among the top 10 _____ bridge spans in the world.

A. long B. longer C. mostly long D. longest

X. Choose the best one (A, B, C or D) to complete the sentence

1. You need to _____ your shoes before going inside the house.
A. take off B. take in C. take on D. take out
2. Tom is not very punctual. He usually _____ ten minutes after the lesson has started.
A. turns off B. turns up C. turns out D. turns away
3. They _____ the old cinema to build a new shopping mall.
A. push off B. pull down C. get up D. turn over
4. I'm really _____ my holiday to Nha Trang.
A. seeking for B. seeing to C. looking forward to D. getting over
5. The police never _____ all hope of finding the lost child.
A. give out B. give off C. give in D. give up
6. A committee has been _____ to organize social events for the students.
A. brought down B. put away C. set up D. put forward
7. It took me a few days to _____ my flu.
A. get over B. come up C. take off D. go along
8. Please _____ your shoes when you come in the house.
A. do away B. take off C. make up D. drop off
9. The mountain climbers has to _____ because they were exhausted.
A. turn over B. turn back C. turn out D. turn away
10. I was born in Hai Duong, but I _____ in Ha Noi.
A. got by B. went off C. left for D. grew up
6. It is considered that life in a City is wonderful and _____ .
A. funny **B.** boring C. enjoyable D. helpful
7. You'll have _____ opportunities to widen your global horizons while living in this cultural capital city.
A. unlimited B. comfortable C. cheerful D. populous
8. Dubai's Palm Islands in the blue ocean is the _____ of a good and sunny lite.
A. indicator **B.** view C. signal D. sign
9. This place is so _____ with the non-stop flow of customers to come and enjoy *pho*.
A. delicious **B.** convenient C. popular **D.** exciting
10. Visitors can take a free boat from Manhattan to Staten Island for a great _____ of the Statue of Liberty and the Manhattan skyline.
A. view B. sight C. scene D. landscape
11. Ha Noi also offers a nightlife as exciting as _____ in Ho Chi Minh City.
A. it B. which C. what D. that
12. When you Want to relax, you'll have one of the world's _____ cities at your feet, with more than 40% green space and open water to enjoy.
A. greener B. greenest C. mostly green D. green mostly
13. Let me know when you come to Ha Noi and I'll _____.
A. take you out B. bring you around C. cheer you up D. show you around
14. We expected her at nine but she finally _____ at eleven.
A. tuned up B. tuned out C. came over D. grew up
16. Ann is taking extra lessons _____ to what she missed while she was sick.
A. take back B. get on well with C. keep up with D. look forward to

XI. Choose the correct option A, B, C or D to complete each sentence. (2p)

1. Your pink shoes go _____ your trousers nicely.
A. with B. in C. for D. off
2. Look _____! You're going to drop the vase if you're not careful.
A. up B. out C. in D. ahead

3. If milk smells bad' you can be certain it has _____ off.
A. come B. got C. decayed D. gone
4. _____ I don't like about city life is the noise; I prefer to live in the countryside.
A. Which B. That C. Whether D. What
5. At Bat Trang village, they sell beautiful earthen wares at _____ prices.
A. cheap B. positive C. affordable D. favourite
6. In the central park, there is a statue _____ from a single block of marble.
A. moulded B. cut C. carved D. built
7. My sister asked me _____ to use the new washing machine.
A. how B. what C. why D. where
8. Peter was expelled from the volunteer team _____ his misbehavior.
A. in spite of B. regardless of C. except for D. because of
9. It's a truth that dogs can hear and see _____ better than humans.
A. a lot B. much more C. very D. far more
10. The art gallery will be a new visitor _____ for the city.
A. interest B. attraction C. place D. appeal

XII: Each line has a mistake, find and correct it

1. Thank you for inviting me to the party. I wish I can but I can't.
2. He is used to drink coffee for breakfast but now he drinks milk.
3. The kitchen is not very big but there's a lot of cupboards.
4. Lukas can play the piano when he was two and now he practices it.
5. We were very poor when we were first in America, we can't buy anything.
6. They are going on a sightsee tour of New York.
7. We have lived in Vietnam for a long time, so we used to the hot.
8. Liverpool is an industry city in the North of England.
9. Primary school children can learn three language at school in Malaysia.
10. The West and the East Malaysia are separate by about 640 km of the sea.

XIII: Each line has a mistake find and correct it

1. Hoa lived there for ten years
2. I wish you will come with me now.
3. How long did they work in that factory? For 3 months
4. He wishes he knows the answer, but he really doesn't.
5. He wished he saw that film last night.
6. Lan uses to walk past the mosque on her way to primary school.
7. The Malaysian unit of currency is the dollar.
8. Buddhism is the country's official religion in Malaysia.
9. Some designers has printed lines of poetry on the Aodai.
10. The word jeans come from a kind of material that was made in Europe

XIV: Choose the underlined words or phrases that are not correct in standard written English.

1. They asked me what did happen lastnight, but I was unable to tell them.
2. Air pollution, together with littering, are causing many problems in our large, industrial cities today.
3. These televisions are quite popular in Europe, but those ones are not.
4. Nora hardly never misses an opportunity to play in the tennis tournaments.
5. Many people believe that New York is the most great city in America.
6. Each year people around the world spending billions of dollars buying goods on the Internet
7. Children enjoy telling and listening to ghosts stories, especially on Halloween night.
8. One of the most urgent problem facing us now is the need to control population growth.
9. I'd lost my front door key and I had to smash a window by a brick to get in.

10. Despite of the heavy snow, she went out.

D. READING

I. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

We know that nowadays students (1) _____ from test stress, and there are a few of the biggest causes. First, it is important to do your best and study hard, but you may push yourself too much to get a high grade, and (2) _____ can be hard to deal with. Second, many schools want to show high test grades from their students to (3) _____ that they are doing a good job of educating them. Therefore, they have high expectations for the teachers, who (4) _____ have high expectations for the students. In addition, most parents want to see great school (5) _____, and they can start pushing their children when test time (6) _____. Moreover, if you had a (7) _____ time with a test in the past, or if you have (8) _____ poorly on one or more tests, you could feel anxious about the next one. Finally, sometimes other students can (9) _____ rumors about a test, or you might hear things from older friends or siblings. Rumors like "That teacher's tests are totally impossible to pass!" can make you a lot (10) _____ nervous.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. A. suffer | B. prevent | C. experience | D. show |
| 2. A. force | B. causes | C. grades | D. pressure |
| 3. A. make | B. prove | C. discover | D. try |
| 4. A. after | B. again | C. then | D. than |
| 5. A. events | B. reports | C. descriptions | D. statements |
| 6. A. comes around | B. comes through | C. comes to | D. comes under |
| 7. A. bad | B. low | C. pleasant | D. harmful |
| 8. A. come | B. taken | C. made | D. done |
| 9. A. expand | B. spread | C. reach | D. extend |
| 10. A. much | B. over | C. more | D. less |

II. Choose the correct option A, B, C or D for each blank to complete the passage.

What will the city of the future look like? This question has been asked so many times over the (1) _____ 500 years – and answered inconsequentially an equal number of times – that we can be sure of one thing only: no one can predict (2) _____ how cities will look 50 or 500 years from now.

The reason is simple. Cities change continually. For over fifty years they have changed so rapidly that the oldest (3) _____ will remember a time when their city seemed to belong not just to another era but to a different dimension.

This is true both of planned and unplanned cities. Planned cities such as New York and Paris, which are closely (4) _____ on a grid or diagram of streets and avenues, have effectively burst at the seams this century, while unplanned cities such as London, Tokyo and Los Angeles have grown just as dramatically. (5) _____ their centres might remain much as they were many years ago, their suburbs have spread like the tentacles of an octopus.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. A. last | B. few | C. previous | D. next |
| 2. A. correctly | B. suitably | C. accurately | D. acceptably |
| 3. A. dwellers | B. occupants | C. tenants | D. residents |
| 4. A. arranged | B. organized | C. planned | D. designed |
| 5. A. Because | B. Although | C. Since | D. However |

III. Read the following passage and choose the best option for each blank to complete the passage.

Over the last century, there have been many significant changes in the way we live. Obviously, it is difficult to (1) _____ the life of ancient people and the life of the people living in the twenty-first century because so many changes have occurred. Even the changes that have (2) _____ over the last ten years are amazing.

People in the past were not (3) _____ to travel such long distances within such a short period of time. Nowadays, we have become very mobile. We have fast and (4) _____ cars. In addition, more and more people travel by plane.

Moreover, in the past people had to work harder as they did not have (5) _____ and machines to make their work easier. Today, most of the difficult and dangerous work is (6) _____ by computers and other powerful machines. In the past (7) _____ of living were not as comfortable as they are now. Besides many

people could not afford (8) _____ appliances like a fridge or a vacuum cleaner because those used to be luxurious goods. Another difference (9) _____ living now and in the past is the fact that nowadays education is accessible to everyone. In the past men were mainly the only ones educated and women were not (10) _____ into public or private schools.

- | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. A. predict | B. discuss | C. compare | D. suppose |
| 2. A. occurred | B. considered | C. expressed | D. arranged |
| 3. A. used | B. able | C. might | D. capable |
| 4. A. skillful | B. difficult | C. historical | D. comfortable |
| 5. A. rules | B. tools | C. teams | D. ideas |
| 6. A. thought | B. played | C. done | D. seen |
| 7. A. conditions | B. performances | C. stories | D. conflicts |
| 8. A. mobile | B. physical | C. bare-footed | D. household |
| 9. A. within | B. among | C. between | D. behind |
| 10. A. allowed | B. attended | C. agreed | D. appeared |

IV. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

Cyberbullying is the (1) _____ of technology to annoy, threaten, or embarrass (2) _____ person. Online threats and aggressive, or rude texts, posts, or messages all count. So does (3) _____ personal information, pictures, or videos designed to hurt or embarrass someone else. (4) _____ comments often focus on things like a person's gender, religion race, or physical differences.

Online bullying can be particularly damaging and upsetting (5) _____ it is usually anonymous or (6) _____ to find. People can suffer (7) _____ a 24/7 basis – every time they (8) _____ their cellphone or computer.

The first thing (9) _____ to solve the problem is to tell an adult you trust. You also can talk to your school counselor or a trusted teacher or family member. Ignoring bullies is the best way to take away their power, but it isn't always easy to do – in the real world (10) _____ online.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|------------|---------------|------------|
| 1. A. use | B. purpose | C. advantage | D. control |
| 2. A. the other | B. others | C. other | D. another |
| 3. A. sending | B. placing | C. posting | D. adding |
| 4. A. Polite | B. Rude | C. Sudden | D. Simple |
| 5. A. so | B. because | C. due to | D. but |
| 6. A. hard | B. hardly | C. severe | D. easy |
| 7. A. at | B. on | C. of | D. on |
| 8. A. stop | B. leave | C. check | D. mark |
| 9. A. do | B. doing | C. to be done | D. to do |
| 10. A. of | B. on | C. in | D. or |

E. WRITING

I: Rewrite sentences, using the provided word keep meaning as that of the root one

1. Thousands of people have to build that castle for him for years.

→ That castle

2. She has never read this book before.

→ It is

3. He failed in the examination last year.

→ He did not

4. I haven't eaten this kind of food before.

→ This is the first

5. His parents made him study for his exam.

→ He was made

6. I don't really want to go to the museum.

→ I'd rather.....

7. The fire has destroyed many houses.

→ Many houses

8. May I borrow your pen?

→ Would you mind?

9. I started work for the company a year ago.

→ I've

10. She didn't say a word as she left the room.

→ She left

II. Use the words given and other words to complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. Do not change the word given. (Use 2 – 5 words in total).

Example: Our city has five big shopping malls. **are**

There are five big shopping malls in our city.

1. The Central Tower is the tallest building in this city. **is**

No building in this city _____ the Central Tower.

2. I'll consider it carefully and give you an answer next week. **over**

I'll _____ and give you an answer next week.

3. We have never stayed at a worse hotel than this. **the**

This _____ we've ever stayed at.

4. Please continue doing your work and don't let anything interrupt you. **go**

Please _____ and don't let anything interrupt you.

5. I think Da Nang is not so exciting as Ho Chi Minh City. **more**

I think Ho Chi Minh City _____ Da Nang.

III. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentence. Use the word given and other words as necessary. Do not change the form of the given word.

Example: There are five rooms in our house. **HAS**

*Our house **has** five rooms.*

1. "What do you think about teenagers who dye their hair?"

THOUGHT

2. It was quite surprising for us that he passed the exam.

SURPRISED

3. "If I were you, I would tell her the truth", said Phong to Khoa.

ADVISED

4. We don't know how we should solve the problems.

TO

5. "Have I ever met him before?" Laura said to herself.

WONDERED

IV. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it.

1. Despite the heavy snow, the explorers managed to walk to the village.

Although _____.

2. Duong has good relationship with his neighbours.

Duong gets _____.

3. "You've passed your driving test, Ron! Well done!" said Carol.

Carol _____.

4. Did you find my passport when you were tidying my room, Mum?

Did you come _____ ?

5. This was one of the most powerful earthquakes ever.

No other earthquake was _____.

V. Rewrite sentences, using the provided word keep meaning as that of the root one.

1. He had a lot of money, but now he doesn't.	USED
2. The boys want to win the football match.	WISH
3. Did you always eat sweets when you were small?	USE
4. She dreams to spend her vacation in Ha Long Bay.	WISHES
5. They didn't use to drink coffee when we lived in Japan.	NEVER

VI. Rewrite each sentence so that it has a similar meaning and contains the word in brackets. Make sure that you use the correct verb form.

- Paul arrived when everyone had gone home. (**up**)
Paul _____
- We should not make an important decision until we have thought carefully about it. (**think**)
We should _____ an important decision.
- She always has a good relationship with the children. (**on**)
She always _____
- I don't believe a word he said; he just invented the story. (**up**)
I don't believe a word he said; he just _____
- Would you mind taking care of my bicycle while I'm away for a while? (**after**)
Would you mind _____ while I'm away for a while?

VII. Rewrite sentences, using the provided word keep meaning as that of the root one.

- Boiling an egg is not difficult
→ It
- The ancient Egyptians built the pyramids
→ The pyramids
- Cairo is hotter than London
→ London isn't
- It's two years since I was last in Hanoi
→ I have not
- She is overweight because she eats too much meat
→ If she
- "I have visited this beauty spot many times" said my father
→ My father told me
- People say that he is a famous singer
→ It
- The police man does not run so fast as the thief
→ The thief
- I haven't seen this man here before
→ This
- The novel is very interesting
→ We
- Please don't smoke in the dining room.
→ I'd rather
- The flight to Moscow lasted three and a half hour.
→ It took
- Mrs. Smith is the wisest member of the family.

- No member
14. I remembered and so did she.
- He didn't
15. I wasn't there at that time.
- He denied

VIII: Rewrite sentences keep meaning as the root one

1. My son *plays* video games during the day.
→ I wish.....
2. It *will be* very cold tomorrow.
→ I wish.....
3. You can't understand these things because you are very young.
→ You are not.....
4. I have so much to do today
→ I wish
5. Tom is a playwright as well as an actor
→ Tom is not only
6. They did not finish the kitchen on Mon day
→ The kitchen
7. The last time I saw Lan was at Tam' sbirthday party
→ I
8. What did he tell you?
→ I need to know
9. Where did they go on holiday?
→ Do you know?
10. Where is the dentist's office?
→ Could you tell me?
11. How many people are there in our school?
→ We want to know?
12. This shirt is too dirty for me to wear
→ This shirt
13. I don't find it difficult to get up early in the morning.
→ I am used to
14. Would you please give me a hand?
→ Would you mind?
15. I can't understand him because he speaks so quickly.
→ If he didn't
16. The suitcase is so heavy that I can't carry it.
→ It is such
17. Why don't you ask her yourself?
→ I suggest
18. How long is it since you last saw Mary?
→ When?
19. The fight to Moscow lasted three and a half hours.
It took
20. She asked, " How many Japanese students are there in your class, Tom? "
→ She asked Tom.....