

Lesson 22

Android Services

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Notes are based on:
Android Developers
http://developer.android.com/index.html

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Services

Android Services

A Service is an application component that runs in the background, not interacting with the user, for an **indefinite** period of time.

Services, like other application objects (activitties, broadcast listeners...), run in the main thread of their hosting process.

This means that, if your service is going to do any CPU intensive (such as MP3 playback) or blocking (such as networking) operations, it *should spawn its own thread in which to do that work.*

Each service class must have a corresponding **<service>** declaration in its package's **AndroidManifest.xml**.

 ${\bf Taken\ from:}\ \underline{http://developer.android.com/guide/components/services.html}$

Android Services

- Services can be started with: startService() and bindService().
- Each startService call invokes the **onStart()** method of the service class, however the service is started only with the *first* call.
- Only one stopService() call is needed to stop the service, no matter how many times startService() was called.

Taken from: http://developer.android.com/guide/components/services.html

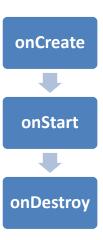
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Service Life Cycle

Like an activity, a service has lifecycle methods that you can implement to monitor changes in its state. But they are fewer than the activity methods — only three — and they are public, not protected:

- 1. void onCreate ()
- 2. void onStart (Intent intent)
- 3. void onDestroy ()



Service Life Cycle

The entire lifetime of a service happens between the time onCreate() is called and the time onDestroy() returns.

Like an activity, a service does its initial setup in onCreate(), and releases all remaining resources in onDestroy().

For example, a music playback service could create the thread where the music will be played in *onCreate()*, and then stop the thread in *onDestroy()*.

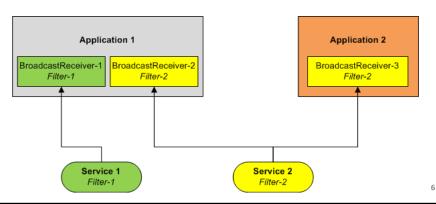
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Broadcast Receiver Lifecycle

A Broadcast Receiver is an application class that listens for global Intents that are broadcasted to any one who bothers to listen, rather than being sent to a single target application/activity.

The system delivers a broadcast Intent to all interested broadcast receivers, which handle the Intent *sequentially*.



Registering a Broadcast Receiver

- You can either dynamically register an instance of this class with registerReceiver()
- or statically publish an implementation through the <receiver> tag in your AndroidManifest.xml (see next example).

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Broadcast Receiver Lifecycle



A broadcast receiver has a single callback method:

void onReceive (Context context, Intent broadcastMsg)

- When a broadcast message arrives for the receiver, Android calls its onReceive() method and passes it the Intent object containing the message.
- 2. The broadcast receiver is considered to be *active* only while it is executing its onReceive() method.
- 3. When onReceive() returns, it is inactive.

Services, BroadcastReceivers and the AdroidManifest

The manifest of applications using Android Services must include:

- 1. A <service> entry for each service used in the application.
- If the application defines a BroadcastReceiver as an independent class, it must include a <receiver> clause identifying the component.
 - In addition an <intent-filter> entry is needed to declare the actual filter the service and the receiver use.

See example

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Services, BroadcastReceivers and the AdroidManifest

Types of Broadcasts

There are two major classes of broadcasts that can be received:

- **1. Normal broadcasts** (sent with **sendBroadcast**) are completely *asynchronous*. All receivers of the broadcast are run in an *undefined* order, often at the same time.
- 2. Ordered broadcasts (sent with sendOrderedBroadcast) are delivered to one receiver at a time. As each receiver executes in turn, it can propagate a result to the next receiver, or it can completely abort the broadcast (abortBroadcast())so that it won't be passed to other receivers.
 - Ordering receivers for execution can be controlled with the android:priority attribute of the matching intent-filter;
 - Receivers with the same priority will be run in an arbitrary order.

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Example: Main Steps - The Main Activity

Assume main activity *MyService3Driver* wants to interact with a service called *MyService3*. The main activity is responsible for the following tasks:

1. Start the service called MyService3.

```
Intent intentMyService = new Intent(this, MyService3.class);
ComponentName service = startService(intentMyService);
```

2. Define corresponding receiver's filter and register local receiver

```
IntentFilter mainFilter = new IntentFilter("matos.action.GOSERVICE3");
BroadcastReceiver receiver = new MyMainLocalReceiver();
registerReceiver(receiver, mainFilter);
```

3. Implement local receiver and override its main method

public void onReceive(Context localContext, Intent callerIntent)

Example: Main Steps - The Service

The Service uses its *onStart* method to do the following:

1. Create an Intent with the appropriate broadcast filter (any number of receivers could match it).

```
Intent myFilteredResponse = new Intent("matos.action.GOSERVICE3");
```

2. Prepare the extra data ('myServiceData') to be sent with the intent to the receiver(s)

```
Object msg = some user data goes here;
myFilteredResponse.putExtra("myServiceData", msg);
```

3. Release the intent to all receivers matching the filter

```
sendBroadcast(myFilteredResponse);
```

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Example: Steps - The Driver (again)

The main activity is responsible for cleanly terminating the service. Do the following

1. Assume intentMyService is the original Intent used to start the service.
Calling the termination of the service is accomplished by the method

```
stopService(new Intent(intentMyService) );
```

2. Use the service's onDestroy method to assure that all of its running threads are terminated and the receiver is unregistered.

```
unregisterReceiver(receiver);
```

Example 1. A very Simple Service

The main application starts a service. The service prints lines on the **LogCat** until the main activity stops the service. No **IPC** occurs in the example.

```
public class TestMyService1 extends Activity implements OnClickListener {
    TextView txtMsg;
    ComponentName service;
    Intent intentMyService1;
    @Override
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.main);
        txtMsg = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.txtMsg);
        findViewById(R.id.btnStopService).setOnClickListener(this);
        intentMyService1 = new Intent(this, MyService1.class);
        service = startService(intentMyService1);
        txtMsg.setText("MyService1 started\n (see LogCat)");
}
```

Services

Example 1. A very Simple Service

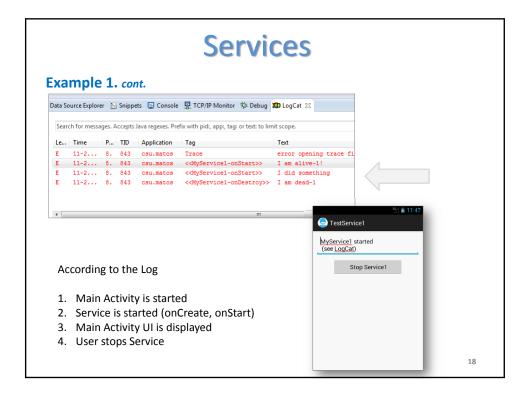
The main application starts a service. The service prints lines on the **LogCat** until the main activity stops the service. No **IPC** occurs in the example.

```
@Override
public void onClick(View v) {
    // assume: v.getid == R.id.btnStopService
    try {
        stopService(intentMyService1);

        txtMsg.setText("After stopping Service: \n" + service.getClassName());
    } catch (Exception e) {
        Toast.makeText(this, e.getMessage(), 1).show();
    }
}//onClick
}//class
```

Example 1. cont.

```
//non CPU intensive service running the main task in its main thread
package cis.matos;
public class MyService1 extends Service {
          @Override
          public IBinder onBind(Intent arg0) {
                    return null;
          }
          @Override
          public void onCreate() {
                    super.onCreate();
          }
          @Override
          public void onStart(Intent intent, int startId) {
                    Log.e ("<<MyService1-onStart>>", "I am alive-1!");
Log.e ("<<MyService1-onStart>>", "I did something");
          }
          @Override
          public void onDestroy() {
                    Log.e ("<<MyService1-onDestroy>>", "I am dead-1");
}//MyService1
```



Example 1. cont. Manifest

```
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
   package="csu.matos"
   android:versionCode="1"
   android:versionName="1.0" >
    cuses-sdk
       android:minSdkVersion="8"
        android:targetSdkVersion="15" />
    <application</pre>
        android:icon="@drawable/ic_launcher" android:label="@string/app_name"
        android:theme="@style/AppTheme" >
        <activity
           android:name=".TestMyService1"
            android:label="@string/title_activity_test_service1" >
            <intent-filter>
               <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
                <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
           </intent-filter>
        </activity>
        <service android:name="MyService1" />
    </application>
</manifest>
                                                                                    19
```

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Example 1. cont. Layout

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:orientation="vertical" >
                                                                      TestService1
    <EditText
        android:id="@+id/txtMsg"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
                                                                             Stop Service1
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:inputType="none"
        android:layout_margin="10dp" />
        android:id="@+id/btnStopService"
        android:layout_width="204dp"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:layout_gravity="center"
android:text=" Stop Service1" />
</LinearLayout>
                                                                                           20
```

Example 2. A More Interesting Activity-Service Interaction

- 1. The main activity starts the *service* and registers a *receiver*.
- 2. The service is slow, therefore it runs in a parallel thread its time consuming task.
- 3. When done with a computing cycle, the service adds a message to an intent.
- 4. The *intent* is broadcasted using the filter: matos.action.GOSERVICE3.
- 5. A *BroadcastReceiver* (defined inside the main Activity) uses the previous filter and catches the message (displays the contents on the main UI).
- 6. At some point the main activity stops the service and finishes executing.

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Example 2. Layout

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout</pre>
                                                                                                                MyService3
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
       android:layout_width="match_parent
                                                                                                                                Stop Service
       android:layout height="match parent"
       android:orientation="vertical" >
                                                                                                            MyService3 started - (see LogCat)
                                                                                                           Service3Data: > 0 value: 85
Service3Data: > 1 value: 3122
        <Button
                android:id="@+id/btnStopService"
                                                                                                           Service3Data: > 1 value: 3122
Service3Data: > 2 value: 6131
Service3Data: > 3 value: 9193
Service3Data: > 4 value: 12243
Service3Data: > 5 value: 15304
Service3Data: > 7 value: 21377
Service3Data: > 7 value: 21377
                android:layout_width="151dip"
                android:layout_height="wrap_content"
              android:layout_gravity="center"
android:text="Stop Service" />
                                                                                                          Service3Data: > 8 value: 24440
Service3Data: > 9 value: 27475
Service3Data: > 10 value: 30484
Service3Data: > 11 value: 30549
Service3Data: > 12 value: 39647
Service3Data: > 13 value: 39647
Service3Data: > 15 value: 42690
Service3Data: > 15 value: 48776
Service3Data: > 17 value: 51813
Service3Data: > 18 value: 54850
Service3Data: > 19 value: 54850
Service3Data: > 19 value: 57906
Service3Data: > 20 value: 60976
                                                                                                           Service3Data: > 8 value: 24440
        <ScrollView
               android:layout_width="match_parent"
                android:layout_height="wrap_content" >
                       android:id="@+id/txtMsg"
                        android:layout_width="match_parent"
                       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
                        android:inputType="none" />
        </ScrollView>
</LinearLayout>
```

Example 2. Manifest

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
    package="cis493.demos"
    android:versionCode="1"
    android:versionName="1.0.0" >
    <uses-sdk android:minSdkVersion="10" >
    </uses-sdk>
    <application
        android:icon="@drawable/ic_launcher"
android:label="@string/app_name"
        android:theme="@android:style/Theme.Holo.Light">
        <activity
            android:name=".MyServiceDriver3"
            android:label="@string/app_name" >
            <intent-filter>
                <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
                <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
            </intent-filter>
        </activity>
        <service android:name="MyService3" >
        </service>
    </application>
</manifest>
                                                                                                     23
```

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Example 2. Main Activity 1 of 3

```
public class MyServiceDriver3 extends Activity implements OnClickListener {
   TextView txtMsg;
    ComponentName service;
    Intent intentMyService3;
    BroadcastReceiver receiver;
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.main);
        txtMsg = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.txtMsg);
        intentMyService3 = new Intent(this, MyService3.class);
        service = startService(intentMyService3);
        txtMsg.setText("MyService3 started - (see LogCat)");
        findViewById(R.id.btnStopService).setOnClickListener(this);
        // register & define filter for local listener
       IntentFilter mainFilter = new IntentFilter("matos.action.GOSERVICE3");
       receiver = new MyMainLocalReceiver();
       registerReceiver(receiver, mainFilter);
    }//onCreate
```

Example 2. Main Activity 2 of 3

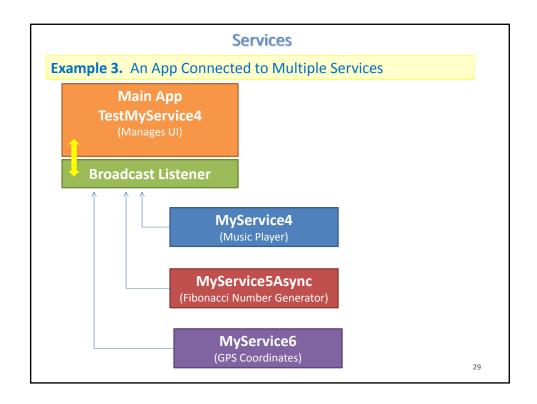
```
public void onClick(View v) {
  // assume: v.getId() == R.id.btnStopService
  try {
     stopService(intentMyService3);
     txtMsg.setText("After stoping Service: \n" + service.getClassName() );
  } catch (Exception e) {
     e.printStackTrace();
@Override
protected void onDestroy() {
   super.onDestroy();
     stopService(intentMyService3);
     unregisterReceiver(receiver);
  } catch (Exception e) {
     Log.e ("MAIN3-DESTROY>>>", e.getMessage() );
   Log.e ("MAIN3-DESTROY>>>" , "Adios" );
}
```

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```
Example 2. Main Activity 3 of 3
  public class MyMainLocalReceiver extends BroadcastReceiver {
     public void onReceive(Context localContext, Intent callerIntent) {
        String serviceData = callerIntent.getStringExtra("service3Data");
        Log.e ("MAIN>>>", "Data received from Service3: " + serviceData);
        String now = "\nService3Data: > " + serviceData;
        txtMsg.append(now);
  }//MyMainLocalReceiver
}//MyServiceDriver3
```

Services Example 2. Service 1 of 2 public class MyService3 extends Service { boolean isRunning = true; @Override public IBinder onBind(Intent arg0) { return null; @Override public void onCreate() { super.onCreate(); @Override public void onStart(Intent intent, int startId) { Log.e ("<<MyService3-onStart>>", "I am alive-3!"); Thread serviceThread = new Thread (new Runnable(){ public void run() { for(int i=0; (i< 120) & isRunning; i++) { try { //fake that you are very busy here Thread.sleep(1000); Intent intentDataForMyClient = new Intent("matos.action.GOSERVICE3"); String msg = "data-item-" + i;

Services Example 2. Service 2 of 2 intentDataForMyClient.putExtra("service3Data", msg); sendBroadcast(intentDataForMyClient); } catch (Exception e) { e.printStackTrace(); }//for }//run serviceThread.start(); }//onStart @Override public void onDestroy() { super.onDestroy(); Log.e ("<<MyService3-onDestroy>>", "I am Dead-3"); isRunning = false; }//onDestroy }//MyService3

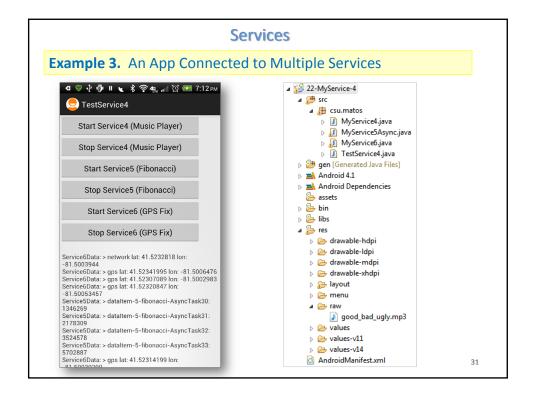


Example 3. An App Connected to Multiple Services

In this application the Main Activity starts three services:

- 1. MyService4: A music player whose input is an mp3 resource file stored in res/raw.
- 2. MyService5Async: A service producing Fibonacci numbers in the 20-50 range. The task of number generation is implemented inside an AsyncTask. The efficiency of this Fibonacci implementation is O(2ⁿ) [intentionally slow!]
- 3. MyService6: The service returns GPS coordinates. Two methods are used to obtain the current location (a) a quick Network-provider based reading (coarse location), and (b) a more precise but slower Satellite reading (fine location).

The Main Application defines and registers a **BroadcastReceiver** capable of attending messages matching any of the three filters used by the broadcasting services above. Received results are displayed on the user's screen.



Example 3. MainActivity: TestMyService4.java

```
package csu.matos;
import . . .
public class TestService4 extends Activity implements OnClickListener {
 TextView txtMsg;
  Intent intentCallService4;
  Intent intentCallService5;
  Intent intentCallService6;
  BroadcastReceiver receiver;
  public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
   super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
   setContentView(R.layout.main);
   txtMsg = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.txtMsg);
   findViewById(R.id.btnStart4).setOnClickListener(this);
   findViewById(R.id.btnStop4).setOnClickListener(this);
   findViewById(R.id.btnStart5).setOnClickListener(this);
   findViewById(R.id.btnStop5).setOnClickListener(this);
   findViewById(R.id.btnStart6).setOnClickListener(this);
   findViewById(R.id.btnStop6).setOnClickListener(this);
```

Example 3. MainActivity: TestMyService4.java

```
Log.e("MAIN", "Main started");

// get ready to invoke execution of background services
intentCallService4 = new Intent(this, MyService4.class);
intentCallService5 = new Intent(this, MyService5Async.class);
intentCallService6 = new Intent(this, MyService6.class);

// register local listener & define triggering filter
IntentFilter filter5 = new IntentFilter("matos.action.GOSERVICE5");
IntentFilter filter6 = new IntentFilter("matos.action.GPSFIX");

receiver = new MyEmbeddedBroadcastReceiver();
registerReceiver(receiver, filter5);
registerReceiver(receiver, filter6);

}// onCreate
```

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Example 3. MainActivity: TestMyService4.java

```
@Override
public void onClick(View v) {
  if (v.getId() == R.id.btnStart4) {
  Log.e("MAIN", "onClick: starting service4");
    startService(intentCallService4);
  } else if (v.getId() == R.id.btnStop4) {
    Log.e("MAIN", "onClick: stopping service4");
    stopService(intentCallService4);
  } else if (v.getId() == R.id.btnStart5) {
    Log.e("MAIN", "onClick: starting service5");
    startService(intentCallService5);
 } else if (v.getId() == R.id.btnStop5) {
Log.e("MAIN", "onClick: stopping service5");
stopService(intentCallService5);
  } else if (v.getId() == R.id.btnStart6) {
    Log.e("MAIN", "onClick: starting service6");
startService(intentCallService6);
  } else if (v.getId() == R.id.btnStop6) {
Log.e("MAIN", "onClick: stopping service6");
    stopService(intentCallService6);
}// onClick
```

Example 3. MainActivity: TestMyService4.java

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Example 3. MyService4 – A Music Player

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Example 3. MyService4 – A Music Player

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Example 3. MyService5Async – A Slow Fibonacci Number Gen.

```
package csu.matos;
import . . .
public class MyService5Async extends Service {
 boolean isRunning = true;
 private Handler handler = new Handler() {
   public void handleMessage(Message msg) {
     super.handleMessage(msg);
     Log.e("MyService5Async-Handler", "Handler got from MyService5Async: "
           + (String)msg.obj);
 };
 @Override
 public IBinder onBind(Intent arg0) {
   return null;
 @Override
 public void onCreate() {
   super.onCreate();
```

Example 3. MyService5Async – A Slow Fibonacci Number Gen.

```
public void onStart(Intent intent, int startId) {
 Log.e ("<<MyService5Async-onStart>>", "I am alive-5Async!");
 // we place the slow work of the service in an AsynTask
 // so the response we send our caller who run
 // a "startService(...)" method gets a quick OK from us.
 new ComputeFibonacciRecursivelyTask().execute(20, 50);
}//onStart
// this recursive evaluation of Fibonacci numbers is exponential O(2^n)
// for large n values it should be very time-consuming!
public Integer fibonacci(Integer n){
 if ( n==0 || n==1 )
   return 1;
   return fibonacci(n-1) + fibonacci(n-2);
@Override
public void onDestroy() {
  //super.onDestroy();
 Log.e ("<<MyService5Async-onDestroy>>", "I am dead-5-Async");
 isRunning = false;
}//onDestroy
```

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Example 3. MyService5Async – A Slow Fibonacci Number Gen.

```
public class ComputeFibonacciRecursivelyTask extends AsyncTask <</pre>
                                            Integer, Integer > {
   protected Integer doInBackground(Integer... params) {
     for (int i=params[0]; i<params[1]; i++){</pre>
      Integer fibn = fibonacci(i);
      publishProgress(i, fibn);
    return null;
   @Override
   protected void onProgressUpdate(Integer... values) {
    super.onProgressUpdate(values);
     Intent intentFilter5 = new Intent("matos.action.GOSERVICE5");
    intentFilter5.putExtra("MyService5DataItem", data);
     sendBroadcast(intentFilter5);
     // (next id not really needed!!! - we did the broadcasting already)
     Message msg = handler.obtainMessage(5, data);
     handler.sendMessage(msg);
 }// ComputeFibonacciRecursivelyTask
}//MyService5
                                                                             40
```

Example 3. MyService6 – A GPS Service broadcasting locations.

```
package csu.matos;
Import . . .
public class MyService6 extends Service {
   String GPS_FILTER = "matos.action.GPSFIX";
   Thread serviceThread;
   LocationManager lm;
   GPSListener myLocationListener;

@Override
public IBinder onBind(Intent arg0) {
   return null;
   }

@Override
public void onCreate() {
   super.onCreate();
   }
```

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Example 3. MyService6 – A GPS Service broadcasting locations.

```
@Override
public void onStart(Intent intent, int startId) {
   Log.e("<<MyGpsService-onStart>>", "I am alive-GPS!");

serviceThread = new Thread(new Runnable() {
   public void run() {
     getGPSFix_Version1(); // uses NETWORK provider
     getGPSFix_Version2(); // uses GPS chip provider
   }// run
});
serviceThread.start();
}// onStart
```

Example 3. MyService6 – A GPS Service broadcasting locations.

```
public void getGPSFix Version1() {
       // Get the location manager
       LocationManager locationManager = (LocationManager)
                                      getSystemService(Context.LOCATION_SERVICE);
       // work with best provider
       Criteria criteria = new Criteria();
       String provider = locationManager.getBestProvider(criteria, false);
       Location location = locationManager.getLastKnownLocation(provider);
       if ( location != null ){
        // capture location data sent by current provider
      double latitude = location.getLatitude();
      double longitude = location.getLongitude();
      // assemble data bundle to be broadcasted
      Intent myFilteredResponse = new Intent(GPS_FILTER);
      myFilteredResponse.putExtra("latitude", latitude);
myFilteredResponse.putExtra("longitude", longitude);
      myFilteredResponse.putExtra("provider", provider);
Log.e(">>>GPS_Service<<", provider + " =>Lat:" + latitude
            + " lon:" + longitude);
       // send the location data out
      sendBroadcast(myFilteredResponse);
}
```

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Example 3. MyService6 – A GPS Service broadcasting locations.

```
public void getGPSFix_Version2() {
 try {
   Looper.prepare();
   // try to get your GPS location using the
   // LOCATION.SERVIVE provider
   lm = (LocationManager) getSystemService(Context.LOCATION_SERVICE);
   // This listener will catch and disseminate location updates
   myLocationListener = new GPSListener();
   // define update frequency for GPS readings
   long minTime = 2000; // 2 seconds
   float minDistance = 5; // 5 meter
    // request GPS updates
   lm.requestLocationUpdates(LocationManager.GPS_PROVIDER, minTime,
       minDistance, myLocationListener);
   Looper.loop();
 } catch (Exception e) {
   e.printStackTrace();
}
```

Example 3. MyService6 – A GPS Service broadcasting locations.

```
@Override
public void onDestroy() {
    super.onDestroy();
    Log.e("<<MyGpsService-onDestroy>>", "I am dead-GPS");
    try {
        lm.removeUpdates(myLocationListener);
        isRunning = false;
    } catch (Exception e) {
        Toast.makeText(getApplicationContext(), e.getMessage(), 1).show();
    }
}// onDestroy
```

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Example 3. MyService6 – A GPS Service broadcasting locations.

```
private class GPSListener implements LocationListener {
    public void onLocationChanged(Location location) {
      // capture location data sent by current provider
      double latitude = location.getLatitude();
      double longitude = location.getLongitude();
      // assemble data bundle to be broadcasted
      Intent myFilteredResponse = new Intent(GPS_FILTER);
      myFilteredResponse.putExtra("latitude", latitude);
myFilteredResponse.putExtra("longitude", longitude);
myFilteredResponse.putExtra("provider", location.getProvider());
      Log.e(">>GPS_Service<<", "Lat:" + Latitude + " Lon:" + Longitude);
      // send the location data out
      sendBroadcast(myFilteredResponse);
    public void onProviderDisabled(String provider) {
    public void onProviderEnabled(String provider) {
    public void onStatusChanged(String provider, int status, Bundle extras) {
  };// GPSListener class
}// MyService3
                                                                                              46
```

Example 3. Manifest

```
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
    package="csu.matos" android:versionCode="1"
                                                        android:versionName="1.0" >
    cuses-sdk
        android:minSdkVersion="8" android:targetSdkVersion="15" />
   <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_COARSE_LOCATION" />
   <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS FINE LOCATION" />
    <application</pre>
        android:icon="@drawable/ic_launcher"
        android:label="@string/app_name" android:theme="@style/AppTheme" >
        <activity
            android:name=".TestService4"
            android:label="@string/title_activity_test_service4"
              android:screenOrientation="portrait">
            <intent-filter>
                <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
                <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
            </intent-filter>
        </activity>
        <service android:name=".MyService4"/>
<service android:name=".MyService5Async" />
        <service android:name=".MyService6" />
   </application>
</manifest>
```

Services

Example 3. Layout

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
                                                                              android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent" >
                                                                              Start Service4 (Music Player)
                                                                              Stop Service4 (Music Player)
    <LinearLayout</pre>
                                                                              Start Service5 (Fibonacci)
         xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
                                                                               Stop Service5 (Fibonacci)
        android:layout width="match parent'
        android:layout height="match parent"
                                                                               Start Service6 (GPS Fix)
        android:orientation="vertical" >
                                                                               Stop Service6 (GPS Fix)
         <Button
             android:id="@+id/btnStart4"
             android:layout width="wrap content"
             android:layout_height="wrap_content"
             android:ems="15"
             android:text="Start Service4 (Music Player)" />
             android:id="@+id/btnStop4"
             android:layout_width="wrap_content"
             android:layout_height="wrap_content"
             android:ems="15"
             android:text="Stop Service4 (Music Player)" />
                                                                                          48
```

Example 3. Layout

```
android:id="@+id/btnStart5"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:ems="15"
    android:text="Start Service5 (Fibonacci)" />
    android:id="@+id/btnStop5"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:ems="15"
    android:text="Stop Service5 (Fibonacci)" />
<Button
    android:id="@+id/btnStart6"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:ems="15"
    android:text="Start Service6 (GPS Fix)" />
<Button
    android:id="@+id/btnStop6"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:ems="15"
                                                                                   49
    android:text="Stop Service6 (GPS Fix)" />
```

Services

Example 3. Layout

```
<ScrollView
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content" >

<TextView
    android:id="@+id/txtMsg"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:layout_margin="5dp" />

</ScrollView>

</LinearLayout>
</LinearLayout>
```



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