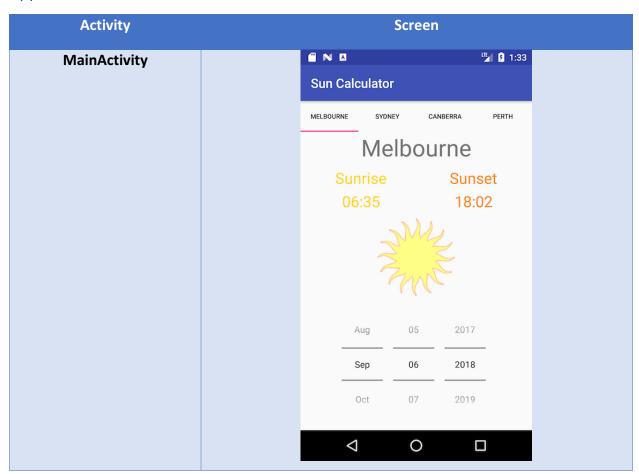
# Software Development for Mobile Devices

## Submission for Assignment A5.3P

### Refactoring the Sun

After refactoring the project based on the specification, the app is now having a tab bar on the top of the screen. A new fragment will be created when the user swipes to a new tab. For example, if the user swipe to Sydney Region, a new fragment will be created and calculate sun activities based on the geolocation.

#### App Screen



After refactoring, the MainActivity includes only the ViewPager, TabLayout and a FragmentAdapter to manipulate Fragments.

#### MainActivity

```
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    FragmentAdapter adapterViewPager;
    private List<GeoLocation> australiaLocations = new ArrayList<>();
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
        initData();
        ViewPager vpPager = (ViewPager) findViewById(R.id.pager);
        adapterViewPager = new FragmentAdapter(getSupportFragmentManager(),
        vpPager.setAdapter(adapterViewPager);
        vpPager.addOnPageChangeListener(new ViewPager.OnPageChangeListener() {
             @Override
            public void onPageSelected(int position) {
            @Override
             public void onPageScrolled(int position, float positionOffset, int
positionOffsetPixels) {
            @Override
            public void onPageScrollStateChanged(int state) {
    // Code goes here
        TabLayout tabLayout = findViewById(R.id.tabLayout);
        if (australiaLocations.size() > 4) {
            tabLayout.setTabMode(TabLayout.MODE SCROLLABLE);
        } else {
             tabLayout.setTabMode(TabLayout.MODE_FIXED);
        tabLayout.setupWithViewPager(vpPager);
    public void addLocation(GeoLocation location) {
        this.australiaLocations.add(location);
    private void initData() {
        TimeZone tz = TimeZone.getDefault();
        addLocation(new GeoLocation("Melbourne", -37.813629, 144.963058,tz)); addLocation(new GeoLocation("Sydney", -33.868820, 151.209290,tz));
        addLocation(new GeoLocation("Canberra", -35.280937, 149.130005,tz));
```

```
addLocation(new GeoLocation("Perth", -31.950527, 115.860458,tz));
}
```

#### Fragment Adapter

```
public class FragmentAdapter extends FragmentStatePagerAdapter {
   List<GeoLocation> australiaLocations;

public FragmentAdapter(FragmentManager fm, List<GeoLocation> australiaLocations) {
    super(fm);
        this.australiaLocations = australiaLocations;
}

@Override
public Fragment getItem(int position) {
    return SunsetFragment.newInstance(australiaLocations.get(position));
}

@Override
public int getCount() {
    return australiaLocations.size();
}

@Override
public CharSequence getPageTitle(int position) {
    return australiaLocations.get(position).getLocationName();
}
```

A SunsetFragment uses to setup a fragment based on the provided geolocation.

#### SunsetFragment

```
public class SunsetFragment extends android.support.v4.app.Fragment {
    private GeoLocation geoLocation;
    private View rootView;

    public GeoLocation getGeoLocation() {
        return geoLocation;
    }

    public void setGeoLocation(GeoLocation geoLocation) {
        this.geoLocation = geoLocation;
    }

    public static SunsetFragment newInstance(GeoLocation geoLocation) {
        SunsetFragment fragmentFirst = new SunsetFragment();
        fragmentFirst.setGeoLocation(geoLocation);
        return fragmentFirst;
    }

    // Store instance variables based on arguments passed
    @Override
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    }
}
```

```
@Override
    public View onCreateView(LayoutInflater inflater, ViewGroup container,
                             Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        rootView = inflater.inflate(R.layout.sunset_fragment, container, false);
        initializeUI(rootView):
    private void initializeUI(View view) {
        TextView locationTV = view.findViewById(R.id.locationTV);
        locationTV.setText(geoLocation.getLocationName());
       DatePicker dp = view.findViewById(R.id.datePicker);
       Calendar cal = Calendar.getInstance();
        int year = cal.get(Calendar.YEAR);
        int month = cal.get(Calendar.MONTH);
        int day = cal.get(Calendar.DAY_OF_MONTH);
       dp.init(year,month,day,dateChangeHandler); // setup initial values and reg.
       updateTime(view,year, month, day);
    private void updateTime(View view,int year, int monthOfYear, int dayOfMonth) {
       AstronomicalCalendar ac = new AstronomicalCalendar(geoLocation);
       ac.getCalendar().set(year, monthOfYear, dayOfMonth);
       Date srise = ac.getSunrise();
       Date sset = ac.getSunset();
        SimpleDateFormat sdf = new SimpleDateFormat("HH:mm");
       TextView sunriseTV = view.findViewById(R.id.sunriseTimeTV);
        TextView sunsetTV = view.findViewById(R.id.sunsetTimeTV);
       Log.d("SUNRISE Unformatted", srise+"");
        sunriseTV.setText(sdf.format(srise));
        sunsetTV.setText(sdf.format(sset));
   DatePicker.OnDateChangedListener dateChangeHandler = new
DatePicker.OnDateChangedListener()
       public void onDateChanged(DatePicker dp, int year, int monthOfYear, int
dayOfMonth)
            updateTime(rootView, year, monthOfYear, dayOfMonth);
```