# Maternal Smoking and Infant Health

#### National Institutes of Health

Yu Du

Johns Hopkins University

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ackground Problem Statement Deliverable Approach Conclusion

### **Outline**

Background

**Problem Statement** 

Deliverable

Approach

Conclusion

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### Introduction to National Institutes of Health

- 1. Part of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
- 2. Nation's medical research agency
- 3. Make important discoveries that improve health and save lives
- 4. Thanks to NIH-funded medical research, Americans today are living longer and healthier

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### Problem that concerns the baby birth weight

- 1. One of the U.S. Surgeon Generals health warnings "Smoking by pregnant women may result in fetal injury, premature birth, and low birth weight."
- 2. Epidemiological studies show that smoking is responsible for a 150 to 250 gram reduction in birth weight
- Epidemiological studies also indicate that smoking mothers are about twice as likely as nonsmoking mothers to have a low-birth-weight baby (under 2500 grams)

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### **NIH-Sponsored Project**

- To compare the birth weights of babies born to smokers and nonsmokers
- 2. To assess the impact of maternal smoking status on baby birth weight
- 3. To determine what other variables influence the baby birth weight
- 4. To predict the birth weight given the values of variables considered

## From Team to Sponsor

The following outputs are expected from this project:

- 1. A report regarding whether maternal smoking status has an impact on baby birth weight
- 2. A software that produces the prediction interval of baby birth weight given the values of the predictors as the input

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## From Sponsor to Team

In order for my project to be of successful one, I will need:

- 1. Access to the datasets of Child Health and Development Studies where the data regarding birth weight, maternal smoking status, maternal height, weight and age are provided
- 2. Computing resources
- 3. Timely responses to inquiries
- 4. Symposium attendance travel expenses

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### **Collection of Data**

The data was collected in the following ways:

- 1. Place: Kaiser Foundation Health Plan in the San FranciscoEast Bayarea
- 2. Time: Between 1960 and 1967
- 3. Variable: Baby birth weight; Maternal smoking status; Maternal height; Maternal weight; Maternal age

### Clean the Data

- 1. Delete the data with missing values
- 2. Delete the detected outliers

### **Methods**

- 1. Software: R
- 2. Two sample hypothesis test to determine the difference in the birth weights of babies born to smoking mothers and babies born to nonsmoking mothers
- Multiple covariates regression analysis for birth weight (response)
  against other variables including maternal smoking status, maternal
  height, weight, age as predictors to measure the relationship among
  those variables
- 4. Ordinary least squres method to find the coefficients
- 5. Test the model
- 6. Refine the model

### MLR Model for baby birth weight

#### Original Model:

Birth Weight = 
$$\beta_0 + \beta_1$$
 (Maternal Smoking Status) +  $\beta_2$  (Maternal Height)  
+ $\beta_3$  (Maternal Weight) +  $\beta_4$  (Maternal Age) +  $\epsilon$  (error term)

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### Work to Be Done

- 1. Assess residual assumptions
- 2. Examine the multicollinearity and overfitting
- 3. Test and refine the model

### For Future Related Research

- 1. Take into consideration more variables like the diet of mothers before they labored
- 2. Use future data to further test the model

## References I