

# Experiencing FreeIPA before RHEL Identity Management

Deployment migration case



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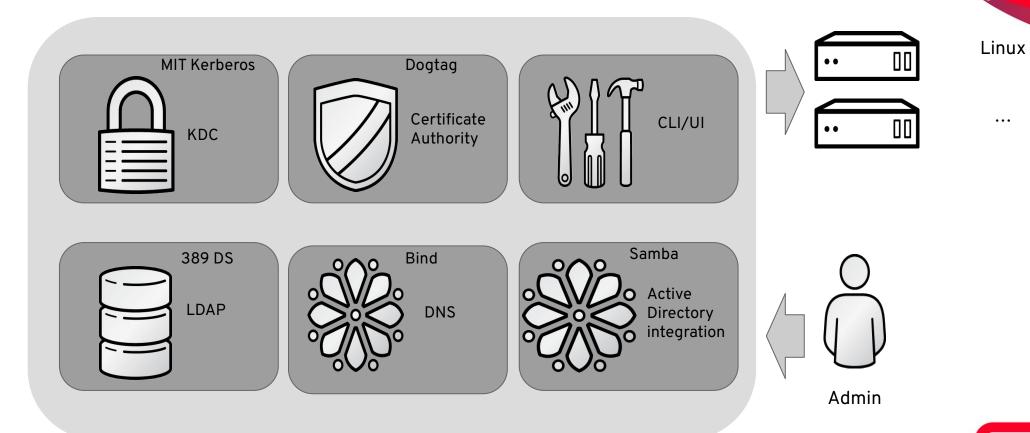


# FreeIPA: upstream to RHEL Identity Management

FreeIPA (IdM) deployment	Organization domain + domain controllers + enrolled client systems
Organization domain	Kerberos realm: users + hosts + services
Domain controller	Kerberos KDC + LDAP server datastore + optional services + management tools
Optional services	Certificate Authority and its services, DNS server, Active Directory integration
LDAP datastore	users, groups, machines, Kerberos services, SUDO rules, HBAC rules, certificates,
Enrolled client system	Kerberos client + LDAP client (SSSD) + domain access control
Domain access control	groups, host-based access control (HBAC), SUDO rules, Kerberos ticket properties



#### FreeIPA domain controller



https://access.redhat.com/articles/1586893



ipa migrate-ds: migration for remote LDAP servers since version 2.0.0

- Only migrates users and groups
- User-private groups are not maintained
- Executed as a server-side plugin within the context of a client connection
- There is no feedback during the migration beyond watching the logs
- There is no migration-specific journal
- Syntax errors can cause migration to fail with the only resolution being to skip broken entries or fix the remote LDAP server



- New migration tool: ipa-migrate
  - Migrates IPA deployment to IPA deployment
  - Upstream design document:
     <a href="https://freeipa.readthedocs.io/en/latest/designs/ipa">https://freeipa.readthedocs.io/en/latest/designs/ipa</a> to ipa migration.html
  - Available in Fedora and RHEL 9 and 10 as a Tech Preview
- The tool assumes that the target IPA deployment is already created
  - New deployment:
    - own CA unless it is a CA-less configuration
    - own Kerberos infrastructure
  - No topology changes: new replicas should be added in the new deployment
- Advanced capabilities:
  - dry-run simulations
  - selective content migration
  - non-IPA data handling



- Migration areas
  - LDAP schema (replicated)
  - LDAP server configuration (server-specific)
  - The main LDAP database content
- What is migrated
  - o Accounts: Users, Groups, Roles, ..., Host Groups, Services, ID Views, ..., Sub IDs
  - HBAC & PBAC: Services, Privileges, Permissions...
  - Sudo: Rules, Commands, ...
  - DNS: Records, Servers
  - Kerberos: Realm, Policy, Passwd Policy, ...
  - Etc entries: CA, Topology, Passkey, ...
  - Plugins: Automember, DNA, MEP Templates, ...
  - Misc: Trusts, Provisioning, SELinux, ...
  - o REALM/Domain: suffixes, ...
  - ID ranges: automatic migration



#### FreeIPA LDAP data store structure

- Single LDAP tree
  - All objects of a single type in a flat structure
    - Users: uid=name, cn=users, cn=accounts, ...
    - Groups: cn=name, cn=groups, cn=accounts, ...
    - Hosts: fqdn=name, cn=computers, cn=accounts, ...
    - Kerberos services: krbPrincipalName=name, cn=services, cn=accounts, ...
    - **...**
  - o ipa env will return all containers relative to the base DN:
    - ipa env | egrep '(basedn|container\_(user|group|host|service)+)'

```
basedn: dc=example,dc=test
container_group: cn=groups,cn=accounts
container_host: cn=computers,cn=accounts
container_hostgroup: cn=hostgroups,cn=accounts
container_service: cn=services,cn=accounts
container_user: cn=users,cn=accounts
```



#### FreeIPA LDAP data store structure

- LDAP objects have a lot of attributes
  - Set of attributes is defined by the objectclasses associated with the entry
- Deployment-specific attributes
  - Kerberos attributes
  - Unique object identifiers
  - 0 ..

```
objectClass: ipaobject
objectClass: person
objectClass: top
objectClass: ipasshuser
objectClass: inetorgperson
objectClass: organizationalperson
objectClass: krbticketpolicyaux
objectClass: krbprincipalaux
objectClass: inetuser
objectClass: posixaccount
objectClass: ipaSshGroupOfPubKeys
objectClass: ipaSshGroupOfPubKeys
objectClass: ipauserauthtypeclass
objectClass: ipantuserattrs
objectClass: ipapasskeyuser
```

```
dn: uid=abokovoy,cn=users,cn=accounts,dc=example,dc=test
uid: abokovoy
givenname: Alexander
sn: Bokovoy
cn: abokovoy
initials: AB
homedirectory: /home/abokovoy
gecos: Alexander Bokovoy
loginshell: /bin/bash
krbcanonicalname: abokovoy@EXAMPLE.TEST
krbprincipalname: abokovoy@EXAMPLE.TEST
mail: ab@example.test
uidnumber: 1000
gidnumber: 1000
manager: uid=admin,cn=users,cn=accounts,dc=example,dc=test
sshpubkeyfp: <encoded value>
sshpubkeyfp: <encoded value>
ipauserauthtype: password
ipauserauthtype: passkey
usercertificate <encoded value>
usercertificate <encoded value>
ipapasskey: <encoded value>
ipapasskey: <encoded value>
ipapasskey: <encoded value>
nsaccountlock: FALSE
has password: TRUE
has keytab: TRUE
displayName: Alexander Bokovoy
ipaNTSecurityIdentifier: S-1-5-21-245462123-1556963680-2572160461-1000000
ipaSshPubKey: <encoded value>
ipaUniqueID: 5a58979c-laa9-lle5-a8f7-00la4a418612
krbExtraData: <encoded value>
krbLastFailedAuth: 20250504085845Z
krbLastPwdChange: 20250421075321Z
krbLastSuccessfulAuth: 20250514090854Z
```



- Migration scenarios
  - Production mode
    - Target deployment is fully functional
      - DNA ranges migrated intact
      - ID ranges migrated intact
      - SIDs migrated intact
  - Staging mode
    - Target deployment does not need exact IDs and will have them regenerated
      - DNA ranges will not be updated
      - ID ranges will not be updated
      - UID/GID values and SIDs will be automatically generated
- Dry-run support



- Migration approaches
  - Online
    - Use ipa-migrate on the new server
      - Connect to the old server
      - Retrieve data
      - Transform and apply to the new server
  - Offline
    - Take a backup of the original server data
      - /etc/dirsrv/slapd-INSTANCE/dse.ldif
      - /etc/dirsrv/schema/\* and /etc/dirsrv/slapd-INSTANCE/schema/\*
      - Export of the userRoot database as Idif file
    - Copy manually to the new server
    - Run ipa-migrate on the new server
  - Mixed use
    - Steps from online and offline approaches can be mixed together



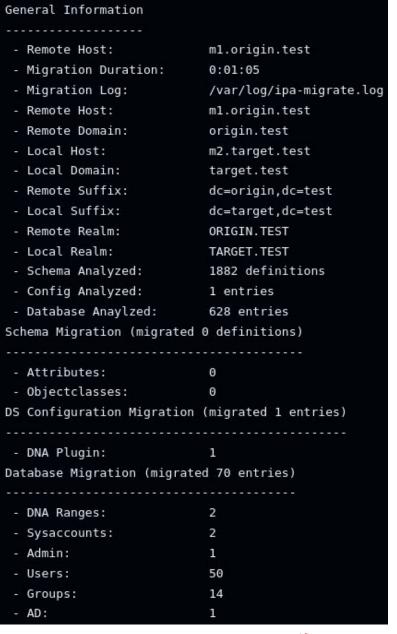
Migration logs in /var/log/ipa-migrate.log

Verbose logging

```
...
2024-02-28T15:30:53Z INFO Migrating database ... (this make take a while)
2024-02-28T15:30:53Z INFO Entry is different and will be updated: 'uid=admin,cn=users,cn=accounts,dc=hpe2,dc=lab,dc=e
2024-02-28T15:30:53Z INFO Add db entry 'uid=mark,cn=users,cn=accounts,dc=hpe2,dc=lab,dc=eng,dc=bos,dc=redhat,dc=com -
2024-02-28T15:30:53Z INFO Entry is different and will be updated: 'cn=HPE2.LAB.ENG.BOS.REDHAT.COM_id_range,cn=ranges
2024-02-28T15:30:53Z INFO Entry is different and will be updated: 'cn=HPE2.LAB.ENG.BOS.REDHAT.COM_subid_range,cn=ranges
```



- Summary report
  - At the end of the migration a summary report is displayed
  - Tracks/counts all entry types that were migrated
  - Uses the "map" objects to dynamically generate this report
  - By default only displays the entry types that were updated
  - Verbose option shows all the entry types that could be migrated





#### Examples

```
# ipa-migrate prod-mode server.origin.test
# ipa-migrate prod-mode server.origin.test --dryrun
# ipa-migrate prod-mode server.origin.test -D "cn=directory manager" -j ./passwd.txt
# ipa-migrate prod-mode server.origin.test --db-ldif=/tmp/remote-userroot.ldif
# ipa-migrate prod-mode server.origin.test --skip-config --skip-schema
# ipa-migrate stage-mode server.origin.test --dryrun-record=/tmp/dryrun-ops.ldif
# ipa-migrate stage-mode server.origin.test --config-ldif=/tmp/dse.ldif \
               --schema-ldif=/tmp/schema.ldif --db-ldif=/tmp/remote-userroot.ldif
# ipa-migrate stage-mode server.origin.test --subtree="ou=my own data,dc=origin,dc=test"
```



- Demo lab
  - FreeIPA local tests migration demo
    - Provision an original deployment
    - Add some objects
    - Create new deployment
    - Migrate original deployment to new one
- Demo can also be run as a Github action

```
    Run ipa-migrate

17 Migrating schema ..
18 Migrating configuration ...
19 Migrating database ... (this may take a while)
21 Processed 628 entries.
22 Running ipa-server-upgrade ... (this may take a while)
23 Running SIDGEN task ...
24 Migration complete!
26 Summary:
29 General Information
     - Remote Host:
                               m1.origin.test
       Migration Duration:
                               0:01:07
       Migration Log:
                                /var/log/ipa-migrate.log
       Remote Host:
                                m1.origin.test
       Remote Domain:
                               origin.test
       Local Host:
                               m2.target.test
                                target.test
     - Remote Suffix:
                                dc=origin, dc=test
       Local Suffix:
                                dc=target, dc=test
      - Remote Realm:
                                ORIGIN. TEST
                                TARGET.TEST
41 - Local Realm:
       Schema Analyzed:
                                1885 definitions
     - Config Analyzed:
                                1 entries
46 Schema Migration (migrated 0 definitions)
    - Attributes:
     - Objectclasses:
51 DS Configuration Migration (migrated 1 entries)
53 - DNA Plugin:
55 Database Migration (migrated 70 entries)
64 Action Items (4 items)
    - You will have to manually migrate IDM related configuration files. Here are some, but not all, of the configuration files to look into:
        - /etc/ipa/*
        - /etc/sssd/sssd.conf
        - /etc/named.conf
        - /etc/named/*
       SSSD should be restarted after a successful migration
     - The local server has been put into migration mode. Once all migration tasks are done you will have to take the server out of migration mode.
     - The admin password is not migrated from the remote server. Reset it manually if needed.
```





# Thank you



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