# Ay190 – Worksheet 11 David Vartanyan Date: February 17, 2014

# 1

The moving Gaussian, upwind scheme, and FTCS are implemented in ws11.py. See Figures 2 for upwind errors with  $\sigma = \sqrt{15}$  and  $\sigma = \sqrt{15}/5$ , respectively.

Upwind is stable for all time if  $\alpha = v\Delta t/\Delta x \leq 1$ .

## 2

For FTCS, we see instability develop at late times as we increases our ntmax and thus our duration. See Fig 4 with durations 200, 400s respectively. FTCS becomes unstable at  $t \approx 150s$  unconditionally.

## 3

The Lax-Friedrich method is an adaption of FTCS which has been made stable for  $alpha \le 1$  by adding a damping term to FTCS, resulting in poorer accuracy but stability. See Fig. 6. This method is less accurate than Upwind.

## 4

Code is included for both Leapfrog and Lax-Wendroff. For the Lax-Wendroff method, we see in Fig. 8 that error scales as the square of the resolution so the method is indeed 2nd order.

However, this scaling drops off at later t. I couldn't identify why error diverges.

The reader may run all movies by removing hashes.

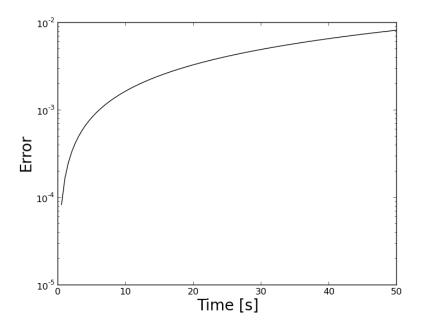


Figure 1: Upwind Error vs Time,  $\sigma = \sqrt{15}$ 

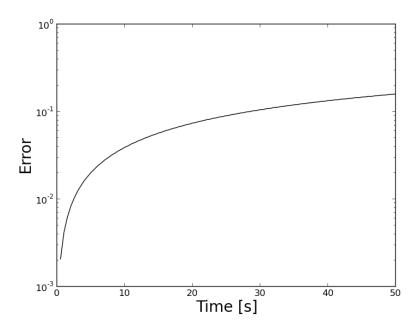


Figure 2: Upwind Error vs Time,  $\sigma = \sqrt{15}/5$ 

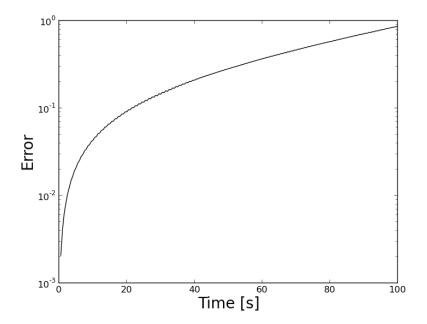


Figure 3: Upwind Error vs Time, ntmax = 200

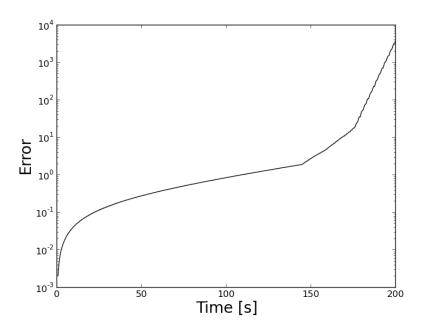


Figure 4: FTCS Error vs Time, ntmax = 400

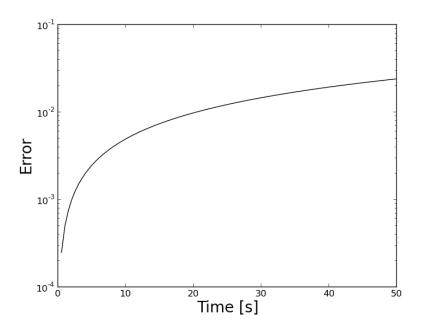


Figure 5: LaxFried Error vs Time, ntmax = 100,  $\sigma = \sqrt{15}$ 

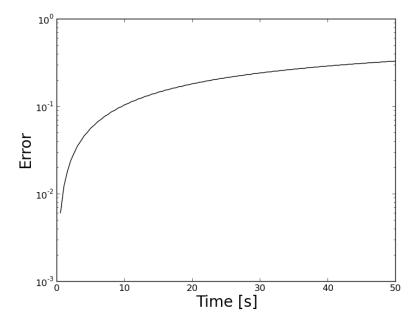


Figure 6: Laxfried Error vs Time, ntmax = 100,  $\sigma = \sqrt{15}/5$ 

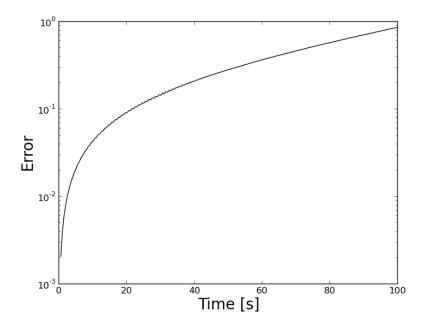


Figure 7: Laxwend Error vs Time, cfl = .5

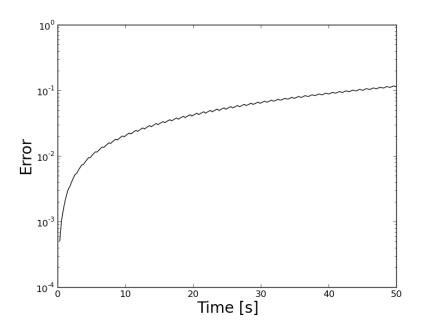


Figure 8: Laxwend Error vs Time, cfl = .25