MultiOberon Compiler User Guide

1. Introduction.

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Omc stands for MultiOberon Compiler.

MultiOberon is an Oberon Compiler with three different backends:

- BlackBox Native x86 code Generator (1.7, version 1.6 with partial support)
- Ofront Generated C-Language Code Translator;
- LLVM byte code Generator.

MultiOberon is Cross-Platform Compiler with supported platforms:

- Windows X86;
- Windows X64;
- Linux X86;
- Linux X64;
- Raspberry Pi OS ArmV71;
- Ubuntu Linux Aarch64 (64-bit Raspberry Pi).

MultiOberon is restriction-based scaling Oberon environment with an initial condition as Component Pascal syntax. MultiOberon can be called from BlackBox environment and from command line.

MultiOberon is under GNU Lesser General Public License v3.0.

MultiOberon can be loaded from https://github.com/dvdagaev/Mob

2. Structure.

MultiOberon consists of binary applications and a list of program subsystems. Binary exe catalogs follow the rule Bin[os][arch].

arch\os	windows	unix (linux,)
X86	Binwe	Binue
X64	Binwr	Binur
ArmV71		Binu4
Aarch64		Binu8

Binary applications consist of compilers and shells. MultiOberon compilers includes full-featured compilation support follow the om[backend]c rule. MultiOberon shells support only dynamic loading and running, the rule is om[backend]sh.

	BlackBox	Ofront	LLVM
compiler	ombc	omfc	omlc
shell	ombsh	omfsh	omlsh

Program subsystems are structured as BlackBox ones.

Backends match Om[backend] rule. The third letter of backend subsystem means as following:

- Omc is the MultiOberon compiler and console;
- Omb is the instance of MultiOberon compiler with BlackBox backend. Based on Ominc CP DevCompiler. OmbLinker is based on cross-platform solution of I.Degtarenko (Trurl);
- Omf is the instance of MultiOberon compiler with Ofront backend. Based on Josef Templ's Ofront:
- Oml is the instance of MultiOberon compiler with LLVM backend. Used the library prepared with LLVM 5.0.

Each subsystem has the Mod dir for modules sources, Docu for documents, catalogs for code and symbol files.

Code files catalogs follow the rule C[backend][os][arch].

Code med cataloge fellow the fale of backena [co][aren].				
arch\os	windows	Unix (Linux,)		
X86 BlackBox portable	Sym	Sym		
X86 Omb-specific	Cbwe	Cbue		
X86 OFront	Cfwe	Cfue		
X64 OFront	Cfwr	Cfur		
X86 LLVM	Clwe	Clue		
X64 LLVM	Clwr	Clur		
ArmV71 OFront		Cfu4		
Aarch64 OFront		Cfu8		
ArmV71 LLVM		Clu4		
Aarch64 LLVM		Clu8		

Symbol and usage files are resided in the symbol catalog. Symbol files catalogs follow the rule S[backend][os][arch].

arch\os	windows	Unix (Linux,)
X86 BlackBox portable	Sym	Sym
X86 Omb-specific	Sbwe	Sbue
X86 OFront	Sfwe	Sfue
X64 OFront	Sfwr	Sfur
X86 LLVM	Slwe	Slue
X64 LLVM	Slwr	Slur
ArmV71 OFront		Sfu4
Aarch64 OFront		Sfu8
ArmV71 LLVM		Slu4
Aarch64 LLVM		Slu8

3. Installation.

See Bin[os][arch]/INSTALL.txt for brief instuctions.

This color is used for Windows here and below.

This color is used for Unix here and below.

3.1 From .msi Windows Installer

Install from MultiOberon_1_2_0_x86.msi for 32-bit or Install from MultiOberon_1_2_0_x64.msi for 64-bit.

Create a working directory:

```
>mkdir MyDir
>cd MyDir
```

Install working directory below.

3.2 From Github Mob-master.zip on Windows

Unpack multioberon archieve into working directory

```
>unzip Mob-master.zip
>cd Mob-master
```

Install working directory below.

3.3 Install working directory on Windows

A command to install working directory

```
>omc[arch] install ?/clang? ?BlackBox path?
```

Use /clang to work with clang compiler/linker. The default compiler/linker is gcc.

```
>omce install /clang
```

If BlackBox (https://blackboxframework.org/) is needed, install with BlackBox path for 32-bit, use a real path in double quotes instead:

```
>omce_install "c:\Program Files (x86)\BlackBox Component Builder
1.7.2"
```

If BlackBox is not needed, install without BlackBox path for 32-bit:

```
>omce install
```

Install without BlackBox for 64-bit:

```
>omcr install
```

3.4 From .deb Package on Unix

Install multioberon package with correspondent:

```
>sudo apt install ./multioberon_i386_1.2.0.deb (* X86 *)
>sudo apt install ./multioberon_amd64_1.2.0.deb (* X64 *)
>sudo apt install ./multioberon_armhf_1.2.0.deb (* ArmV71 *)
>sudo apt install ./multioberon_arm64_1.2.0.deb (* Aarch64 *)
```

Install a working directory:

```
>mkdir MyDir
>cd MyDir
```

For ArmV71

>/bin/sh /usr/local/bin/multioberon/omc4_install

For Aarch64

>/bin/sh /usr/local/bin/multioberon/omc8 install

If BlackBox is needed, install with BlackBox path:

```
>/bin/sh /usr/local/bin/multioberon/omce_install <path-to-blackbox>;
(* ${HOME}/bb *)
```

If BlackBox is not needed, install without BlackBox path:

```
>/bin/sh /usr/local/bin/multioberon/omce_install
>/bin/sh /usr/local/bin/multioberon/omcr_install
```

Set a PATH= /usr/local/bin/multioberon/Binu[arch] if needed.

3.5 From Github Mob-master.zip on Unix

For Oml - glibc 2.15 or STT_GNU_IFUNC support is needed, old glibc versions are not supported! If BlackBox is needed, download bbcb-1.7.2~b1.154.tar.gz and install 1.7.2 from the following location https://blackbox.oberon.org/download

```
>mkdir bb; cd bb; tar xvzf bbcb-1.7.2~b1.154.tar.gz
```

Unpack multioberon archieve into working directory

```
>rm -fr Mob-master; (* if old *)
>unzip Mob-master.zip;
>cd Mob-master
```

If BlackBox is needed, install with BlackBox path:

```
>/bin/sh omce install <path-to-blackbox>; (* ${HOME}/bb *)
```

If BlackBox is not needed, install without BlackBox path:

```
>/bin/sh omce_install
>/bin/sh omcr install
```

Files Bin*.zip can be removed after successful installation.

3.6 Important notes

It is expected, that gcc or clang is already installed and accessible from command line. Otherwise, Ofront automatic building and LLVM linking cannot work properly. Initial options are set in Omf.cfg (Oml.cfg) files in Bin[os][arch] dirs. For example in Omf.cfg:

```
gcc_opt=-02 -fshort-wchar
gcc_lnkopt=-02 -lm -ldl
cc=gcc
```

It means calling "gcc –O2 –fshort-wchar" for compilation and "gcc –O2 –Im -Idl" for linking. Options in Oml.cfg are similar, but proper IIc is already supported with MultiOberon.

```
llc_opt=-00
gcc_lnkopt=-00 -lm -ldl
lnk=gcc
```

For compilation "Ilc -O0" is called and "gcc -O0 -Im -Idl" for linking.

The default settings for Windows use cc=clang lnk=clang. It means, that clang must be installed. The default settings for Unix use cc=gcc lnk=gcc. It means, that gcc must be installed.

These files can be specifically tuned by user, but be careful, because next installation must rewrite them again.

In BlackBox environment Strings documents are used instead of .cfg files:

- Omb/Rsrc/Strings.odc instead of Binwe/Omb.cfg;
- Omf/Rsrc/Strings.odc instead of Binwe/Omf.cfg;
- Oml/Rsrc/Strings.odc instead of Binwe/Oml.cfg

Options in String documents are separated by tabs as following:

```
gcc_opt -02
gcc_lnkopt -02
lnk clang
clang_opt -02
clang lnkopt -02 -luser32
```

When using BlackBox, the LLVMT.dll and LLVMT.so must be accessible from BlackBox. Otherwise it must be copied into the same as BlackBox directory.

4. Hello, World from Command Line

The simplest way is to execute OmtestHelloWorld module is running ex[ecute] command: Bin[os][arch]/om[backend]c ex OmtestHelloWorld. In particular, for BlackBox backend the command must be for Windows and x86 Unix respectively (it's convenient to set path to exe, an Windows installer adds paths):

```
>?Pathname?\Binwe\ombc ex OmtestHelloWorld
>?Pathname?/Binue/ombc ex OmtestHelloWorld
Hello, World
```

For 32-bit Ofront backend the command is as following:

```
>?Pathname?\Binwe\omfc ex OmtestHelloWorld
>?Pathname?\Binue\omfc ex OmtestHelloWorld (* X86 *)
>?Pathname?\Binu4\omfc ex OmtestHelloWorld (* ArmV71 *)
Hello, World
```

For 64-bit LLVM backend the command is as following:

```
>?Pathname?\Binwr\omlc ex OmtestHelloWorld
>?Pathname?/Binur/omlc ex OmtestHelloWorld (* X64 *)
>?Pathname?/Binu8/omlc ex OmtestHelloWorld (* Aarch64 *)
Hello, World
```

An execute command combines all compile, build and run. At first step, OmtestHelloWorld.mob is compiled to Omtest/Code/HelloWorld.ocf.

```
>ombc co OmtestHelloWorld (* X86 *)
omb:compiling ...HelloWorld.mob >.../Omtest/Code/HelloWorld.ocf code=52
glob=0
```

The .mob extension means MultiOberon text file. For BlackBox .odc file format uses –odc option. OmtestHelloWorld.odc is compiled to Omtest/Code/HelloWorld.ocf.

```
>ombc co -odc OmtestHelloWorld (* X86 *)
  omb:compiling ...HelloWorld.mob >.../Omtest/Code/HelloWorld.ocf code=52
glob=0
```

Compilation of 32-bit Ofront is done in the similar way, but the .c and .h files are produced in Cfwe[Cfue] directory:

```
>?Pathname?\Binwe\omfc co OmtestHelloWorld
>?Pathname?\Binue\omfc co OmtestHelloWorld
omf:compiling ...HelloWorld.mob >.../Omtest/Cfwe/OmtestHelloWorld
.c=1898 .h=357
```

Compilation of 64-bit LLVM is done in the similar way, but the .ll and .bc files are produced in Clwr[Clur] directory:

```
>?Pathname?\Binwr\omlc co OmtestHelloWorld
>?Pathname?/Binur/omlc co OmtestHelloWorld
oml:compiling ...HelloWorld.mob >.../Omtest/Clwr/OmtestHelloWorld
.ll=8616 .bc=3172
```

Building is not necessary for Omb, but Omf needs external tool for producing and object file.

```
>?Pathname?\Binwe\omfc build OmtestHelloWorld
>?Pathname?/Binue/omfc build OmtestHelloWorld
===== building OmtestHelloWorld ... done
```

In the same way, Oml needs llc llvm utility for producing and object file. However, llc for LLVM-5.0 is included in MultiOberon distribution.

```
>?Pathname?\Binwe\omfc build OmtestHelloWorld >?Pathname?/Binue/omfc build OmtestHelloWorld
```

```
===== building OmtestHelloWorld ... done
```

Then we can dynamically load and run OmtestHelloWorld module.

```
>?Pathname?\Binwe\ombc run OmtestHelloWorld
>?Pathname?/Binue/ombc run OmtestHelloWorld
Hello, World
```

For 32-bit Ofront use commands below for dynamically load and run OmtestHelloWorld module.

```
>?Pathname?\Binwe\omfc run OmtestHelloWorld
>?Pathname?/Binue/omfc run OmtestHelloWorld
Hello, World
```

For 64-bit LLVM use commands below for dynamically load and run OmtestHelloWorld module.

```
>?Pathname?\Binwr\omlc run OmtestHelloWorld
>?Pathname?/Binur/omlc run OmtestHelloWorld
Hello, World
```

An executive can be created from ombc. Link OmtestHelloWorld executive.

```
>ombc link -r OmtestHelloWorld (* X86 *)
```

For 32-bit Ofront an executive can be created from omfc. Link OmtestHelloWorld executive.

```
>?Pathname?\Binwe\omfc link -r OmtestHelloWorld
>?Pathname?/Binue/omfc link -r OmtestHelloWorld
```

For 64-bit LLVM an executive can be created from omlc. Link OmtestHelloWorld executive.

```
>?Pathname?\Binwe\omlc link -r OmtestHelloWorld
>?Pathname?/Binue/omlc link -r OmtestHelloWorld
```

Finally we can run OmtestHelloWorld executive for BlackBox.

```
>cd Omtest/Code
>OmtestHelloWorld
Hello, World
```

We can also run of 32-bit Ofront.

```
>Omtest\Cfwe\OmtestHelloWorld
>Omtest/Cfue/OmtestHelloWorld
>Omtest/Cfu4/OmtestHelloWorld
Hello, World
```

We can also run of 64-bit LLVM.

```
>Omtest\Clwr\OmtestHelloWorld
>Omtest/Clur/OmtestHelloWorld
>Omtest/Clu8/OmtestHelloWorld
Hello, World
```

64-bit Ofront modules, 32-bit LLVM, ArmV71, Aarch64 modules can be done in the similar way.

5. Omb - run from Black Box

5.1 Installation

Preconditions.

Omb does not use any other services except BlackBox.

Run: StartupBlackBox

Open Omb/Docu/Quick-Start.odc and examples Omtest/Docu/Quick-Start.odc

5.2 Compiling the Omb

Compile the following modules from BlackBox:

1.3. Compile the following portable modules:

♠ DevCompiler.CompileThis OmcCfgfile OmcTarget OmcCRuntime OmcHooks OmcDialog OmcOPM OmcOPT OmcOPU OmcOPB OmcOPS OmcOPP OmcDump OmcTester OmcParams OmcCommandParams OmcOdcSource OmcTxtSource OmcRuntimeStd OmcDialogStd OmcDialogConsole OmcCompiler OmbOPE OmbOPH OmbOPL486 OmbOPC486 OmbOPV486 OmbInlink OmbLnkBase OmbLnkLoad OmbLnkWritePe OmbLnkWriteElf OmbLnkWriteElfStatic OmbLinkPortableProcessor OmbParams OmbBackEnd OmbCompiler OmbLinker

All the commands for BlackBox would be recorded in a manner below:

^Q DevCompiler.CompileThis OmcCfgfile OmcTarget OmcCRuntime OmcHooks OmcDialog OmcOPM OmcOPT OmcOPU OmcOPB OmcOPS OmcOPP OmcDump OmcTester OmcParams OmcCommandParams OmcOdcSource OmcTxtSource OmcRuntimeStd OmcDialogStd OmcDialogConsole OmcCompiler OmbOPE OmbOPH OmbOPL486 OmbOPC486 OmbOPV486 OmbInlink OmbLnkBase OmbLnkLoad OmbLnkWritePe OmbLnkWriteElf OmbLnkWriteElfStatic OmbLinkPortableProcessor OmbParams OmbBackEnd OmbCompiler OmbLinker

5.3 Compiling the Omtest examples

Compile the following modules:

^Q OmbCompiler.CompileThis OmtestHelloWorld OmtestFormats OmtestDateTime OmtestMkTraps OmtestHeap

5.4 Running the Omtest examples

5.4.1 The simplest Hello, World example

^Q OmtestHelloWorld.MAIN

5.4.2 Logging with char, int and real formats

^Q OmtestFormats.MAIN

5.4.3 Shows date, time and delay

^Q OmtestDateTime.MAIN

5.4.4 Traps handling abilities of runtime

Simple Assert

^Q "OmtestMkTraps.RunOpt('a')"

Simple Halt

^O "OmtestMkTraps.RunOpt('h')"

Zero divide

^Q "OmtestMkTraps.RunOpt('z')"

Nil pointer dereference

^Q "OmtestMkTraps.RunOpt('p')"

5.4.5 Dynamic memory and garbage collector

! The program Hangs on Omb Unix version due to not optimal Kernel in BlackBox for Unix ^Q OmtestHeap.MAIN

5.5 Creating executives

Link executives to call them from console. Option –r adds recursively all imported modules needed. Otherwise adding Kernel\$+ Log Math Strings OStrings OLog HostConLog Runner explicitly must be done.

```
^Q OmbLinker.LinkExe -r -o "Omtest/Code/OmtestHelloWorld"
OmtestHelloWorld
^Q OmbLinker.LinkExe -r -o "Omtest/Code/OmtestFormats" OmtestFormats
^Q OmbLinker.LinkExe -r -o "Omtest/Code/OmtestDateTime.exe"
OmtestDateTime
^Q OmbLinker.LinkExe -r -o "Omtest/Code/OmtestMkTraps.exe" OmtestMkTraps
^Q OmbLinker.LinkExe -r -o "Omtest/Code/OmtestHeap.exe" OmtestHeap
```

Compiled executives can be ran in console:

>cd Omtest/Code
>OmtestHelloWorld
Hello, World

5.6 [Advanced] Self-Compiling Omb Compiler

Omb Compiler (OmbCoSh) is a console exe application with a full-featured compilation support. Self-Compile portable console Oberon Compiler.

^Q OmbCompiler.CompileThis OmcCfgfile OmcTarget OmcCRuntime OmcHooks
OmcDialog OmcOPM OmcOPT OmcOPU OmcOPB OmcOPS OmcOPP OmcDump OmcTester
OmcParams OmcCommandParams OmcOdcSource OmcTxtSource OmcRuntimeStd
OmcDialogStd OmcDialogConsole OmcTimesDialog OmcCompiler OmcConsole
OmcDiscomp OmbOPE OmbOPH OmbOPL486 OmbOPC486 OmbOPV486 OmbInlink
OmbLnkBase OmbLnkLoad OmbLnkWritePe OmbLnkWriteElf OmbLnkWriteElfStatic
OmbLinkPortableProcessor OmbParams OmbBackEnd OmbCompiler
OmcLoaderRoutines OmcOcfLoader OmbLinker OmbCoSh

Windows-specific self-link console Oberon Compiler

^Q OmbLinker.LinkExe -r -tl 2 -o "Binwe/ombc" \$+Kernel Log Math Strings OStrings OLog HostConLog Runner Files HostFiles OmcCfgfile Dates Times HostTimes Dialog Stores Sequencers Models Services Fonts Meta Converters Ports Views Controllers Properties Mechanisms Containers Printers Printing OmcTimesDialog Documents TextModels TextRulers TextSetters TextViews OmcTarget OmcCRuntime OmcDialog OmcHooks OmcOPM OmcOPT OmcOPB OmcOPU OmcOPS OmcOPP OmcTester OmcParams OmcOdcSource OmcDialogConsole OmcRuntimeStd OmcConsole OmcDiscomp OmcLoaderRoutines OmcOcfLoader OmbOPE OmbOPH OmbOPL486 OmbOPC486 OmbOPV486 OmbBackEnd OmbInlink OmbLnkBase OmbLnkLoad OmbLnkWritePe OmbLnkWriteElf OmbLnkWriteElfStatic OmbLinkPortableProcessor OmbCoSh

Linux-specific self-link console Oberon Compiler

^Q OmbLinker.LinkExe -o "Binue/ombc" \$+Kernel Log Math Strings OStrings
OLog HostConLog Runner Testing Files HostFiles OmcCfgfile Dates Times
HostTimes Dialog Stores Sequencers Models Services Fonts Meta Converters
Ports Views Controllers Properties Mechanisms Containers Printers
Printing OmcTimesDialog Documents TextModels TextRulers TextSetters
TextViews OmcTarget OmcCRuntime OmcDialog OmcHooks OmcOPM OmcOPT OmcOPB
OmcOPU OmcOPS OmcOPP OmcTester OmcParams OmcOdcSource OmcDialogConsole
OmcRuntimeStd OmcConsole OmcDiscomp OmbOPE OmbOPH OmbOPL486 OmbOPC486
OmbOPV486 OmbBackEnd OmcLoaderRoutines OmcOcfLoader OmbInlink OmbLnkBase
OmbLnkLoad OmbLnkWritePe OmbLnkWriteElf OmbLnkWriteElfStatic
OmbLinkPortableProcessor OmbCoSh

Option –r is not used here, because many modules, like TextModels, are not imported directly, so the must be explicitly defined for linker.

5.7 [Advanced] Compiling minimal Shell ombsh

Omb minimal Shell (OmbShell) is a console exe application with dynamic loading and running support.

Windows-specific compiling console OmbShell

^Q OmbCompiler.CompileThis OmcLoaderRoutines OmcOcfLoader OmcObjLoader Coff OmcShell OmbShell

Windows-specific linking console OmbShell

^Q OmbLinker.LinkExe -r -tl 2 -o "Binwe/ombsh" \$+Kernel Log Math Strings OStrings OLog HostConLog Runner Files HostFiles OmcLoaderRoutines OmcOcfLoader OmcObjLoader OmcShell OmbShell

Linux-specific compiling console OmbShell

^Q OmbCompiler.CompileThis OmcLoaderRoutines OmcOcfLoader OmcObjLoader_Elf OmcShell OmbShell

Linux-specific linking console OmbShell

^Q OmbLinker.LinkExe -r -tl 2 -o "Binue/ombsh" \$+Kernel Log Math Strings OStrings OLog HostConLog Runner Files HostFiles OmcLoaderRoutines OmcOcfLoader OmcObjLoader OmcShell OmbShell

5.8 Unloading Omb Compiler

^Q DevDebug.UnloadThis OmbLinker OmbCompiler OmbBackEnd OmbParams
OmbLinkPortableProcessor OmbLnkWriteElfStatic OmbLnkWriteElf
OmbLnkWritePe OmbLnkLoad OmbLnkBase OmbLinkWinProcessor OmbInlink
OmcLoader OmcCompiler OmcCommandParams OmbOPV486 OmbOPC486 OmbOPL486
OmbOPH OmbOPE OmcTimesDialog OmcDialogStd OmcRuntimeStd OmcOdcSource
OmcParams OmcTester OmcDump OmcOPP OmcOPS OmcOPU OmcOPB OmcOPT OmcOPM
OmcDialog OmcHooks OmcCRuntime OmcTarget OmcCfgfile Runner Testing

6. Omb - from Command Line.

6.1 Installation

Preconditions.

Omb does not use any other services. Process all the commands below from the Mobmaster root dir.

6.2 Compiling examples

A script for compiling and linking all examples.

```
B\bwe_tomake.bat
B/bue_tomake.sh
```

Cleans all the executives of example set

```
B\bwe_toclean
B/bue_toclean.sh
```

The set of commands compiles all the examples listed

```
?Pathname?\Binwe\ombc co -odc OmtestHelloWorld OmtestFormats
OmtestDateTime OmtestMkTraps OmtestHeap
?Pathname?\Binwe\ombc link -r OmtestFormats
?Pathname?\Binwe\ombc link -r OmtestDateTime
?Pathname?\Binwe\ombc link -r OmtestMkTraps
?Pathname?\Binwe\ombc link -r OmtestHeap
?Pathname?\Binwe\ombc link -r OmtestHeap
?Pathname?/Binue/ombc co -odc OmtestHelloWorld OmtestFormats
OmtestDateTime OmtestMkTraps OmtestHeap
mkdir -p Omtest/Cbue
?Pathname?/Binue/ombc link -r OmtestHelloWorld
?Pathname?/Binue/ombc link -r OmtestFormats
?Pathname?/Binue/ombc link -r OmtestDateTime
?Pathname?/Binue/ombc link -r OmtestMkTraps
?Pathname?/Binue/ombc link -r OmtestMkTraps
?Pathname?/Binue/ombc link -r OmtestHeap
```

The first command above compiles all the examples listed. The links produce a set of proper executives. If we omit –r recursive options, the link command must be as follows:

```
?Pathname?\Binwe\ombsh li $+Kernel Log Math Strings OStrings OLog HostConLog Runner OmtestHelloWorld ?Pathname?/Binue/ombsh li $+Kernel Log Math Strings OStrings OLog HostConLog Runner OmtestHelloWorld
```

6.3 Running the Examples

6.3.1 The simplest Hello, World example

```
>Omtest\Cbwe\OmtestHelloWorld
>Omtest/Cbue/OmtestHelloWorld
Hello, World
```

6.3.2 Logging with char, int and real formats

```
>Omtest\Cbwe\OmtestFormats
>Omtest/Cbue/OmtestFormats
```

6.3.3 Shows date, time and delay

```
>Omtest\Cbwe\OmtestDateTime
```

6.3.4 Traps handling abilities of runtime Simple Assert

```
>Omtest\Cbwe\OmtestMkTraps -trap a
>Omtest/Cbue/OmtestKmTraps -trap a
```

Simple Halt

```
>Omtest\Cbwe\OmtestMkTraps -trap h
>Omtest/Cbue/OmtestKmTraps -trap h
```

Zero divide

```
>Omtest\Cbwe\OmtestMkTraps -trap z
>Omtest/Cbue/OmtestKmTraps -trap z
```

Nil pointer dereference

```
>Omtest\Cbwe\OmtestMkTraps -trap p
>Omtest/Cbue/OmtestKmTraps -trap p
```

6.3.5 Dynamic memory and garbage collector

```
>Omtest\Cbwe\OmtestHeap
>Omtest/Cbue/OmtestHeap
```

6.4 Self-compilation

A script for compiling the compiler ombc is as following:

```
B\bwe_compiler_tomake.bat
B/bue compiler tomake.sh
```

A script for compiling the minimal shell ombsh is as following:

```
B\bwe_sh_tomake.bat
B/bue sh tomake.sh
```

7. Omf Ofront - run from Black Box

Omf Ofront-based backend can produce program code (*.c) and header (*.h) files, which should be compiled into object files (*.o). Since object files cannot be loaded in BlackBox IDE, the Omf Ofront functionality is limited by producing files only. No dynamic loading and running can be done from BlackBox environment.

7.1 Installation

Preconditions.

Omf uses previously installed C/C++ compiler gcc or clang.

Run: StartupBlackBox

Open Omf/Docu/Quick-Start.odc and examples Omtest/Docu/Quick-Start.odc

7.2 Compiling the Omf

Compile modules for Omf:

3. Compile the following modules:

DevCompiler.CompileThis OmcCfgfile OmcTarget OmcCRuntime OmcHooks OmcDialog OmcOPM OmcOPT OmcOPU OmcOPB OmcOPS OmcOPP OmcDump OmcTester OmcParams OmcCommandParams OmcOdcSource OmcTxtSource OmcOdcTextReader OmcExtSource OmcRuntimeStd OmcDialogStd OmcDialogConsole OmcCompiler OmcTimesDialog OmcConsole OmfOPG OmfOPC OmfOPV OmfParams OmfBackEnd OmfCompiler OmfLinker

All the commands for BlackBox would be recorded in a manner below:

^Q DevCompiler.CompileThis OmcCfgfile OmcTarget OmcCRuntime OmcHooks
OmcDialog OmcOPM OmcOPT OmcOPU OmcOPB OmcOPS OmcOPP OmcDump OmcParams
OmcCommandParams OmcOdcSource OmcTxtSource OmcOdcTextReader OmcExtSource
OmcRuntimeStd OmcDialogStd OmcDialogConsole OmcCompiler OmcTimesDialog
OmcConsole OmfOPG OmfOPC OmfOPV OmfParams OmfBackEnd OmfCompiler
OmfLinker

7.3 Compiling the Omtest examples

Compile the following modules (: means producing main for module):

^Q OmfCompiler.CompileThis :OmtestHelloWorld :OmtestFormats

:OmtestDateTime :OmtestMkTraps :OmtestHeap

Expected result in ~/Omtest/Cfwe/ directory (Cfue for Unix): OmtestHelloWorld.c OmtestFormats.c OmtestDateTime.c OmtestMkTraps.c OmtestHeap.c

Compile the following modules for 64 bit:

^Q OmfCompiler.CompileThis -64 :OmtestHelloWorld :OmtestFormats

:OmtestDateTime :OmtestMkTraps :OmtestHeap

Expected result in ~/Omtest/Cfwr/ directory (Cfur for Unix): OmtestHelloWorld.c OmtestFormats.c OmtestDateTime.c OmtestMkTraps.c OmtestHeap.c

Building the object file needs to call external console program like gcc. It's better to use console. But it is also available (but time-consuming) from BlackBox.

^Q OmfLinker.BuildFiles -r OmtestHelloWorld

Linking is similar:

^Q OmfLinker.LinkExe -r OmtestHelloWorld

7.4 [Advanced] Compiling minimal Shell omfsh

Omf minimal Shell (OmfShell) is a console exe application with dynamic loading and running support.

Windows-specific compiling console OmfShell

^Q OmfCompiler.CompileThis OmcLoaderRoutines OmcObjLoader__Coff OmcShell:OmfShell

^Q OmfCompiler.CompileThis -64 OmcLoaderRoutines OmcObjLoader__Coff OmcShell :OmfShell

Compiling Linux-specific minimal omlsh

^Q OmfCompiler.CompileThis OmcLoaderRoutines OmcObjLoader__Elf OmcShell:OmfShell

^Q OmfCompiler.CompileThis -64 OmcLoaderRoutines OmcObjLoader__Elf OmcShell :OmfShell

7.5 Unloading Omf Compiler

^Q DevDebug.UnloadThis OmfCompiler OmfLinker OmfBackEnd OmfParams OmfOPV OmfOPC OmfOPG OmcCoffLoader OmcLoaderRoutines OmcCompiler OmcDialogStd OmcRuntimeStd OmcLogStd OmcOdcSource OmcCommandParams OmcParams OmcTester OmcDump OmcOPP OmcOPS OmcOPU OmcOPB OmcOPT OmcOPM OmcDialog OmcHooks OmcCRuntime OmcTarget Runner

8. Omf Ofront - from Command Line.

8.1 Installation

Preconditions.

Omf uses previously installed C/C++ compiler gcc or clang. Omf.cfg must contain external compiler names and options (see 3. - Installation). Omb may be needed also while compiling omfc. Process all the commands below from the Mob-master root dir.

8.2 Compiling examples

A script for compiling and linking all examples.

```
B\fwe_tomake.bat (* X86 *)
B\fue_tomake.sh (* X86 *)
B\fwr_tomake.bat (* X64 *)
B\fur_tomake.sh (* X64 *)
B\fu4_tomake.sh (* ArmV71 *)
B\fu8_tomake.sh (* Aarch64 *)
```

Cleans all the executives of example set

```
B\fwe_toclean
B/fue toclean.sh
```

The set of commands compiles all the examples listed

```
?Pathname?\Binwe\omfc co -odc :OmtestHelloWorld :OmtestFormats
:OmtestDateTime :OmtestMkTraps :OmtestHeap
?Pathname?\Binwe\omfc build -r OmtestDateTime
?Pathname?\Binwe\omfc build OmtestHelloWorld
?Pathname?\Binwe\omfc build OmtestFormats
?Pathname?\Binwe\omfc build OmtestMkTraps
?Pathname?\Binwe\omfc build OmtestHeap
?Pathname?\Binwe\omfc link -r OmtestDateTime
?Pathname?\Binwe\omfc link -r OmtestHelloWorld
?Pathname?\Binwe\omfc link -r OmtestFormats
?Pathname?\Binwe\omfc link -r OmtestMkTraps
?Pathname?\Binwe\omfc link -r OmtestHeap
?Pathname?/Binue/omfc co -odc :OmtestHelloWorld :OmtestFormats
:OmtestDateTime :OmtestMkTraps :OmtestHeap
?Pathname?/Binue/omfc build -r OmtestDateTime
?Pathname?/Binue/omfc build OmtestHelloWorld
?Pathname?/Binue/omfc build OmtestFormats
?Pathname?/Binue/omfc build OmtestMkTraps
?Pathname?/Binue/omfc build OmtestHeap
?Pathname?/Binue/omfc link -r OmtestDateTime
?Pathname?/Binue/omfc link -r OmtestHelloWorld
?Pathname?/Binue/omfc link -r OmtestFormats
?Pathname?/Binue/omfc link -r OmtestMkTraps
?Pathname?/Binue/omfc link -r OmtestHeap
```

The first command above compiles all the examples listed. The links produce a set of proper executives. We definitely use ":" for main modules and —r for recursive import.

8.3 Running the Examples

8.3.1 The simplest Hello, World example

```
>Omtest\Cfwe\OmtestHelloWorld
     >Omtest/Cfur/OmtestHelloWorld
     >Omtest/Cfu4/OmtestHelloWorld
     >Omtest/Cfu8/OmtestHelloWorld
     Hello, World
8.3.2 Logging with char, int and real formats
     >Omtest\Cfwe\OmtestFormats
     >Omtest/Cfue/OmtestFormats
8.3.3 Shows date, time and delay
     >Omtest\Cfwe\OmtestDateTime
     >Omtest/Cfue/OmtestDateTime
8.3.4 Traps handling abilities of runtime
Simple Assert
     >Omtest\Cfwe\OmtestMkTraps -trap a
     >Omtest/Cfue/OmtestKmTraps -trap a
Simple Halt
     >Omtest\Cfwe\OmtestMkTraps -trap h
     >Omtest/Cfue/OmtestKmTraps -trap h
Zero divide
     >Omtest\Cfwe\OmtestMkTraps -trap z
     >Omtest/Cfue/OmtestKmTraps -trap z
Nil pointer dereference
     >Omtest\Cfwe\OmtestMkTraps -trap p
     >Omtest/Cfue/OmtestKmTraps -trap p
8.3.5 Dynamic memory and garbage collector
     >Omtest\Cfwe\OmtestHeap
     >Omtest/Cfue/OmtestHeap
```

8.4 Self and cross compilation

A script for self-compiling the compiler omfc is as following:

```
B\fwe_compiler_tomake.bat (* X86 *)
B\fwr_compiler_tomake.bat (* X64 *)
B/fue_compiler_tomake.sh (* X86 *)
B/fur_compiler_tomake.sh (* X64 *)
B/fu4_compiler_tomake.sh (* ArmV71 *)
B/fu8_compiler_tomake.sh (* Aarch64 *)
```

A script for compiling the minimal shell omfsh is as following:

```
B\fwe_sh_tomake.bat
B/fue sh tomake.sh
```

9. Oml LLVM - run from Black Box

Oml LLVM-based backend can produce text code (*.II) and and binary (*.bc) files, which should be compiled into object files (*.o). Since object files cannot be loaded in BlackBox IDE, the Oml LLVM functionality is limited by producing files only. No dynamic loading and running can be done from BlackBox environment.

9.1 Installation

Preconditions.

Oml uses LLVM 5.0 Services in LLVMT.dll / LLVMT.so and llvm llc utility distributed with MultiOberon.

Run: StartupBlackBox

Open Oml/Docu/Quick-Start.odc and examples Omtest/Docu/Quick-Start.odc

9.2 Compiling the Oml

Oml compiler modules list for BlackBox is compiled by BlackBox compiler in two steps: LLVM Services and Oml compiler for BlackBox:

1.3 Compile LLVM Services

DevCompiler.CompileThis LlvmC LlvmForAArch64 LlvmForAMDGPU LlvmForARM LlvmForBPF LlvmForHexagon LlvmForLanai LlvmForMips LlvmForMSP430 LlvmForNVPTX LlvmForPowerPC LlvmForSparc LlvmForSystemZ LlvmForX86 LlvmForXCore LlvmNative LlvmRefs

♠ DevCompiler.CompileThis OmcCfgfile OmcTarget OmcCRuntime OmcHooks OmcDialog OmcOPM OmcOPT OmcOPU OmcOPB OmcOPS OmcOPP OmcDump OmcTester OmcParams OmcCommandParams OmcOdcSource OmcOdcTextReader OmcExtSource OmcRuntimeStd OmcDialogStd OmcDialogConsole OmcCompiler OmcConsole OmlOPG OmlOPL OmlOPF OmlOPC OmlOPV OmlParams OmlBackEnd OmlCompiler OmlLinker

All the commands for BlackBox would be recorded in a manner below:

^Q DevCompiler.CompileThis LlvmC LlvmForAArch64 LlvmForAMDGPU LlvmForARM LlvmForBPF LlvmForHexagon LlvmForLanai LlvmForMips LlvmForMSP430 LlvmForNVPTX LlvmForPowerPC LlvmForSparc LlvmForSystemZ LlvmForX86 LlvmForXCore LlvmNative LlvmRefs

^Q DevCompiler.CompileThis OmcCfgfile OmcTarget OmcCRuntime OmcHooks OmcDialog OmcOPM OmcOPT OmcOPU OmcOPB OmcOPS OmcOPP OmcDump OmcTester OmcParams OmcCommandParams OmcOdcSource OmcOdcTextReader OmcExtSource OmcRuntimeStd OmcDialogStd OmcDialogConsole OmcCompiler OmcConsole OmlOPG OmlOPL OmlOPF OmlOPC OmlOPV OmlParams OmlBackEnd OmlCompiler OmlLinker

9.3 Compiling the examples

Compile the following modules (: means producing main for module):

^Q OmlCompiler.CompileThis :OmtestHelloWorld :OmtestFormats :OmtestDateTime :OmtestMkTraps :OmtestHeap

Expected result in ~/Omtest/Clwe/ directory (Clue for Unix): OmtestHelloWorld.ll OmtestFormats.ll OmtestDateTime.ll OmtestMkTraps.ll OmtestHeap.ll

Compile the following modules for 64 bit:

^Q OmlCompiler.CompileThis -64 :OmtestHelloWorld :OmtestFormats :OmtestDateTime :OmtestMkTraps :OmtestHeap

Expected result in ~/Omtest/Clwr/ directory (Clur for Unix): OmtestHelloWorld.ll OmtestFormats.ll OmtestDateTime.ll OmtestMkTraps.ll OmtestHeap.ll

Building the object file needs to call llc external console program. It's better to use console. But it is also availble (but time-consuming) from BlackBox.

^Q OmlLinker.BuildFiles -r OmtestHelloWorld Linking is similar:

^Q OmlLinker.LinkExe -r OmtestHelloWorld

9.4 [Advanced] Compiling Oml minimal Shell from BlackBox

Oml minimal Shell (OmlShell) is a console exe application with dynamic loading and running support.

Compiling Windows-specific minimal omlsh

^Q OmlCompiler.CompileThis OmcLoaderRoutines OmcObjLoader__Coff OmcShell OmlBcLoader :OmlShell

^Q OmlCompiler.CompileThis -64 OmcLoaderRoutines OmcObjLoader__Coff OmcShell OmlBcLoader:OmlShell

Compiling Linux-specific minimal omlsh

^Q OmlCompiler.CompileThis OmcLoaderRoutines OmcObjLoader__Elf OmcShell OmlBcLoader :OmlShell

^Q OmlCompiler.CompileThis -64 OmcLoaderRoutines OmcObjLoader__Elf OmcShell OmlBcLoader:OmlShell

9.5 Unloading Oml Compiler

^Q DevDebug.UnloadThis OmlCompiler OmlLinker OmlBackEnd OmlParams OmlOPV OmlOPC OmlOPF OmlOPL OmlOPG OmcCompiler OmcDialogStd OmcRuntimeStd OmcOdcSource OmcCommandParams OmcParams OmcTester OmcDump OmcOPP OmcOPS OmcOPU OmcOPB OmcOPT OmcOPM OmcDialog OmcHooks OmcCRuntime OmcTarget OmcCfgfile Runner OLog HostTimes Times OStrings Testing

10. Oml LLVM - from Command Line.

10.1 Installation

Preconditions.

Oml uses LLVM 5.0 Services in LLVMT.dll / LLVMT.so and llvm llc utility distributed with MultiOberon. Oml.cfg must contain external compiler names and options (see 3. - Installation). Process all the commands below from the Mob-master root dir.

10.2 Compiling examples

A script for compiling and linking all examples.

Cleans all the executives of example set

```
B\lwe_toclean
B/lue toclean.sh
```

The set of commands compiles all the examples listed

```
?Pathname?\Binwe\omlc co -odc :OmtestHelloWorld :OmtestFormats
:OmtestDateTime :OmtestMkTraps :OmtestHeap
?Pathname?\Binwe\omlc build -r OmtestDateTime
?Pathname?\Binwe\omlc build OmtestHelloWorld
?Pathname?\Binwe\omlc build OmtestFormats
?Pathname?\Binwe\omlc build OmtestMkTraps
?Pathname?\Binwe\omlc build OmtestHeap
?Pathname?\Binwe\omlc link -r OmtestDateTime
?Pathname?\Binwe\omlc link -r OmtestHelloWorld
?Pathname?\Binwe\omlc link -r OmtestFormats
?Pathname?\Binwe\omlc link -r OmtestMkTraps
?Pathname?\Binwe\omlc link -r OmtestHeap
?Pathname?/Binue/omlc co -odc :OmtestHelloWorld :OmtestFormats
:OmtestDateTime :OmtestMkTraps :OmtestHeap
?Pathname?/Binue/omlc build -r OmtestDateTime
?Pathname?/Binue/omlc build OmtestHelloWorld
?Pathname?/Binue/omlc build OmtestFormats
?Pathname?/Binue/omlc build OmtestMkTraps
?Pathname?/Binue/omlc build OmtestHeap
?Pathname?/Binue/omlc link -r OmtestDateTime
?Pathname?/Binue/omlc link -r OmtestHelloWorld
?Pathname?/Binue/omlc link -r OmtestFormats
?Pathname?/Binue/omlc link -r OmtestMkTraps
?Pathname?/Binue/omlc link -r OmtestHeap
```

The first command above compiles all the examples listed. The links produce a set of proper executives. We definitely use ':' for main modules and –r for recursive import.

10.3 Running the Examples

10.3.1 The simplest Hello, World example

```
>Omtest\Clwe\OmtestHelloWorld
                                             (* X86 *)
     >Omtest/Clur/OmtestHelloWorld
                                             (* X64 *)
     >Omtest/Clu4/OmtestHelloWorld
                                            (* ArmV71 *)
     >Omtest/Clu8/OmtestHelloWorld
                                            (* Aarch64 *)
     Hello, World
10.3.2 Logging with char, int and real formats
     >Omtest\Clwe\OmtestFormats
     >Omtest/Clue/OmtestFormats
10.3.3 Shows date, time and delay
     >Omtest\Clwe\OmtestDateTime
     >Omtest/Clue/OmtestDateTime
10.3.4 Traps handling abilities of runtime
Simple Assert
     >Omtest\Clwe\OmtestMkTraps -trap a
     >Omtest/Clue/OmtestKmTraps -trap a
Simple Halt
     >Omtest\Clwe\OmtestMkTraps -trap h
     >Omtest/Clue/OmtestKmTraps -trap h
Zero divide
     >Omtest\Clwe\OmtestMkTraps -trap z
     >Omtest/Clue/OmtestKmTraps -trap z
Nil pointer dereference
     >Omtest\Clwe\OmtestMkTraps -trap p
     >Omtest/Clue/OmtestKmTraps -trap p
10.3.5 Dynamic memory and garbage collector
     >Omtest\Clwe\OmtestHeap
     >Omtest/Clue/OmtestHeap
10.4 Self-compilation
A script for self-compiling the 32-bit compiler omlc is as following:
     B\lwe compiler tomake.bat (* X86 *)
     B\lwr_compiler_tomake.bat (* X64 *)
     B/lue compiler tomake.sh
                                      (* X86 *)
     B/lur compiler tomake.sh
                                      (* X64 *)
     B/lu4 compiler tomake.sh
                                       (* ArmV71 *)
     B/lu8 compiler tomake.sh
                                       (* Aarch64 *)
A script for compiling the minimal 64-bit shell omlsh is as following:
     B\lwr sh tomake.bat
```

B/lur sh tomake.sh

11. Usage and Traverse

MultiOberon adds Usage files *.ouf, which contains imports lists and restriction info. These files are located in Sym or S[backend][os][arch] catalogs. Usage is a binary file of the format (item, value)*:

- item integer number of option;
- value string constant as option value.

The following options are used for now:

16	sNAME	Module name
50	sIMPNAME	Import Module name
51	sIMALIAS	Import Module alias
52	sLIBCODE	Library name with code
53	sLIBNOCODE	Library name with no code

Usage files afford to traverse through all imported modules tree. Let us look at example:

```
>Binwe\ombc trav OmtestHelloWorld
>Binue/ombc trav OmtestHelloWorld
OmtestHelloWorld
  Runner
    SYSTEM
    ?c:\suok5\dsu/System/Slwe/SYSTEM.ouf
    Kernel
      Api
      -Api [libcmt]
      OLoq
        OStrings
        -OStrings
      -OLog
    -Kernel
  -Runner
-OmtestHelloWorld
```

Runner is imported from OmtestHelloWorld, SYSTEM and Kernel are imported from Runner, Api and OLog is imported from Kernel. SYSTEM was never compiled, so there is no SYSTEM.ouf file. Api is a library named 'libcmt'.

It must be mentioned that import information is backend-specific; it can be placed in .ocf file for BlackBox and .c file for Ofront. In order to avoid specific time-consuming parsing when getting module imports, it was decided to add explicit .ouf files.

The traverse algorithms are widely used in recursive builds and links when -r option is enabled.

12. Dynamic Modules

MultiOberon implements dynamic loading for all backends listed above. It can be done in the following ways:

```
>Binwe\ombc run OmtestHelloWorld
>Binwe\ombsh OmtestHelloWorld
>Binwe\omlsh OmtestHelloWorld -ext bc
>Binue/ombc run OmtestHelloWorld
>Binue/ombsh OmtestHelloWorld
>Binue/omlsh OmtestHelloWorld -ext bc
```

The first and second can be implemented in all platforms for all backends, the last is in all platforms for Oml LLVM only. The dynamically loaded module must be prepared in binary form according to table below.

	Windows	Unix	Unix on Arm
Omb	.ocf BlackBox	.ocf BlackBox	
Omf	.o COFF-format	.o ELF-format	.o ELF-format
Oml	.o COFF-format	.o ELF-format	.o ELF-format
Oml –ext bc	.bc LLVM	.bc LLVM	.bc LLVM

The .ocf and .bc files are created during the compilation.

The .o object files are created during build process.

Usage of .bc LLVM files activates LLVM JIT-compiler, which is much heavier than normal object loading. Therefore, JIT usage seems impractical and too time-consuming.

In order to implement all the features above, the Baseloader module was implemented in System. Specific modules as OmcOcfLoader, OmcObjLoader__Coff, OmcObjLoader__Elf, and OmlBcLoader implement specific functionality of ocf, coff, elf and bc loading.

13. Runner module

MultiOberon uses special Runner module to be used in different environments. The Runner.SetRun procedure registers function MAIN to be called after loading the shell.

```
MODULE OmtestMkTraps;
      IMPORT Runner, OLog, SYSTEM;
      PROCEDURE MAIN*;
            VAR ar: Runner.ArgsReader; str: Runner.SName;
      BEGIN
            IF ~ar.StringOpt("-trap", str) THEN
                  OLog.String("usage: "); OLog.SString(Runner.argV0);
                  OLog.String(" -trap"); OLog.Ln;
                  OLog. Tab; OLog. String ("where -trap is as following:"); OLog. Ln;
                  OLog.Tab; OLog.String("a - assert"); OLog.Ln;
                  OLog. Tab; OLog. String ("h - halt"); OLog. Ln;
                  OLog. Tab; OLog. String("z - zero divide"); OLog. Ln;
                  OLog.Tab; OLog.String("p - nil pointer dereference"); OLog.Ln;
            ELSE
                  RunOpt(str);
            END;
      END MAIN;
BEGIN
      Runner.SetRun (MAIN)
END OmtestMkTraps.
```

Runner also has command line option parsing routines as Runner.ArgsReader.StringOpt(), Runner.ArgsReader.IntOpt().

```
Runner constants determine platform-specific values as following:
Runner.RUN_TIME = "OMB" | "OMF" | "OML" for BlackBox, Ofront, LLVM environments.
Runner.OS_NAME = "Windows" | "Unix"
Runner.BIN_BITS = 64 | 32
Runner.KERNEL_VERSION = 16 | 17 | 18 for BlackBox Kernel
Runner.DESC_MACH = "X86" | "X64" | "ARM32" | "ARM64"
```

14. Testing abilities

Testing abilities cover the separate modules and compiler as a whole. For example, we are testing OmtestSimple module with a PROCEDURE Sum(x, y: INTEGER): INTEGER. We need a [module_name]_test module – OmtestSimple_test.

```
MODULE OmtestSimple test;
      IMPORT T := Testing, OmtestSimple;
      PROCEDURE TestOBasic* (VAR rec: T.Rec);
      BEGIN
           CASE rec.n test OF
            0:
                 rec.res type := T.RES INT;
                  rec.msg := 'Sum x+x';
                 rec.i req := 6;
                 rec.i res := OmtestSimple.Sum(3, 0);
            | 1:
                 rec.res type := T.RES INT;
                 rec.msg := 'Sum x+y';
                 rec.i req := 5;
                 rec.i res := OmtestSimple.Sum(3, 2);
            1 2:
                 rec.finish := TRUE;
            ELSE
            END;
      END TestOBasic;
END OmtestSimple test.
```

The OmtestSimple_test module implements set of routines Test*, called by testing environment. Test0*, Test1* naming convention in used for printing in sorted up-down order.

Each test sets the fields of rec: Testing.Rec. Result type res_type is set first to show what fields are specified. Message msg shown outputs a record for user. For each type, result is compared with required value. In our case i_res is integer result, i_req is integer required value. Testing environment clears each test before call; only set number and test number (n_test) are specified. In case of any mismatch error in printed by testing system.

The compiler shells tests can be loaded and ran dynamically. So modules must be prepared for dynamic loading before:

```
>Binwe\ombc co -odc OmtestSimple OmtestSimple_test
>Binue/ombc co -odc OmtestSimple OmtestSimple test
```

After compilation use test command in compiler shell:

```
>Binwe\ombc test OmtestSimple
>Binue/ombc test OmtestSimple
[ALL] ======== Total 2 tests, 0 bad, result= 100.0%
```

Print-level option –pl provides more information:

```
>Binwe\ombc test -pl 3 OmtestSimple
>Binue/ombc test -pl 3 OmtestSimple
[OmtestSimple_test.TestOBasic.000] INT i_res= 6 i_req= 6 :Sum x+x
[OmtestSimple_test.TestOBasic.001] INT i_res= 5 i_req= 5 :Sum x+y
[OmtestSimple_test.] ------ In module 1 sets, 2 tests, 0 bad
[ALL] ======== Total 2 tests, 0 bad, result= 100.0%
```

Special tests for compiler were also provided:

```
B\bwe_tests_tomake.bat (* X86 *)
B\bwr_tests_tomake.bat (* X64 *)
B/bue_tests_tomake.sh (* X86 *)
B/bur_tests_tomake.sh (* X64 *)
B/bu4_tests_tomake.sh (* ArmV71 *)
B/bu8_tests_tomake.sh (* Aarch64 *)
```

The following tests compiled (OmtestOmc*) are not connected to the specific module:

```
Binwe\ombc co -odc OmtestOmcSimple_test OmtestOmcStrings_test
OmtestOmcSystem_test OmtestOmcImports_test OmtestOmcExtensions_test
OmtestOmcBound test OmtestOmcAdvanced test
```

Special tests for compiler were also provided. Running shown console output like this:

```
B\bwe tests run.bat
     B/bue tests run.sh
c:\suok5\dsu>Binwe\ombc test -pl 2 OmtestOmcSimple test
OmtestOmcStrings test OmtestOmcSystem test OmtestOmcImports test
OmtestOmcExtensions test OmtestOmcBound test OmtestOmcAdvanced test
[OmtestOmcSimple test.] ----- In module 9 sets, 104 tests, 0 bad
[OmtestOmcStrings test.] ----- In module 5 sets, 64 tests, 0 bad
[OmtestOmcSystem test.Test1Addr.028] ?LONG li res= 12 li req= 16 :Proper
position of ptr after long
[OmtestOmcSystem test.Test1Addr.029] ?LONG li res= 16 li req= 24 :SIZE of
Rec with LONGINT aligned by 8
[OmtestOmcSystem test.Test1Addr.030] ?LONG li res= 12 li req= 16 :Proper
position of ptr after Rec with long
[OmtestOmcSystem test.Test1Addr.031] ?LONG li res= 12 li req= 16 :SIZE of
Rec with LONGINT and char
[OmtestOmcSystem test.Test1Addr.032] ?LONG li res= 16 li req= 24 :SIZE of
Rec with Rec with LONGINT aligned by 8
[OmtestOmcSystem test.] ----- In module 3 sets, 49 tests, 5 bad
[OmtestOmcImports test.] ----- In module 6 sets, 59 tests, 0 bad
[OmtestOmcExtensions test.] ----- In module 10 sets, 80 tests, 0 bad
[OmtestOmcBound_test.] ----- In module 6 sets, 95 tests, 0 bad
[OmtestOmcAdvanced test.] ----- In module 6 sets, 42 tests, 0 bad
[ALL] ======= Total 493 tests, 5 bad, result= 98.98580121703854%
```

JIT-compiled tests for Oml LLVM can be run via scripts:

```
B\lwe_tests_jit_run.bat
B/lue tests jit run.sh
```

The compiler tests provided are also linked in an executive OmtestOmcCompiler, like:

```
Omtest\Cfwe\OmtestOmcCompiler -pl 2
Omtest/Cfue/OmtestOmcCompiler -pl 2
```

The list of failed tests demonstrates the quality of specific backend. In is used for further compiler development.

15. Benchmarking abilities

Benchmarking abilities are used for time measurements of particular routines. We need a [module_name]_bench module – for example, OmtestBenchRoutines_bench to measure OmtestBenchRoutines.

The OmtestBenchRoutines_bench module implements set of routines Benchmark*, called by testing environment. Each routine has an input structure Testing.Bench. Parameter bench.num sets the required number of iterations. Output parameter num_done sets the real number of iterations, to ensure that required number of repetitions was not optimized.

The compiler shells bench tests can be loaded and ran dynamically. So modules must be prepared for dynamic loading before:

```
>Binwe\ombc co -odc OmtestBenchRoutines OmtestBenchRoutines_bench
>Binue/ombc co -odc OmtestBenchRoutines OmtestBenchRoutines bench
```

After compilation use bench command in compiler shell:

```
>Binwe\ombc bench OmtestBenchRoutines
>Binue/ombc bench OmtestBenchRoutines
[OmtestBenchRoutines_bench.BenchmarkPalindrome] 1000000
00:00:00.282000 282.0 ns/op
```

The testing environment reports that 1000000 iterations were done in 282 milliseconds. The average time is 282.0 nanosec/operation:

16. Developing platform-specific modules

MultiOberon is for multi-platform development. Some modules procedures do not depend on platform-specific features, other procedures do. These features include operating system external procedures, different data structures for 32 and 64 bit, Kernel-specific interfaces. Each module source can have specific versions, marked with TWO UNDERSCORES as [module]__[specific]. Modules names in MultiOberon cannot have ецш underscore symbols inside or a trailing underscore, error "string expected" must occur if any. However, file names can have underscores and specific extensions for module. Moreover, the underscore in file name means platform-specific implementation of module code. For example, there are two quite different versions of OmcObjLoader:

- OmcObjLoader__Coff for Windows COFF object file format;
- OmcObjLoader__Elf for Unix ELF object file format.

So OmcObjLoader__Coff is compiled to OmcObjLoader.o in Windows script and OmcObjLoader__Elf is compiled to OmcObjLoader.o in Unix script.

Platform-specific modules obviously have different interfaces. Those interfaces differ from platform. Compiling platform-independent module:

```
> Binwe\ombc co -odc OmcDiscomp
omb:compiling c:\suok5\dsu/Omc/Mod/Discomp.odc
new symbol file >c:\suok5\dsu/Omc/Code/Discomp.ocf code=3652 glob=8716
Platform-independent module interface for BlackBox is in Omc/Sym and code is in Omc/Code.
```

Compiling OmcObjLoader__Coff means platform-specific module. It is compiled as:

```
> Binwe\ombc co -odc OmcObjLoader__Coff
omb:compiling c:\suok5\dsu/Omc/Mod/ObjLoader__Coff.odc
new symbol file >c:\suok5\dsu/Omc/Cbwe/ObjLoader.ocf code=18480 glob=32
Platform-dependent module interface for BlackBox is in Omc/Sbwe and code is in Omc/Cbwe.
```

Even Platform-independent modules for Ofront and LLVM are compiled into separated directories:

```
>Binwe\omfc co -odc OmcDiscomp
omf:compiling c:\suok5\dsu/Omc/Mod/Discomp.odc
>c:\suok5\dsu/Omc/Cfwe/OmcDiscomp .c=26490 .h=3555
```

Platform-independent module interface for Ofront is in Omc/Sfwe and code is in Omc/Cfwe.

The most part of platform-specific modules is located in System and Host Directory. They are compiled during the installation phase separated from user's development process. Naming conventions used some letters in MultiOberon:

- b-BlackBox, f-Ofront, I-LLVM;
- w-Windows, u-Unix;
- e-X86, r-X64;
- 16-BlackBox 1.6, 17-BlackBox1.7.

The Runner module needs 19 platform-specific code modules.

	Omb	Omf32	Omf64	Oml32	Oml64
BlackBox17Win	Runnerbwe17	Runnerfwe17	Runnerfwr17	Runnerlwe17	Runnerlwr17
BlackBox16Win	Runnerbwe16	Runnerfwe16	Runnerfwr16	Runnerlwe16	Runnerlwr16
BlackBox17Unix	Runnerbue17	Runnerfue17	Runnerfur17	Runnerlue17	Runnerlur17
17 ArmV71		Runnerfu4		Runnerlu4	
17 Aarc64			Runnerfu8		Runnerlu8

It is too inconvenient to develop all 19 platform-specific modules separately, so common tools are used in the section below.

17. Generic modules Preprocessing

Generic tools are not included in MultiOberon compiler. Generic tools are not planned to be included in future. However, the simple .odc processing utility is included in Omc system. OmcPrep is a text preprocessor to convert from generic to specific modules.

According to MultiOberon convention, generic modules are located in GMod directory; specific modules are located in Mod. System/Docu/Quick-Start.odc demonstrates how specific modules were generated. For example, the command for generating Runner__fwr17 from GMod/Runner is as following:

```
^Q OmcPrep.ToOdcFileList('OMF WIN V64 BB17', 'System/Mod')"
@Omc/Mod/Defs.odc System/GMod/Runner.odc:Runner fwr17
```

First environment constants are set: OMF, WIN, V64, and BB17. Next the Defs file is loaded with specific values, like @ADDR=LONGINT (it's 64-bit, V64 is defined). Then GMod/Runner is transformed to Runner fwr17.

The Defs file contains specific setting for all required platforms.

The macro commands are guite similar, only conditions and name substitutions are supported.

18. Restrictions

MultiOberon is restriction-based scaling Oberon environment with an initial condition as Component Pascal syntax. RESTRICT operator is used for enabling/disabling major language features. The Restrict system holds a set of special profiles. RestrictAdrint module simply enables ADRINT as integer of address size:

```
RESTRICT +ADRINT*;
```

The '*' symbol means that the restriction is exported for modules with IMPORT RestrictAdrint. RestrictOberon07 profile uses more complex rules, like:

OmtestOmcRestrict_test demonstrates ADRINT usage. ADRINT var can hold address as integer value.

```
IMPORT Api, RestrictAdrint;

PROCEDURE Xxx;

    VAR ai: ADRINT;

BEGIN

    ai := SYSTEM.VAL(ADRINT, Api.TestGetAdr());

END Xxx;
```

OmtestOmcRestrict test can be compiled and executed:

```
>Binwe\ombc co -odc OmtestOmcRestrict_test
>Binue/ombc co -odc OmtestOmcRestrict_test
>Binwe\ombc test -pl 2 OmtestOmcRestrict_test
>Binue/ombc test -pl 2 OmtestOmcRestrict_test
[ALL] ========= Total 14 tests, 0 bad, result= 100.0%
```

Additional functionality RESTRICT+ is implemented for ADRINT only.

19. Commands and command line options

MultiOberon compiler om[backend]sh with no arguments shows usage print. Option –p prints Runner constants and globals, usage prints commands available.

The command line options are:

```
-odc – use .odc file instead of .mob;

-32 – 32-bit mode;

-64 – 64-bit mode;

-os – Windows|Linux used for cross compiling;

-r – recursive imports traversal;

-h – no HostConLog import;

-n – recompile only new files;

-tl – trace_level (0-4);

-pl – print_level (0-3);

-ht – handler type: 1-dlink, 2-frame pointer, 3-stack analysis;

-wsd – write to System Dir.
```

These options can be extended by dynamic modules specific options. The latter are processed in loaded modules, not in compiler.

20. Change Log

may 2019 original MultiOberon pre-version 0.8 released nov 2019 MultiOberon pre-version 0.9 released jun 2020 MultiOberon pre-version 0.95 released nov 2020 MultiOberon version 1.0 released – all base functionality implemented feb 2021 MultiOberon version 1.1 released – ARM32 and ARM64 support jul 2021 MultiOberon version 1.2 released

Use it and enjoy! - ЎЪsalos y disfrъtalos! - Bonne utilisation - Приятного использования - Powodzenia - Viel SpaЯ

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